

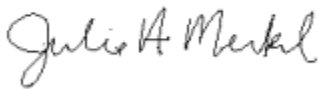
September 9, 2021

Bonnie Epp
Scout Energy Management, LLC.
13800 Montford Dr. Suite 100
Dallas, TX 75244

Dear Ms. Epp:

Montana Air Quality Permit #5247-02 is deemed final as of September 2, 2021, by the Department of Environmental Quality (Department). This permit is for a Natural Gas Compressor Station. All conditions of the Department's Decision remain the same. Enclosed is a copy of your permit with the final date indicated.

For the Department,



Julie A. Merkel
Permitting Services Section Supervisor
Air Quality Bureau
(406) 444-3626



John P. Proulx
Air Quality Specialist
Air Quality Bureau
(406) 444-5391

JM:JPP
Enclosure

Montana Department of Environmental Quality
Air, Energy & Mining Division

Montana Air Quality Permit #5247-02

Scout Energy Management, LLC.
13800 Montford Dr, Suite 100
Dallas, TX 75244

September 2, 2021



MONTANA AIR QUALITY PERMIT

Issued To: Scout Energy Management, LLC
13800 Montford Dr, Suite 100
Dallas, TX 75244

MAQP: #5247-02
Administrative Amendment (AA)
Received: 7/22/2021
Department's Decision on AA:
8/17/2021
Permit Final: 9/2/2021

A Montana Air Quality Permit (MAQP), with conditions, is hereby granted to Scout Energy Management, LLC (Scout), pursuant to Sections 75-2-204 and 211 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA), as amended, and Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM) 17.8.740, *et seq.*, as amended, for the following:

Section I: Permitted Facilities

A. Plant Location

The Baker Station is located in the northeast ¼ of Section 2, Township 7 North, Range 59 East in Fallon County.

B. Current Permit Action

On July 22, 2021, the Department received a request from Scout for an Administrative Amendment (AA) to MAQP 5247-01 to correct the emissions inventory located in Section IV of the MAQP Analysis.

Section II: Conditions and Limitations

A. Emission Limitations

1. Emissions from each of the five (5) 1,680 brake horsepower (bhp) Waukesha compressor engines (rich burn) at the Baker Station shall be controlled by a non-selective catalytic reduction (NSCR) unit and an air to fuel ratio (AFR) controller. Emissions from each of the engines shall not exceed the following limits:

Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _x)	3.70 lb/hr (ARM 17.8.752)
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	4.44 lb/hr (ARM 17.8.752)
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	1.85 lb/hr (ARM 17.8.752)

2. Scout shall not cause or authorize emissions to be discharged into the outdoor atmosphere from any sources installed after November 23, 1968, the exhibit an opacity of 20% or greater averaged over 6 consecutive minutes (ARM 17.8.304).
3. Scout shall not cause or authorize the use of any street, road, or parking lot without taking reasonable precautions to control emissions of airborne particulate matter (ARM 17.8.308).

4. Scout shall treat all unpaved portions of the haul roads, access roads, parking lots, or general plant area with water and/or chemical dust suppressant as necessary to maintain compliance with the reasonable precaution limitation in Section II.A.3 (ARM 17.8.749).
5. Scout shall comply with all applicable requirement of 40 CFR 63 Subpart HH – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants from Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities. The triethylene glycol dehydration unit is an affected source under these rules. (ARM 17.8.342, ARM 17.8.302, and 40 CFR 63 Subpart HH).
6. Scout shall comply with all applicable requirements of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 63, Subpart ZZZZ – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (ARM 17.8.342, ARM 17.8.302, 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ).
7. Scout shall comply with any applicable requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOO – Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmission and Distribution for any affected facilities which are constructed, modified, or reconstructed after August 23, 2011 and on or before September 18, 2015. (ARM 17.8.340, ARM 17.8.302, and 40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOO).

