

- resubmittal -



WATER PROTECTION BUREAU

Agency Use

Permit No.: MTG010196

Date Rec'd 1-27-25

Amount Rec'd 0

Check No. 0

Rec'd By JMF

rec'd via email

FORM NOI-NMP CAFO

Notice of Intent (NOI) and Nutrient Management Plan (NMP) Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation General Permit MTG010000

This application form is comprised of the NOI (Sections 1 - 5) and the NMP (Sections 6 - 10). Before completing the NOI-NMP form, Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation (CAFO) operators must read the CAFO General Permit. CAFO operators are also advised to read the attached NOI-NMP instructions before completing this form. You must print or type legibly; forms that are not legible, not complete, or unsigned will be rejected. You must maintain a copy of the completed NOI-NMP form for your records.

CAFO Status and Fee

Permit Authorization Number: MTG010196
Select Appropriate Fee:
[] New Application: \$1200
[X] Renewal Application: \$600
[] Permit Modification: \$600

Sections 1 through 5 consist of the NOI. The application form is to be completed by the owner or operator of a Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation (CAFO).

Section 1 - Facility/Site Information

Facility Name: Cornwell Ranch
Location (Physical address or Directions): T 30 N R38E
Nearest City or Town: Glasgow
Zip Code, County: 59230, Valley
Facility Latitude, Longitude: 48° 21' 49" N, -100° 45' 55" W
Date facility began operation: 2005
Status of Applicant: [] Federal [] State [] No [X] Private [] Other
Located on Tribal Lands? [X] No [] Yes (If yes, obtain the permit through EPA, not DEQ)

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Section 2 – Representatives

2.1 Applicant (Owner/Operator)

The owner/operator assumes all liability for site discharges and compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. The signatory/responsible official must meet certification requirements listed in the Certification Section at this end of this form.

Owner/Operator Fonnal Name Commwell Ranch
Mailing Address PO Box 1031
City, State, Zip Code Glasgow, MT 59230
Signatory/Responsible Official Name Lee Commwell Title President
Contact Information Phone 406-263-5220 Email lee.ranches@nemont.net

2.2 Authorized Representative

For future reports (including NetDMR) to be signed by anyone other than the signatory/responsible official, a duly authorized individual(s) or position must be identified. If one is not designated, than all reports must be signed by the signatory until such designation is made in writing [ARM 17.30.1232(2)].

Select Appropriate Box:

- No authorized representative for this permit is designated at this time (continue to Section 3)
- I designate the following duly authorized representative for this permit (provide the information below):

Authorized Representative Information:

Authorized Representative Name Audra Ortega Title Manager
Company Name Commwell Ranch
Mailing Address PO Box 1031
City, State, Zip Code Glasgow, MT 59230
Contact Information Phone 406-263-5222 Email audra.ortega@outlook.com

Section 3 – Business Description

3.1 SIC Codes and NAICS Codes

Provide at least one Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code and one North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code which best reflects the products or services provided by the CAFO.

SIC Code	Description
(1) <u>211</u>	<u>Beef Cattle Feedlots</u>
(2)	
(3)	
(4)	

NAICS Code	Description
(1) <u>11211</u>	<u>Beef Cattle Ranching & Farming</u>
(2)	
(3)	
(4)	

SIC Code Examples:

- 211 Beef Cattle Feedlots
- 212 Beef Cattle, Except Feedlots
- 213 Hogs
- 214 Sheep and Goats
- 241 Dairy Farms
- 251 Broiler, Fryer and Roaster Chickens
- 252 Chicken Eggs
- 253 Turkeys and Turkey Eggs
- 254 Poultry Hatcheries
- 259 Poultry and Eggs, not elsewhere classified (Ducks)
- 272 Horses and other Equines

NAICS Code Examples:

- 11212 Cattle Feedlots
- 11211 Beef Cattle Ranching and Farming
- 11221 Hog and Pig Farming
- 11240 Sheep Farming
- 11212 Dairy Cattle and Milk Production
- 11232 Broilers and other Meat-Type Chickens
- 11234 Chicken Egg Production
- 11233 Turkey Production
- 11234 Poultry Hatcheries
- 112390 Other Poultry Production
- 112920 Horses and other Equine Production

3.2 Facility or Operation Description

Provide a brief description of the nature of the facility (feedlot, stockyard, sale barn, etc.)

Back grounding facility for our beef calves raised on our ranch.

3.3 Existing or Pending Permits, Certification, or Approvals

- None RCRA _____
- MPDES _____ Other _____
- PSD (Air Emissions) _____ Other _____
- 404 Permit (Dredge and Fill) _____

Section 4 – Outfalls

4.1 Receiving Water

For each outfall, provide the latitude and longitude (to the nearest decimal degree) and the name of the receiving water. If the receiving water/drainage is unnamed, indicate the closest named drainage it flows into (i.e., “unnamed tributary to Clear Creek”). Attach additional sheets if necessary for more outfalls. This section must not be left blank, and “N/A” is not acceptable.

Outfall	Latitude	Longitude	Name of Receiving Water
001	48.303930	-100.704759	Spring Creek (Pens: 1-3)
002	48.303217	-100.771740	Spring Creek: Old channel (Pens: Sick - 8)

Section 5 – Characteristics

5.1 Impaired Waters 303(d)

Identify whether the receiving water is impaired for nutrients. Check the Clean Water Act Information Center database at <https://deq.mt.gov/water/resources> to determine if the receiving water is impaired for nutrients (total nitrogen and/or total phosphorus).

- The receiving water is impaired for nutrients
- The receiving water is NOT impaired for nutrients

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5.2 Animal Confinement

Report the maximum number of each type of animal confined at any one time in open confinement and/or housed under a roof.

Animal type	Number in Open Confinement	Number Housed Under Roof
Mature Dairy Cows		
Veal Calves		
Cattle including dairy Heifers		
Swine 55 lbs. or over		
Swine 55 lbs. or under		
Horses		
Sheep or Lambs		
Turkeys		
Chicken broilers –includes juveniles		
Chicken layers –includes juveniles		
Ducks		
Other Specify: <u>Beef Calves</u>	<u>1800</u>	<u>0</u>
Other Specify:		

5.3 Rain Gage Location

Identify the nearest gage station or onsite rain gage. Provide either the Station ID of the gage or a latitude and longitude.

Station ID Ranch House OR

Latitude, Longitude 48.3° 04' 93" N, -100.7° 47' 02" W

5.4 Containment Structures

Were the containment structures built after February 2006?

