Lake Koocanusa:

Site-Specific Selenium Criteria Update

Water Pollution Control Advisory Council Meeting
July 10, 2020

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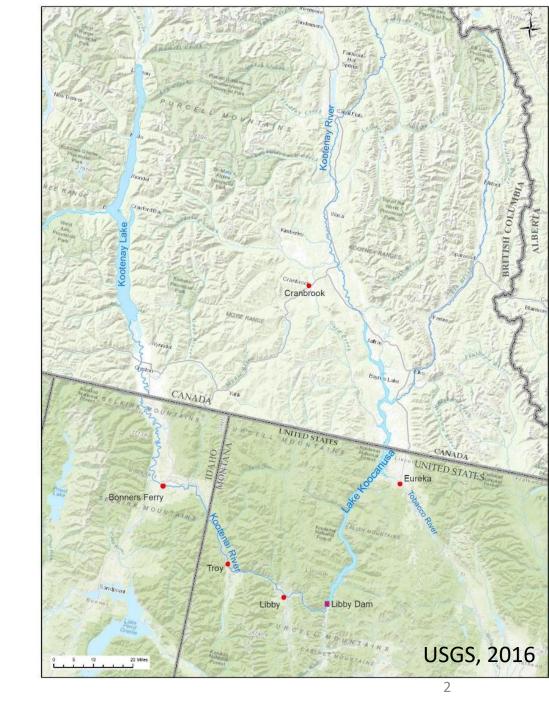


Kootenai/Kootenay River

- Originates in SE British Columbia (B.C.)
- Flows south into Montana, west into Idaho, and then north back into B.C.

Lake Koocanusa

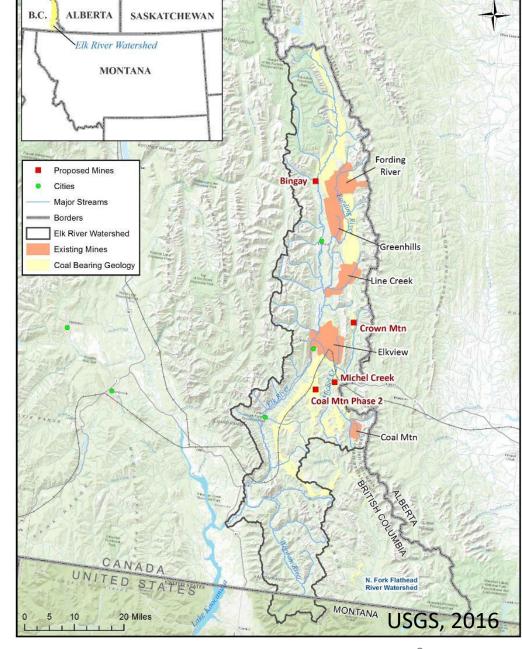
- Reservoir created by Libby Dam
- Located in Montana and B.C.