B. Testing Requirements

1. Each of the 1,680 bhp Waukesha compressor engines shall be tested for NO_x and CO, concurrently, to demonstrate compliance with the emissions limits in Section II.A.1. Testing shall occur on an every-4-year basis, or according to another testing/monitoring schedule as may be approved by the Department (ARM 17.8.105 and ARM 17.8.749).
2. All compliance source tests shall conform to the requirements of the Montana Source Test Protocol and Procedures Manual (ARM 17.8.106).
3. The Department of Environmental Quality (Department) may require further testing (ARM 17.8.105).

C. Operational Reporting Requirements

1. Scout shall supply the Department with annual production information for all emission points, as required by the Department in the annual emission inventory request. The request will include, but is not limited to, all sources of emissions identified in the emission inventory contained in the permit analysis.

Production information shall be gathered on a calendar-year basis and submitted to the Department by the date required in the emission inventory request. Information shall be in the units required by the Department. This information may be used to calculate operating fees, based on actual emissions from the facility, and/or to verify compliance with permit limitations (ARM 17.8.505).

2. Scout shall notify the Department of any construction or improvement project conducted, pursuant to ARM 17.8.745, that would include *the addition of a new emissions unit*, change in control equipment, stack height, stack diameter, stack flow, stack gas temperature, source location, or fuel specifications, or would result in an increase in source capacity above its permitted operation. The notice must be submitted to the Department, in writing, 10 days prior to startup or use of the proposed de minimis change, or as soon as reasonably practicable in the event of an unanticipated circumstance causing the de minimis change and must include the information requested in ARM 17.8.745(l)(d) (ARM 17.8.745).
3. All records compiled in accordance with this permit must be maintained by Scout as a permanent business record for at least 5 years following the date of the measurement, must be available at the plant site for inspection by the Department, and must be submitted to the Department upon request. These records may be stored at a location other than the plant site upon approval by the Department (ARM 17.8.749).

SECTION III: General Conditions

- A. Inspection – Scout shall allow the Department’s representatives access to the source at all reasonable times for the purpose of making inspections or surveys, collecting samples, obtaining data, auditing any monitoring equipment such as Continuous Emission Monitoring Systems (CEMS) or Continuous Emission Rate Monitoring Systems (CERMS), or observing any monitoring or testing, and otherwise conducting all necessary functions related to this permit.
- B. Waiver – The permit and the terms, conditions, and matters stated herein shall be deemed accepted if Scout fails to appeal as indicated below.
- C. Compliance with Statutes and Regulations – Nothing in this permit shall be construed as relieving Scout of the responsibility for complying with any applicable federal or Montana statute, rule, or standard, except as specifically provided in ARM 17.8.740, *et seq.* (ARM 17.8.756).
- D. Enforcement – Violations of limitations, conditions and requirements contained herein may constitute grounds for permit revocation, penalties, or other enforcement action as specified in Section 75-2-401, *et seq.*, MCA.
- E. Appeals – Any person or persons jointly or severally adversely affected by the Department’s decision may request, within 15 days after the Department renders its decision, upon affidavit setting forth the grounds therefor, a hearing before the Board of Environmental Review (Board). A hearing shall be held under the provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedures Act. The filing of a request for a hearing does not stay the Department’s decision, unless the Board issues a stay upon receipt of a petition and a finding that a stay is appropriate under Section 75-2-211(11)(b), MCA. The issuance of a stay on a permit by the Board postpones the effective date of the Department’s decision until conclusion of the hearing and issuance of a final decision by the Board. If a stay is not issued by the Board, the Department’s decision on the application is final 16 days after the Department’s decision is made.

- F. Permit Inspection – As required by ARM 17.8.755, Inspection of Permit, a copy of the air quality permit shall be made available for inspection by the Department at the location of the source.
- G. Permit Fee – Pursuant to Section 75-2-220, MCA, failure to pay the annual operation fee by Scout may be grounds for revocation of this permit, as required by that section and rules adopted thereunder by the Board.
- H. Duration of Permit – Construction or installation must begin, or contractual obligations entered into that would constitute substantial loss within 3 years of permit issuance and proceed with due diligence until the project is complete or the permit shall expire (ARM 17.8.762).

