The Counties Guide for Approving Septage Land Application Sites

Septic Tank Pumper Program



Montana Department of Environmental Quality Waste and Underground Tank Management Bureau Solid Waste Section

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PURPOSE

The information in this guidance is provided to assist in the health officer and county sanitarian evaluation of proposed land application sites for the disposal of wastes subject to the Septage Disposal and Licensure Law (SDL). The wastes include septage, grease trap waste, privy type waste, car wash sump waste, and other similar wastes. These similar wastes include, but are not limited to, other primarily liquid wastes such as food processing wastes, septic tank pumpings that contain commercial and industrial wastewater, and snow melt sump wastewater, that can be applied to the land for a beneficial purpose. Wastes must be managed in a way that is protective of human health and the environment.

1. OVERVIEW

Any person, who is in the business of cleaning cesspools, septic tanks, portable toilets, privies, grease traps, car wash sumps, or similar treatment works, or disposal of septage and other wastes from these devices, <u>cannot</u> obtain a license or do business in the State of Montana without an approved disposal site. The pumper business must complete and submit the "New Disposal Application Form" provided by Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MT DEQ) for each proposed disposal site. The options for disposal include:

a. WASTEWATER TREATMENT SITE:

Septage may be placed at a permitted wastewater treatment plant only if the facility is designed and operated to handle septage in a manner protective of human health and the environment and is in compliance with the SDL laws and rules.

b. SEPTAGE PROCESSOR OR COMPOSTER:

Septage may be placed at a licensed septage processor or licensed composting facility that is operated to handle septage in a manner that is protective of human health and the environment and is in compliance with the SDL laws and rules.

c. LANDFILL:

Dewatered septage may be placed at a licensed Class II Landfill for disposal. Grease trap waste and sump type waste may be placed in dewatering pits at the landfill and then placed in the landfill for disposal.

d. LAND APPLICATION SITE:

Land application is the spreading, spraying, injection, or incorporation of pumpings onto or below the surface of the land to take advantage of the soil enhancing qualities of the septage. Septage is land applied to improve the structure of the soil. It is also applied as a fertilizer to supply nutrients to crops and other vegetation grown in the soil. Certain management practices for land application of these pumpings must be followed. Sump waste dewatering pits at a land application site must be lined and approved by the local County Health Department.

2. <u>RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PUMPER BUSINESS</u>

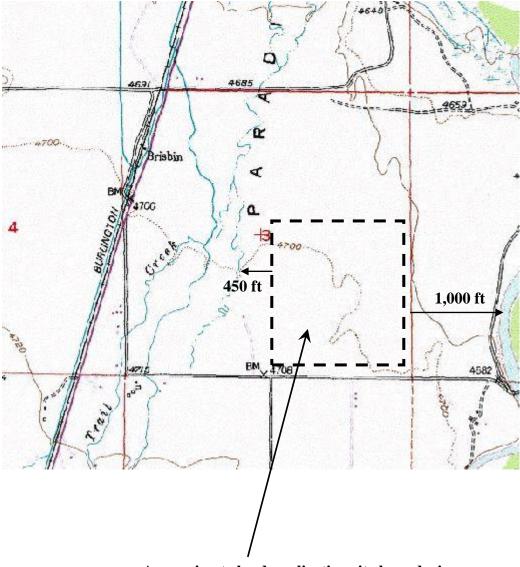
A currently licensed business who wants to add a new disposal site, or a new pumper business wanting to become licensed, must complete a "New Disposal Site Application Form" for all methods of disposal. The business must also complete a "Site Operation and Maintenance Plan Form", and provide the appropriate map and diagram of the proposed land application site. A cultural resource file search must be requested from the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) on the proposed land application site. A copy of the SHPO file search results must be provided with the application. A "Vehicle Inspection Form" is required for any business that land applies waste.

The pumper business must have the disposal site application form filled out to include: property owners contact information, site information, and the signature of the property owner or their designated representative. The pumper may need the health officer's or county sanitarian's assistance in obtaining the information on soil type, groundwater, slopes, distance to surface water, maps, and zoning issues. The following pages provide an example of a typical site topographic map and property map submitted with a completed application.

