



**Montana 2012**

**Final  
Water Quality  
Integrated Report**

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of  
Sections 303(d) and 305(b) of the federal Clean Water Act

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## ACRONYMS

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Definition</b>
ADB	Assessment database
AFO	Animal Feeding Operation
ARM	Administrative Rules of Montana
ARRA	American Reinvestment and Recovery Act
AU	Assessment Unit
BER	Board of Environmental Review (Montana)
BLM	Bureau of Land Management (federal)
BMP	Best Management Practices
CAFO	Concentrated (or Confined) Animal Feed Operations
CCR	Consumer Confidence Report Rule
CECRA	[Montana] Comprehensive Environmental Cleanup and Responsibility Act
CFL	Cycle First Listed
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CWA	Clean Water Act
CWAIC	Clean Water Act Information Center (DEQ)
CWS	Community Water System
CWSRF	Clean Water State Revolving Fund
DBP	Disinfection Byproduct Rule
DEQ	Department of Environmental Quality (Montana)
DNRC	Department of Natural Resources & Conservation
DO	Dissolved Oxygen
DQA	Data Quality Assessment
DWSRF	Drinking Water State Revolving Fund
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency (US)
FFY	Federal Fiscal Year
FTE	Full-Time Employee
FWP	Fish, Wildlife, and Parks
FWPCA	Federal Water Pollution Control Act
GIS	Geographic Information System
GMP	Generic Management Plan
GWCP	Groundwater Characterization Program
GWIC	Groundwater Information Center
GWPCS	Montana Groundwater Pollution Control System
GWPP	Groundwater Protection Program
HUC	Hydrologic Unit Code
ILF	In-Lieu-Fee
IMTS	Information Management & Technical Services (DEQ)
IOC	Inorganic Chemicals
IUP	Intended Use Plan
JFA	Joint Funding Agreements
LDCI	Lake Diatom Condition Index
LWQD	Local Water Quality District
MAR	Montana Administrative Register
MBMG	Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Definition</b>
MCA	Montana Codes Annotated
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level
MCWA	Montana’s Clean Water Act
MDA	Montana Department of Agriculture
MGWPCS	Montana Ground Water Pollution Control System
MPDES	Montana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
MS4	Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems
MTNHP	Montana Natural Heritage Program’s
MWCB	Mine Waste Cleanup Bureau (DEQ)
MWPCS	Montana Groundwater Pollution Control System
MWQA	Montana Water Quality Act
NES	National Eutrophication Survey
NHD	National Hydrography Dataset
NLA	National Lakes Assessment
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
NPL	National Priorities List
NPS	Nonpoint Source
NTNC	Non-transient non-community systems
NWCA	National Wetland Condition Assessment
PCB	PolyChlorinated Biphenyls
PFC	Proper Functioning Condition
PWS	Public Water System (or Supply)
QC	Quality Control
QMP	Quality Management Plan
SCD	Sufficient Credible Data
SDWA	Safe Drinking Water Act
SDWIS	Safe Drinking Water Information System
SMCL	Secondary Maximum Contamination Level
SRF	State Revolving Fund
STAG	Statewide TMDL Advisory Group
SWP	Solid Waste Program (DEQ)
SWPP	Source Water Protection Plans
SWTR	Surface Water Treatment Rule
TCR	Total Coliform Rule
TKN	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen
TMDL	Total Maximum Daily Load
TN	Total Nitrogen
TNC	Transient non-community systems
TP	Total Phosphorus
TPA	Trading Partner Agreement
TSI	Trophic State Index
USACE	U.S. Army Corp of Engineers
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
USFS	United States Forest Service
USGS	United States Geological Survey
VOC	Volatile Organic Chemicals
WARD	Water quality Assessment, Reporting, and Documentation system

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Definition</b>
WET	Whole Effluent Toxicity
WLA	Wasteload Allocation
WPCAC	Water Pollution Control Advisory Council
WPCSRF	Water Pollution Control State Revolving Fund
WPDG	Wetland Program Development Grants
WPP	Wetland Program Plans
WQBEL	Water quality-based effluent limitations
WQPB	Water Quality Planning Bureau (DEQ)
WQS	Water Quality Standards



## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Montana Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) is the state agency responsible for implementing delegated components of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (commonly referred to as the Clean Water Act [CWA]) for waters under state jurisdiction. As required under sections 303(d) and 305(b) of CWA, DEQ conducts and/or coordinates ongoing water quality assessments and compiles reports on the status and trends of water quality. To satisfy the requirements of sections 303(d) and 305(b), this report includes the following:

- description of Montana’s water resources
- description of Montana’s water quality standards
- report on water pollution control programs
- watershed planning priority for waters not meeting water quality standards
- cost/benefit analysis
- description of water quality monitoring programs
- water quality standards attainment (i.e., use-support) decisions for assessed waters
- list of waters with completed and approved Total Maximum Daily Loads allowable to meet water quality standards and support beneficial uses
- general assessment of water quality for Montana’s waters
- discussion of public health concerns
- description of groundwater and drinking water programs
- description of updates to Montana’s assessment database during this reporting cycle

The Appendices contain the following:

**Appendix A:** list of the assessed surface waters that have one or more impaired beneficial uses

**Appendix B:** list of all waters in need of Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) development [303(d) list] and TMDL Priority Schedule

**Appendix C:** waterbodies assessed during the 2012 reporting cycle

**Appendix D:** pollutant causes removed from the 2010 303(d) List

**Appendix E:** changes to beneficial-use support

**Appendix F:** EPA-approved TMDLs

**Appendix G:** DEQ’s monitoring and assessment schedule for 2011-2014

Also included is the assessment method used to determine attainment of water quality standards (**Attachment 1**). For a list of terms used throughout this report, refer to the **Glossary**.



## 2.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The Montana Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) reports on the state's surface waters by hydrologic basins and uses current geographic information systems (GIS) to facilitate spatial analysis, mapping, and reporting on water quality assessments. This section discusses how surface waters are organized for administrative purposes, the types and amount (size) of surface waters, and the size of waters over which Montana has jurisdiction or management authority.

### 2.1 STATE OVERVIEW

Montana's headwater streams fall within three major river basins: the Clark Fork, Flathead, and Kootenai rivers in the Columbia basin, the Missouri and Yellowstone rivers in the Mississippi basin, and the St. Mary River in the Saskatchewan-Nelson basin, Canada. For administrative purposes, DEQ groups the state's 16 sub-major basins into four administrative basins (**Figure 2-1**):

- **Columbia** – all Montana's waters west of the Continental Divide, including the Clark Fork, Flathead, and Kootenai rivers
- **Upper Missouri** – the Missouri River basin from its headwaters downstream to the confluence with the Marias River
- **Lower Missouri** – the Missouri River basin from the Marias River confluence to the North Dakota border, including the Marias, Musselshell, and Milk rivers; the Montana headwaters of the St. Mary River in the Saskatchewan-Nelson basin
- **Yellowstone** – all waters of the Yellowstone River within Montana; the Little Missouri watershed in southeast Montana

### 2.2 DESCRIPTION OF SURFACE WATERS

The stream and lake size estimates used in this report come from the National Hydrography Dataset (NHD). Total length of streams, ditches, and canals are calculated from all linear waters in NHD. Due to the substantial variation in lake number and size estimates between various NHD dataset editions, the total lake area for the state is based on named waters of at least 5 acres (**Table 2-1**).

Because NHD was developed primarily using U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) topographical maps produced over many decades, the detail and accuracy varies across the state. The consistency and accuracy of most perennial streams and lakes is considered good. However, there are some inherent difficulties in designating intermittent and perennial streams in a changing environment. In addition, the constant change of the channel in some intermittent and perennial streams cannot be captured in NHD in a timely manner. Because of these possible sources of error, the summary of state waters reported in Montana's 2012 Integrated Report are given in the nearest 100 miles for streams. This is done in an effort to report these numbers as accurately as possible with the data available.



Figure 2-1. Montana's Sub-Major Basins and Montana DEQ Administrative Basins

In 2010, Montana’s Assessment Units (AUs) were transitioned to the High Resolution NHD, which is based on a more sophisticated data model than previous years. Flow lines in the new High Resolution NHD show greater detail in waterbody channels, capturing more twists, turns, and meanders of the streams and canals, thus making the High Resolution NHD more suitable for viewing at a scale of 1:24,000. **Table 2.1** lists the area of surface waters based on the High Resolution NHD.

**Table 2-1. Montana Surface Waters Based on High Resolution (1:24,000) NHD**

RIVER BASINS	Perennial Streams (Miles)	Intermittent & Ephemeral Streams (Miles)	Ditches & Canals (Miles)	Lakes & Reservoirs* (Acres)
Columbia	20,300	29,900	1,800	271,500
Upper Missouri	17,600	38,300	3,900	110,000
Lower Missouri	17,800	142,300	3,800	417,300
Yellowstone	13,500	97,300	3,400	47,200
<b>Montana Total</b>	<b>69,200</b>	<b>307,800</b>	<b>12,900</b>	<b>846,000</b>

\*Named waters  $\geq$  5 acres. Size estimates of all waters derived by DEQ from 1:24,000-scale NHD.

### 2.2.1 Streams

Streams belong to one of three general categories based on their flow characteristics and relative position of their streambed to the local shallow groundwater table.

- Ephemeral streams are always above the local shallow groundwater and flow only in response to snowmelt or rainfall. They are dry most of the year and are typically found in the semi-arid and mountain headwater regions of Montana.
- Intermittent streams are below the local shallow groundwater table during part of the year and flow in response to groundwater recharge and precipitation. Most of the stream miles in Montana are small ephemeral or intermittent streams.
- Perennial streams are always below the local shallow groundwater table and typically flow on the surface throughout the year.

A stream-ordering technique, like that described by Strahler (1957), categorizes stream reaches by the relative drainage density of the contributing watershed. First-order streams do not have tributaries and are commonly ephemeral or intermittent. Stream orders change at the confluence of two like-order streams (e.g., a second-order stream begins at the confluence of two first-order streams; a third-order stream begins at the confluence of two second-order streams, and so on).

### 2.2.2 Lakes

All lakes and reservoirs are part of the state’s water resources, but most of the assessment emphasis has been focused on significant publicly-owned lakes, which have public access and recreation potential. Unfortunately, NHD does not identify lake ownership. Therefore, in this report, only named perennial lakes  $\geq$  5 acres are considered significant publicly-owned lakes.

This subset of the total lake acreage may contain private reservoirs or may exclude some small alpine or pothole lakes on public lands. Until resources are available to undertake a statewide lakes ownership survey, DEQ will identify significant, publicly-owned lakes for section 305(b) reporting as described above.