- Yes. Skip the following 3 questions and continue to the table below.
- No. Complete the questions and table below.

Do the livestock waste control facilities have 10 feet of separation between the pond bottom and any bedrock formations?

- Yes No

Do the waste containment structures have 4 feet of separation from the pond bottom to any ground water?

- Yes No

Do the livestock waste control facilities comply with the applicable well setbacks?

- Yes No

Continue to Page 5

Identify the type of containment/storage, the total capacity with units, and the number of days of storage in each:

Type of Containment/Storage	Total Capacity	Units (gallons or tons)	Days of Storage
Anaerobic Lagoon			
Storage Pond #1	812,204.88	Gallons	305 days
Storage Pond #2	1,718,798.94	Gallons	305 days
Pens 1-3	947,414.80	Gallons	305 days
Silk Pen	113,221.08	Gallons	305 days
Pens 4-8	2,413,180.15	Gallons	305 days
Above Ground Storage Tank #1			
Above Ground Storage Tank #2			
Above Ground Storage Tank #3			
Underfloor Pits			
Below Ground Storage Tank			
Roofed Storage Shed			
Concrete Pad			
Impervious Soil Pad			
Other Specify:			
Other Specify:			

5.5 Sage Grouse Habitat

Visit the Montana Sage Grouse Habitat Conservation Program (Program) website at <https://sagegrouse.mt.gov/> to determine if the proposed operation is located in designated sage grouse core, general, or connectivity habitat.

- Yes. Submit an application to the Program and **attach the required consultation letter.**
- No. No additional information is required.

5.6 New Source/Operation

Is this a new source and/or operation? New sources must obtain analyses from the Montana Natural Heritage Program (MTNHP) and Montana State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) demonstrating possible impacts to wildlife and cultural resources, respectively.

- Yes. Attach project review analyses from MTNHP and SHPO.
- No. No additional information is required

Continue to Page 6

Sections 6 through 10 consist of the Nutrient Management Plan (NMP). These sections are intended to help CAFO operators develop a site-specific NMP required by the CAFO General Permit. Your NMP must be kept at the operation. Attach additional pages as necessary, indicating the corresponding section number on this NMP form.

Section 6 – NMP Minimum Elements

Facility Photos and Maps

Facilities must attach photos and maps depicting the following:

- The production area that shows the locations of all animal confinement structures described in the **Animal Type, Storage Location, and Generation Rates Table**.
- The flow direction of storm water and wastewater for all animal confinement structures described in the **Animal Type, Storage Location, and Generation Rates Table**.
- Manure and wastewater handling and storage areas
- Raw material handling and storage areas
- Storage and disposal areas of chemicals or other contaminants handled on site
- All land application areas (include topography and soil types)
- Environmentally sensitive areas (sinkholes, wells, drinking water sources, tile drain outlets, etc.) for the production area
- Illustrate the facility/activity boundaries, receiving water, and major drainage patterns
- Identify the specific location of the production area and the land application area(s)

I have attached photos and maps (aerial and topographic) that meet the above requirements.

6.1 Ensure Adequate Storage Capacity

Complete the table below: Be sure to identify each type of animal confined at this facility. This could include animals of a given species, weight class, or housed for a specific purpose.

Livestock Statistics and Manure, Litter, and Process Wastewater Generation Rates					
Animal Type	Waste Storage Location	Maximum Number of Animals at Any Time	Number of Days/Year on Site	Annual manure, litter, and process wastewater production	
				Dry (tons/yr)	Liquid (gallons/yr)
1. 550 lbs beef calves	Feedlot, pond 1, pond 2	1800	150	1,299.315	6,037,422.54
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					
11.					



Methods for estimating animal manure, litter, and process wastewater production

Describe the methods used for estimating animal manure, litter, and process wastewater production: Include all formulas, factors, references to tables, and other resources used to calculate manure, litter, and wastewater production. Be sure to account for soiled bedding materials.

DEQ 9, tons of bedding utilized during the winter are kept with feed records. An estimate of tons is applied/considered when calculating tons to be spread.

Manure handling:

Identify manure, litter, and process wastewater handling at the CAFO. Mark all that apply:

- Stored in pens
- Stored on stacking pad
- Composting on site
- Other _____
- Direct pipe to liquid impoundment
- Stored under floor pit
- Separator

Frequency of manure removal from confinement areas:

- Bi-annually
- Annually
- As needed
- Other _____

Is the manure, litter, or process wastewater temporarily stored in any location other than the production area?

- No.
- Yes. Explain how and where _____

Is dry manure and/or litter stored on an impervious surface?

- No.
- Yes. Describe the type and characteristics of this surface _____

Waste control structures:

Provide the 24-hr-25-yr storm event at your facility location. Refer to the map provided in the instructions.

3.4 in/hr

Provide the annual precipitation during critical winter storage period (180 days from mid-October to mid-April)

~5 in

Provide the area within clean water diversions. This is the area that is inside the BMPs used for clean water diversions and is used to calculate volume required to hold the 24-hr-25-yr storm event and the volume of your critical storage period.

21 acres

Check all the surface types within the clean water diversion area and provide the coverage in acres or ft². Be sure to circle the correct units.

- Dirt 21 acres or ft² (circle correct unit)
- Concrete _____ acres or ft² (circle correct unit)
- Paved _____ acres
- Under roof _____ acres or ft² (circle correct unit) – check if runoff is not part of clean water BMPs
- Gravel _____ acres or ft² (circle correct unit)
- Pasture _____ acres or ft² (circle correct unit)
- Other _____ acres or ft² (circle one)

Use the Table below to identify and describe all production area waste control structures for the production area of each animal type identified in the table "Livestock Statistics and Manure, Litter, and Process Wastewater Generation Rates" above (Section 6.1). Waste control structures may include but are not limited to: manure lagoons, manure ponds, evaporation ponds, wastewater retention ponds, contaminated runoff retention ponds, settling basins, underground storage tanks, underfloor pits, manure solids stacking pads, vegetative treatment strips, composting facilities, and dry stack facilities. Berms, dikes, concrete curbs, ditches, and waste transfer pipelines are also waste control structures and must be listed, though some of the requested measurements may not apply.

Production Area Waste Control Structures Description				
Production area Waste Control Structure (For Corresponding Animal Type Identified in Table Above)	Volume (gal if liquid) (ft ³ if dry)	Number of days of storage	Winter storage depth (ft)	The 24hr-25 yr storm event depth (ft)
1. Upper Pond #1	812,204.88	365	4 ft	.29 ft
2. Lower Pond #2	1,718,798.96	365	4 ft	.29 ft
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
11.				