Montana Air Quality Permit Analysis
Scout Energy Management, LLC
Baker Station
MAQP #5247-02

I. Introduction/Process Description

A. Permitted Equipment

Scout Energy Management, LLC (Scout) – Baker Compressor Station natural gas compressor station consisting of the following equipment:

- a. Five (5) 1,680 brake horsepower (bhp) Waukesha 7044 GSI compressor engines for the purpose of natural gas gathering.
- b. Triethylene glycol (TEG) Reboiler and TEG dehydration process vent with a heat input capacity of 0.75 million British thermal units per hour (MMBtu/hr).
- c. Miscellaneous support equipment and materials equipment.

B. Source Description

Scout owns and operates a natural gas compressor station located in the northeast ¼ of Section 2, Township 7 North, Range 59 East, Fallon County, Montana. The facility is near Baker, Montana and is known as the Baker Station.

C. Permit History

On June 2, 2020, Scout was issued **MAQP #5247-00** for the operation of the Baker Compressor Station and associated equipment.

On May 10, 2021, the Department received an application from Scout for the addition of one (1) Waukesha 7044GSI 1,680 brake horsepower (bhp) compressor engine. **MAQP #5247-01** replaced MAQP #5247-00.

D. Current Permit Action

On July 22, 2021, the Department received a request from Scout for an Administrative Amendment to MAQP #5247-01 to correct the emissions inventory located in Section IV of the MAQP Analysis. **MAQP #5247-02** replaces MAQP #5247-01.

E. Additional Information

Additional information, such as applicable rules and regulations, Best Available Control Technology (BACT)/Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT) determinations, air quality impacts, and environmental assessments, is included in the analysis associated with each change to the permit.

II. Applicable Rules and Regulations

The following are partial explanations of some applicable rules and regulations that apply to the facility.

The complete rules are stated in the Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM) and are available, upon request, from the Department of Environmental Quality (Department). Upon request, the Department will provide references for location of complete copies of all applicable rules and regulations or copies where appropriate.

A. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 1 – General Provisions, including but not limited to:

1. ARM 17.8.101 Definitions. This rule includes a list of applicable definitions used in this chapter, unless indicated otherwise in a specific subchapter.
2. ARM 17.8.105 Testing Requirements. Any person or persons responsible for the emission of any air contaminant into the outdoor atmosphere shall, upon written request of the Department, provide the facilities and necessary equipment (including instruments and sensing devices) and shall conduct tests, emission or ambient, for such periods of time as may be necessary using methods approved by the Department.
3. ARM 17.8.106 Source Testing Protocol. The requirements of this rule apply to any emission source testing conducted by the Department, any source or other entity as required by any rule in this chapter, or any permit or order issued pursuant to this chapter, or the provisions of the Clean Air Act of Montana, 75-2-101, *et seq.*, Montana Code Annotated (MCA).

Scout shall comply with the requirements contained in the Montana Source Test Protocol and Procedures Manual, including, but not limited to, using the proper test methods and supplying the required reports. A copy of the Montana Source Test Protocol and Procedures Manual is available from the Department upon request.

4. ARM 17.8.110 Malfunctions. (2) The Department must be notified promptly by telephone whenever a malfunction occurs that can be expected to create emissions in excess of any applicable emission limitation or to continue for a period greater than 4 hours.
5. ARM 17.8.111 Circumvention. (1) No person shall cause or permit the installation or use of any device or any means that, without resulting in reduction of the total amount of air contaminant emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission of air contaminant that would otherwise violate an air pollution control regulation. (2) No equipment that may produce emissions shall be operated or maintained in such a manner as to create a public nuisance.

B. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 2 – Ambient Air Quality, including, but not limited to the following:

1. ARM 17.8.204 Ambient Air Monitoring
2. ARM 17.8.210 Ambient Air Quality Standards for Sulfur Dioxide
3. ARM 17.8.211 Ambient Air Quality Standards for Nitrogen Dioxide
4. ARM 17.8.212 Ambient Air Quality Standards for Carbon Monoxide
5. ARM 17.8.213 Ambient Air Quality Standard for Ozone
6. ARM 17.8.214 Ambient Air Quality Standard for Hydrogen Sulfide
7. ARM 17.8.220 Ambient Air Quality Standard for Settled Particulate Matter
8. ARM 17.8.221 Ambient Air Quality Standard for Visibility

9. ARM 17.8.222 Ambient Air Quality Standard for Lead
10. ARM 17.8.223 Ambient Air Quality Standard for PM₁₀

Scout must maintain compliance with the applicable ambient air quality standards.

C. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 3 – Emission Standards, including, but not limited to:

1. ARM 17.8.304 Visible Air Contaminants. This rule requires that no person may cause or authorize emissions to be discharged into the outdoor atmosphere from any source installed after November 23, 1968, that exhibit an opacity of 20% or greater averaged over 6 consecutive minutes.
2. ARM 17.8.308 Particulate Matter, Airborne. (1) This rule requires an opacity limitation of less than 20% for all fugitive emission sources and that reasonable precautions be taken to control emissions of airborne particulate matter. (2) Under this rule, Scout shall not cause or authorize the use of any street, road, or parking lot without taking reasonable precautions to control emissions of airborne particulate matter.
3. ARM 17.8.309 Particulate Matter, Fuel Burning Equipment. This rule requires that no person shall cause, allow, or permit to be discharged into the atmosphere particulate matter caused by the combustion of fuel in excess of the amount determined by this rule.
4. ARM 17.8.310 Particulate Matter, Industrial Process. This rule requires that no person shall cause, allow, or permit to be discharged into the atmosphere particulate matter in excess of the amount set forth in this rule.
5. ARM 17.8.322 Sulfur Oxide Emissions--Sulfur in Fuel. This rule requires that no person shall burn liquid, solid, or gaseous fuel in excess of the amount set forth in this rule.
7. ARM 17.8.324 Hydrocarbon Emissions--Petroleum Products. (3) No person shall load or permit the loading of gasoline into any stationary tank with a capacity of 250 gallons or more from any tank truck or trailer, except through a permanent submerged fill pipe, unless such tank is equipped with a vapor loss control device as described in (1) of this rule.
8. ARM 17.8.340 Standard of Performance for New Stationary Sources and Emission Guidelines for Existing Sources. This rule incorporates, by reference, 40 CFR Part 60, Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources (NSPS). Scout is considered an NSPS affected facility under 40 CFR Part 60 and is subject to the requirements of the following subparts.
 - a. 40 CFR 60, Subpart A – General Provisions apply to all equipment or facilities subject to an NSPS Subpart as listed below:

- b. 40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOO – Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmissions, and Distribution is applicable for affected units for which Construction, Modification, or Reconstruction Commenced after August 23, 2011, and on or before September 18, 2015.
- 9. ARM 17.8.342 Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories. The source, as defined and applied in 40 CFR Part 63, shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, as listed below:
 - a. 40 CFR 63, Subpart A – General Provisions apply to all equipment or facilities subject to NESHAP Subpart(s) as listed below:
 - b. 40 CFR 63 Subpart HH – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants from Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities. This rule is applicable to a facility that processes natural gas prior to the point at which natural gas enters the transmission and storage source category, with triethylene glycol dehydration units an affected facility for area sources.
 - c. 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ – National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (RICE). An owner or operator of a stationary RICE at a major or area source of HAP emissions is subject to this subpart, except if the stationary RICE is being tested at a stationary RICE test cell/stand. Therefore, Scout is subject to this subpart.
- D. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 5 – Air Quality Permit Application, Operation, and Open Burning Fees, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. ARM 17.8.504 Air Quality Permit Application Fees. This rule requires that an applicant submit an air quality permit application fee concurrent with the submittal of an air quality permit application. A permit application is incomplete until the proper application fee is paid to the Department. A permit application and fee were not required because the current permit action was considered administrative.
 - 2. ARM 17.8.505 Air Quality Operation Fees. An annual air quality operation fee must, as a condition of continued operation, be submitted to the Department by each source of air contaminants holding an air quality permit (excluding an open burning permit) issued by the Department. The air quality operation fee is based on the actual or estimated actual amount of air pollutants emitted during the previous calendar year.

