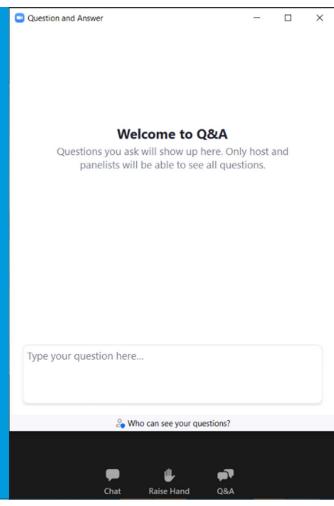
# Clarks Fork Yellowstone Watershed Water Quality Monitoring Project

Abbie Ebert April 25<sup>th</sup>, 2024

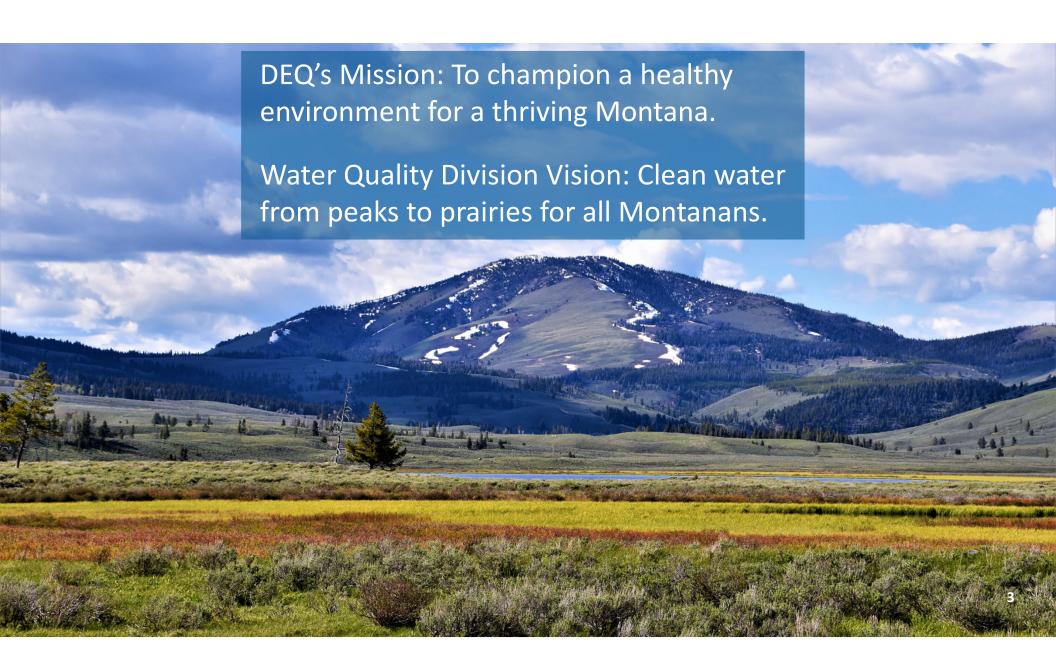


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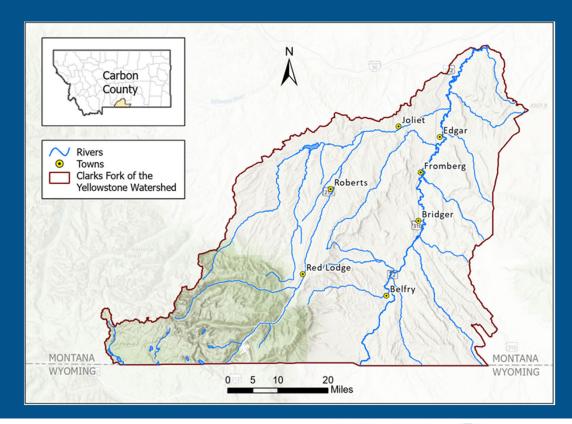






# Why are we monitoring here and now?

- Watershed value and vulnerability
- Local interest
- Time lapse in data





# Purpose of Monitoring and Assessing Water Quality

- Update the status of previous water quality issues.
- Determine the overall health of the Clarks Fork Yellowstone watershed.
- Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs)





#### Beneficial Uses

Are goals and expectations specified in water quality standards for state surface waters uses.





#### Clarks Fork Yellowstone Watershed Beneficial Uses

- Drinking, culinary, and food processing purposes, after conventional treatment;
- Bathing, swimming, and recreation;
- Growth and propagation or marginal propagation of salmonid fishes and associated aquatic life, waterfowl and furbearers;
- Agricultural water supply; and
- Industrial water supply (ARM 17.30.623).



### Water Quality Planning Process

3 - 4 Years

#### Monitor Water Quality

Collect data about water quality.

1 - 2 Years

#### Assess Water Quality

• Describe water quality and determine whether waters are "impaired" (do not meet water quality standards and do not fully support beneficial uses).

1 - 3 Years

#### Identify Sources of Pollution and Develop TMDLs

- Estimate amount of pollution from identified sources.
- Determine reductions needed for impaired waters to meet water quality standards and recommend pollution reduction strategies.