### 2.2.3 Waters Under State Jurisdiction and Management

Montana’s water quality management program does not have authority over all of the waters described in **Table 2-1**. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or tribal governments with “treatment as a state” designation for their water quality program are responsible for assessing the condition of all waters located entirely within officially recognized tribal reservations. The exception is Flathead Lake, which is managed jointly by the state and the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes and is, therefore, included in the state waters tables. In addition, Montana’s water quality management program has not defined assessment units for, nor actively assesses the conditions of, waters within national parks and wilderness areas. Thus, **Table 2-2** presents a clearer picture of the waters that are the primary focus of the Montana water quality management program. Even though it does not manage tribal land waters, DEQ has a direct and vested interest in the quality of all waters in the state.

**Table 2-2. State Waters Exclusive of Tribal Lands, National Parks, and Wilderness Areas**

RIVER BASINS	Perennial Streams (Miles)	Intermittent & Ephemeral Streams (Miles)	Ditches & Canals (Miles)	Lakes & Reservoirs* (Acres)
Columbia	15,600	23,800	900	241,000
Upper Missouri	17,100	37,900	3,900	108,600
Lower Missouri	15,100	126,900	3,200	385,200
Yellowstone	11,800	85,800	3,200	45,500
<b>Montana Total</b>	<b>59,600</b>	<b>274,400</b>	<b>11,200</b>	<b>780,300</b>

\*Named waters  $\geq$  5 acres. Size estimates of all waters derived by DEQ from 1:24,000-scale NHD.

To calculate the total area of waters the state manages, DEQ combined the boundaries of national parks, wilderness areas, and reservations into one set of areas to be excluded. For the best quality, DEQ used 1:24,000-resolution data that represented the actual boundaries of these excluded areas.

## 3.0 WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAMS

DEQ is granted federal authority to implement several Clean Water Act (CWA) programs in Montana. Collectively, these programs facilitate achievement of the Clean Water Act's broad goal of fishable and swimmable, i.e., attaining water quality standards. Section 3 provides an overview of the status of these programs, which include water quality standards, point and nonpoint source controls, the water pollution control revolving fund, Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDL), and a cost-benefit analysis of program implementation.

### 3.1 WATER QUALITY STANDARDS

Water quality standards define the water quality goals of a waterbody, or portion thereof, by (1) designating the use or uses that the water is expected to be able to support, (2) setting criteria that define the water quality necessary to protect the uses, and (3) preventing degradation of water quality through nondegradation provisions. States adopt water quality standards to protect public health or welfare, enhance the quality of water, and serve the purposes of the Clean Water Act.

#### 3.1.1 Standards Review and Rulemaking Process

DEQ reviews Montana's water quality standards (WQS) on an ongoing basis and updates or modifies existing standards as needed. State law provides authority to DEQ and the Board of Environmental Review (BER) to adopt standards into the Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM). This rule-making process includes the Water Pollution Control Advisory Council (WPCAC), the governor's office, EPA, and the public. Listed below are the steps in the rule-making process.

1. DEQ develops and drafts a rule proposal, which is reviewed by senior management for agency priority.
2. If the rule is a priority, WPCAC reviews the proposal, which could include stakeholder discussions to resolve issues. Rule language or concept is part of WPCAC official records (minutes) posted on the Web.
3. Following completion of a satisfactory rule proposal, the governor's office reviews it.
4. The draft is modified as necessary and sent back to WPCAC to review at least 30 days before the proposal is published in the Montana Administrative Register (MAR) by the secretary of state.
5. DEQ presents proposal to BER; if approved, the proposed rule is published in MAR within 14 days. The date that it appears in MAR is the proposal's official publication date, beginning a 6-month deadline for final adoption by BER.
6. A public hearing is set for 30 days after publication in MAR. A legal ad in major newspapers runs for three consecutive weeks, informing the public of the proposed rule.
7. After the public hearing, DEQ responds to comments and makes necessary changes. DEQ submits a draft response to the comments, including any changes, to BER, who chooses to adopt, not adopt, or adopt with modifications.

8. Final notice for the rule adoption is published in MAR; DEQ notifies interested parties.
9. DEQ completes the final rule and sends it to the secretary of state; DEQ enters the final rule on the Website.
10. The new rule takes effect under state law when the secretary of state publishes it in MAR.
11. As a standards change, Montana submits the rule to EPA for approval. Following EPA approval, the new standard becomes effective under the federal CWA.

### **3.1.2 Numeric and Narrative Criteria**

Montana water quality criteria include both beneficial use-specific components and general provisions. Standards are either numeric or narrative (i.e., based on measured levels of pollutants or other measurable factors compared with a reference condition<sup>1</sup> for that class of water). Criteria can also be specific to beneficial uses, such as human health, aquatic life, or agriculture. For the protection of aquatic life, Montana denotes numeric standards as both “acute” and “chronic.”

Montana’s numeric water quality criteria not specific to use classification are found in Circular DEQ-7. DEQ developed these criteria using guidance from EPA, which includes human health advisories, National Recommended Water Quality Criteria, and drinking water criteria referred to as Maximum Contaminant Levels.

Narrative criteria and the provisions defined by nondegradation (ARM 17.30.701–718) provide a minimum level of protection to state waters. DEQ may use these standards to limit the discharge of pollutants or the concentration of pollutants in waters not covered under numeric standards. Montana narrative criteria prohibit activities that would result in nuisance aquatic life (ARM 17.30.637). Montana defines some standards for pollutants (such as pH, temperature, and sediment) in terms of change from what would naturally exist.

#### **3.1.2.1 Circular DEQ-7**

Circular DEQ-7 contains numeric nonclassification-specific WQS for Montana’s surface and groundwater. These criteria include pollutants categorized as toxic, carcinogenic, bioconcentrating or radioactive and also include some nutrients and otherwise harmful substances. The circular contains groundwater criteria for pesticides developed in compliance with the Montana Agricultural Chemical Groundwater Protection Act (80-15-201, MCA).

Circular DEQ-7 also contains the primary synonyms of each parameter; the Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number for each chemical; the categorization of each parameter according to type of pollutant; the bioconcentration factor, if known; trigger values used to determine “significance” under Montana’s nondegradation policy; and required reporting values.

### **3.1.3 Montana Water Classification System**

Montana’s water use classifications summarize beneficial uses assigned to each of the state’s waters.

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<sup>1</sup> See also **Section 3.1.4**

### **3.1.3.1 Beneficial Uses**

In the 1950s, Montana classified its waterbodies according to the present and future beneficial uses they should be capable of supporting (75-5-301 MCA). The State Water-Use Classification System (ARM 17.30.604-629) identifies the following beneficial uses:

- drinking, culinary, and food processing
- aquatic life support for fishes and associated aquatic life, waterfowl, and furbearers
- bathing, swimming, recreation, and aesthetics
- agricultural water supply
- industrial water supply

#### **3.1.3.1.1 Drinking Water, Culinary, and Food Processing**

Human health criteria address toxins and carcinogens. Criteria for carcinogens, such as arsenic, are set to a specific level of increased cancer risk resulting from lifelong exposure through drinking contaminated water and consuming fish from the same waters. For all carcinogens except arsenic, the Montana Legislature has determined the acceptable risk level as 1 case of cancer per 100,000 persons exposed. For arsenic, the acceptable level is 1 cancer per 1,000 persons exposed (MCA 75-5-301(2)(b)).

#### **3.1.3.1.2 Aquatic Life**

Aquatic life support is a broad term intended to protect fish and other aquatic animals and plants normally associated with a healthy ecosystem. Aquatic life can be impaired by chemical pollutants, sediments, temperature changes, riparian habitat degradation, stream channel modifications, excessive water withdrawal, irrigation return flows, and other actions that disrupt the naturally occurring hydrological conditions or biological integrity of the waterbody.

Fish are no longer tracked and reported independently of aquatic life and are now assessed and reported within the aquatic life beneficial use. Fish are assessed as either coldwater (salmonid) or warmwater (non-salmonid). Mountain, foothill, and intermontane streams and lakes typically support coldwater fish such as trout and associated game and nongame fish. Eastern prairie streams and lakes, and the lower Missouri and Yellowstone rivers, typically support warmwater fish. These waters are naturally warm and have higher suspended sediment and total dissolved solids. They typically support sauger, catfish, and a wide variety of nongame fish.

#### **3.1.3.1.3 Recreation**

Recreation includes primary and secondary contact recreation. Swimming and wading are examples of primary contact recreation, while boating is a type of secondary contact recreation. Noxious algae growth or health concerns associated with *E. coli* bacteria can impair the use of a waterbody for swimming.

#### **3.1.3.1.4 Agriculture and Industry**

Generally, if a waterbody supports drinking water, culinary and food processing, recreation, and aquatic life beneficial uses, the state assumes it will also support agricultural and industrial uses. However, additional salinity and toxicity information may be required to determine suitability for agricultural use. Specific numeric water quality criteria for electrical conductivity and sodium adsorption ratio have been set to protect irrigated agriculture in the Rosebud Creek, Tongue, Powder, and Little Powder river basins, including their tributaries (ARM 17.30.670).

### 3.1.3.2 Surface Water Classification System

Montana’s classification system for surface water use assigns a class primarily based on water temperature and the presence of certain fish species and associated aquatic life (**Table 3-1**). Each class has associated beneficial uses (**Table 3-2**). A waterbody supports its beneficial uses when it meets the WQS established to protect those uses. A waterbody is impaired when a WQS established to protect a beneficial use is not met. The decision about whether a specific use is supported is independent of all other designated uses. For example, a waterbody may partially support aquatic life because of excess nutrients, not support drinking water because of arsenic, but fully support agriculture and industrial uses.

The three most common classes are A, B, and C. Class I is a temporary category assigned to three streams that were grossly impaired when the system was established. The A-Closed and A-1 classes describe high quality waters whose principal beneficial use is for a public water supply (A-C) or are with national parks, wilderness, or primitive areas (ARM 17.30.614). The A-Closed class may invoke watershed protection and use restrictions to protect drinking water.

Classes B and C are divided according to whether they support coldwater or warmwater aquatic life. Classes B-1, B-2 and C-1, C-2 support coldwater aquatic life; classes B-3 and C-3 support warmwater aquatic life. Classes B and C have identical use classifications, except that class B waters specify drinking water as a beneficial use and class C waters do not.

Class C-3 streams are suitable for warmwater aquatic life and recreation activities. Because these streams often contain naturally high total dissolved solids (salinity), their quality is marginal for drinking water and agricultural and industrial uses.

In August 2003, Montana added four additional classes: D, E, F, and G. These classes include ephemeral streams (E-1 and E-2), ditches (D-1 and D-2), seasonal or semi-permanent lakes and ponds (E-3, E-4, E-5), and waters with low or sporadic flow (F-1). Class G-1 waters must be maintained as suitable for watering wildlife and livestock; aquatic life, not including fish; and secondary contact recreation. They need be only marginally suitable for irrigation after treatment or with mitigation measures. Class G-1 includes “holding water” from coal bed methane development.