An air quality operation fee is separate and distinct from an air quality permit application fee. The annual assessment and collection of the air quality operation fee, described above, shall take place on a calendar-year basis. The Department may insert into any final permit issued after the effective date of these rules, such conditions as may be necessary to require the payment of an air quality operation fee on a calendar-year basis, including provisions that prorate the required fee amount.
- E. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 7 – Permit, Construction, and Operation of Air Contaminant Sources, including, but not limited to:

1. ARM 17.8.740 Definitions. This rule is a list of applicable definitions used in this chapter, unless indicated otherwise in a specific subchapter.
2. ARM 17.8.743 Montana Air Quality Permits--When Required. This rule requires a person to obtain an air quality permit or permit modification to construct, modify, or use any air contaminant sources that have the potential to emit (PTE) greater than 25 tons per year of any pollutant. Scout has a PTE greater than 25 tons per year of NO_x, CO, and VOC; therefore, an air quality permit is required.
3. ARM 17.8.744 Montana Air Quality Permits--General Exclusions. This rule identifies the activities that are not subject to the Montana Air Quality Permit program.
4. ARM 17.8.745 Montana Air Quality Permits--Exclusion for De Minimis Changes. This rule identifies the de minimis changes at permitted facilities that do not require a permit under the Montana Air Quality Permit Program.
5. ARM 17.8.748 New or Modified Emitting Units--Permit Application Requirements.
(1) This rule requires that a permit application be submitted prior to installation, modification, or use of a source. A permit application was not required for the current permit action because the permit change is considered an administrative permit change. (7) This rule requires that the applicant notify the public by means of legal publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the area affected by the application for a permit. The current permitting action is an administrative permit action with no increase in emissions; therefore, no public notice was required.
6. ARM 17.8.749 Conditions for Issuance or Denial of Permit. This rule requires that the permits issued by the Department must authorize the construction and operation of the facility or emitting unit subject to the conditions in the permit and the requirements of this subchapter. This rule also requires that the permit must contain any conditions necessary to assure compliance with the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA), the Clean Air Act of Montana, and rules adopted under those acts.
7. ARM 17.8.752 Emission Control Requirements. This rule requires a source to install the maximum air pollution control capability that is technically practicable and economically feasible, except that BACT shall be utilized. The required BACT analysis is included in Section III of this permit analysis.
8. ARM 17.8.755 Inspection of Permit. This rule requires that air quality permits shall be made available for inspection by the Department at the location of the source.
9. ARM 17.8.756 Compliance with Other Requirements. This rule states that nothing in the permit shall be construed as relieving Scout of the responsibility for complying with any applicable federal or Montana statute, rule, or standard, except as specifically provided in ARM 17.8.740, *et seq.*
10. ARM 17.8.762 Duration of Permit. An air quality permit shall be valid until revoked or modified, as provided in this subchapter, except that a permit issued prior to construction of a new or modified source may contain a condition providing that the permit will expire unless construction is commenced within the time specified in the permit, which in no event may be less than 1 year after the permit is issued.