Section 3 LAND APPLICATION SITE INFORMAT	ION (Co	omplete A	LL of Se	ection 3 fo	r Land Ap	plication	ı sites)
Property Owner Full Legal Name: (ARM 17.50.803(5)a))			registe	Property Owner Business/Organization Name as filed or registered with the Montana Secretary of State office: (ARM 17.50.803(5)(a))			
Property Owner Phone Number:					FEDERAL rty owner is		
Property Owner Mailing Address:		City:			State	c	Zip:
Site Physical Address:		City:			State	c	Zip:
Directions to Site:					·		
Legal Description of Site: (to nearest ¹ / ₄ section) /4	Section:	То	wnship:	Rang	e:	County	•
Number of acres available for land application:	Type of	Crod:		,			ated Depth to nd Water:
		trogen Re <i>lbs N</i> /		t: (pounds	per acre		e of Ground Water nation:
Soil Type:	Present	use of adj	acent land	ds:	Approxin	nate Slop	e:
Distance to nearest building: Distance to ch	osest sur	face wate	(If				ng Officer signature

The pumper business must set up an appointment with the local health officer or the local county sanitarian to review the application and conduct an inspection of the land application site. Once the site has been approved and certified by the local health officer or county sanitarian, the completed application package and license fee is sent to:

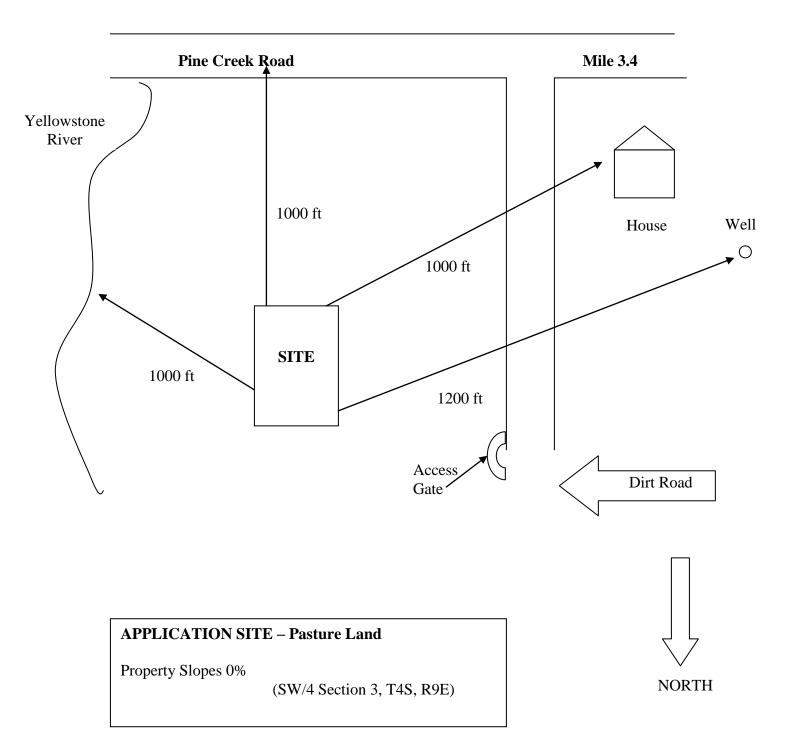
Montana Department of Environmental Quality Financial Services Division PO Box 200901 Helena MT 59620-0901



Land Application Site Topographic Map

Approximate land application site boundaries





1. <u>RESPONSIBILITY OF THE COUNTY SANITARIAN</u>

The health officer or county sanitarian must review the "New Disposal Site Application Form", "Site Operation and Maintenance Plan Form", appropriate map(s) and diagram of the proposed land application site, and if required a "Vehicle Inspection Form", to ensure that the information provided identifies the:

- Method of disposal.
- Types of waste to be land applied and estimated volumes of each waste.
- Property owner information.
- Proposed land application information.
- Signature of property owner or their designated representative. *Note:* If land is leased from a tribe or governmental agency, permission of the tribe or agency must be obtained before pumpings may be applied to the land.
- How will the site be maintained and operated (Operation and Maintenance Plan):
 - Site access controls;
 - Types and sources of wastes;
 - Vector attraction, pathogen reduction measures;
 - Applicable animal grazing and crop harvesting restrictions; and
- Proposed application area with maps and diagram to include:
 - Property lines and boundary lines of the acreage available for land application, and the acreage proposed for use during the license year; **and**
 - All roads, homes, buildings, water wells, surface waters, canyons, ravines, and floodplains within 500 feet of the property boundary.