Note: The classification system designates uses per waterbody, even though the waters may have other undesignated uses. In these cases, a waterbody may be reclassified to reflect existing uses. Conversely, existing uses cannot be removed from a waterbody. To date, Montana has not added any waters in these four new classes; they are only placeholders for future use.

**Table 3-1. Montana Surface Water Classifications**

Classification	Description
A-CLOSED	Suitable for drinking, culinary, and food-processing purposes after simple disinfection.
A-1	Suitable for drinking, culinary, and food-processing purposes after conventional treatment to remove naturally present impurities.
B-1	Suitable for drinking, culinary, and food-processing purposes after conventional treatment; bathing, swimming, and recreation; growth and propagation of salmonid fishes and associated aquatic life, waterfowl and furbearers; agricultural/industrial water supply.
B-2	Suitable for drinking, culinary, and food-processing purposes after conventional treatment; bathing, swimming, and recreation; growth and marginal propagation of salmonid fishes and associated aquatic life, waterfowl and furbearers; agricultural/industrial water supply.

**Table 3-1. Montana Surface Water Classifications**

Classification	Description
B-3	Suitable for drinking, culinary, and food-processing purposes after conventional treatment; bathing, swimming, and recreation; growth and propagation of non-salmonid fishes and associated aquatic life, waterfowl and furbearers; agricultural/industrial water supply.
C-1	Suitable for bathing, swimming, and recreation; growth and propagation of salmonid fishes and associated aquatic life, waterfowl and furbearers; agricultural/industrial water supply.
C-2	Suitable for bathing, swimming, and recreation; growth and marginal propagation of salmonid fishes and associated aquatic life, waterfowl and furbearers; agricultural/industrial water supply.
C-3	Suitable for bathing, swimming, and recreation; growth and propagation of non-salmonid fishes and associated aquatic life, waterfowl, and furbearers. Quality is naturally marginal for drinking, culinary, and food-processing purposes, agricultural/industrial water supply. Degradation that impacts existing or established uses is prohibited.
I	The goal is for these waters to fully support the following uses: drinking, culinary, and food-processing purposes after conventional treatment; bathing, swimming, and recreation; growth and propagation of fishes and associated aquatic life, waterfowl and furbearers; agricultural/industrial water supply.
D-1	Suitable for agricultural purposes and secondary contact recreation.
D-2	Suitable for agricultural purposes and secondary contact recreation. Because of conditions resulting from flow regulation, maintenance of the ditch, or geomorphologic and riparian habitat conditions, quality is marginally suitable for aquatic life.
E-1	Suitable for agricultural purposes, secondary contact recreation, and wildlife.
E-2	Suitable for agricultural purposes, secondary contact recreation, and wildlife. Because of habitat, low flow, hydro-geomorphic, and other physical conditions, waters are marginally suitable for aquatic life.
E-3	Suitable for agricultural purposes, secondary contact recreation, and wildlife.
E-4	Suitable for aquatic life, agricultural purposes, secondary contact recreation, and wildlife.
E-5	Suitable for agricultural purposes, secondary contact recreation, saline-tolerant aquatic life, and wildlife.
F-1	Suitable for secondary contact recreation, wildlife, and aquatic life, not including fish.
G-1	To be maintained suitable for watering wildlife and livestock; aquatic life, not including fish; secondary contact recreation; marginally suitable for irrigation after treatment or with mitigation measures.

**Table 3-2. Designated Beneficial Uses by Waterbody Class**

Beneficial Uses	Water Use Classification							
	A-Closed	A-1	B-1	B-2	B-3	C-1	C-2	C-3
Aquatic Life	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Fishes (salmonid)	X	X	X	X		X	X	
Fishes (non-salmonid)					X			X
Drinking Water (human health)	X	X	X	X	X			M
Recreation	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Agriculture	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	M
Industry	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	M

X = Beneficial use M= Marginal Use (may exist)

### 3.1.3.2.1 Waters in need of Water Use-Classification Review

DEQ believes that waterbody segments identified in **Table 3-3** are in need of review for appropriate classification. When the use-classification system was established the 1950's, these waters were affected to the point that uses typical of otherwise similar waters were not supported. The state's goal is

to improve the quality of these waterbodies so that they will fully support all appropriate beneficial uses.

**Table 3-3. Montana Surface Waters with Unique Use Classifications**

Waterbody	Classification
Rainy Creek (mainstem from the W.R. Grace Company water supply intake to the Kootenai River)	C-1
Clark Fork River (from Warm Springs Creek to Cottonwood Creek)	C-2
Clark Fork River (from Cottonwood Creek to the Little Blackfoot River)	C-1
Ashley Creek (mainstem from bridge crossing on Airport Road to the Flathead River)	C-2
Prickly Pear Creek (below East Helena – Upper Missouri Basin)	I
Silver Bow Creek (Upper Clark Fork Basin)	I
Muddy Creek (Sun River Basin)	I

### 3.1.3.3 Groundwater Classification System

Groundwater is classified according to its actual quality and use as of October 1982. Groundwater is broken into four classes: I, II, III, and IV (Table 3-4).

**Table 3-4. Montana Groundwater Classifications**

Classification	Description
I	Groundwater has a specific conductance less than 1,000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at 25°C and is suitable for public and private water supplies, food processing, irrigation, drinking water for livestock and wildlife, and commercial and industrial purposes with little or no treatment required.
II	Groundwater has a specific conductance range of 1,000 to 2,500 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at 25°C. Public and private water supplies may use Class II groundwater where better quality water is not available. The primary uses are irrigation, stock water, and industrial purposes.
III	Groundwater has a specific conductance range of 2,500 to 15,000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at 25°C. Its primary use is stock water and industrial purposes. It is marginally suitable for some salt-tolerant crops.
IV	Groundwater has a specific conductance greater than 15,000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at 25°C. Used primarily for industrial purposes.

### 3.1.4 Reference Condition

The reference condition concept asserts that for any group of waterbodies there are relatively undisturbed examples that represent the natural biological, physical, and chemical integrity of a region; therefore, reference sites are those that represent the naturally occurring “baseline” condition. A number of Montana’s narrative criteria require that water quality be compared to “naturally occurring,” and DEQ uses reference sites to help define this.

Building from original work conducted in the early 1990s (Bahls, et al., 1992), DEQ is developing and expanding a robust dataset for reference sites. Field work was re-initiated in 2000 to locate and sample reference stream sites, and in 2003, to locate and sample reference lakes. In 2004, DEQ began to assemble an extensive list of potential stream and lake reference sites and their associated data. DEQ has also developed a process for consistency in evaluating candidate stream reference sites (Suplee, et al., 2005). Some established reference sites that had already been thoroughly reviewed using similar techniques did not go through this process. DEQ automatically classified these as final reference sites.

Using a set of criteria and best professional judgment, the evaluation process for streams consists of quantitative watershed and water quality analyses for each site, as well as qualitative assessments of stream health and condition. Each quantitative analysis, or best professional judgment criterion,

evaluated some aspect of stream or watershed condition that could potentially affect water quality and aquatic life. The screening tests checked for:

- cumulative effects from multiple causes
- site-specific data sufficiency
- affects from land use based on the proportion of agriculture
- high concentrations of heavy metals (i.e., above numeric standards)
- affects from mines
- road density (coldwater streams only)
- timber harvest intensity (coldwater streams only)

To make the final list a site had to pass each applicable screen. DEQ considered sites that passed all applicable screens general purpose reference sites, since DEQ did not find the sites' conditions to be negatively affected for any categories.

The process described above was used to identify a group of Montana reference stream sites. However, DEQ still needs to ensure that the reference sites are sufficiently similar to the stream sites with which they are compared. In general, Omernik's Level III ecoregions (Omernik, 2000) are an excellent tool for the initial partitioning of Montana reference streams. However, in certain cases, more specific geospatial characteristics than Level III ecoregions alone may need to be determined for the reference site and the comparison site. What those geospatial characteristics will be varies according to the parameter of interest. For example, elevation is important when considering aquatic insect (macroinvertebrate) populations, watershed area is important when considering prairie stream fish populations, and nutrient concentrations are best explained by Level IV (fine-scale) ecoregions. It is likely that some water quality parameters and biological assessment metrics can be referenced at a coarse scale (e.g., Level III ecoregions), while others cannot.

## 3.2 POINT SOURCE CONTROL PROGRAMS

Montana's discharge permit program for point source wastewater began in 1968. With the passage of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (FWPCA) Amendments of 1972, the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) program was created. In 1974, Montana applied for and received EPA authorization to administer the national program in Montana. Since 1972, FWPCA has been amended several times, including the 1977 Clean Water Act (CWA) and the 1987 Water Quality Act, which emphasized controlling toxic pollutants, requiring water quality-based effluent limitations in permits, and clarifying the requirements for stormwater discharges in NPDES permits. The 1972 Amendments established a series of goals and policies to protect the nation's waterways, including eliminating the discharge of pollutants, which is implemented through the technology-forcing requirements of the Clean Water Act.

Under NPDES regulations, DEQ administers the core program, including issuing individual permits, issuing permits for federal facilities and issuing general permit to categories of dischargers. EPA retains primacy over the pretreatment and municipal biosolids control programs in Montana.

Unlike the federal CWA, which focus on navigable waters, the Montana Water Quality Act (MWQA) defines "state waters" to include both surface and groundwater and directs the Board of Environmental Review (BER) to adopt rules governing the issuance of permits for the discharge of sewage, industrial waste, and other wastes into state waters (75-5-401(1), MCA). In 1982, BER adopted rules requiring that

any existing source discharge pollutants into state groundwater file a Montana Groundwater Pollution Control System (MWPCS) permit application by October 29, 1983, or cease the discharge. The 1982 rules also adopt water-use classification for groundwater based on natural specific conductance, groundwater standards to protect those uses, and a nondegradation policy to protect high quality waters.

### 3.2.1 Montana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program

Both the federal CWA and Montana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (MPDES) regulations prohibit the discharge of wastes or pollutants from any point source to state waters without a valid permit. The term “point source,” as defined by ARM 17.30.1304, includes any discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance from which pollutants are, or may be, discharged. Typical point sources include publicly owned treatment works, industrial facilities, runoff conveyed through a storm sewer system, and concentrated animal feeding operations. Return flows from irrigated agriculture and agricultural stormwater runoff are specifically excluded from the definition of point source.

In MPDES permits the discharge of pollutants is controlled primarily through the imposition of technology-based effluent limits, which establish a minimum level of pollutant control based on the type of pollutant (conventional, toxic, or nonconventional) and age of the facility. New sources are subject to the more stringent new source performance standards, including, when practicable, a standard permitting no discharge of pollutants. All MPDES permits must, at minimum, include technology-based effluent limits based on the federal effluent limitation published by EPA (40 CFR Chapter I, Subchapter N, pursuant to section 304(b) of the federal CWA).