6.2 Mortality Management

Check the box that describes how mortalities are disposed of at this CAFO.

- Burial
 Landfill
 Composted
 Contractor removal
 Incineration
 Other _____

Provide the location where mortalities are disposed of, if part of the production area:

dead animals are placed in a earth pit that is located off of the flood plain. They are buried every spring.

6.3 Clean Water Diversion Practices

Check all that apply for how clean water is diverted from the production area.

- Ditches
 Site grading
 Earthen berms
 Gutters and spouts
 Culverts
 Other _____

6.4 Prohibiting Animals and Wastes from Direct Contact with State Waters

Check all that apply for how animals and wastes are prohibited from direct contact with state waters.

- Fencing
- Wall
- Inside building
- Other Dirt Berms

6.5 Chemicals and Contaminants

List all major chemicals or other contaminants handled on site as part of your CAFO operation, including, but not limited to: pesticides, herbicides, animal dips, disinfectants, etc. Specify the method of disposal and location stored for each contaminant. Ensure a corresponding map has been attached, as required in Section 6, Facility Photos and Maps.

No chemicals are stored onsite. All animal pour ons are contained to the processing barn and are disposed of by vet/med representative if not completely utilized.

6.6 Conservation Practices

Check all temporary, permanent, and structural BMPs which will be used to control runoff of pollutants from the facility's production area. Be sure to include them on the map described above in Section 6. If BMPs are not installed, include a schedule for implementation of each of the following measures. Provide details and specifications to supplement the BMP descriptions. Attach additional sheets if necessary.

- Ditches
- Earthen berms
- Culverts and pipes
- Buffers
- Site grading
- Gutters and spouts
- Covered Pens
- Other _____

6.7 Sampling and Analysis Procedures for Manure, Litter, Process Wastewater, and Soil

Representative samples of manure, litter, and process wastewater must be analyzed a minimum of once per year for total nitrogen and total phosphorus. Results should be reported in lbs/ton for solids and lbs/1000 gal for liquids. Results will be used to determine rates for manure, litter, and process wastewater. Indicate your method for sampling. Be sure to provide a description if you select "other."

- Sample collection will occur according to CAFO General Permit Section II.D.
- Other _____

Continue to Page 10

Section 7 – NMP Land Application

Identify whether manure will be land applied to land that is owned, rented, or leased by the owner or operator of the facility.

- No. Explain how animal waste will be managed by the operation, including protocol for transfers of manure, litter, and process wastewater. Skip to Section 10.
- _____
- _____

Yes. Continue below.

7.1 Land Application Photos and Maps

Facilities that land apply must attach photos/maps clearly identify the following items. If an item is not applicable, check the box "None."

- Individual field boundaries for all planned land application areas
- A name, number, letter or other means of identifying each individual land application field
- The soil type(s) present and their locations within the individual land application field(s)
- The location of any downgradient surface waters
- The specific manure/waste handling or nutrient management restrictions associated with each land application field i.e. setbacks
- Buffers and setbacks around state surface waters, well heads, etc.
- Any downgradient open tile line intake structures
 - None. Not included on map
- Any downgradient sinkholes
 - None. Not included on map
- Any downgradient agricultural well heads
 - None. Not included on map
- All conduits to surface waters
- All temporary, permanent, and structural BMPs used to control runoff of pollutants from the land application area

I have attached photos and maps of the site where manure is to be applied.

7.2 Protocols to Land Apply Manure, Litter, or Process Wastewater

Check all temporary, permanent, and structural BMPs which will be used to control runoff of pollutants from the CAFO's land application area. If not already in use, include a schedule for implementation of each of these measures. You may supplement this description by attaching details and specifications.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Buffers | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conservation tillage |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Constructed wetlands | <input type="checkbox"/> Grass Filter |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Infiltration field | <input type="checkbox"/> Residue Management |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Setbacks | <input type="checkbox"/> Terrance |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ | |

7.3 Soil Phosphorus Sampling and Analysis

Representative soil (composite) samples from the top 6 inches layer of soil for each field where manure will be applied must be analyzed for phosphorus content at least once every five years. Analyses will be conducted by a qualified laboratory, using the Olsen P test. Results will be reported in parts per million (ppm) and will be used in determining application rates for manure, litter, and process wastewater.

- Sample collection will occur according to Part II.D of the CAFO General Permit.
- Other (describe) _____

7.4 Soil Nitrogen Sampling and Analysis

Representative composite soil samples for total nitrogen and nitrate must be collected for each field where manure will be applied. Composite samples for total nitrogen must be collected from a soil depth of 0 to 6 inches and must be analyzed annually. Composite samples for nitrate must be collected from a soil depth of 6 to 24 inches and must be analyzed annually. All samples must be analyzed according to method code 4H2a1-3 in NRCS Soil Survey Laboratory Methods Manual, Soil Survey Investigation Report No. 42. Results must be reported as mg/kg total nitrogen and pounds per acre.

Sample collection will occur according to Part II.D of the CAFO General Permit.

Other _____

Continue to Page 12

Section 8. NMP Application Rates

The applicant has 2 ways in which to report how manure or process wastewater application rates can be reported to DEQ. Select one:

- Linear Approach.** Expresses rates of application as pounds of nitrogen and phosphorus. Complete Section 8.1. then continue to Section 9. See page 8 of the NOI-NMP Instructions for guidance on the Linear Approach.
- Narrative Rate Approach.** Expresses a narrative rate of application that results in the amount, in tons or gallons, of manure, litter, and process wastewater to be land applied. Complete Section 8.2. then continue to section 9. See page 9 of the NOI-NMP Instructions for guidance on the Narrative Rate Approach.