The health officer or county sanitarian must inspect the site to ensure requirements of the SDL are being met (ARM 17.50.809, ARM 17.50.810, and ARM 17.50.811):

- Will the pumpings be tilled, injected, or limed and applied to the surface of the land?
- Will the horizontal distance from the applied pumpings equal or exceed the following isolation distances:
 - 500 feet of any occupied or inhabitable building. *Note: Stakes, flags, cones etc., may be required to identify setback.*
 - **150 feet** of any state surface water, including ephemeral or intermittent drainages and wetlands. *Note:* (1) *Greater distances may be required where slopes or other factors may increase the likelihood of runoff from the land application area. If an increase is needed, identify this as a license condition.* (2) *Stakes, flags, cones etc., may be required to identify setback.*
 - **100 feet** of any state, federal, county or city maintained highway or road. *Note:* (1) *The 100 feet setback is measured from the edge of any right-of-way.* (2) *Stakes, flags, cones etc., may be required to identify setback.*
 - **100 feet** of a drinking water supply source. *Note:* (1) *Greater distances may be required where site conditions might increase the likelihood of contamination of a*

drinking water source. If an increase is needed identify this as a license condition. (2) Stakes, flags, cones etc., may be required to identify setback.

- **six feet** separate the land surface from seasonally high ground water. *Note: Greater distances may be required where site conditions might increase the likelihood of contamination of ground water.*
- Pumpings will not be applied where ponding or runoff of septage is likely to occur. *Note: Remember to take into account topographical slopes on fields when selecting land application areas.* Slope restrictions will not exceed:
 - 6% if pumpings are applied to the surface of land.
 - 12% if pumpings are injected into land.
 - 3% if pumpings are applied to frozen ground.
- Pumpings will not:
 - be applied to flooded, frozen, or snow covered ground if the pumpings may enter state waters. *Note:* A berm can be constructed by the pumper business if warranted. Requiring berming should be identified as a license condition.
 - be applied as bulk septage or other pumpings to agricultural land, forest land, pastureland, or rangeland at a rate greater than the agronomic rate of the site for nitrogen on an annual basis. *Note: Is there enough acreage to support the estimated volume and rotate the field annually?*
 - be applied directly or indirectly in a lake, pond, stream, river, or other body of water.
 - adversely affect threatened or endangered species or it's designated critical Habitat.
 - be applied to public contact sites or home lawns or gardens.

Inspect the site to ensure that local ordinances and laws are being met:

- Will the site meet local ordinances and laws?
- Do additional license conditions need to be added? If so, spell out such conditions in Section 3 of the application form or on additional paper and attach to the application. This can include but is not limited to:
 - Screening loads If you determine litter control might be an issue for the proposed application area, screening the loads can be required. *Note: The screen must have a maximum opening width of three-quarters of an inch to remove the litter. All litter removed must be placed in a licensed Class II landfill for disposal.*
 - Fencing If it is determined access restrictions cannot be met, fencing may be required. This is determined by the location of the site, the remoteness of the site, and land use.

• Posting signs – If fencing is not feasible, then posting signs identifying the hazards can be required. Not all sites will require this.



- Posting stakes, flags, cones If problems are likely, the land application boundaries may be marked with setback stakes, flagging, or other markers Most sites will not need this. Only where roads, state waters etc., might be overlooked due to vegetation etc., or if the pumper is unsure where the setback should be, or if the pumper has employees who will be land applying.
- Tilling Equipment will the equipment adequately incorporate the pumpings into the soil? *Note: Depending on the site, a harrow may be used.*
- Injection Equipment will the equipment inject the pumpings below the surface of the soil with no significant amount remaining on the land surface within one hour of injection?
- Liming Equipment is the method chosen to add lime to the load feasible?
- pH testing Equipment Is a monitor or litmus paper being used to test and ensure the level reaches and maintains a pH of 12 or higher for 30 minutes?
 - -Does litmus paper have a pH range between 10 and 14 and have a sensitivity that can measure changes in pH at 0.1 increments.
 - -Can the pumper show how the pH monitor is calibrated? *Note: This can be done by following the manufacturer's directions for calibration and use.*

Reject Proposed Land Application Site

The health officer or county sanitarian may reject sites for public health or public nuisance problems or for failure to meet the SDL laws and rules.