In addition to technology-based effluent limits, MPDES permits must include more stringent limitations whenever DEQ determines that the discharge will cause or contribute to levels above any numeric or narrative water quality standard. Water quality-based effluent limitations (WQBEL) are based on specific standards in ARM (17.30.620 – 631), including Circular DEQ-7 and the general provisions of ARM 17.30.635 – 646, whenever streamflows equal or exceed the 7-day, 10-year flow of the receiving water. MPDES permits also implement the narrative prohibitions requiring state water to be “free from” substances that cause chronic or acute toxicity by including whole effluent toxicity (WET) testing when toxicity cannot be controlled or reduced via chemical-specific effluent limits.

Montana’s Water Quality Act (MWQA) contains a nondegradation policy (75-5-303, MCA) requiring that existing uses of state waters and the quality of water necessary to protect those uses be maintained and protected. DEQ may authorize degradation of state water only when it finds that degradation is necessary and will result in important economic or social development and all existing and anticipated (designated) uses are protected. The Nondegradation Rules adopted by the Board of Environmental Review (Title 17, Chapter 30, Subchapter 7) implements the nondegradation policy. These rules are applicable to all new or increased sources of pollution.

Permits issued to new sources, as defined in ARM 17.30.702(18), are based on the level of protection given in ARM 17.30.705, which incorporates the three tiers, or levels, of protection identified in federal guidance:

**Tier I** – Existing and anticipated uses of all state water must be protected.

**Tier II** – Existing water quality must be maintained for all water considered high quality, unless expressly authorized by DEQ under ARM 17.30.708 or determined to be non-significant under the criteria of ARM 17.30.715.

**Tier III** – No degradation is allowed in outstanding natural resource waters.

Water quality-based effluent limitations in permits issued to new sources may be based on the criteria of ARM 17.30.715. A discharger in compliance with these limits is considered to be non-significant and in compliance with the nondegradation policy and regulations.

MPDES permits also provide a regulatory process for implementing a wasteload allocation (WLA) that has been developed for a point source as part of the total maximum daily load (TMDL) for a watershed or specific waterbody. MPDES permits may be reopened to incorporate the WLA at any time, or the WLA may be incorporated in the next 5-year permit renewal process. For existing discharges into a water quality limited segment in the absence of an approved TMDL, DEQ imposes effluent limitations that prohibit a further decline in water quality for which the waterbody is impaired (75-5-703(10), MCA).

The Montana Water Quality Act authorizes the Board of Environmental Review to adopt rules implementing a fee program that is sufficient to cover DEQ's cost of administering the permit programs (MPDES and GWPCS).

In addition to permits issued to individual dischargers, state and federal regulations authorize DEQ to issue general permits to categories of discharges on either a statewide or limited geographic basis. General permits must conform to all of the criteria and standards applicable to individual discharges, including technology-based effluent limits and water quality-based effluent limits. In addition to these minimum requirements, general permits may contain additional provisions that DEQ determines are necessary to implement the goals of MWQA.

DEQ has issued general permits for 16 different categories of dischargers, including stormwater, concentrated animal feeding operations (CAFO), concentrated aquatic animal feeding operations, suction dredging, minor publicly owned treatment works, petroleum remediation projects, disinfected water, construction dewatering, produced water, and sand and gravel operations. Stormwater and CAFO discharges are discussed below.

**Stormwater** – The following are subject to regulation under the MPDES program:

- discharges composed entirely of stormwater runoff from certain industrial activities
- municipal separate storm sewer systems (MS4)
- construction activities
- activities designated by DEQ as a significant source of pollutants
- activities that contribute to a violation of water quality standards

Because of the large number of facilities that fall into this category, DEQ has developed a number of general permits that cover the above regulated activities. State and federal regulations generally authorize using best management practices to control or abate pollution in stormwater. Stormwater permits issued to MS4s must include additional measures such as management practices, control techniques, and system design and engineering methods to control the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable. Stormwater discharges that cannot comply with the requirements of the applicable general permit must obtain an individual MPDES permit.

**CAFO** – MWQA defines an animal feeding operation (AFO) as any lot or facility in which animals are stabled, confined, and fed or maintained for a total of 45 days or more during any 12-month period.

Additionally, no portion of the facility can be used to sustain crops, forage growth, or post-harvest residues during the normal growing season. The following are subject to regulation under the MPDES program:

- AFOs that meet the criteria for a large CAFO, based on the number of animals that are stabled or confined
- AFOs that meet the criteria for a medium CAFO, based on the number of animals and either a) discharge pollutants through a constructed ditch or similar device or b) discharge pollutants directly into state water that originates outside of the facility

CAFOs are subject to the specific federal effluent limit guidelines published by EPA (40 CFR 412) and the general requirements of 40 CFR 122.23, which are incorporated into state regulations (ARM 17.30.1330).

These CAFOs are required to contain animal wastes and process wastewater on site. They are not authorized to discharge any wastewater except when precipitation falling on the facility exceeds the 24-hour, 25-year event. The general permit requires these facilities to develop and implement a nutrient management plan that describes how animal wastes will be land-applied at agronomic rates. They also have requirements for notifying, reporting, and recordkeeping, including the requirement to submit an annual report.

### **3.2.2 Montana Groundwater Pollution Control System (MGWPCS) Program**

The Board of Environmental Review has adopted rules governing the discharge of wastes into groundwater and established a permit program and water quality standards (ARM 17.30.10, the Montana Groundwater Pollution Control System). The rules define a “source” as any point source or disposal system, including a waste-holding pond, which under normal operating conditions may reasonably be expected to discharge pollutants into groundwater. The water-use classifications and groundwater standards adopted in ARM 17.30.1006 provide a basis for limiting the discharge of pollutants into groundwater. Groundwater standards are based on the human health standards given in Circular DEQ-7 and include a nondegradation criteria based on DEQ’s nondegradation policy and rules.

The groundwater standards recognize the following beneficial uses of Classes I and II groundwater:

- public and private water supply
- culinary and food processing
- irrigation
- livestock and wildlife
- commercial and industrial processes

Classes III and IV waters have limited uses because of their naturally high specific conductance greater than 15,000  $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ . However, discharges to Class III groundwater must comply with human health standards in Circular DEQ-7, where the specific conductance is less than 7,000  $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ .

To avoid duplication, the rule and statute provide for numerous exemptions from the requirement to apply for and obtain a groundwater discharge permit; however, sources that are exempt from the permit requirement are required to comply with all applicable water quality standards, including the nondegradation requirements in ARM 17.30.7.

The groundwater rules do not mandate minimum treatment requirements or implement technology based effluent limitations. The level of treatment or pollutant control is based on compliance with the applicable water quality standards, including nondegradation, after dilution with a DEQ-approved mixing zone.

### **3.3 NONPOINT SOURCE POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM**

The 2012 Integrated Report identifies state waters that need additional actions to control nonpoint source pollution (the state's list of impaired waters). Additionally, all state waters benefit from best management practices and programs to control nonpoint sources of water quality pollution.

Nonpoint source (NPS) pollution, unlike pollution from sewage treatment plants and industrial facilities, comes from many diffuse sources. NPS pollution is caused by rainfall or snowmelt moving over and through the ground. As the runoff moves, it picks up and carries natural and human-made pollutants into lakes, rivers, wetlands, and groundwater. Nonpoint sources include grazing, logging, farming, mining, land development, and many other activities. In Montana, the vast majority of water quality problems result from NPS pollution.

Montana's 2010 Integrated Report identified the top causes of water quality impairment as sedimentation, habitat alterations, nutrients (phosphorus and nitrogen), and metals (lead, copper, arsenic, and cadmium) and the top sources of impairment as resulting from agriculture, urban growth, forestry and mining operations.

The following is a description of the primary categories of nonpoint sources of pollution in Montana and the state's processes and programs for reducing the level of pollution from these sources.

#### **3.3.1 Agriculture: Livestock and Crop Production**

Ranches and farms cover two-thirds of the state—more than 60 million acres. Approximately 80% is rangeland and pasture and 20% is cropland (National Agriculture Statistics Survey, 2011). Agriculture is one of Montana's leading industries, generating 4% of the gross domestic product for the state in 2008 (U.S Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, 2011) and more than \$2.8 billion in 2007—about \$1.5 billion in livestock and poultry and \$1.3 billion in crops (USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service, 2009).

In 2007, harvested cropland covered 9,163,867 acres; irrigated acres comprised 22% (2,013,167 acres) of the total harvested cropland. In 2007, Montana's livestock inventory included 2,500,000 cattle and calves, 270,000 sheep and lambs, 180,000 hogs and pigs, 490,000 ducks and chickens, and 14,000 milk cows (USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service, 2009).

Pollutants from agricultural nonpoint sources (NPS) include sediment, nutrients, salinity, temperature, bacteria, and pesticides. Pollution not requiring TMDL development but still impairing beneficial uses includes loss of habitat, flow alteration, and channelization (Montana Department of Environmental Quality, 2010).

Montana's agriculture NPS pollution control goals include:

- increasing implementation of agricultural best management practices (BMPs)

- improving irrigation water management
- increasing BMP implementation on rangeland

As a framework for controlling negative water quality effects from agricultural NPS, DEQ adopted “Agricultural BMPs for Control of Nonpoint Source Pollution” based on Montana Conservation Practice Standards from the Natural Resources Conservation Service Field Office Technical Guide (Natural Resources Conservation Service, 2007; Montana Department of Environmental Quality, 2005a). Numerous federal and state agencies and programs provide technical assistance and financial incentives to implement these BMPs. Montana has a long history of cooperative programs between various natural resource agencies and many partnerships to address and integrate agricultural NPS issues.

In addition to advocating for agriculture BMPs, DEQ’s TMDL Program allocates pollutant load reductions using a watershed approach wherever NPS pollutants impair the beneficial uses of a waterbody. A watershed approach (a) targets priority water quality problems, (b) promotes stakeholder involvement, (c) integrates solutions to include the expertise and authority of multiple agencies and private experts, and (d) evaluates the implementation of load reductions through monitoring and data analysis. The Water Quality Improvement Plans developed from TMDL planning include an implementation strategy that identifies critical actions necessary to fully restore beneficial uses.

### **3.3.2 Forestry (Silviculture)**

As with farms and ranches, forests cover a large portion of the state. Nearly a quarter of Montana’s land area is forested (22.5 million acres) (Conner and O'Brien, 1993). Sales from Montana forest products in 2004 were \$1.2 billion. Montana’s 2004 timber harvest was 785 million board feet, with private lands supplying 77% of the harvest (Spoelma, et al., 2008).