8.1 Linear Approach

Expresses rates of application as pounds of nitrogen and phosphorus. CAFOs selecting the linear approach to address rates of application must include in the NMP submitted to the Department the following information for each crop, field, and year covered by the NMP:

1. The maximum application rate (pounds/acre/year of nitrogen and phosphorus) from manure, litter, and process wastewater.
2. The outcome of the field-specific assessment of the potential for phosphorus transport from each field. The Department does not have an N transport risk assessment, therefore the NMP must document any basis for assuming that nitrogen will be fully used by crops. The CAFO must specify any conservation practices used in calculating the risk rating.
3. The crops to be planted or any other uses of a field such as pasture or fallow fields.
4. The realistic annual yield goal for each crop or use identified for each field.
5. The nitrogen and phosphorus recommendations from Department acceptable sources for each crop or use identified for each field.
6. Credits for all residual nitrogen in each field that will be plant available.
7. Consideration of multi-year phosphorus application. For any field where nutrients are applied at a rate based on the crop phosphorus requirement, the NMP must account for single-year nutrient applications that supply more than the crop's annual phosphorus requirement.
8. All other additions of plant available nitrogen and phosphorus (i.e., from sources other than manure, litter, or process wastewater or credits for residual nitrogen).
9. The form and source of manure, litter, and process wastewater to be land-applied.
10. The timing and method of land application. The NMP also must include storage capacities needed to ensure adequate storage that accommodates the timing indicated.
11. The methodology that will be used to account for the amount of nitrogen and phosphorus in the manure, litter, and wastewater to be applied.
12. Any other factors necessary to determine the maximum application rate identified in accordance with this Linear Approach.

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13. Complete the Nutrient Budget Worksheet, below, for the crop grown on each field for each year to which manure or process wastewater is, or may be, applied. A copy of each Nutrient Budget Worksheet will be maintained on site, and a copy will be submitted to the Department.

Nutrient Budget Worksheet

Field identification:		Year:	Crop:	
Expected Crop Yield:				
Phosphorus index results or Phosphorus application from soil test:				
Method of Land Application:				
When will application occur:				
Nutrient Budget		Nitrogen-based Application	Phosphorus-based Application	Source of information
1		Crop Nutrient Needs, lbs/acre		
2	(-)	Credits from previous legume crops, or soil test lbs/acre		
3	(-)	Residuals from past manure production lbs/acre-only if no new soil test		
4	(-)	Nutrients supplied by commercial fertilizer and Biosolids, lbs/acre		
5	(-)	Nutrients supplied in irrigation water, lbs/acre		
6		= Additional Nutrients Needed, lbs/acre		
7		Total Nitrogen and Phosphorus in manure, lbs/ton or lbs/1000 gal (from manure test)		
8	(×)	Nutrient Availability factor, for Phosphorus based application use 1.0		
9		= Available Nutrients in Manure, lbs/ton or lbs/1000 gal		
10		Additional Nutrients needed, lbs/acre (calculated above)		
11	(÷)	Available Nutrients in Manure, lbs/ton or lbs/1000 gal (calculated above)		
12		= Manure Application Rate, tons/acre or 1000 gal/acre		

End of Linear Approach. Continue to Section 9

8.2 Narrative Approach

Expresses a narrative rate of application that results in the amount, in tons or gallons, of manure, litter, and process wastewater to be land applied. CAFOs selecting the narrative rate approach to address rates of application must include in the NMP submitted to the Department the following information for each crop, field, and year covered by the NMP:

1. The maximum amounts of nitrogen and phosphorus that will be derived from all sources of nutrients (pounds/acre for each crop and field).
2. The outcome of the field-specific assessment of the potential for nitrogen and phosphorus transport from each field. The Department does not have an N transport risk assessment, therefore the NMP must document any basis for assuming that nitrogen will be fully used by crops. The CAFO must specify any conservation practices used in calculating the risk rating.
3. The crops to be planted in each field or any other uses of a field such as pasture or fallow fields, including alternative crops if applicable. Any alternative crops included in the NMP must be listed by field, in addition to the crops identified in the planned crop rotation for that field.
4. The realistic annual yield goal for each crop or use identified for each field for each year, including any alternative crops identified.
5. The nitrogen and phosphorus recommendations from Department acceptable sources for each crop or use identified for each field, including any alternative crops identified.
6. The methodology (including formulas, sources of data, protocols for making determination, etc.) and actual data that will be used to account for: (1) the results of soil tests, (2) credits for all nitrogen in the field that will be plant-available, (3) the amount of nitrogen and phosphorus in the manure, litter, and process wastewater to be applied, (4) consideration of multi-year phosphorus application (for any field where nutrients are applied at a rate based on the crop phosphorus requirement, the methodology must account for single-year nutrient applications that supply more than the crop's annual phosphorus requirement), (5) all other additions of plant available nitrogen and phosphorus to the field (i.e., from sources other than manure, litter, or process wastewater or credits for residual nitrogen), (6) timing and method of land application, and (7) volatilization of nitrogen and mineralization of organic nitrogen.
7. Any other factors necessary to determine the amounts of nitrogen and phosphorus to be applied in accordance with the Narrative Rate Approach.
8. NMPs using the Narrative Rate Approach must also include the following projections, which will not be used by the permitting authority in establishing site-specific permit terms:
 - Planned crop rotations for each field for the period of permit coverage.
 - Projected amount of manure, litter, or process wastewater to be applied.
 - Projected credits for all nitrogen in the field that will be plant available.
 - Consideration of multi-year phosphorus application.
 - Accounting for other additions of plant available nitrogen and phosphorus to the field.
 - The predicted form, source, and method of application of manure, litter, and process wastewater for each crop.

Section 9 – NMP Phosphorus

Phosphorus Risk Assessment: The permittee shall assess the risk of phosphorus contamination of state waters. An assessment shall be conducted for each field, under the control of the operator, to which manure, litter or process wastewater will or may be applied. If a new field is added in the future, then the permittee must submit a revised (modified) NMP. The permittee has the option of using Method A or Method B (below) to complete the assessment, unless the receiving water is impaired for nutrients, then you must use method B below for phosphorus risk assessment. Copies of all tables and calculations used to complete the assessments, as well as the results of the assessments, shall be submitted to the Department and copies shall be maintained onsite at the facility and available for Departmental review. The results of the assessments shall be used to determine the appropriate basis for land application of wastes from the facility.

Indicate which method will be used to determine phosphorus application:

- Method A** – Representative Soil Sample. Complete Section 9.1, then continue to Section 10.
- Method B** – Phosphorus Index. Complete Section 9.2, then continue to Section 10.

9.1 Method A – Representative Soil Sample

Obtain one or more representative soil sample(s) from the field per ARM 17.30.1334
Have the sample analyzed for phosphorus by a qualified lab. The “Olsen P test” must be used for the analysis, and the result must be reported in parts per million (ppm). Using the results of the Olsen P test, determine application basis according to the Table below.