If you reject the proposed site, $\underline{do not}$ sign the application. Attach an explanation to the original application as to why the site does not meet the requirements, and return it to the pumper. Mail a copy of the application and the attached explanation to:

MT DEQ/WUTMB Solid Waste Section Septic Tank Pumper Program PO Box 200901 Helena, MT 59620-0901

VEHICLE INSPECTIONS:

The "Vehicle Inspection Form" will be completed by the health officer or county sanitarian for all pumpers land applying septage. A form will be completed for each vehicle the pumper business uses to land apply pumpings.

At this time vehicle inspections are only required once during the service life of the vehicle. However, additional inspections are required when:

- Modifications have been made to the truck.
- A dispersive mechanism has been added.
- A screening device has been added.
- Site violations require an inspection.
- Fire Season If applying for a contract with the U.S. Forest Service, BLM, etc., for fire season, an annual inspection is required for contracting purposes. A current vehicle inspection form must accompany the contract being submitted every year.

The pumper business will complete the business information and vehicle information for each vehicle being used for land application.

SEPTIC TANK PUMPER VEHICLE INSPECTION						
Full Legal Name of Applicant:	Name o	of Business:		DEQ License or New Appli		
Business Address:		City:		State:	Zip:	
Mailing Address:		City:		State:	Zip:	
County:	Phone	Number:		Fax Number		

Make/Model of Vehicle:			
Tank Size:			

The health officer or county sanitarian will complete the following:

YES	NO (answer Yes or No to the following questions)
	Is the vehicle equipped with the spreading equipment required by ARM 17.50.811(10)? Specify:
	Is the spreading equipment mounted on the vehicle? Specify:
	If the applicant is required to screen septage before land applying, is the vehicle, or site, equipped with the proper screening equipment (ARM 17.50.811(9))? Specify:
Spreadi	ing equipment approved? YES NO Screening equipment approved? YES NO N/A

I, Representative of the County. I certify that, based on the abov with the proper spreading and screening equipment.	am the Health Officer or Designated e inspection, the vehicle listed above is equipped
SIGNATURE:	DATE:
TITLE:	

CONDUCTING A VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT INSPECTION

- 1. All vehicles used in the pumping, transportation, and land application of waste will require an inspection. Inspect for the following:
 - Are all tanks and hoses being maintained so as not to create unreasonable odors or a public health hazard?
 - Is each tank watertight and show no signs of leaking?
 - Are all piping, valves, and connections accessible and capable of being cleaned?
 - Are all inlet and outlet connections and hose supports constructed and maintained so that no material will leak, spill, or drain from the tank or hoses during transfer or transportation?
 - Are the discharge outlets designed to control the flow of discharge without spraying or flooding the receiving area?
 - Is the vehicle equipped with a spreader bar, splash plate, or other dispersive mechanism that is either permanently affixed or detachable? Note: *This equipment is mandatory for all vehicles land applying*.
 - Is the dispersive device available for inspection and demonstration?



Examples of Dispersive Devices

- Is screening equipment available for inspection and demonstration? Note: *Pumpers may* opt to have this equipment for litter control, or it may be required by site location, or due to site violations by MT DEQ or County.
 - Does the screening device have a maximum opening width of three-quarters inch?
 - Is the device capable of removing foreign or non-organic objects such as trash or other non-biodegradable objects?
 - Is the solid waste removed from the device to be handled in accordance with the SDL laws and rules?





Examples of Screening Devices

ANNUAL APPLICATION RATE OR AGRONOMIC APPLICATION RATE (AAR)

To determine if the site will support the quantity of waste being applied, the AAR must be determined. The AAR is the septage application rate that provides the amount of nitrogen needed by the food crop, feed crop, cover crop, or vegetation grown on the land <u>and</u> minimizes the amount of nitrogen in the septage that passes below the root zone of the crop or vegetation grown on the land and into the groundwater.

There are a few basic things you need to know before you determine the nitrogen requirement:

- Identify the Type of waste
- Identify Crop Type
- Determine Crop Yield
- Determine Nitrogen Requirement

Identify Type of waste

- Septage has an AAR.
- Privy waste, pit toilet waste, portable toilet waste, vessel pumpout facility waste or recreational vehicle waste has an AAR.
- Grease Trap Waste does not have an AAR.
- Sump Waste does not have an AAR.

Identify Crop Type

• This information can be obtained from the Farmer, Rancher, leasee, or the property owner.