On Going

#### Support Water Quality Protection Practices

 Support efforts to reduce point and nonpoint source pollution and protect and restore water quality.

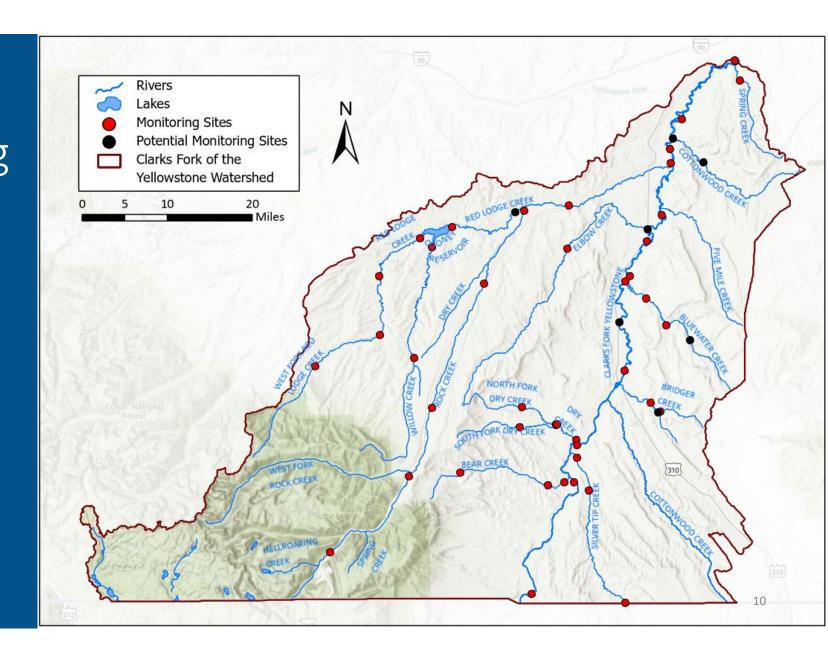
### 2023 Monitoring

- Monitored June Oct.
- 17 Waterbodies
- 51 Monitoring Sites
- Water Quality Parameters
  - Nutrients and Response Variables
  - Metals
  - E.coli
  - Oil and Gas Parameters