Olsen P Soil Test Results (ppm)	Application Basis
<25.0	Nitrogen Needs of Crop
25.1 - 100.0	Phosphorus Needs of Crop
100.0 – 150.0	Phosphorus Needs up to Crop Removal Rate
>150.0	No Application allowed

Olsen P Test Result: 9 ppm

End of Method A. Continue to Section 10

9.2 Method B – Phosphorus Index

Complete a phosphorus Index according to the crop grown on each field. Complete the Phosphorus Index Worksheet below to calculate phosphorus index. For information on filling out specific sections of this table, please refer to the method as described in NRCS Agronomy Technical Note MT-77.

Appendix A: Phosphorus Index Worksheet (Complete for each field and crop)

Field:	Crop:					Year:		
Field Category Factor	None (0)	Low (1)	Medium (2)	High (4)	Very High (8)	Risk Value (0,1,2,4,8)	Weight Factor	Weight Risk
Soil Erosion	NA	<5 tons/as/yr	5-10 ton/ac/yr	10-15 tons/ac/yr	QA> 10 for erodible soils		X 1.5	
Furrow Irrigation Erosion	N/A	Tail water recovery, QS>6 very erodible soils, or QS>10 other soils	QS> for erosion resistant soil	QS> for erodible soils	QA>6 for very erodible soils		X 1.5	
Sprinkler Irrigation Erosion	All fields 0-3% slope, all sandy fields or field evaluation indicates little or no runoff large spray on silts 3-8%	Medium spray on silty soils 3-15% slopes, large spray on silty soils 8-15% slope, low spray on silt soils 3-8% large spray on clay soil 3-15% slope	Medium spray on clay soils 3-8% slopes, large spray on clay soils >15% slope, medium spray on silt soil >15% slope	Medium spray on clay soils >8% slope, low spray on clay soil 3-8% slope, low spray on silty soils >15% slopes	Low spray on clay soils >8% slopes		X 1.5	
Runoff Class	Negligible	Very Low or Low	Medium	High	Very High		X 0.5	
Olson Soil Test P	—	<20 ppm	20-40 ppm	40-80 ppm	>80 ppm		X 0.5	
Commercial P Fertilizer Application Method	None Applied	Placed with Planter or injection deeper than 2 inches	Incorporated <3 months prior to planting or surface applied during growing season	Incorporated >3 months before crop or surface applied <3 months before crop emerges	Surface applied to pasture or >3 months before crop emerges		X 1.0	
Commercial P Fertilizer Application Rate	None Applied	<30 lbs/ac P205	31-90 lbs/ac P205	91-150 lbs/ac P205	>150 lbs/ac P205		X 1.0	
Organic P Source Application Method	None Applied	Injected deeper than 2 inches	Incorporated <3 months prior to planting or surface applied during growing season	Incorporated >3 months before crop or surface applied <3 months before crop.	Surface applied to pasture or >3 months before crop emerges		X 1.0	
Organic P Source Application Rate	None Applied	<30 lbs/ac P205	31-90 lbs/ac P205	91-150 lbs/ac P205	>150 lbs/ac P205		X 1.0	
Distance to Concentrated Surface Water Flow	>1,000 feet	200-1,000 feet, or functioning grass waterways in concentrated surface water	100-200 feet	<100 feet	0 feet or application are directly into concentrated surface water flow areas.		X 1.0	
Total Phosphorus Index Value:								

Using the calculated Total Phosphorus Index Value, assign the overall site/field vulnerability to phosphorus loss according to the table below.

Total Phosphorus Index Value	Site Vulnerability to Phosphorus Loss
<11	Low
11-21	Medium
22-43	High
>43	Very High

Using the calculated Site Vulnerability to Phosphorus Loss, determine the appropriate application basis according to the table below.

Site Vulnerability to Phosphorus Loss	Application Basis
Low	Nitrogen Needs
Medium	Nitrogen Needs
High	Phosphorus Need Up to Crop Removal
Very High	Phosphorus Crop Removal or No Application

Phosphorus Index Value: _____

Section 10 – NMP Guidance

Land Application Equipment Calibration

Describe the type of equipment used to land apply wastes and the calibration procedures:

Implementation, Operation, Maintenance and Recordkeeping

The permittee is required to develop protocols for implementation of the NMP, proper operation and maintenance of the livestock waste control facilities, and recordkeeping as described in Part 2 of the permit.

Have protocols been developed for the operation? Yes No

The documents below are maintained:

- Implementation of the NMP: Yes No
- Facility operation and maintenance: Yes No
- Recordkeeping and reporting Yes No
- Sample collection and analysis Yes No
- Manure transfer Yes No

If your answer to any of the above question is no, provide explanation:

No manure is transferred to other ownership/management property.

Provide date and location of most recent documentation:

Date: 1/14/24
 Location: Connell Ranch Office

MTG010196

NOI-NMP Certification

The NOI Form certification must be completed by the applicant (owner/operator) responsible for the authorization as identified in Section C. Certification of this NOI is certification that the applicant will comply with the applicable terms of the CAFO General Permit.

Permittee Information: This form must be completed, signed, and certified as follows:

- For a corporation, by a principal officer of at least the level of vice president;
- For a partnership or sole proprietorship, by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or
- For a municipality, state, federal, or other public facility, by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official.

All Permittees Must Complete the Following Certification:

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information; including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. [75-5-633, MCA].

Certification of this form indicates conformance with the CAFO General Permit.

Name (Type or Print)

Lee Cornwell

Title (Type or Print)

President

Phone Number

406-263-5222

Signature

Date Signed

1/23/2025

DEQ will not process this form until all the requested information is supplied, and the appropriate fees are paid.

Return this NOI-NMP-CAFO Form and the applicable fee payment to:

Department of Environmental Quality
Water Protection Bureau
PO Box 200901
Helena, MT 59620-0901
(406) 444-5546