Montana’s forests are also the headwaters for many rivers and streams. These provide some the West’s best fishing, as well as water for agriculture, recreation, drinking, and many other uses. Forestry activities, however, can impair beneficial uses such as aquatic life because of increases or changes in sediment, nutrients, temperature, or habitat conditions. Activities such as road building, soil disturbance, and harvest unit management may generate pollutants or harm water quality and aquatic or riparian habitats. The 2010 Integrated Report lists forest roads as the third largest contributing source of confirmed impairments on an assessment unit basis. Timber harvesting is also listed as a confirmed contributing source of impairment.

Montana has specific control programs for reducing NPS pollution resulting from forestry and forestry-related activities. Montana’s NPS goal for forestry and forestry-related activities is to reduce the negative effects on water quality that are associated with forest practices and forest roads. Montana’s water quality protection program for forestry and forestry-related activities relies on a combination of regulatory and voluntary approaches.

The 1989 Montana Legislature passed a law to provide forestry BMP information to private forest owners and operators to help protect water quality. This law requires private forest owners to provide the Forestry Division of the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation (DNRC) with their plans before they begin timber harvest operations. Since 1989, a BMP Work Group has been reviewing and revising the original BMPs and providing statewide BMP audits on federal, state, and private forestry projects. Montana also has a Streamside Management Law (MCA 77-5-30–307), established in 1991, which provides regulatory standards for forest practices in riparian areas.

When developing TMDLs and Water Quality Improvement Plans, DEQ develops allocations for all significant nonpoint, forestry-generated sources of pollution. The Water Quality Improvement Plans also provide implementation and monitoring strategies to encourage restoration of beneficial uses and to track progress toward the load reductions identified in those plans.

### **3.3.3 Diffuse Urban and Suburban Pollution**

Montana's NPS Program recognizes several sub-categories of diffuse urban and suburban pollution. Under this broad category we have found the following to be useful subcategories: stormwater runoff, transportation, construction, and waste disposal.

#### **3.3.3.1 Stormwater Runoff**

Stormwater runoff from urban and industrial areas is a significant source of pollutants, such as oil and grease, pesticides, fertilizers, bacteria, and metals (e.g., lead, copper, zinc). In Montana, NPS effects from stormwater runoff are relatively localized because the number of urban areas is limited. Point source discharge permits for municipal storm sewer systems are currently required for seven urbanized areas and cities in Montana: Billings, Bozeman, Butte, Great Falls, Helena, Kalispell, and Missoula. Additionally, portions of Cascade, Yellowstone and Missoula counties, the University of Montana, Montana State University, Malmstrom Air Force Base, and the Montana Department of Transportation (within the designated urban areas that require permits) hold discharge permits requiring six minimum measures. These measures address: public education and outreach, public involvement, illicit discharge detection and elimination, construction site runoff controls, post construction stormwater management, and pollution prevention.

Montana's NPS Program uses TMDL development and Water Quality Improvement Plans to address stormwater concerns. DEQ also encourages and supports local information and education campaigns to reduce the amount of pollutants that homeowners contribute to stormwater.

#### **3.3.3.2 Transportation**

Montana's transportation system contributes to nonpoint source pollution through contaminated runoff from roads and bridges, atmospheric deposition of nitrogen oxides, flood plain and river channel encroachment, accidental spills, road application of winter traction materials, and construction activities. Sediment, nutrients, dissolved solids, metals, and oil and grease are all NPS pollutants of concern generated from the transportation system. Additionally, there is physical habitat loss and degradation associated with the actual location and protection (e.g., levees, riprap, etc.) of the transportation system.

Montana's NPS Program focuses on mitigating past transportation-related impairments and reducing future impairments. DEQ collaborates with the Montana Department of Transportation and other appropriate agencies and entities to mitigate and minimize water quality degradation resulting from the state's transportation system. The entities include the US Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, counties, and railroads. DEQ also coordinates with other regulatory entities, such as the Army Corps of Engineers, Conservation Districts, the US Fish and Wild Service, and the Montana Department of Fish Wildlife and Parks.

Stormwater, section 404 (aquatic disturbance), and section 401 (standards certification) permits for transportation projects are reviewed to ensure that appropriate decisions to "avoid, minimize, mitigate"

are made and that adequate attention is given to BMPs. Through the TMDL planning process DEQ also evaluates transportation system waterbody-pollutant specific concerns to address significant impairment causes.

### **3.3.3.3 Construction**

New home and development construction activities by their very nature disturb the soil and increase the likelihood of erosion. In turn, erosion can increase sediment and nutrient loads to surface waters. Habitat alteration from construction activities (e.g., changing or removing riparian vegetation) can also have significant negative effects upon aquatic life.

MPDES general discharge permits require contractors to protect water quality from construction activities that disturb more than 5 acres. Construction activities that disturb more than 1 acre within 100 feet of a river, lake, or stream must be permitted, and the contractor must take steps to protect water quality. DEQ provides information and educational materials regarding how construction activities can harm water resources and what efforts and requirements contractors and private citizens can, or must, take to minimize the effects of construction activity.

### **3.3.3.4 Waste Disposal**

Approximately 331,000 Montanans contribute waste to an estimated 124,000 household sewage disposal systems (i.e., on-site septic systems).<sup>2</sup> A well-constructed and maintained septic system in suitable soils does a good job of treating household wastes. However, poorly designed, or neglected, systems may be sources of excess nutrients and pathogens. Additionally, standard septic systems in many Montana locations do not effectively remove nitrate from wastewater and therefore contribute to high groundwater nitrate concentrations. In some areas, septic systems are a significant water quality concern. Landfills, particularly unlined facilities, also pose a threat to surface and groundwater quality. Harmful and toxic substances can leach into the aquifer or surface waters. Pollutants from land disposal include nutrients, pathogens, pharmaceutical compounds, and personal care products (National Association of Clean Water Agencies, 2005).

DEQ maintains a solid waste disposal program that has regulatory authority to protect water quality from facilities such as landfills and underground storage tanks. The NPS Program addresses the effects of land disposal on a watershed basis. DEQ's NPS Program has funded several water quality protection districts and watershed groups to address individual sewage disposal problems in the Helena, the Bitterroot, Missoula, Flathead Lake, and the Gallatin/Big Sky areas. DEQ assists local watershed groups in identifying appropriate BMPs where individual sewage disposal systems have been identified as a water quality concern. DEQ also develops source water protection plans for communities throughout the state that have site-specific source water concerns, such as land disposal contaminant issues, and identifies BMPs that can be implemented to address those issues. In 2009 the Montana Legislature enacted a law that bans the retail sale of household cleaning products with high phosphate levels in areas of the state that exceed surface water phosphorus standards.

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<sup>2</sup> Estimation based on a state population size of 989,415 (2010 Census) individuals, of which approximately 658,000 use community-based sewer systems. For estimation purposes, the state assumes an average of 2.5 persons per household septic system.

### **3.3.4 Mining and Contaminated Sediments**

Active mines are regulated with federal and state permits, including point source discharge permits. To obtain a permit, mine operators have to post a bond covering liability for cleanup and restoration. Abandoned and inactive mines, however, are significant sources of nonpoint source pollution in many of Montana's watersheds. Elevated metals concentrations in water and sediment are the most typical cause of NPS pollution associated with mining. Metals can harm aquatic life and impair water for drinking use.

DEQ's Mine Waste Cleanup Bureau (MWCB) has designated 300 priority mine sites (Montana Department of Environmental Quality, Remediation Division, 2010). MWCB's activities focus on two primary site types: 1) inactive mine sites addressed under the Surface Mining Coal and Reclamation Act and 2) mining-related sites addressed under the federal Comprehensive Environmental Responsibility, Compensation, and Liability Act (Superfund sites).

Montana has addressed many long-abandoned mine and mill sites; to date 283 projects have been completed. As of 2011, DEQ's Abandoned Mine Program has 13 active reclamation projects located in various parts of the state.

DEQ's program for controlling NPS pollution from mining include mitigating damage from past mining activities and protecting water quality from new mining developments. DEQ's TMDL staff collaborate with MWCB to develop TMDLs and water quality restoration plans for affected watersheds. DEQ and MWCB also coordinate reviewing draft point source permits for new mines to assure that permits are consistent with the water protection goals of both programs.

### **3.3.5 Contaminated Sediments from Industrial Activities**

Metals and long-lived organic pollutants from past mining-related activities, fuel spills, rail yards, wood treatment plants, and other industrial sources often accumulate in streambeds and lake sediments. These pollutants may be directly toxic to aquatic life and humans, or they may be concentrated in tissues of fish and animals that feed on fish or aquatic life. Through bioaccumulation, concentrations of these pollutants can reach levels that are harmful to wildlife and humans.

DEQ's Nonpoint Source Program addresses contaminated sediments on a watershed, or waterbody, basis. Each source of contamination presents its own set of challenges. Removing and disposing of contaminated sediments is often expensive and creates risks and potentially other water quality effects, such as dispersal downstream. As appropriate, the NPS Program uses resources from DEQ's Remediation Division, as well as other state and federal agencies, to address clean-up needs.

### **3.3.6 Hydrologic Modification**

Hydrologic modification (i.e., the alteration of streamflow from human activities) is caused by channel straightening, widening, deepening, or clearing or by relocating existing stream channels. Hydrologic modification affects water temperature, sediment transport, dissolved oxygen, instream flows, and streambank stability. Temperature and flow changes may limit aquatic life and recreational uses downstream. Hydrologic flow is most often modified by the construction and operation of dams, weirs, and water diversions for irrigation and stock watering; by the installation of undersized culverts; by the building of transportation protection embankments (e.g., rip-rap); or by the construction of off-channel water features such as fishing ponds.

DEQ's program for controlling NPS pollution from hydrologic modification includes (a) reducing the effects of existing modifications that occur from changes in operations, (b) removing structures that are no longer useful, (c) improving designs for water diversion facilities, and (d) assuring that new hydrologic modifications do not impair beneficial uses. Several state and federal laws regulate or otherwise address some of these effects, such as the Montana Stream Protection Act, the Montana Floodplain and Floodway Act, the Montana Natural Streambed and Land Preservation Act, the Montana Water Use Act (defines water rights and appropriations), Section 404 of the federal Clean Water Act, and the doctrine of Federal Reserved Water Rights.

Additionally, DEQ's NPS group focuses on:

- including representatives of hydroelectric interests on local watershed advisory committees;
- working with local watershed groups to develop implementation goals and objectives, and identify appropriate BMPs for flow related impairments;
- reviewing permit applications, environmental impact statements, and other relevant documents for compliance with state water quality laws and standards;
- encouraging approaches that cause the least harm when hydrological modifications are in the public interest; and
- assessing the need for additional BMPs for hydrologic modifications.