2022 Monitoring Sites

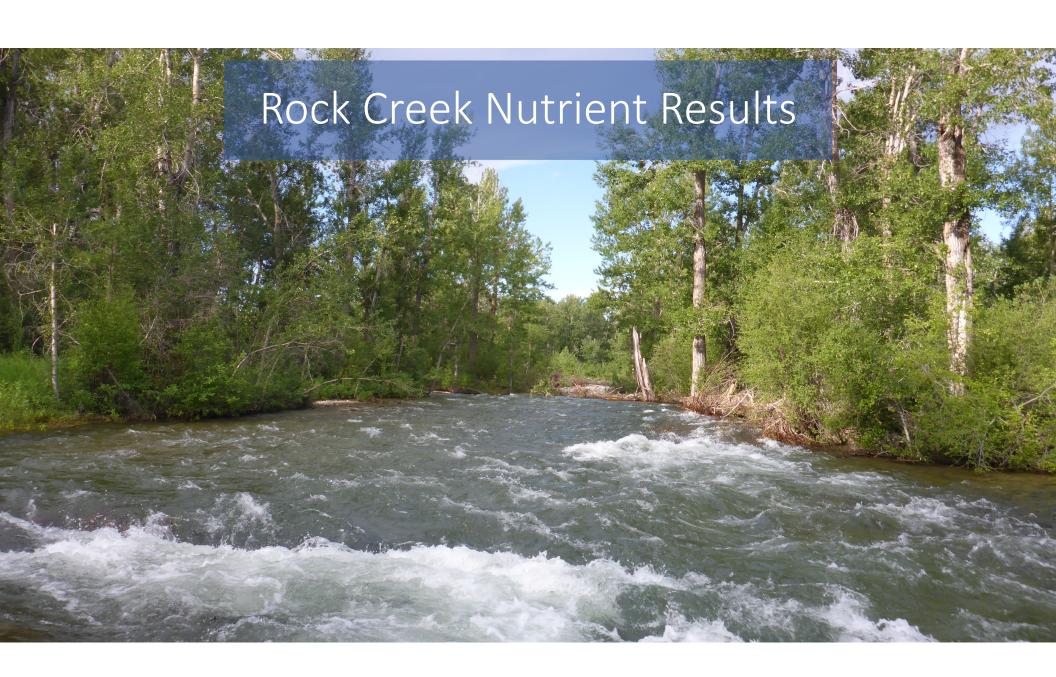
EA0



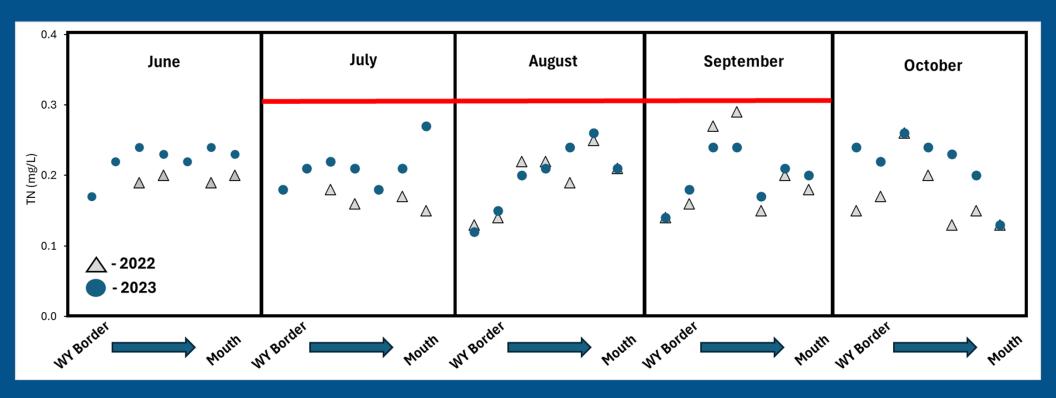
#### Slide 10

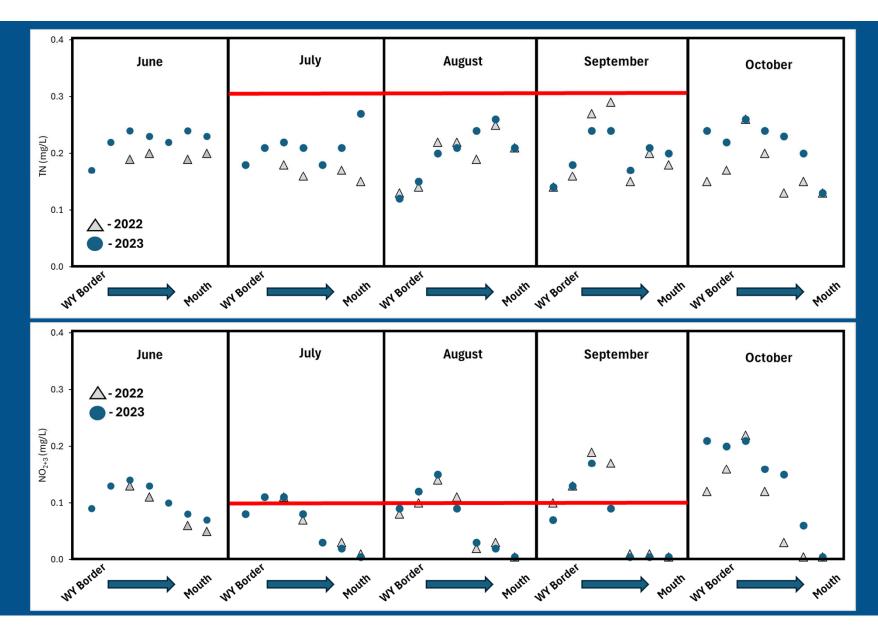
#### EA0

Need new maps Ebert, Abbie, 2023-02-12T19:50:37.971

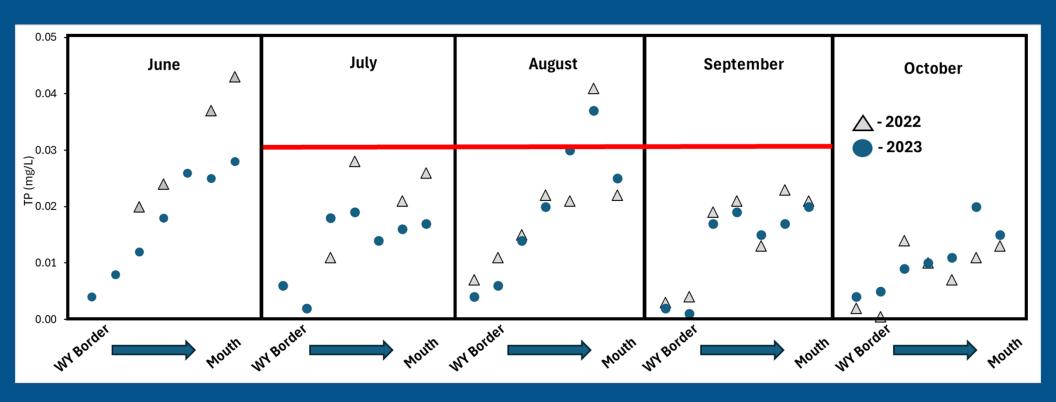


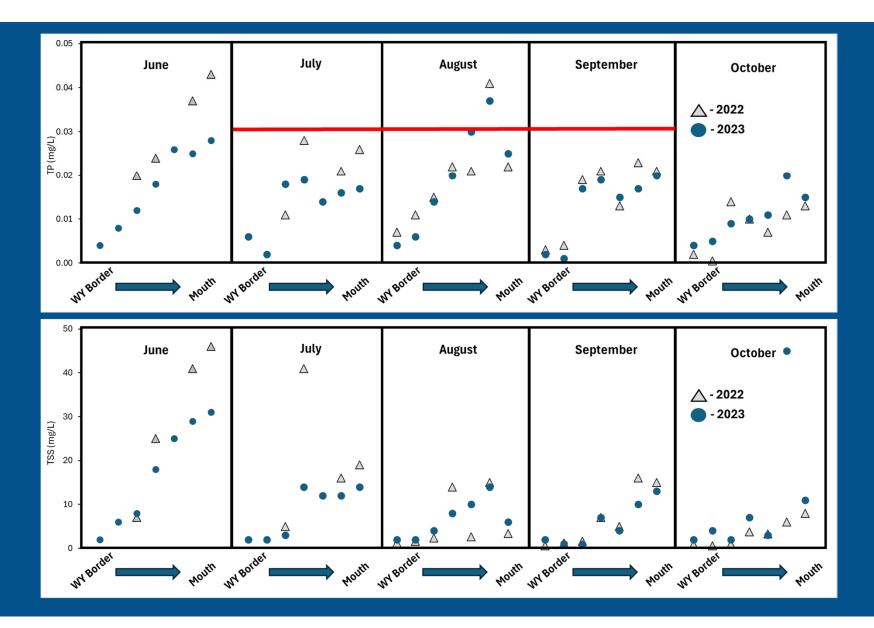
# Rock Creek: Nitrogen Results





# Rock Creek: Phosphorus Results





# Willow Creek: Nutrient Results

- Total phosphorus concentrations increase from upstream to downstream.