RECEIVED

JAN 31 2025

DEQ WATER QUALITY DIVISION

Cornwell Ranch
Permit Authorization
MTG010196

Production Area



Production Area

Sold #
2 19
69.7
HEL

1 4.5 HEL

14
30-38

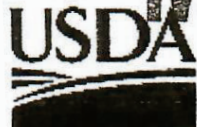
Date: MAY 29, 2007

VALLEY COUNTY

Farm: 4291
Tract: 11012

Sec 14 Twnshp 30 Range 38

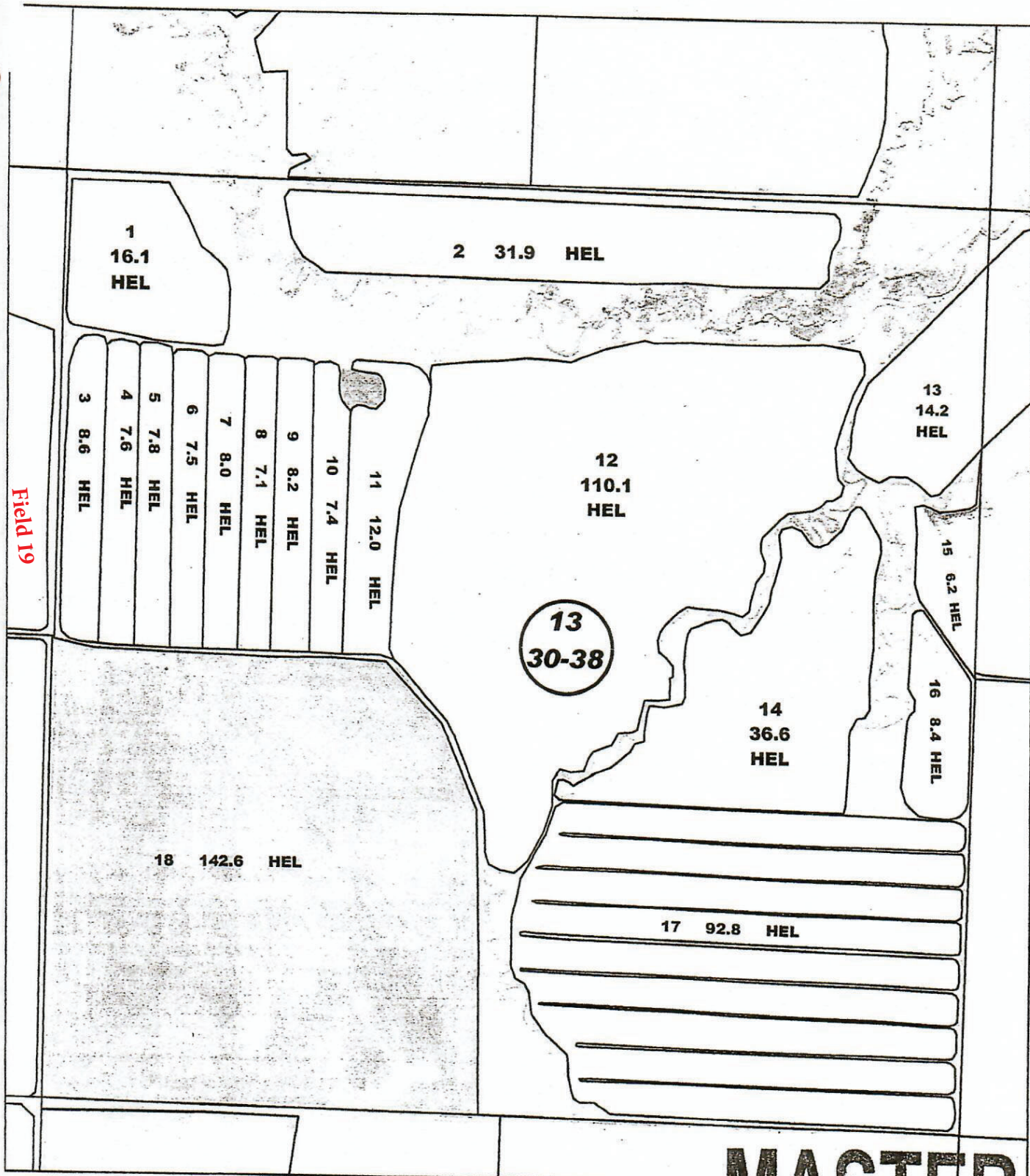
MASTER



USDA
Farm Service Agency



This map is for USDA-FSA Program administration only. There is no guarantee or representation as to the accuracy, currency, suitability or reliability for any other purpose. The user accepts the data "As is" and assumes all risks associated with its use.



Date: MAY 22, 2007

VALLEY COUNTY

Farm: 4291

Tract: 6816

Sec 13 Twnshp 30 Range 38



MASTER

USDA
Farm Service Agency



This map is for USDA-FSA Program administration only. There is no guarantee or representation as to the accuracy, currency, suitability or reliability for any other purpose. The user accepts the data "As is" and assumes all risks associated with its use.

Customer(s): CORNWELL RANCH CO INC
Legal Description: T30N R38E

LOC.