### **3.3.7 Recreation**

More than 80% of all Montana residents engage in outdoor recreational activities, 60% of which are water-based (Schweitzer and Montana Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks, 2008). In addition, tourism brings many recreational visitors to Montana who also enjoy and use the state's aquatic resources. The major water quality nonpoint source concerns associated with recreational activities include increased sediment yield (from roads and trails, and shoreline and streambank trampling); loss of habitat (associated with streambank and bottom disturbance); inappropriate waste disposal; and spills or discharges of gasoline, oil, and other petroleum products. A growing concern is the proliferation of aquatic nuisance species, which can be unknowingly and widely distributed by recreationists (e.g., boaters and fishers).

Montana has identified educational outreach programs as an appropriate strategy for addressing the effects of nonpoint source pollution from recreational activities.

### **3.3.8 Atmospheric Deposition and Climate Change**

The 2010 303(d) List identified atmospheric deposition as a probable source of impairment for three large lakes and reservoirs in Montana: Flathead Lake, Fort Peck Reservoir, and Holter Lake. These lakes total more than 376,500 surface acres. Pollutants attributed to atmospheric deposition include nitrogen, phosphorus, mercury, and chemicals (e.g., PCBs).

Atmospheric deposition and climate change are issues that do not fit within the watershed approach because the sources are generally from outside the affected watershed or waterbody. The challenges with atmospheric deposition and climate change require significant coordination and resources at the state, regional, national, and international level.

The NPS Program's goal is to develop a more complete understanding of the effects of atmospheric deposition and climate change on water quality and recommend appropriate public policies. The NPS Program's strategy is to:

- characterize and quantify contributions of atmospheric deposition to pollution loads as part of source assessments for TMDL planning;
- work with DEQ's Air Quality Monitoring Section to characterize and describe atmospheric deposition on impaired waterbodies;
- reduce other load sources of the pollutant to meet TMDL targets in watersheds where atmospheric deposition is a significant source of a pollutant and the specific sources cannot be identified or otherwise included in the plan;
- to report the water quality effects of atmospheric deposition to the Board of Environmental Review, the Environmental Quality Council, EPA, and Montana's Congressional delegation; and
- increase public awareness about the effects and potential threats of atmospheric deposition and climate change on water quality via information and educational activities.

### **3.4 WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND**

The Water Pollution Control State Revolving Fund program was established in the 1987 amendments to the federal CWA, which gave EPA the authority to make capitalization grants to states. The grants, along with state matching funds, provide financial assistance for constructing water pollution control projects.

Under Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 11, Montana Code Annotated (MCA), the 1989 Montana State Legislature passed the enabling legislation titled "Wastewater Treatment Revolving Fund Act," giving authority to DEQ and DNRC to adopt administrative rules for implementing the program. Legislation also granted these departments with the ability to generate state matching funds through the sale of State General Obligation Bonds. In 1991, 1995, 1997, 1999, 2001, and 2003, the Montana Legislature passed amendments to the Wastewater Treatment Revolving Fund Act. The 1997 amendments changed the title of the act from the Wastewater Treatment Revolving Fund Act to the Water Pollution Control State Revolving Fund (WPCSRF) and added NPS projects to the eligible project definition.

The long-term goal of WPCSRF is to maintain, restore, and enhance the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of Montana's waters for the benefit of the overall environment and the protection of public health, while maintaining a long-term, self-sustaining program.

Each year, the WPCSRF program prepares an Intended Use Plan and Project Priority List. Projects are ranked by priority using several criteria:

- the effects on water quality resulting from the current project situation
- the likelihood of improving water quality (restoring designated uses) after implementing the proposed project
- the pollution prevention efforts of the project sponsor
- the sponsor's readiness to proceed

The result is a relatively realistic priority list of eligible point and nonpoint projects to fund.

WPCSRF has an estimated funding capacity of around \$12 million per year for the next several years, assuming a consistent federal capitalization effort. At this time, the supply of funds exceeds demand; therefore, the program funds all potential projects. Since the program's inception in 1989, it has predominately funded municipal wastewater treatment and collection projects, although other funded projects have included agricultural BMPs, landfills, and stormwater projects, totaling about \$48 million.

Using CWA funds established under Section 106, WPCSRF also provides technical assistance to municipal wastewater treatment facilities around Montana. This includes operation and maintenance inspections, as well as comprehensive performance evaluations to optimize the facilities' treatment performances. WPCSRF funds training for wastewater operators and technical assistance to engineers and the public in wastewater treatment.

### **3.5 TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD PROGRAM (TMDL)**

A Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) is the maximum amount of a pollutant a waterbody can receive from all combined sources and still meet water quality standards. DEQ develops TMDLs for impaired or threatened waterbodies.

Montana code defines an impaired waterbody as "a waterbody or stream segment for which sufficient credible data shows that the waterbody or stream segment is failing to achieve compliance with applicable water quality standards" (MCA 75-5-103 (11)). A threatened waterbody is defined as "a waterbody or stream segment for which sufficient credible data and calculated increases in loads show that the waterbody or stream segment is fully supporting its designated uses but threatened for a particular designated use because of (a) proposed sources that are not subject to pollution prevention or control actions required by a discharge permit, the nondegradation provisions, or reasonable land, soil, and water conservation practices; or (b) documented adverse pollution trends" (MCA 75-5-103 (31)).

#### **3.5.1 TMDL Regulatory Requirements**

Montana law (MCA 75-5-703) directs DEQ to develop TMDLs for impaired or threatened waterbodies. The federal Clean Water Act (Section 303(d)) also requires TMDL development for these same waterbodies.

TMDLs are developed only for waterbodies impaired or threatened by a pollutant, such as sediment or copper. Because a waterbody can be impaired or threatened for multiple pollutants, an individual waterbody may require multiple TMDLs. For example, if one stream segment is impaired by sediment, copper, and iron, then that segment has three waterbody-pollutant combinations that must be addressed.

If impairment includes at least one pollutant, the impaired waterbody is reported in Category 5 of Montana's waterbody assessment reporting system and included in the Integrated Report as impaired. Specifically, the 303(d) list includes the waterbody-pollutant combinations that require TMDL development and are reported in Category 5. Waterbodies impaired only by non-pollutant causes (e.g., alterations in wetland habitats or physical substrate habitat alterations) are reported in Category 4C.

#### **3.5.2 TMDL Development and Implementation**

A technical and sometimes complex process, TMDL development includes the following components:

- Determining measurable target values to help evaluate the waterbody's condition in relation to the applicable water quality standards
- Quantifying the magnitude of pollutant contributions from their sources
- Determining the TMDL based on the allowable loading limit
- Allocating the total allowable load (TMDL) into individual loads for each source

In Montana, restoration strategies and monitoring recommendations are also incorporated in TMDL documents to help facilitate TMDL implementation.

Basically, developing a TMDL for an impaired waterbody is a problem-solving exercise. The problem is excess pollutant loading that impairs a designated use. The pollutants can enter a waterbody from both nonpoint sources (e.g., unchanneled sediment runoff or nutrient runoff from agriculture) or through point sources (e.g., pipes and other distinct conveyances). The solution is to identify the total acceptable pollutant load—the TMDL—identify all the significant pollutant-contributing sources, and identify where pollutant-loading reductions could be applied to achieve the acceptable load.

TMDLs are not self-executing and often function as information tools. Individual allocations for point sources (referred to as wasteload allocations) are implemented via discharge permits distributed through the Montana Pollutant Elimination System (MPDES). Allocations for nonpoint sources (referred to as load allocations) are predominately implemented via voluntary actions by landowners and interested citizens who volunteer their time and efforts.

### 3.5.3 TMDL Program Overview

DEQ believes that water quality restoration and protection are best addressed through integrated efforts within a defined geographic area. Thus, DEQ uses a watershed-based approach to develop multiple TMDLs as one project within watersheds, where the project area usually corresponds to a pre-defined TMDL Planning Area (TPA). TPAs generally follow USGS Hydrologic Unit Code 4th field (HUC4) boundaries. In a few cases TPAs are subsets within a HUC4, while in other cases TPAs include multiple HUC4 units. Additionally, the Clark Fork, Missouri, and Yellowstone rivers each form their own large river TPA.

Within a project area, TMDLs are developed for each waterbody impaired by the same pollutant category (e.g., if all the pollutants were metals) independent of when a waterbody is first put on the 303(d) list. This approach, referred to as “list neutral,” allows for greater efficiency and also results in a better understanding of impairment causes across the watershed. In addition, it allows for a better understanding of the contributing sources upon which TMDL allocations will be based. Thus, TMDL development supports watershed restoration planning that will wholly and expeditiously improve water quality throughout the watershed.

TMDL documentation generally takes 2 to 5 years to complete for each watershed, depending on the complexity of the system and available data and resources. Each document usually includes multiple TMDLs that address multiple waterbodies in a project area. After TMDL documents are reviewed by stakeholders and the public, they are submitted to EPA for approval. Sometimes the TMDL document will also address non-pollutant causes of impairment via water quality restoration recommendations that include the same restoration activities needed to satisfy one or more TMDLs contained within the

document. Thus, DEQ can identify and recommend improvements to address all impairment causes within a watershed.

### 3.5.4 TMDL Prioritization Process

To rank TMDL development by priority, several factors are considered, with the primary focus being completion of TMDLs in high priority watersheds or TPAs. **Appendix B** reports the TMDL development priority for all waterbody–pollutant combinations on the 303(d) list. The highest priority is assigned to waterbody–pollutant combinations in watersheds with TMDLs scheduled for completion by 2014. Medium priority is assigned to waterbody–pollutant combinations where TMDL development will begin before 2014 and be completed after 2014. All other waterbody–pollutant combinations are low priority.

The selection of high and medium priority watersheds for TMDL development is based on a combination of the following factors. The result is a significant focus on completing TMDLs within watersheds in Montana’s Columbia and Upper Missouri basins.

- **Stakeholder Interest.** TMDL development has historically focused on areas of significant stakeholder interest. There is benefit to completing TMDLs in areas where stakeholders will use the TMDL and water quality restoration planning process to help guide and assist with locally-led water quality implementation activities.
- **Significant New Pollutant Sources.** Many areas have water quality problems or concerns, linked to significant population growth. Other new pollutant sources can arise from proposed industrial or energy development activities, such as coal bed methane development. Addressing these concerns through a water quality planning process, such as a TMDL, makes this an important criterion for prioritizing TMDL development.
- **Linkage to MPDES Discharge Permits.** Pollutant levels within a MPDES permit area comprise a portion of the TMDL allocation. Therefore, TMDL development at a watershed scale is a critical component in determining appropriate permit requirements. This is particularly true when new permits are proposed or permits are being renewed. This criterion is often linked to the Significant New Pollutant Sources criterion above.
- **Information and Data Availability.** Work is often focused in areas where existing knowledge can facilitate TMDL development and data can be readily obtained by access to the waterbody. Existing knowledge includes available reference data, knowledge of aquatic resource and pollutant effects, source loading data, and data about existing conditions and capabilities. Waters that support coldwater fishes typically have more information and available data.
- **Existing Resource Commitments.** Watersheds where significant efforts have already been made to protect the resource and restore water quality will tend to have a high priority. Thus, DEQ can take advantage of the existing information, knowledge, and resource commitments that apply to TMDL development. This is often the case for TMDL development in bull trout watersheds in the Columbia basin, where there are numerous multi-agency recovery efforts. The priority approach also applies to watersheds where significant efforts are underway to clean up metals problems from mine wastes (e.g., in Landusky and the Judith Mountains).