- Total nitrogen concentrations decrease from upstream to downstream.
- No exceedances of chlorophyll a or ash free dry weight.



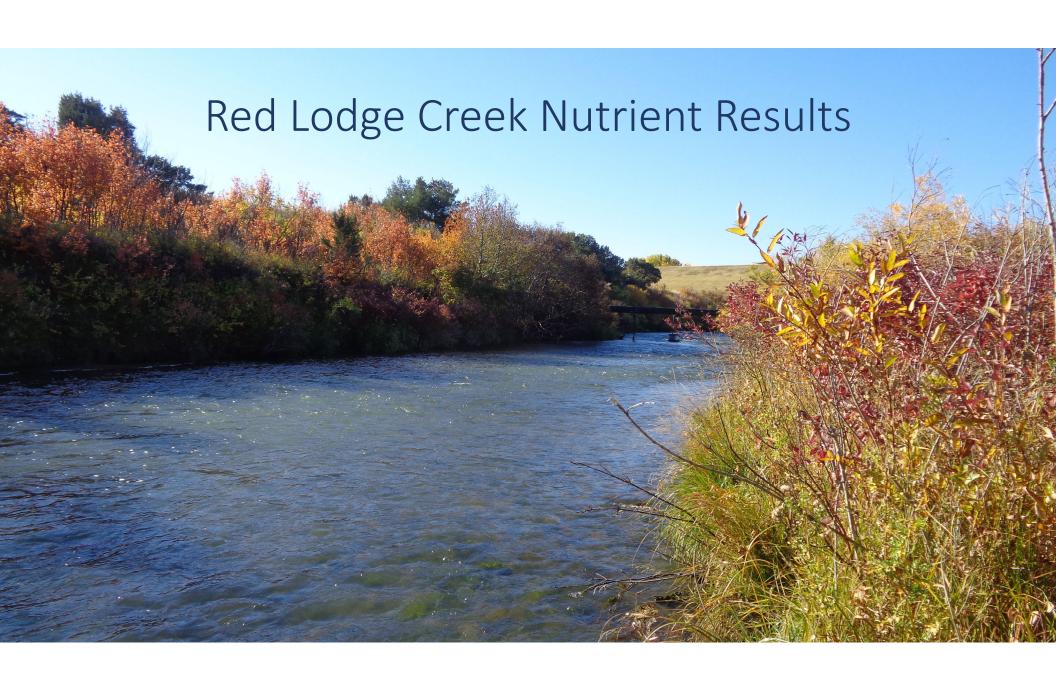


## West Red Lodge Creek: Nutrient Results

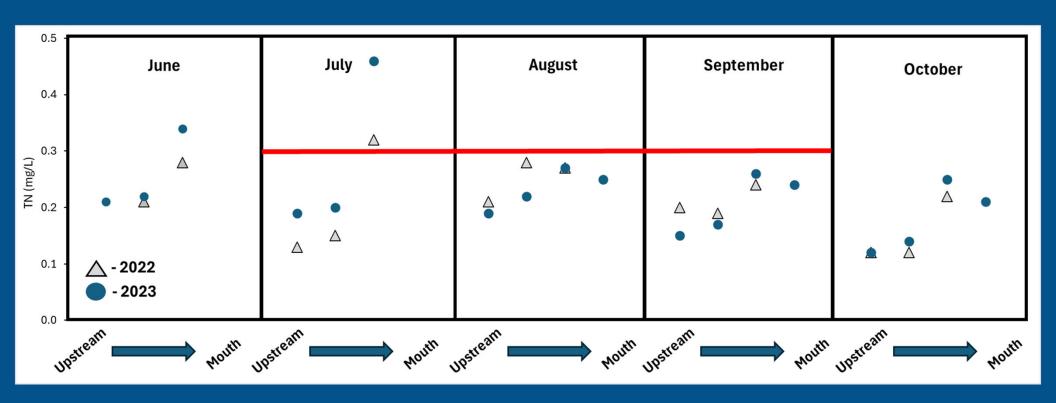
- Total phosphorus and total nitrogen concentrations increase from upstream to downstream.
- No exceedances of chlorophyll a or ash free dry weight.