11. ARM 17.8.763 Revocation of Permit. An air quality permit may be revoked upon written request of the permittee, or for violations of any requirement of the Clean Air Act of Montana, rules adopted under the Clean Air Act of Montana, the FCAA, rules adopted under the FCAA, or any applicable requirement contained in the Montana State Implementation Plan (SIP).
 12. ARM 17.8.764 Administrative Amendment to Permit. An air quality permit may be amended for changes in any applicable rules and standards adopted by the Board of Environmental Review (Board) or changed conditions of operation at a source or stack that do not result in an increase of emissions as a result of those changed conditions. The owner or operator of a facility may not increase the facility's emissions beyond permit limits unless the increase meets the criteria in ARM 17.8.745 for a de minimis change not requiring a permit, or unless the owner or operator applies for and receives another permit in accordance with ARM 17.8.748, ARM 17.8.749, ARM 17.8.752, ARM 17.8.755, and ARM 17.8.756, and with all applicable requirements in ARM Title 17, Chapter 8, Subchapters 8, 9, and 10.
 13. ARM 17.8.765 Transfer of Permit. This rule states that an air quality permit may be transferred from one person to another if written notice of intent to transfer, including the names of the transferor and the transferee, is sent to the Department.
- F. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 8 – Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality, including, but not limited to:
1. ARM 17.8.801 Definitions. This rule is a list of applicable definitions used in this subchapter.
 2. ARM 17.8.818 Review of Major Stationary Sources and Major Modifications--Source Applicability and Exemptions. The requirements contained in ARM 17.8.819 through ARM 17.8.827 shall apply to any major stationary source and any major modification, with respect to each pollutant subject to regulation under the FCAA that it would emit, except as this subchapter would otherwise allow. This facility is not a major stationary source.
- G. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 12 – Operating Permit Program Applicability, including, but not limited to:
1. ARM 17.8.1201 Definitions. (23) Major Source under Section 7412 of the FCAA is defined as any source having:
 - a. PTE > 100 tons/year of any pollutant;
 - b. PTE > 10 tons/year of any one hazardous air pollutant (HAP), PTE > 25 tons/year of a combination of all HAPs, or lesser quantity as the Department may establish by rule; or
 - c. PTE > 70 tons/year of particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of 10 microns or less (PM₁₀) in a serious PM₁₀ nonattainment area.

2. ARM 17.8.1204 Air Quality Operating Permit Program. (1) Title V of the FCAA amendments of 1990 requires that all sources, as defined in ARM 17.8.1204(1), obtain a Title V Operating Permit. In reviewing and issuing MAQP #5247-02 for Scout, the following conclusions were made:
 - a. The facility's PTE is less than 100 tons/year for any pollutant.
 - b. The facility's PTE is less than 10 tons/year for any one HAP and less than 25 tons/year for all HAPs.
 - c. This source is not located in a serious PM₁₀ nonattainment area.
 - d. This facility is subject to current NSPS (40 CFR 60 Subparts A and OOOO).
 - e. This facility is subject to current NESHAP (40 CFR 63 Subparts A, HH, and ZZZZ).
 - f. This source is not a Title IV affected source.
 - g. This source is not a solid waste combustion unit.
 - h. This source is not an EPA designated Title V source.

Based on these facts, the Department determined that Scout will be a minor source of emissions as defined under Title V. However, if minor sources subject to NSPS are required to obtain a Title V Operating Permit, Scout will be required to obtain a Title V Operating Permit.

III. BACT Determination

A BACT determination is required for each new or modified source. Scout shall install on the new or modified source the maximum air pollution control capability, which is technically practicable and economically feasible, except that BACT shall be utilized. A BACT analysis is not required for the current permit action, because the change is considered administrative.

IV. Emission Inventory

CONTROLLED Emission Source	tons/year						
	PM	PM₁₀	PM_{2.5}	NO_x	CO	VOC	SO₂
5 x 1,680 bhp Compressor Engines (combined)	2.90	2.90	2.90	81.03	97.24	40.52	0.17
Propak TEG Reboiler	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.32	0.27	0.02	--
TEG Reboiler Still Vent	--	--	--	--	--	Negligible	--
Total Emissions	2.91	2.91	2.91	81.35	97.51	40.54	0.17

Waukesha Engine

Note: Emissions are based on the power output of the engine (8400 hp).

Operational Capacity of Engine = 8,400 hp	8400	hp
Hours of Operation = 8,760.00 hours	8760	hours
BTU per mmSCF = 0 btu/mmscf	0.00102	btu/mmscf
BTU per SCF = 65,612 scf/hr	65612.0	scf/hr
pounds per ton = 0.0005 lb/ton	0.0005	lb/ton
number of engines	5	engines

PM Emissions:

PM Emissions = 2.905 ton/yr (Assume all PM < 1.0 um)	2.90	ton/yr
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PM-10 Emissions:

Emission Factor = 0.00991 lbs/mmBtu (AP-42, Sec. 3.2, Table 3.2-2, 10/96)	9.91E-03	lbs/mmBtu
Calculation: ((65,612.0 scf/hr) * (0.001020 btu/mmscf) * (0.0099100 lbs/mmBtu) * (8,760 hours) * (ton/2000 lb) = 2.905 ton/yr	2.90	ton/yr