Determine Crop Yield

- This information can be obtained from the Farmer, Rancher, leasee, or the property owner.
- Seed Supplier
- "Fertilizer Guidelines for Montana Crops" *MSU Extension Service Publication* #*EB161*

Determine Nitrogen Requirement

- Sources of information on crop nitrogen requirements:
- Farmer
- Seed Supplier
- Soil Sample
- "Fertilizer Guidelines for Montana Crops" *MSU Extension Service Publication* #*EB161*

CALCULATING THE AAR

Septage:

To calculate the AAR for septage, in **gallons/acre/year** use the formula AAR=N/0.0026, where N equals the amount of nitrogen, in pounds per acre per *365-day* period, needed by the crop or vegetation grown on the land.

AAR (gallons/acre/year) = <u>Pounds Nitrogen Required for Crop Yield</u> 0.0026

As an example, if 100 pounds of nitrogen per acre is required to grow a 40 bushel per acre crop of wheat, then the annual application rate of domestic septage is *38,500* gallons per acre.

 $AAR = \frac{100}{0.0026} = 38,500 \text{ gallons/acre/year}$

The primary reason for this annual rate calculation is to prevent the over application of nitrogen in excess of crop needs and its potential movement through soil to groundwater.

Privy waste, pit toilet waste, portable toilet waste, vessel pumpout facility waste or recreational vehicle waste:

Use the maximum AAR for privy waste, pit toilet waste, portable toilet waste, vessel pumpout facility waste or recreational vehicle waste, in **gallons/acre/year**, as determined by the formula AAR=N/0.0052, where N equals the amount of nitrogen in pounds per acre per *365-day* period needed by the crop or other vegetation grown on the land.

AAR (gallons/acre/year) = <u>Pounds Nitrogen Required for Crop Yield</u> 0.0052

As an example, if 100 pounds of nitrogen per acre is required to grow a 40 bushel per acre crop of wheat, then the annual application rate of domestic septage is 19,230 gallons per acre.

 $AAR = \frac{100}{0.0052} = 19,230 \text{ gallons/acre/year}$

The primary reason for this annual rate calculation is to prevent the over application of nitrogen in excess of crop needs and its potential movement through soil to groundwater.

ROUTINE SITE INSPECTIONS

The SDL is found in Title 75, Chapter 10, Part 12 of Montana Code Annotated (MCA). The SDL authorizes the MT DEQ and local health officer or the local health officer's designated representative (county sanitarian) to conduct inspections of:

- Proposed disposal facilities.
- Active disposal sites and appropriate records to determine if a violation of the SDL or ARM is occurring or has occurred.

When inspecting an active site determine:

- Type of disposal site:
 - Land Application Site
 - Septage Processor or Composter
 - Licensed Class II Landfill
 - Wastewater Treatment Plant
- Type of waste is being disposed at the site.
 - Land Application Of Septage/Portable Toilet/Vault Toilet Waste
 - Sump Waste Disposal
 - Grease Trap Waste Disposal
 - Graywater Disposal
- Application method being used at the site.
 - Surface Application
 - ∘Tilling
 - Liming
 - Injection

An inspection checklist is provided on the next page for each type of waste and disposal records.

SEPTIC PUMPERS LAND APPLICATION OF SEPTAGE/PORTABLE TOILET/VAULT TOILET WASTE INSPECTION FORM				
Disposal Site Name and Location:				
Pumper Business Name:				
Inspector(s): Inspection Date	.e:			
YES NO N/A Sothooka Land Application				
Setbacks - Land Application 500 feet distance being maintained from any occupied or inlined	habitabla building and			
application site?	habitable building and			
Is application occurring outside of any critical habitat or where threa	tened or endangered			
species may be impacted?	tened of endungered			
150 feet distance being maintained from any state waters?				
100 feet distance being maintained from any state, federal, cou	inty or city maintained			
road?				
100 feet distance being maintained from any drinking water supply s	source?			
Application to land with slopes less than 6% ?				
Subsurface injection to land with slopes less than 12%?				
Application to land with seasonally high groundwater less than 6	-ft below land surface?			
Applying Pumpings To Frozen or Snow Covered Group	nd			
Slopes at the active disposal site less than or equal to 3%?				
Is the active disposal site outside the 100 year floodplain?				
Is the waste being incorporated into the soil as soon as the weath	er permits?			
Is run-off occurring at the site?				
Is the site bermed?				
Is the site creating a nuisance or causing a public health hazard ?	9			
Surface Application				
Incorporated into the soil within 6 hours?				
Litter being picked up within 6 hours?				
Correct pH level being maintained and monitored for alkaline materia	ial used for stabilization?			
Approved spreader bar, splash plate or other dispersive mechanism b applying septage?	being used when land			
Screening device in use has a maximum opening width of three-quar	rters of an inch?			
If alkaline stabilization is not used is the 30 day wait time for animal after application being adhered to?				