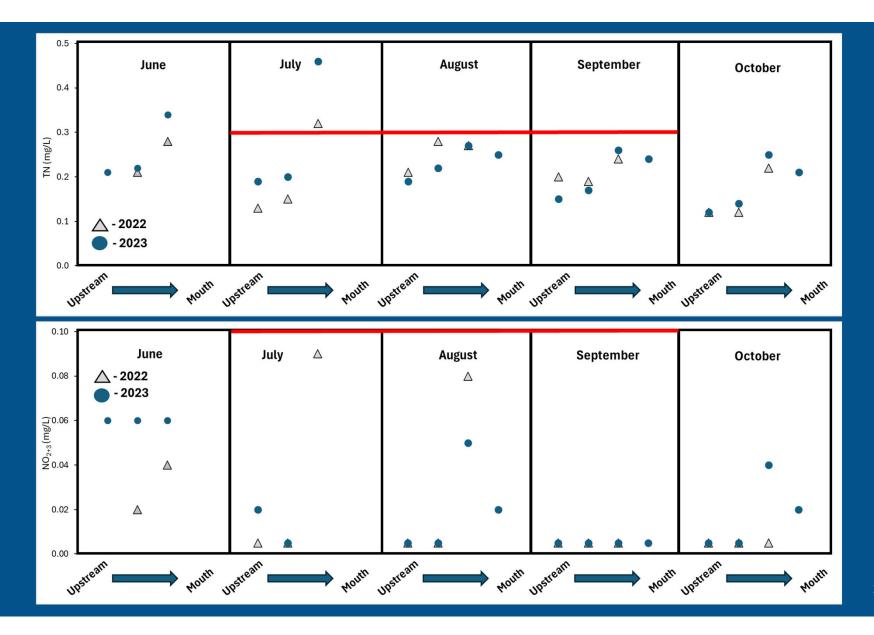




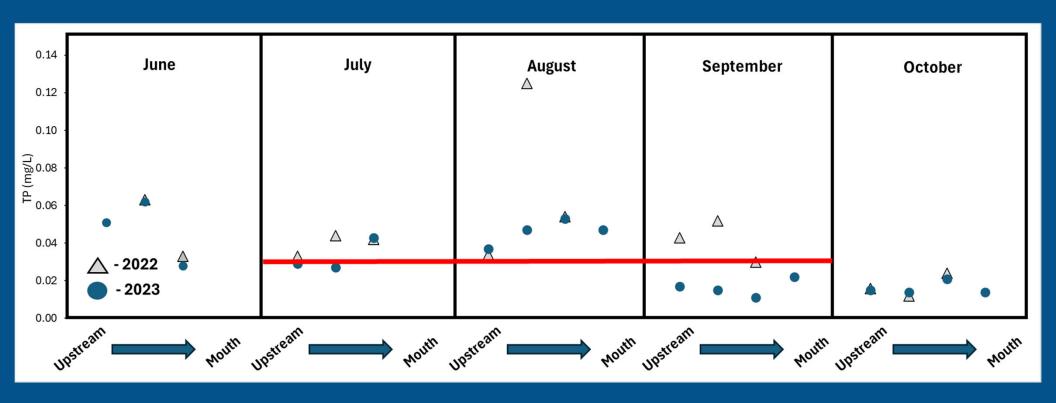


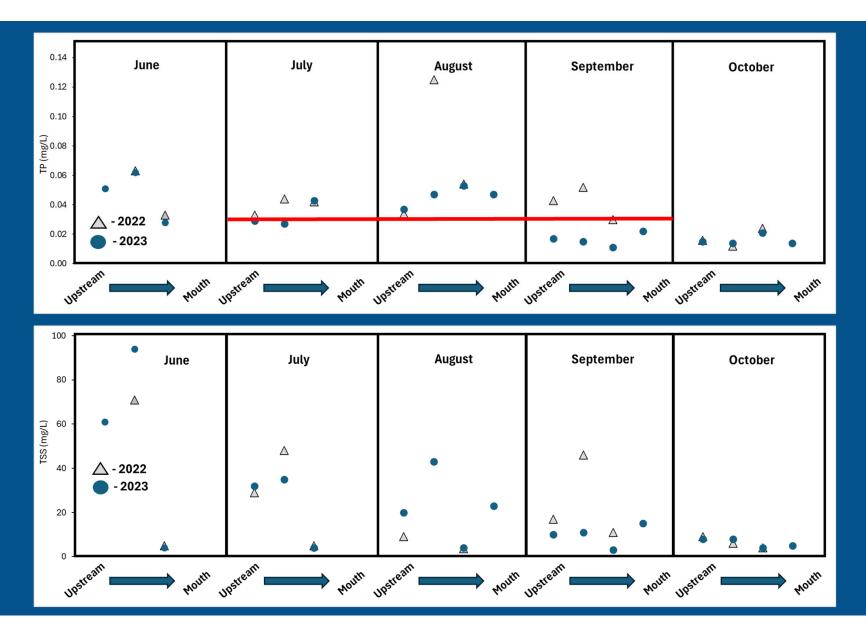
# Red Lodge Creek: Nitrogen