PM2.5 Emissions

Emission Factor = 0.00991 lbs/mmBtu (AP-42, Sec. 3.2, Table 3.2-2, 10/96)	9.91E-03	lbs/mmBtu
Calculation: ((65,612.0 scf/hr) * (0.001020 btu/mmscf) * (0.0099100 lbs/mmBtu) * (8,760 hours) * (ton/2000 lb) = 2.905 ton/yr	2.90	ton/yr

NOx Emissions:

Emission Factor = 3.7 lb/hr (BACT)	3.7	lb/hr
Calculation: (3.7 lb/hr) * (8,760 hours) * (0.0005 lb/ton) * (5 engines) = 81.03 ton/yr	81.03	ton/yr

CO Emissions:

Emission Factor = 4.44 lb/hr (BACT)	4.44	lb/hr
Calculation: (4.4 lb/hr) * (8,760 hours) * (0.0005 lb/ton) * (5 engines) = 97.24 ton/yr	97.24	ton/yr

VOC Emissions:

Emission Factor = 1.85 lb/hr (BACT)	1.85000	lb/hr
Calculation: (1.85 lb/hr) * (8,760 hours) * (0.0005 lb/ton) * (5 engines) = 40.52 ton/yr	40.52	ton/yr

SOx Emissions:

Emission Factor = 0.000588 lbs/mmBtu (AP-42, Sec. 3.2, Table 3.2-2, 10/96)	5.88E-04	lbs/mmBtu
Calculation: ((65,612.0 scf/hr) * (0.001020 btu/mmscf) * (0.0005880 lbs/mmBtu) * (8,760 hours) * (ton/2000 lb) = 0.172 ton/yr	0.17	ton/yr

V. Existing Air Quality

The facility is located in the northeast ¼ of Section 2, Township 7 North, Range 59 East in Fallon County. The air quality of the area is classified as either Better than National Standards or unclassified/attainment for the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for criteria pollutants.

VI. Ambient Air Impact Analysis

The current permit action is an administrative permit action; therefore, the Department did not conduct an ambient air impact analysis.

VII. Taking or Damaging Implication Analysis

As required by 2-10-105, MCA, the Department conducted the following private property taking and damaging assessment.

YES	NO	
X		1. Does the action pertain to land or water management or environmental regulation affecting private real property or water rights?
	X	2. Does the action result in either a permanent or indefinite physical occupation of private property?
	X	3. Does the action deny a fundamental attribute of ownership? (ex.: right to exclude others, disposal of property)
	X	4. Does the action deprive the owner of all economically viable uses of the property?
	X	5. Does the action require a property owner to dedicate a portion of property or to grant an easement? [If no, go to (6)].
		5a. Is there a reasonable, specific connection between the government requirement and legitimate state interests?
		5b. Is the government requirement roughly proportional to the impact of the proposed use of the property?
	X	6. Does the action have a severe impact on the value of the property? (consider economic impact, investment-backed expectations, character of government action)
	X	7. Does the action damage the property by causing some physical disturbance with respect to the property in excess of that sustained by the public generally?
	X	7a. Is the impact of government action direct, peculiar, and significant?
	X	7b. Has government action resulted in the property becoming practically inaccessible, waterlogged or flooded?
	X	7c. Has government action lowered property values by more than 30% and necessitated the physical taking of adjacent property or property across a public way from the property in question?
	X	Takings or damaging implications? (Taking or damaging implications exist if YES is checked in response to question 1 and also to any one or more of the following questions: 2, 3, 4, 6, 7a, 7b, 7c; or if NO is checked in response to questions 5a or 5b; the shaded areas)

Based on this analysis, the Department determined there are no taking or damaging implications associated with this permit action.

VIII. Environmental Assessment

This permitting action is considered an administrative action; therefore, an Environmental Assessment is not required.

Analysis Prepared By: John P. Proulx

Date: August 2, 2021