	If alkaline stabilization is not used, is the 1 year restriction of access to land with a high
	potential for public exposure after application being adhered to?
	If alkaline stabilization is not used, is the 30 day restriction of access to land with a low
	potential for public exposure after application being adhered to?
	If alkaline stabilization is not used, is the 1 year wait time after application being adhered to
	prior to harvesting grown turf that will be placed on land/lawn with a high potential for
	public exposure?
	Subsurface Injection
	Septage not being observed on the surface of the soil 1hr after injection?
	Litter being picked up within 6 hours?
	If alkaline stabilization is not used, is the 30 day wait time for animals grazing on the
	land after application being adhered to?
	If alkaline stabilization is not used, is the 1 year restriction of access to land with a high
	potential for public exposure after application being adhered to?
	If alkaline stabilization is not used, is the 30 day restriction of access to land with a low
	potential for public exposure after application being adhered to?
	If alkaline stabilization is not used, is the 1 year wait time after application being adhered to
	prior to harvesting grown turf that will be placed on land/lawn with a high potential for
	public exposure?
	Crops
	30 days wait time for harvesting of food, feed, and fiber crops after application of septage?
	14 month wait time for harvesting of food crops with harvested parts touching septage?
	20 month wait time for harvesting below ground food crops if septage was incorporated 4
	months after application?
	38 month wait time for below ground food crops if septage was incorporated <4 months
	after application?
	Recordkeeping
	Are disposal records being maintained for 5 years?
	Do the records contain the following:
	Types of material disposed of in each disposal site?
	Name of disposal site or other description?
	Volumes of each waste type?
	Date and time of each disposal?
	Land application site -number of acres?
	Land application site - vector attraction and pathogen reduction method identified?
	Have disposal records been submitted to the Department for the required reporting
	period?
<u>Comments:</u>	

		SEPTIC PUMPERS SUMP WASTE DISPOSAL - INSPECTION FORM
Disposal	Site N	Name and Location:
Pumper B	usine	ess Name:
Increator		Inspection Data
-		Inspection Date:
YES NO	N/A	Land Application
		What type of sump waste is being disposed at this site?
		Automatic car wash sump waste?
		Attended a car wash sump waste?
		Unattended carwash sump waste?
		Other sump waste?
		Litter being picked up within 6 hours?
	\exists	Is a spreader bar, splash plate or other dispersive mechanism being used for land application?
	\exists	Are the pumping free of chlorinated solvents?
	H	Is a solvent-free written statement available from the owner of the waste?
	H	Are analytical reports available for the waste?
	H	Did the testing include volatile organic compounds, petroleum hydrocarbon, and total metals
		for chromium, lead, zinc, and cadmium?
		Was another type of test conducted due to source? If yes, what:
		Is there visible oil and grease present in the waste?
		Dewatering Pit
		Is the pit lined?
	H	Is litter being removed and properly disposed of?
	H	Are the de-watered solids being removed and land applied? If yes, where:
	H	Is the de- watering pit being maintained in accordance with the Operation and Maintenance
		Plan?
		Licensed Class II Landfill
		Is the facility open 24 hours for disposal? If no, what are the hours for disposal:
		Is access restricted? If yes, how:
		Are loads tracked at the facility? If yes, how:
		Are loads restricted by waste type? Which type is allowed:
		Does the facility require written documentation of the non-hazardous status of the
	<u> </u>	sump waste?
		Is this type of operation identified in the facility's Operation and Maintenance Plan?