Results

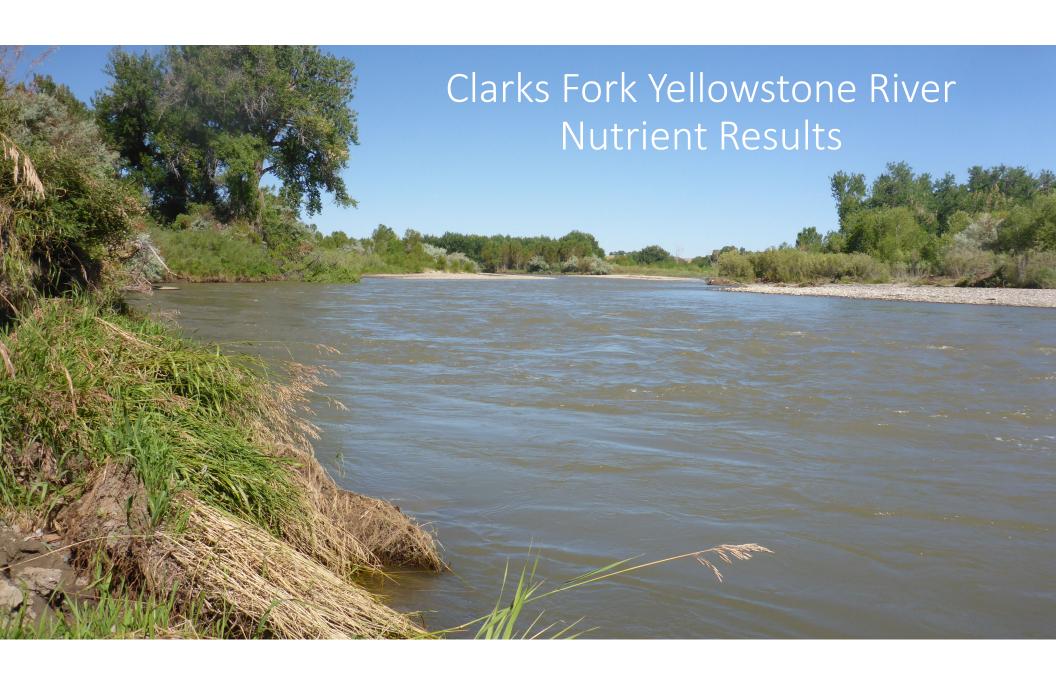




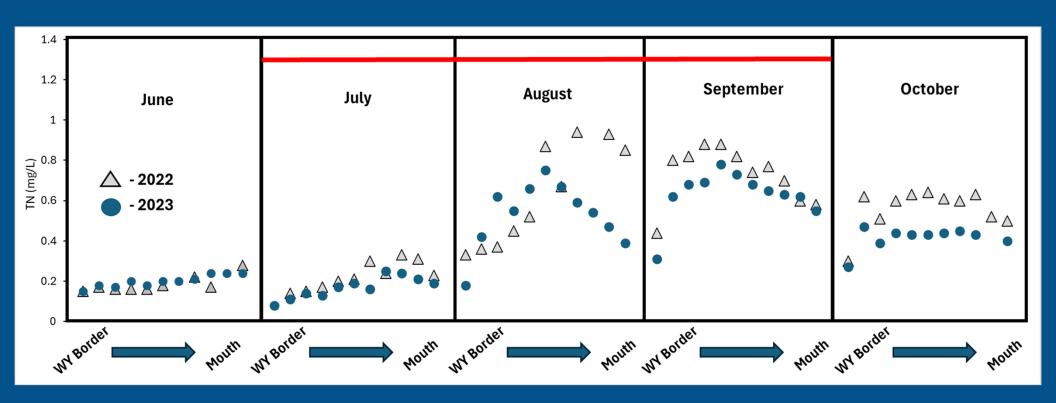
## Red Lodge Creek: Phosphorus Results

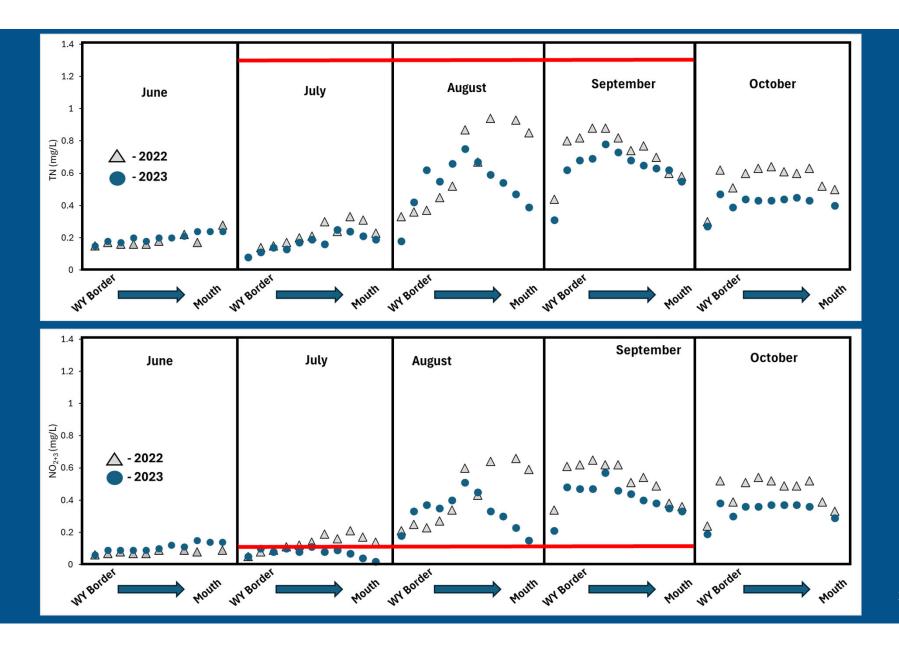