- **Recreational, Economic, and Aesthetic Considerations.** Watersheds with high recreational, economic, and/or aesthetic value tend to receive higher priority. Economic interests often include important recreational fisheries but can also include protection of water quality for irrigation.
- **Protection and Restoration of Native Fish.** Protection of native fish is an important TMDL development consideration, particularly because the support of coldwater or warmwater fish is a commonly impaired beneficial use. The high priority watersheds tend to include important native bull trout and/or native cutthroat trout habitat.

### 3.6 COST-BENEFIT ASSESSMENT

Section 305(b) of the CWA requires states to “report on the economic and social benefits of actions necessary to achieve the objective of the CWA” (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1997). Several state, federal, and private entities implement water quality improvements in Montana. Details regarding the expense of these efforts are complex and not readily available for preparing a comprehensive cost-benefit assessment. Furthermore, most benefits are non-monetary and are, thus, hard to calculate.

The following provides a summary of the program costs and benefits associated primarily with DEQ’s point source and nonpoint source (NPS) efforts to achieve CWA objectives. Costs are estimated for state fiscal years 2009 (July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2009) and 2010 (July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2010). Because of how DEQ collects data, benefits are estimated for calendar years 2009 and 2010.

#### 3.6.1 Point Source Program Costs<sup>3</sup>

In fiscal years 2009 and 2010, approximately \$80 million was spent in Montana on municipal wastewater treatment and capital improvements of collection systems. This averages \$40 million per year spent to address point source pollution in Montana in FY2009 and FY2010. The estimate includes money spent by all funding agencies in the state, and some federal programs, and includes a one-time influx of American Reinvestment and Recovery Act (ARRA) funds. To gain a rough idea of how large the influx of ARRA funds was, the average amount spent on point sources in FY2006 and FY2007 was \$16.5 million per year.

The \$80 million for FY2009 and FY2010 includes about \$61.2 million from the Water Pollution Control State Revolving Fund (WPCSRF). Other state and federal programs fund the remainder. WPCSRF received a significant amount of ARRA funds in FY2009: about \$19 million through the SRF program. Capitalization grants from EPA (CWA Title VI Federal funds) for WPCSRF, along with state matching funds and recycled loan payments, provide financial assistance for water pollution control projects that target mostly point sources. In addition, WPCSRF provides training for wastewater operators and technical assistance (using CWA Section 106 funds) to operators, engineers, and the public in wastewater treatment.

Since 1991, WPCSRF has funded predominately municipal wastewater treatment and collection projects, totaling about \$276 million. This averages to about \$13.8 million per year, although that figure is skewed somewhat from the recent ARRA influx. WPCSRF funding has generally made up two-thirds to three-quarters of the total public funding for addressing point source issues in Montana. If the federal

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<sup>3</sup> Paul LaVigne, Montana DEQ, personal communication, 2011

capitalization grant funding remains consistent, WPCSRF will have an estimated funding capacity of around \$12 million per year for the next several years.

### 3.6.2 Nonpoint Source Program Costs<sup>4</sup>

Most of DEQ's Nonpoint Source (NPS) Program budget comes from EPA under CWA Section 319 grant funds. These Section 319 funds, granted annually, pay for 60% of NPS project grants in Montana as well as for DEQ's NPS-related program costs. EPA requires a non-federal match of 40% for the grants.

During FY2009, DEQ received grant requests for about \$1,117,700 to fund competitive watershed, groundwater, and information/education projects. DEQ awarded \$900,000 to 18 watershed restoration, groundwater, and education projects throughout Montana. Additionally, DEQ issued \$253,800 in TMDL planning grants, for a total of \$1,153,800 in distributed funds.

During FY2010, DEQ received grant requests totaling \$1,170,000 for competitive grants and \$300,000 in Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) planning grants. DEQ awarded approximately \$900,200 to seven competitive watershed projects, one groundwater project, and three information and education projects. Additionally, DEQ awarded about \$225,200 in TMDL planning grants, for a total of \$1,125,400 in grant awards to watershed groups, local governments, educational institutions, and nonprofit organizations.

Thus, the average annual amount of NPS funds that went to planning, restoration, groundwater, and education projects averaged about \$1.14 million over FY2009 and FY2010. To compare, the average annual amount of Section 319 funds spent in Montana from 1995 to 2007 was about \$1.5 million.

As previously stated, EPA requires a non-federal match of 40% for the Section 319 grant program. Usually grantees provide the minimum grant match requirement of 40% through in-kind services, project property owner contributions, and often other state agency grant awards (usually through Department of Natural Resources and Conservation, and Fish, Wildlife and Parks awards). For FY2009, grantees committed about \$967,600 in matching funds and in-kind services. For FY2010, grantees have contractual obligations for about \$791,000 in non-federal match reporting.

For FY2009 and FY2010, Nonpoint Source Program project costs, including EPA funding and committed local match, total \$4.04 million, or about \$2 million per year.

Historically, Section 319 grants were largely awarded to watershed restoration projects rather than TMDL planning projects (Rung, 2007). Recently, (2004 – 2009) TMDL planning funding and restoration and education project funding levels were similar. As DEQ works to complete TMDL plans, funding is expected to again shift more toward restoration projects.

In addition to the monies above, for FY2009 and FY2010, EPA has awarded DEQ about \$1.35 million annually to fund internal program staff and support NPS activities in Montana. When the 40% match requirement is added to this figure (the staffing and support match is derived from the state's general fund), the average total amount spent on internal staffing and support for the Nonpoint Source Program is \$2.25 million per year. Internal department activities supported by the Section 319 program include water quality monitoring and assessment, quality assurance and quality control, data and information

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<sup>4</sup> Robert Ray, Montana DEQ, personal communication, 2011

management, water quality planning and TMDL development, nonpoint source program development and support, and conditioning permits under the state's CWA 401 authority.

In summary, funding for DEQ's NPS Program over the past 2 years has been about \$4.22 million per year. Of this, about half supports internal activities and half goes to competitively-funded activities through grant awards to address nonpoint source pollution. Over the past 5 years there has been a general decreasing trend in funding and EPA's Montana appropriation. DEQ expects funds in FY2012 to be cut by approximately 20%, based on President Obama's proposed 2012 budget, which has not yet been appropriated by Congress.

In addition to NPS monies so far discussed, since 1996 WPCSRF has also funded NPS projects, including agricultural best management practices, landfills, and stormwater projects. WPCSRF funds for NPS projects have averaged approximately \$4.9 million per year during FY2009 and FY2010. This amount is above and beyond the \$30.6 million annual average for WPCSRF-funded point source control projects during the same time period.

### 3.6.3 Other Costs of Protecting Water Quality in Montana<sup>5</sup>

Montana Wetland Program funding is based on federal grants (Wetland Program Development Grants) matched by some general fund money but mostly by Montana Clean Water State Revolving Fund monies. The federal grants are competitive within EPA Region 8 states, tribes, and local governments and becoming harder to obtain each year.

The DEQ Wetland Program, which supports two FTEs, costs about \$215,000 per year; about \$75,000 comes from the Montana Clean Water State Revolving Fund and \$25,000 comes from Montana's general fund. The remaining costs (about \$115,000) have been funded by federal Wetland Program Development grants (WPDG). Typically, WPDGs are less than \$100,000 but run for more than 1 year, hence the amount over \$100,000. In Montana FY2011, DEQ received \$186,000 for two 2-year projects, which contractors and DEQ will use to support wetland projects.

The federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires the state to conduct source water assessments for new drinking water sources at public water systems. The assessments, conducted by DEQ's Source Water Protection Program, identify point and nonpoint sources of contamination to groundwater. DEQ decides whether to approve or not approve proposed development sites based, in part, on these assessments. While this effort helps drinking water sources avoid contaminants, it does not eliminate contaminant sources. DEQ reviews between 45 and 80 new public drinking water sources per year and requires 0.35 FTE from the Source Water Protection Program.<sup>6</sup> The costs are about \$23,300 per year.<sup>7</sup>

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<sup>5</sup> Joe Meek, Montana DEQ, personal communication, 2011

<sup>6</sup> Four hours average per source results in 0.35 FTE at \$32/hr (the cost for an FTE based on budget template that includes indirects, etc.), thus \$23,300 per year.

<sup>7</sup> The Source Water Protection Program uses the assessment prepared by DEQ to document the presence or absence of sources of certain contaminants. For example, if a public water system has sources located in isolated or remote areas not likely influenced by significant human activities, a Source Water Protection Plan could be used to support a waiver from monitoring requirements for certain volatile organic compounds, which can save up to a few thousand dollars every decade.

### 3.6.4 Summary of Montana’s Clean Water Costs

The average annual cost for Montana’s point and nonpoint source pollution programs from all funding sources was approximately \$49.2 million in FY2009 and FY2010 (**Table 3-5**). This figure, however, does not include enforcement, permitting, or public drinking water programs, which are quite small expenses compared with the \$49.2 million figure. The \$49.2 million cost is more than double that from FY2006 and FY2007 (\$23.3 million), mostly because of the one-time injection of ARRA funds into point source efforts. DEQ spent another \$220,000 per year on wetland protection and the Safe Drinking Water Act.

**Table 3-5. Summary of Average Annual Costs for CWA Programs in Montana (FY2009 and FY2010)**

Activity	Total (millions of dollars)
<b>NPS Control Programs</b>	<b>\$9.2</b>
NPS staffing and support	\$2.3 (1.4 + 0.9 matching)
NPS restoration, planning, info	\$2.0
WPCSRF NPS funds	\$4.9
<b>Point Source Control Programs</b>	<b>\$40</b>
WPCSRF funds	\$30.6
Other state and federal programs	\$ 9.4
<b>Other Costs</b>	
Wetlands	<b>\$0.2</b>
Safe Water Drinking Act	<b>\$0.02</b>

### 3.6.5 Benefits of Complying with the CWA in Montana

While the benefits of clean water and a healthy environment may be challenging to quantify, in pure economic numbers, it’s importance to and benefits derived by all plants and animals (including humans) cannot be understated. Indeed, several aspects of water quality management programs are simply designed to prevent the deterioration of current conditions, for example by preserving water quality standards and controlling point sources of pollutants. Without water quality management, however, the benefits of aesthetics, recreational activities (fishing/swimming), and drinking water supplies, to name a few, would be lost.