	Is the material being used as clean fill, as daily cover, or intermediate landfill cover? If yes, which:
	Wastewater Treatment Disposal
	Is the facility open 24 hours for disposal? If no, what are the hours for disposal:
	is the facility open 24 nours for disposal. If no, what are the nours for disposal.
	Is access restricted? If yes, how:
	Are loads tracked at the facility? If yes, how:
	Are loads restricted by volume?
	Are loads restricted by waste type? What types are allowed:
	Does the facility require written documentation of the non-hazardous status of the sump
	waste?
	Does the facility require testing prior to acceptance of sump waste?
	Are loads required to be screened by the facility prior to disposal?
	Is the facility a lagoon only?
Comments:	
	Recordkeeping
	Are disposal records being maintained for 5 years?
	Do the records contain the following:
	Types of material disposed of in each disposal site?
	Name of disposal site or other description?
	Volumes of each waste type?
	Date and time of each disposal?
	Land application site -number of acres?
	Land application site - vector attraction and pathogen reduction method identified?
	Have disposal records been submitted to the Department for the required reporting
G	period?
Commenter	

Comments:

SEPTIC PUMPERS GREASE TRAP WASTE DISPOSAL INSPECTION FORM			
Disposal Site N	ame and Location:		
Pumper Busines	ss Name:		
Inspector(s):	Inspection Date:		
YES NO N/A			
	Land Application		
	Litter being picked up within 6 hours?		
	Incorporated into the soil within 6 hours?		
	Is a spreader bar, splash plate or other dispersive mechanism being used for land application?		
	Is subsurface injection being used?		
	Is liquid being observed on the surface of the soil 1hr after injection?		
	If in use, does the screening device have a maximum opening width of three-quarters of an inch?		
	Applying Pumpings To Frozen or Snow Covered Ground		
	Slopes at the active disposal site less than or equal to 3%?		
	Is the active disposal site outside the 100 year floodplain?		
	Is the waste being incorporated into the soil as soon as the weather permits?		
	Is run-off occurring at the site?		
	Is the site bermed?		
	Is the site creating a nuisance or causing a public health hazard?		
	Dewatering Pit		
	Is the pit lined?		
	Is litter being removed and properly disposed of?		
	Are the de-watered solids being removed and land applied? If yes, where:		
	Is the site creating a nuisance or causing a public health hazard?		
	Licensed Class II Landfill		
	Is the facility open 24 hours for disposal? If no, what are the hours for disposal:		
	Is access restricted? If yes, how:		
	Are loads tracked at the facility? If yes, how:		
	Is this type of operation identified in the facility's Operation and Maintenance Plan??		
	Is the de- watering pit(s) being maintained in accordance with the Operation and Maintenance Plan?		
	Composting		

	Is the facility licensed?
	Is this type of operation identified in the facility's Operation and Maintenance Plan?
	Is composting being done in accordance with the Operation and Maintenance Plan?
	Is the waste being dewatered prior to being added to the compost? If yes, where:
	Is the use of this type of waste attracting wildlife?
	Wastewater Treatment Disposal
	Is the facility open 24 hours for disposal? If no, what are the hours for disposal:
	Is access restricted? If yes, how:
	Are loads tracked at the facility? If yes, how:
	Are loads restricted by volume?
	Are loads required to be screened by the facility prior to disposal?
	Is the facility a lagoon only?

Comments:

SEPTIC PUMPERS GRAYWATER DISPOSAL INSPECTION FORM							
Disposal Site Name and Location:							
Pumper Busine	ess Name:						
Inspector(s): Inspection Date:							
YES NO N/A							
	Setbacks - Land Application						
	150 feet distance being maintained from any state waters?						
	Application to land with seasonally high groundwater less than 6-ft below land surface? Approved spreader bar, splash plate or other dispersive mechanism being used when land						
	applying septage?						
	Wastewater Treatment Disposal						
	Is the facility open 24 hours for disposal? If no, what are the hours for disposal:						
	Is access restricted? If yes, how:						
	Are loads tracked at the facility? If yes, how:						
	Are loads restricted by volume?						
	Are loads restricted by waste type? What types are allowed:						
	Are loads required to be screened by the facility?						
	Is the facility a lagoon only?						
Comments:							

SEPTIC PUMPERS								
DISPOSAL RECORDS - INSPECTION FORM								
Disposal Site Name and Location:								
Pumper Business Name:								
1								
Inspector(s):	Inspection Date:							
YES NO N/A								
	Recordkeeping							
	Are disposal records being maintained for 5 years?							
	Do the records contain the following:							
	Types of material disposed of in each disposal site?							
	Name of disposal site or other description?							
	Volumes of each waste type?							
	Date and time of each disposal?							
	Land application site -number of acres?							
	Land application site - nitrogen requirements identified for crop or vegetation?							
	Land application site - vector attraction and pathogen reduction method identified?							
	Land application site - pH of material 30 minutes after alkali stabilization?							
	Source of septage and name of hauler?							
	Record of landowners objections to alkali stabilized septage?							
	Have disposal records been submitted to the Department for the required reporting							
	period?							
	Permission slip for tank owner disposal?							
	Permission slip for fire camp disposal?							
Comments:								

