## ACCEPTABLE C&D WASTES

Treated lumber
Concrete with/without rebar
Roofing materials
Appliances
Carpet/textiles
Drywall
Metal
Siding
Glass

#### WHERE DO I DISPOSE?

This waste must be disposed at a licensed Class II or Class IV landfill. Always check with the specific facility to verify acceptance criteria and associated information.







### **Solid Waste Program**

# Construction & Demolition (C&D) Waste



Solid Waste Section https://deq.mt.gov/twr/programs/solidwaste 406-444-5300

> Solid Waste Program (SWP) deqswprogram@mt.gov 406-444-3463

#### WHAT IS C&D WASTE?

C&D waste is the waste building materials, packaging, and rubble resulting from construction, remodeling, repair, and demolition operations on pavements, houses, commercial buildings, and other structures, once municipal, household, commercial, and industrial wastes have been removed.

"Waste" means useless. unwanted, or discarded materials in any physical form (solid, semisolid, liquid, or gaseous). The term is not intended to apply to by-products or materials which have economic value and may be used by the person producing the material or sold to another person for resource recovery or use in a beneficial manner.



#### Sources of C&D Waste

#### **Site Clearance**

Brush Tree Stumps

#### **Excavation**

Earth Fill Rock and granular materials

#### Roadwork

Concrete/asphalt Bridge/overpass construction

#### Renovation, Remodeling & Repair

Residential, commercial and industrial project sources

#### **Demolition**

Wrecking **Implosion** Dismantling Deconstruction

#### **Disaster Debris**

Cleanup from natural and other disasters



#### WHOLE-BUILDING **DEMOLITION**

Whole-building demolitions debris is considered a non-hazardous waste regarding lead.

- EPA stated that solid architectural components coated with LBP are less likely to be hazardous because of the small ratio of lead paint to total waste mass.
- The US Army conducted a study that concluded that whole-building demolition debris is not likely to exceed the toxicity characteristic standard for lead if it is handled as a single. whole waste stream and disposed of all together.

No sampling or analysis of painted components for lead is required for disposal as a non-hazardous waste.

NOTE: Constituents other than LBP, including PCBs from light ballasts or asbestos containing materials, may require special handling and should be removed before demolition.