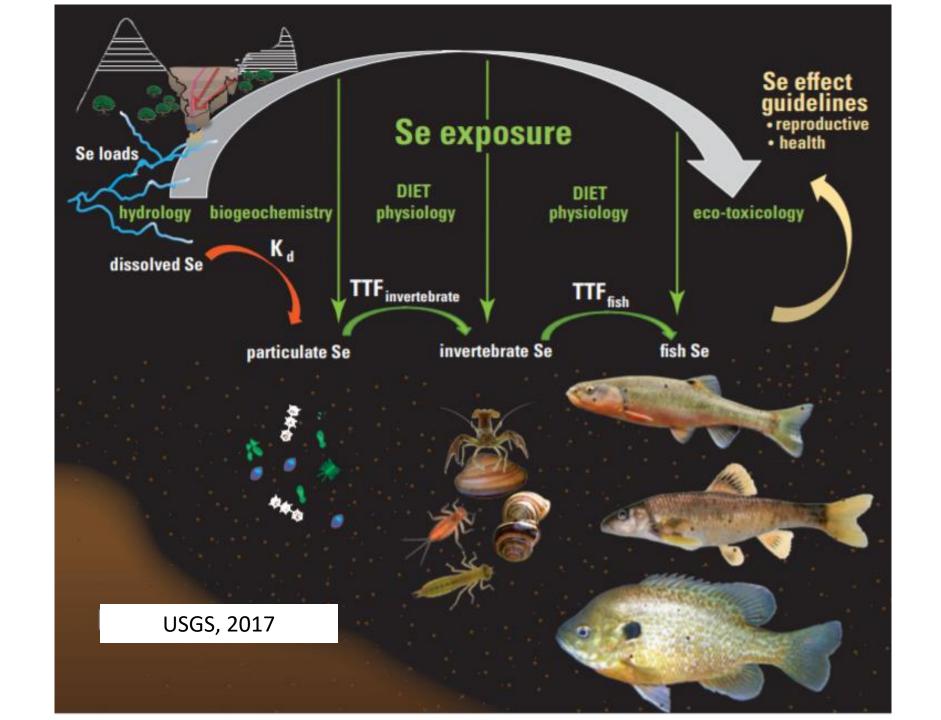


Water Quality Concerns

- Increasing concentrations of selenium (Se), nitrate, sulfate, and cadmium in Elk River, Canada originating from mine spoils
- Se fish tissue concentrations (egg/ovary and muscle tissue)
- Currently 4 mines in operation and 4 new mines in the environmental assessment (EA) process

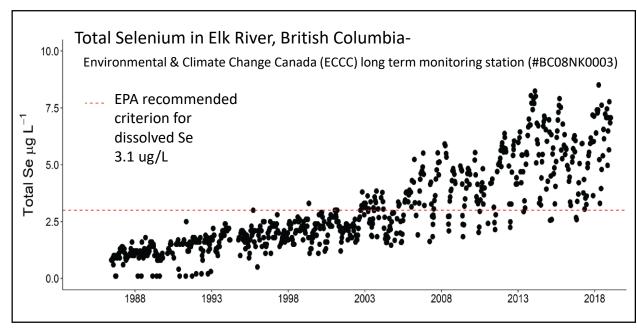




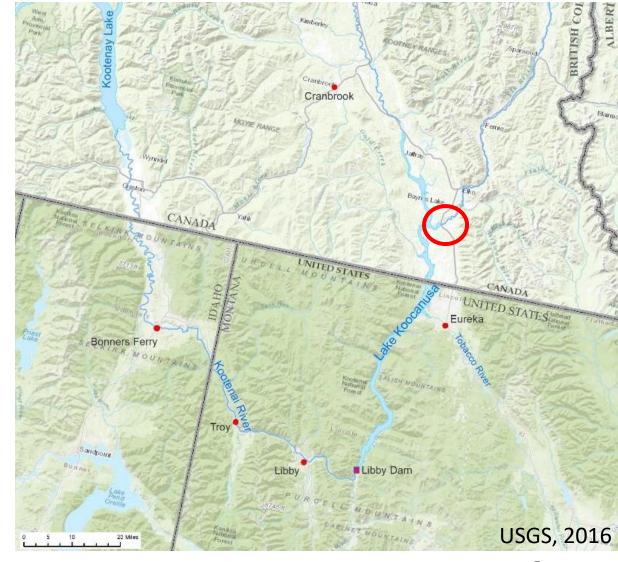




Increasing selenium over time found in Elk River, Canada



- 95% of the selenium entering the lake is from the Elk River
- Elk River provides ~26% of the water to the Lake





Current criteria

- B.C. 2.0 ug/L
- Montana 5.0 ug/L

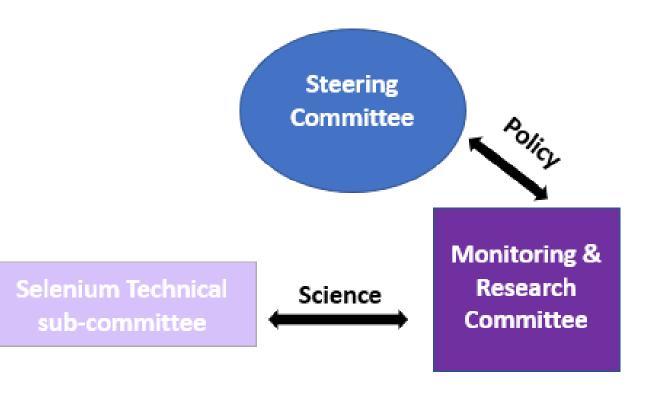
EPA 2016 recommended criteria:

Media Type	Fish Tissue ¹		Water Column ⁴	
Criterion Element	Egg/Ovary ²	Fish Whole Body or Muscle ³	Monthly Average Exposure	Intermittent Exposure ⁵
Magnitude	15.1 mg/kg dw	8.5 mg/kg dw whole body or 11.3 mg/kg dw muscle (skinless, boneless filet)	1.5 μg/L in lentic aquatic systems 3.1 μg/L in lotic aquatic systems	$\frac{WQC_{int}}{WQC_{30-day} - C_{bkgrnd}(1 - f_{int})} f_{int}$
Duration	Instantaneous measurement ⁶	Instantaneous measurement ⁶	30 days	Number of days/month with an elevated concentration
Frequency	Not to be exceeded	Not to be exceeded	Not more than once in three years on average	Not more than once in three years on average



Lake Koocanusa Working Group

- Formed in 2015 to address transboundary water quality issues
- Semi annual meetings
- Selenium was determined to be the first priority
- Formation of a Selenium Technical Subcommittee



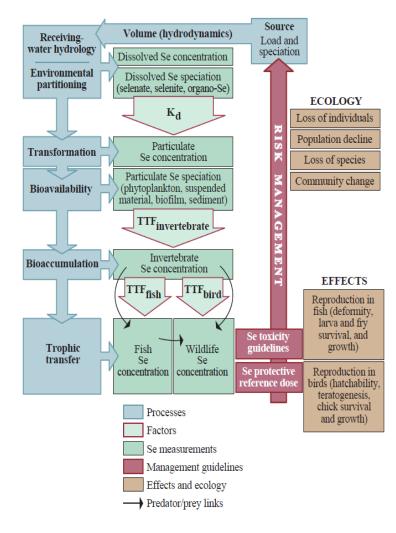
Site-specific selenium criteria

British Columbia Elk River CANADA south of Elk River Inpu WNTED STATES Idaho Montana Boundary [border - Big Creek

A multi-year collaborative process

- Water chemistry
- Sediment
- Turbidity profiles
- Fish tissue
- Periphyton
- Zooplankton
- Benthic & surface insects
- Suspended particulate

Data collected by: MT FWP, USACE, USFWS, USGS, Teck, MT DEQ, BC ENV



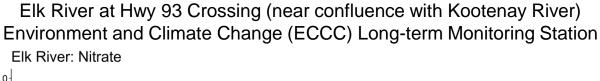
Presser and Luoma, 2010

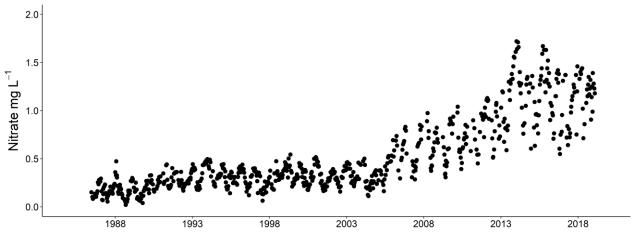


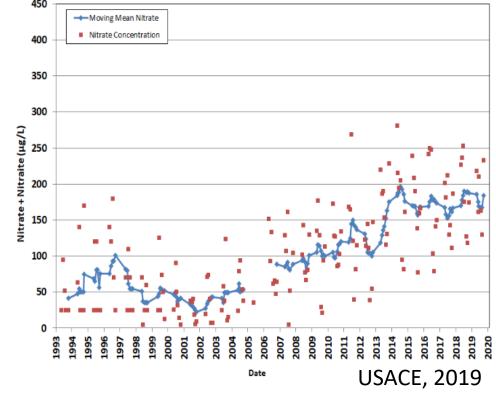
Water quality trends for other contaminants of concern

- Nitrate DEQ is concerned about nitrate concentrations
- Cadmium mostly below detection limit
- Sulfate very low levels detected

Station LIBFB (Forebay) Epilimnion Moving Mean Nitrate + Nitrite 1993-2019









On-going monitoring to support the protection of Lake Koocanusa

Establishment of Transboundary Monitoring Working Group

USGS and USACE ongoing monitoring of Lake Koocanusa for the foreseeable future



USGS high frequency monitoring station at Boundary & Kootenai River

- Daily samples taken at 4 depths
- Hourly lake profiles at 0.5 m resolution
 - pH, Temp, dissolved oxygen, turbidity, chlorophyll a, dissolved organic matter



Next steps

- Continued collaboration with B.C.
- USGS ScienceBase (report & data compilation) August
- Tribal Consultation
- Lake Koocanusa Working Group meetings
- Stakeholder outreach & public meetings
- Rulemaking



Please contact DEQ with any questions or comments on the development of the selenium site-specific standard for Lake Koocanusa

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