Septic Tank Pumper Web Page

The Montana DEQ - Septic Tank Pumper web page can provide additional information for your agency and the pumper businesses in your county. The following is the web link:

http://deq.mt.gov/SolidWaste/pumpers.mcpx

On the main page, there are links to the following forms, guides, and power point training slides, which are available for you to download:

<u>Forms</u>

- License Application Form
- Renewal Application Form
- New Disposal Site Application Form
- Operation and Maintenance Outline Form
- Vehicle Inspection Form
- Disposal Site Permission Slip Form
- Disposal Record Forms

Guides

- Septic Pumper Guide
- Montana Homeowner's Guide to Septic Systems
- The County Sanitarians Guide for Approving Land Application Sites
- "Fertilizer Guidelines for Montana Crops" MSU Extension Service Publication #EB161

Training Slides (Additional slides will be added periodically)

- How to select a land application site
- Land application site operation and maintenance
- Guidelines for disposal of sump and grease trap waste
- Septic System Service Providers
- Annual Application Rates

Under the Septic Tank Pumper Program on the left-hand side of the page, there are additional links to:

Environmental Assessment Currently Licensed Septic Pumpers Advisory Committee Meeting Minutes Annual STP Training Conference & Tradeshow

<u>Solid Waste</u> <u>Management</u>

Solid Waste Program Contacts DEQ Staff Directory DEQ Business Processes Laws and Rules Email Us

Septic Tank Pumper Program

Environmental Assessments Currently Licensed Septic Pumpers Advisory Committee Meeting Minutes 2011 Annual STP Training Conference & Tradeshow

Solid Waste Program

Environmental Assessments Anthrax Disposal Concerns Fees, Forms & Requirements Newsletters and Notices Training Advisory Committee Solid Waste Legal/Public Notices

Junk Vehicle Program Waste & Underground Storage Tank Management Bureau Permitting & Compliance Division

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Septic Tank Pumper Program

The Septic Tank Pumper program reviews and licenses Cesspool, Septic Tank and Privy Cleaners. We also inspect disposal sites for septic tank, grease trap and sump wastes.

Use the links to the forms below to apply for a new Septic Tank Pumper License or to renew a current Septic Tank Pumper License. These documents are in Adobe Acrobat pdf format. If you don't have the free Acrobat reader software installed you can find it by clicking on the Acrobat icon on the left navigation bar.

Forms - PDF Format	Forms - Microsoft Word Format			
Application	No Word Format Available			
New Disposal Site Application	No Word Format Available No Word Format Available			
Renewal Application				
Operation and Maintenance Outline	No Word Format Available			
Vehicle Inspection Form	No Word Format Available			
Disposal Site Permission Slip	No Word Format Available			
Holding Tank Summary Log Form	Holding Tank Summary Log Form			
Land Application Summary Log Form	Land Application Summary Log Form			
Waste Water Treatment Summary Log Form	Waste Water Treatment Summary Loc Form			
Guide - PDF Format	Guide - Microsoft Word Format			
Septic Pumper Guide	not available			
<u>Montana Homeowner's Guide to Septic</u> <u>Systems</u>	not available			

NEW Training for Septic Pumpers

These presentations have been used by the state to train septic pumpers. They have been published on the website to provide reference material for the regulated community. Click on the links below to view each presentation:

How to select a land ap	oplication site
Land application site o	peration and maintenance
Guidelines for disposal	of sumps and grease
Septic System Service	Providers
Annual Application Rat	es

Important Dates to Remember

Licenses expire **December 31**.Septic Tank Pumper renewal applications must be received by the Department of Environmental Quality no later **than January 31**.

Licensees have until **April 1**, to renew their licenses without a late fee. After April 1 the late fee is an additional \$125.00. **After April 1** the Department may assess additional penalties for operators who are pumping without their licenses.

Mail the signed forms with the required fee of \$300.00 to:

Montana Department of Environmental Quality Financial Services PO Box 200901 Helena MT 59620-0901

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