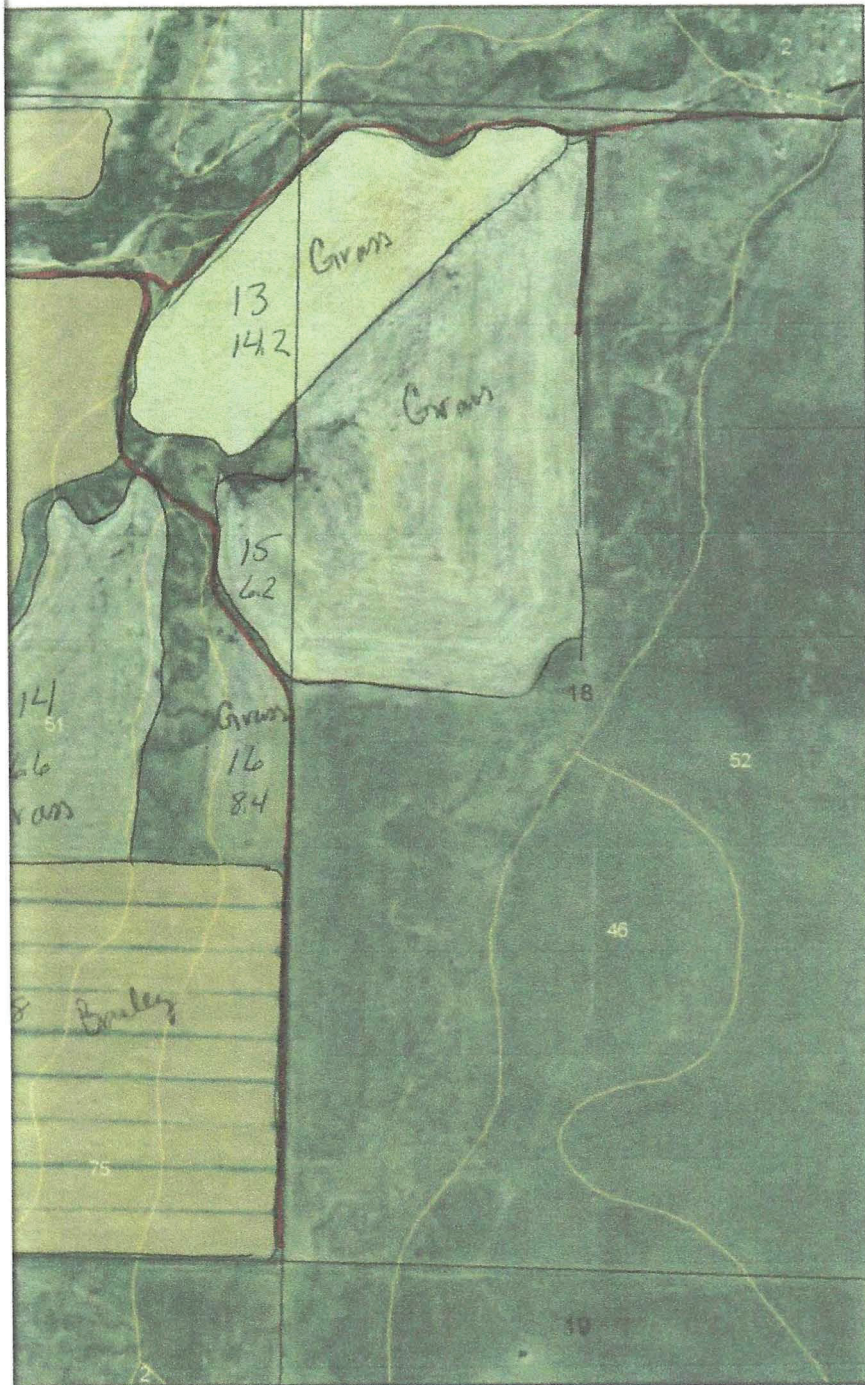


TION MAP


Date: 01/26/2009

Field Office: GLASGOW SERVICE CENTER
Assisted by: Shanna L. Huckins, USDA-NRCS

State and County: MT, VALLEY



Legend

-  section lines
- soils boundaries
- Dike
- Field Boundary



* Soil Key Handwritten & Attached

Location Map - Soil Type Key

6/11/24

1 - Absher - Uveda Complex
1 to 5% slope

8 - Elloam gravelly clay
2 to 9% slope

42 - Nishon Clay loam
0 to 1% slope

46 - Phillips loam
0-4% slopes

51 - Redvale loam
0 to 3% slopes

60 - Sunburst clay loam
15 to 60% slopes

69 - Thoeny Phillips Complex
1 to 5% slopes

75 - Ustic Torrifluvents
gently sloping

Fields Available for Land Application

Field ID	Total Acres
1	16.1
2	31.9
3 through 11	74.2
12	110.1
13	14.2
14	36.6
15	6.2
16	8.4
17	92.8
18	142.6
19	69.7

Outcome of the Field-Specific Assessment of the Potential for N and P Transport from Each Field and Maximum Amount of Nitrogen and Phosphorus Derived from All Sources

Field ID	Year	Crop	Olsen P Soil Test Results (ppm)	Recommended Rate Basis	Max N Derived from all sources	Max P ₂ O ₅ Derived from all sources
					(lbs/acre)	
3 thru 11	2023	grass	9	Nitrogen Needs of Crop	25 lbs N/acre	40
5	2017	barley	17.5	Nitrogen Needs of Crop	96 lbs N/acre	10
19	2019	barley	2	Nitrogen Needs of Crop	96 lbs N/acre	0
14	2019	barley	3	Nitrogen Needs of Crop	96 lbs N/acre	0

Alternative Crops

Field	Potential Alternative Crop(s)	Yield Goal (unit/acres)	N rec.	P ₂ O ₅ rec.
			(lbs/acre)	
17	grass	4 Ton	100	28
	barley	50 bushels	78	28
	millet/Sorgum	1800 lbs	63	25
12	grass	4 Ton	100	28
	barley	50 bushels	78	28
	millet/Sorgum	1800 lbs	63	25
14	grass	4 Ton	100	28
	barley	50 bushels	78	28
	millet/Sorgum	1800 lbs	63	25
1	grass	4 Ton	100	28
3 thru 11	grass	4 Ton	100	28
2	grass	4 Ton	100	28
13 thru 16	grass	4 Ton	100	28
18	grass	4 Ton	100	28
19	grass	4 Ton	100	28

Methodology

Rates of application that are expressed using the narrative rate approach must include the *methodology* for calculating the amount of manure to be land applied.

In the text box below, provide the methodology that will be used to account for:

- Soil test results
- Credits for plant available nitrogen in the field
- Amount of nitrogen and phosphorus in the manure, litter, and process wastewater to be applied
- Consideration of multi-year phosphorus application
- Accounting for all other additions of plant available nitrogen and phosphorus to the field
- Form and source of manure, litter, and process wastewater
- Timing and method of land application
- Volatilization of nitrogen and mineralization of organic nitrogen

Attach additional sheets as necessary.

During the last 5 years we have been piling the manure in the pens into the spring to increase break down. Late summer we have been hauling the manure from the pens to our land application location just east of the production area. Due to lack of labor and budget we have been storing the manure in that location that has dikes, abandoned ditches, and established grass that prevents any runoff from entering unnamed tributaries or water ways. During this time we have also been stirring and repiling the mounds of manure to keep encouraging composting. This is to also encourage a decrease in the levels of N and P₂O₅ in the manure and optimized the amount of mineralized Nitrogen. We collect soil test prior to spreading, due to the fact we haven't been spreading the last several years our soil tests are not as regular as they need to be.

When we do land apply our manure there will be a sample that has been collected conducting the Olsen P test to know Nitrogen and Phosphorus levels prior to spreading. Using the soil test results and the manure test we will be able to figure how many tons need to be applied per acre to ensure levels of both are not exceeded. We can then use this information to figure the rate at which we will need to operate our manure spreader to apply the accurate amount of lbs/acre. We apply our manure in late summer or fall to ensure that there are not significant rainfalls. We don't transfer or spread our liquid or slurry produced by the CAFO, it is stored in the pens or drains to the evaporation ponds to naturally evaporate. This is in an effort to reduce volatilization of Nitrogen.

With the drought and the infestation of grasshoppers we have not had any recordable yields to our barley crops. With this occurring we have decided to take several of our fields and replant them to grass. It is not intended to be hayed but for spring and fall grazing, if yields are good enough it may be hayed. We will be collecting a soil sample from each field in the spring to ensure we start out on the right foot. In changing our crop it's important to understand where we are starting with our soils and manure. We are unable to figure the Max nitrogen or max phosphorus at this time as we do not have a current soil sample for all fields, no crops, previous manure spreading, she's naked.