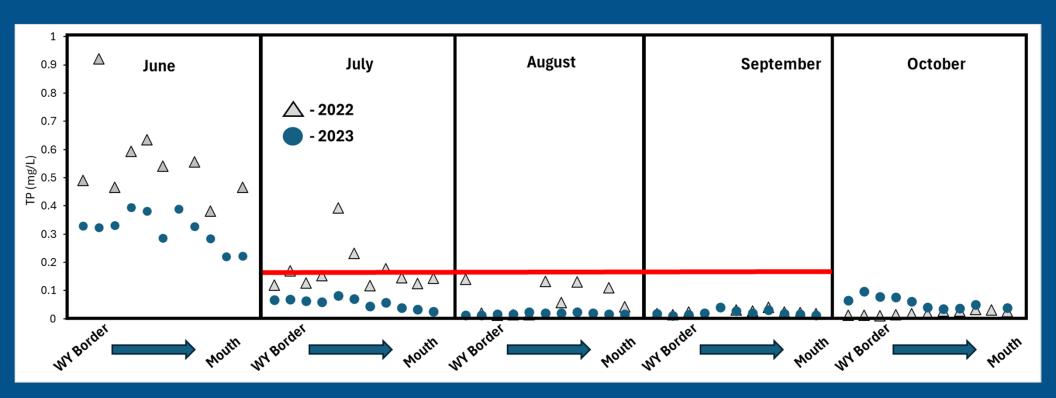


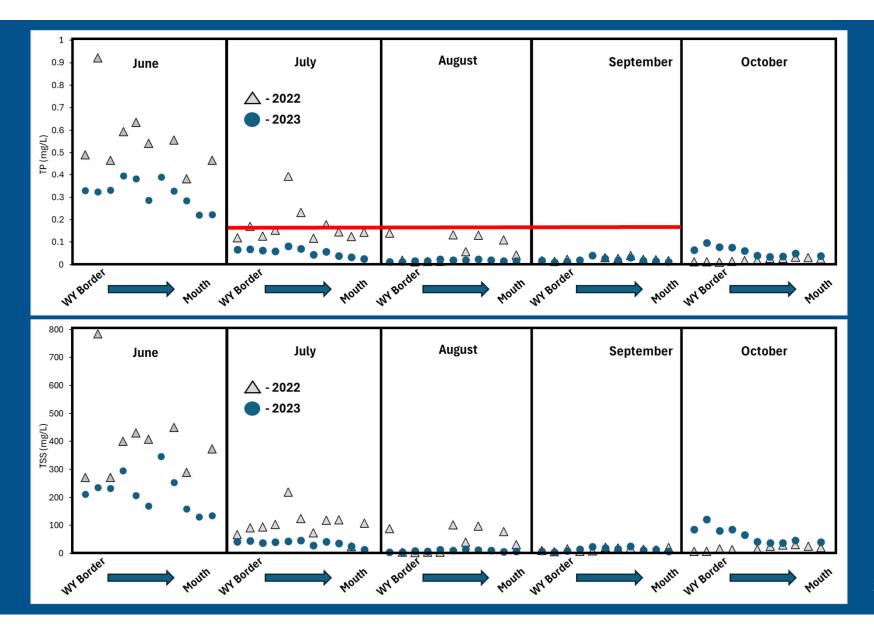
## Clarks Fork Yellowstone River: Nitrogen Results