REPORT NUMBER

23-322-0816

COMPLETED DATE

Nov 21, 2023

RECEIVED DATE

Nov 18, 2023

ACCOUNT
67670



13611 B Street • Omaha, Nebraska 68144-3693 • (402) 334-7770

www.midwestlabs.com

PAGE 1/2

TODAY'S DATE

Nov 21, 2023

COPY TO
36227

AGRIAN EMAIL ACCOUNT

**AG PARTNERS LLC
COURTNEY ANDERSON
1000 RAILROAD ALLEY
GLASGOW MT 59230**

IDENTIFICATION
**CORNWELL RANCH
HOME
SOIL SAMPLE
87Y5-77JL**

**13611 B STREET
OMAHA NE 68144**

SOIL ANALYSIS REPORT

LAB NUMBER	SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION	ORGANIC MATTER L.O.L. percent RATE	PHOSPHORUS				NEUTRAL AMMONIUM ACETATE (EXCHANGEABLE)				pH		CATION EXCHANGE CAPACITY C.E.C. meq/100g	PERCENT BASE SATURATION (COMPUTED)					
			P ₁ (WEAK BRAY) 1:7		P ₂ (STRONG BRAY) 1:7		OLSEN BICARBONATE P	POTASSIUM K	MAGNESIUM Mg	CALCIUM Ca	SODIUM Na	SOIL pH 1:1		BUFFER INDEX	% K	% Mg	% Ca	% H	% Na
			ppm	RATE	ppm	RATE	ppm	RATE	ppm	RATE	ppm	RATE		ppm	RATE	meq/100g			
00930	3	2.4 L	52 VH	80 VH		460 VH	942 VH	2426 M	78	6.7		21.5	5.5	36.5	56.4	0.0	1.6		
00931	3	1.6 L	7 VL	44 H	9 L	204 M	1074 VH	4067 M	179 H	8.1		30.6	1.7	29.2	66.6	0.0	2.5		

LAB NUMBER	NITRATE-N (FIA)										SULFUR S ICAP	ZINC Zn DTPA	MANGANESE Mn DTPA	IRON Fe DTPA	COPPER Cu DTPA	BORON B SORB. DTPA	EXCESS LINE RATE	SOLUBLE SALTS 1:1 mmhos/ cm RATE	
	SURFACE			SUBSOIL 1			SUBSOIL 2												Total lbs/A
	ppm	lbs/A	depth (in)	ppm	lbs/A	depth (in)	ppm	lbs/A	depth (in)										
00930	24	43	0-6							43	10 L	0.8 L	5 L	27 VH	1.4 H	1.2 M	L	0.6 L	
00931	3	16	6-24							16	156 VH	0.4 VL	1 VL	13 M	1.2 M	2.6 VH	L	1.2 M	

REV.10/17

The above analytical results apply only to the sample(s) submitted. Samples are retained a maximum of 30 days.
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REPORT NUMBER

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TODAY'S DATE

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AGRIAN EMAIL ACCOUNT

13611 B STREET
OMAHA NE 68144

AG PARTNERS LLC
COURTNEY ANDERSON
1000 RAILROAD ALLEY
GLASGOW MT 59230

IDENTIFICATION
CORNWELL RANCH
HOME
SOIL SAMPLE
87Y5-77JL

SOIL FERTILITY RECOMMENDATIONS (POUNDS PER ACRE)

Table with columns: YOUR SAMPLE NUMBER, INTENDED CROP, YIELD GOAL, PREVIOUS CROP, SOIL AMENDMENTS (LIME, GYPSUM, ELEMENTAL SULFUR), N NITROGEN, P2O5 PHOSPHATE, K2O POTASH, Mg MAGNESIUM, S SULFUR, Zn ZINC, Mn MANGANESE, Fe IRON, Cu COPPER, B BORON. Contains 3 rows of data for WHEAT SPRING -bu.

REV. 12/03

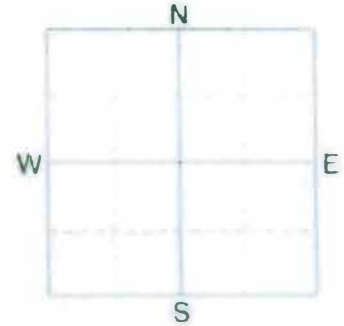
The above analytical results apply only to the sample(s) submitted. Samples are retained a maximum of 30 days. Our reports and letters are for the exclusive and confidential use of our clients and may not be reproduced in whole or in part, nor may any reference be made to the work, the results, or the company in any advertising, news release, or other public announcements without obtaining our prior written authorization.



P.O. BOX 510, NORTHWOOD, ND 58267
 Northwood: (701) 587-6010
 Benson: (320) 843-4109

MANURE REPORT

SAMPLE **RANCH FEEDLOT**
 TYPE **Solid Manure**
 SOURCE **Beef**
 STORAGE
 LAB NUM **NW1368**



SUBMITTED FOR:
CORNWELL RANCH
169 CORNWELL RD

GLASGOW, MT 59230

SUBMITTED BY: **CE3916**
AG PARTNERS LLC-GLASGOW
1015 RAILWAY VALLEY
PO BOX 427
GLASGOW, MT 59230

MOISTURE **21**
 DRY MATTER **79**

Date Sampled

Date Received **09/14/23**

Date Reported **11/16/2023**

	Dry Basis	As Received	lbs/ton
Total Nitrogen (N):		0.77 %	15.0
Ammonium Nitrogen:			
Nitrate Nitrogen:			
Inorganic Nitrogen:			
Organic Nitrogen:			
Phosphate (P2O5):	0.59 %	0.47 %	9.4
Potash (K2O):	1.9 %	1.5 %	30
Sodium:	0.48 %	0.38 %	7.6
Calcium:	1.6 %	1.3 %	26
Magnesium:	0.72 %	0.57 %	11.0
Zinc:	89 ppm	70 ppm	0.14
Iron:	14556 ppm	11499 ppm	23
Manganese:	491 ppm	388 ppm	0.78
Copper:	22 ppm	17.0 ppm	0.034
Sulfur:	0.35 %	0.28 %	5.6
Chloride:			
pH:			
Salts:			
Total Carbon:			
Volatile Solids:			
Bulk Density:			
Percent Ash:			