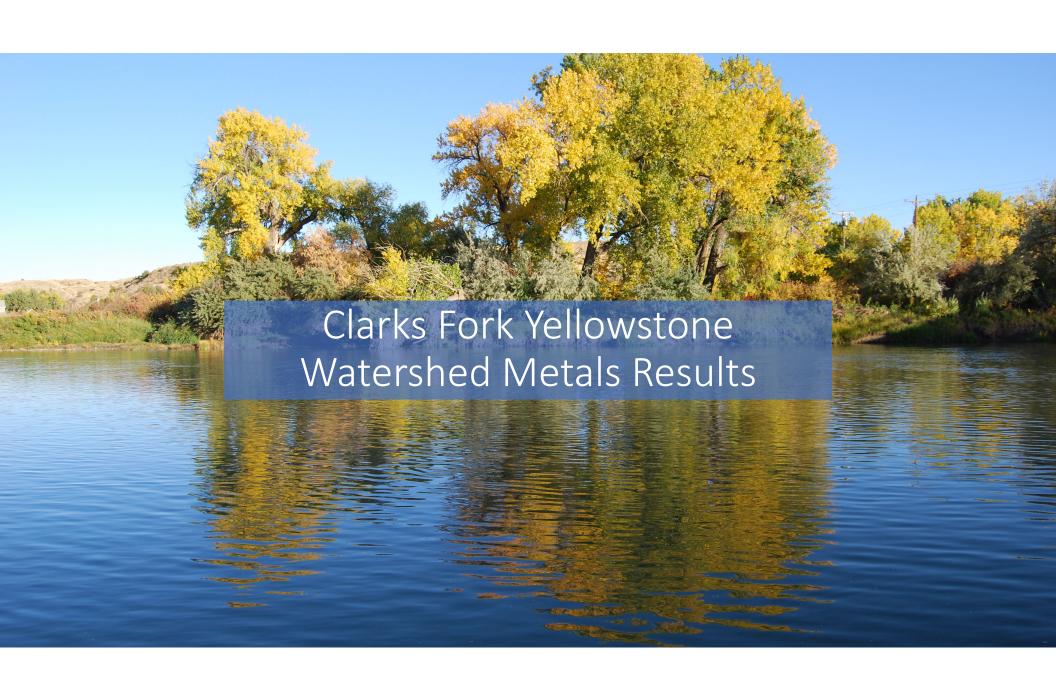




# Clarks Fork Yellowstone River: Phosphorus Results







### Definitions: Metals Standards

- Chronic Standard: Long duration at a lower concentration.
- Acute Standard: Short duration at a higher concentration.
- Hardness Dependent Standards: Acute and chronic toxicity is dependent on hardness concentrations.



#### Clarks Fork Yellowstone River: Metals Results

- Aluminum (Aquatic Life): 3 chronic exceedances
- Copper (Aquatic Life): 2 acute exceedances and 14 chronic exceedances
- Iron (Aquatic Life): 53 chronic exceedances \* Iron concentrations are high
- Lead (Aquatic Life): 15 chronic exceedances



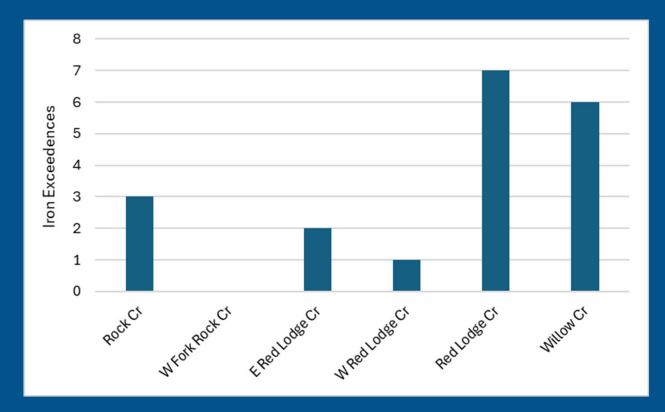
### Silvertip Creek: Metals Results

- Arsenic (Human Health): 17 exceedances
- Chromium (Human Health): 1 exceedances
- Lead (Human Health): 1 acute exceedance
- Copper (Aquatic Life): 1 acute exceedance
- Iron (Aquatic Life): 19 chronic exceedances
- Lead (Aquatic Life): 2 chronic exceedances
- Zinc (Aquatic Life): 1 acute exceedances & 1 chronic exceedances





### Rock Creek Tributaries: Iron Results





### 2022-2023 Monitoring Key Points

- Elevated metals during runoff.
- High concentrations of iron throughout the Clarks Fork Yellowstone Valley.
- Multiple exceedances of copper and lead.
- Exceedances of nutrient thresholds





### 2024 and 2025 Monitoring

#### **2024 Monitoring**

- Cooney Reservoir: Nutrients, Algae, Metals, E.coli
- Response variable monitoring: Algae, Dissolved Oxygen, and Macroinvertebrates
- E.coli monitoring on CFY and Rock Creek
- Clear Creek monitoring sites
- One Spring Creek site will be added back
- Continue oil and gas parameter monitoring on Silvertip Creek.

#### **2025 Monitoring**

- Cooney Reservoir: Nutrients, Algae, Metals, E.coli
- Sediment Monitoring





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