Though DEQ can quantify the many dollars that are spent to maintain the status quo (i.e., existing water quality benefits), putting a dollar amount on aesthetics, recreational opportunities, and benefits to plants and animals is more difficult. Further, many benefits of maintaining water quality indirectly benefit people in ways that are hard to see, such as promoting healthy nutrient cycles.

In general, the benefits of maintaining and improving the quality of Montana’s waters (including wetlands) are:

- Preservation or improvement of the quality and monetary value of Montana’s water-related recreational activities, including fishing, commercial and non-commercial boating, swimming,

whitewater rafting, river floating, and birding/wildlife viewing.<sup>8</sup> This applies to both in-state and out-of-state recreationists.

- Protection for industrial, commercial, and municipal uses, thereby reducing or eliminating the cost of treatment for protecting human health.
- Protection for agriculture, including keeping irrigation ditches free from nuisance algae and keeping range animals healthy.
- Maintenance of property values for homes, businesses, and land where clean water is a major attribute of that value.
- Protection of aquatic wildlife and its associated ecological value, including riparian and wetland species. Regarding state species of concern, 25% of mammals rely on riparian forests or wetlands; 41% of birds rely on wetlands, riparian forest, or streams/rivers/lakes; and 44% of reptiles and 100% of amphibians rely on streams/lakes/rivers or wetlands for essential habitat.<sup>9</sup> In addition, 87% of species that are federally listed as endangered or threatened, or that are candidates for listing in Montana, rely on wetlands or riparian areas for a critical aspect of their life cycle.<sup>10</sup> Several fish species are federally listed as endangered or threatened, or as a state species of concern.
- Protection of aquatic and terrestrial habitats (including natural functions such as nutrient cycling) that require high-quality waters. This may include riparian vegetation. Two of Montana's three federally listed threatened plants are wetland obligates, meaning they cannot exist without wetland habitats.
- Protection of water for downstream states. As a headwater state, Montana's waters play a crucial role in preserving or improving the quality of water for states downstream of Montana.
- Maintenance of jobs and incomes from water quality efforts beyond what would otherwise exist without these efforts, including consultants, contractors, field crews, and retailers of equipment and supplies.

### **3.6.5.1 Point Source Program Benefits<sup>11</sup>**

The long-term goal (and benefit) of the Water Pollution Control State Revolving Fund (WPCSRF) is to maintain, restore, and enhance the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the state's waters for the benefit of the overall environment and the protection of public health, while maintaining a long-term, self-sustaining program. With CWA Section 106 funds, the WPCSRF program also provides technical assistance to municipal wastewater treatment facilities around Montana. This assistance includes training, operation, and maintenance inspections and comprehensive performance evaluations to optimize the treatment performance of these facilities.

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<sup>8</sup> Wildlife viewing is the number one reason people visit Montana (Institute for Tourism and Recreation Research, 2001). In 2001, 325,000 nonresidents and 362,000 residents participated in wildlife watching in Montana. Montana has the highest percentage of birding participation in the nation—44% of Montana residents watch birds—compared with a national average of 22% (USFWS, 2001); retrieved from <http://www.montanabirdingtrail.org/benefits.php>. In addition, fishing is one of the most popular income-generating, water-related activities in Montana. State waters include several “blue ribbon trout” rivers and streams, which benefit directly from high water quality.

<sup>9</sup> [http://mtnhp.org/reports/MASOC\\_2009.pdf](http://mtnhp.org/reports/MASOC_2009.pdf)

<sup>10</sup> Of the 82 documented odonates (dragonfly and damselfly species) in Montana, 7 are species of special concern and 27 are potential species of conservation concern; 71% and 85%, respectively, are wetland obligates.

<sup>11</sup> Paul LaVigne, personal communication, 2011

The beneficial economic impacts of Montana’s WPCSRF program on water quality and public health in calendar years 2009 and 2010 were:

- improved quality of various state waters by upgrading, expanding, or replacing 11 inadequate secondary treatment systems that empty into state waters;
- improved water quality and reduced operating expenses of 30 municipal wastewater projects by reducing infiltration and inflow in the collection systems and replacing leaky pipes to prevent stormwater runoff or groundwater from entering the system;
- improved groundwater quality and reduced potential public health hazards by replacing septic systems with community collection and treatment systems on two projects (improved groundwater quality leads to higher quality well water that can be used for various activities, such as municipal water supply and irrigation;)
- reduced nutrient and other pollutant loading to state waters by funding 13 projects involving advanced treatment processes, such as nutrient removal and disinfection; and
- protected water quality by funding approximately 30 NPS projects, helping state waters maintain or improve their capacity for designated uses.

As an example, the city of Bozeman, Montana, has benefited from the state’s point source programs. Bozeman used WPCSRF money and other funds to upgrade its conventional secondary treatment facility to an enhanced biological nutrient removal facility. The new treatment plant significantly increases the removal of nitrogen and phosphorous from discharges. This project was initiated to aid the restoration of the aquatic life beneficial use of the East Gallatin River per a TMDL.

### **3.6.5.2 Nonpoint Source Program Benefits**

The goal (or benefit) of the state’s NPS program is to manage and reduce nonpoint source pollutants so that waterbodies support their beneficial uses or, where impaired, improve sufficiently to allow full support of all beneficial uses. During calendar years 2009 and 2010, DEQ activities targeting NPS-related issues included: (1) development and maintenance of the state’s water quality standards, (2) water quality monitoring and waterbody standards attainment assessments, (3) development and implementation of water quality plans containing TMDLs, (4) improved data management and reporting tools, and (5) management of the Section 319 grant program.

Highlights:

- completed water quality plans (including 246 TMDLs) for 10 TMDL Planning Areas:
  - Prospect Creek (sediment)
  - Upper and North Fork Big Hole
  - Shields (sediment)
  - Middle and Lower Big Hole
  - Boulder
  - Lower Blackfoot
  - Upper Jefferson (sediment)
  - Upper Clark Fork (sediment, metals, and temperature)
  - West Fork Gallatin
  - Redwater (nutrients and salinity)
- provided \$479,028 in CWA Section 319 grant funds to local entities to assist in TMDL development

- provided \$1,281,920 for local watershed restoration projects; \$193,000 for groundwater projects; and \$325,170 for education and outreach projects to 30 conservation districts, watershed groups, and other project sponsors. Benefits from restoration projects include:
  - estimated reduction of 18,308 tons of sediment per year from new projects in 2009 and 2010 in streams impaired by sediment
  - estimated reduction of 9,200 pounds of nitrogen per year from new projects in 2009 and 2010 in streams impaired by high nutrient concentrations
  - estimated reduction of 1,200 pounds of phosphorus per year from new projects initiated in 2009 and 2010 in streams impaired by high nutrient concentrations
- conducted a triennial review of Montana’s Water Quality Standards
- continued developing numeric nutrient standards and implementation strategies
- continued development of Montana’s Water Quality Assessment, Reporting, & Documentation system adding explicit (impairment) cause tracking from initial listing to final de-listing (i.e., restoration achieved and use(s) supported)
- implementation of a new water quality metric data and information management system complying with EPA’s national Water Quality Exchange database

### **3.6.5.3 Source Water Protection Benefits**

Source water protection can help communities avoid costs related to contamination, including the costs of:

- treatment and/or remediation
- finding and developing new water supplies and/or providing emergency replacement water
- abandoning a drinking water supply because of contamination
- paying for consulting services and staff time
- litigating against responsible parties
- conducting public information campaigns when incidents arouse public and media interest in source water pollution
- meeting the regulations of the Safe Drinking Water Act, such as the Disinfection Byproduct and monitoring requirements

Costs that are not so easily quantified include:

- health-related costs from exposure to contaminated water
- lost production of individuals and businesses, interruption of fire protection, and loss of economic development opportunities
- lack of community acceptance of treated drinking water

Communities with effective drinking water contamination prevention programs may enjoy substantial savings in the costs of complying with the Safe Drinking Water Act or similar state regulations. For example, water purveyors that minimize algae growth by preventing nutrients from entering water supply reservoirs will have lower costs for treating the water to remove total organic carbon (in compliance with the Disinfection Byproducts Rule). Fire- or beetle-killed pines in certain forested watersheds are a real concern because of a forest’s potential to mobilize sediments and nutrients. Bozeman is collaborating with the U.S. Forest Service to implement a fire hazard reduction plan to address this issue.

Finally, water suppliers that have programs to prevent contamination of drinking water may also be eligible for waivers from some monitoring requirements, thereby reducing monitoring costs.

## 4.0 SURFACE WATER MONITORING AND ASSESSMENT

Under authority of Montana’s Water Quality Act (MCA 75-5-702 and 75-5-703(7)), and as delegated under the federal Clean Water Act (CWA), DEQ directly monitors the surface waters of the state and works with other agencies and organizations to collect water quality data and observations. DEQ conducts assessments of the state’s surface water quality and makes determinations of beneficial-use support. This section includes the status of Montana’s surface waters and surface water-related monitoring programs.

### 4.1 MONITORING PROGRAM

DEQ implements a water quality monitoring and assessment program that supports several program areas. Specifically, the monitoring and assessment program conducts or assists with:

- collection and analysis of physical, chemical, and biological data to:
  - assess and document whether waters are supporting their beneficial uses and meet water quality standards (WQS);
  - support the development of water quality models, water quality standards, TMDL development; and
  - assess the effectiveness of pollution control and restoration activities
- development and application of water quality assessment methods

#### 4.1.1 Purpose of the Monitoring Program

The Monitoring & Assessment Section implements monitoring strategies, as outlined in its statewide monitoring strategy (Montana Department of Environmental Quality, 2009). The document outlines short term (5-year) and long term (10-year) monitoring objectives as well as ongoing monitoring projects.

##### 4.1.1.1 Monitoring Goals

The monitoring goals for 2009-2010 were to:

- continue and expand a baseline reference stream monitoring program in collaboration with the University of Montana;
- continue and expand biological monitoring to support bio-criteria development;
- continue and support water quality standards development; and
- continue and support a variety of special studies and assessments (e.g., addressing public requests to add or remove waters from the 303(d) list, etc.).

##### 4.1.1.2 Monitoring Objectives and Design

DEQ designs each monitoring project to ensure that it meets its objectives. At present, the majority of the monitoring projects use a design approach that focuses on a specific objective or set of objectives.

**Section 4.1.3** provides a brief summary of each project.

#### 4.1.2 Coordination and Collaboration

Coordination and collaboration with other entities to implement essential and effective monitoring projects, and to maintain project continuity as long as needed, is important for the state’s water quality

program. Thus, DEQ has developed and maintains partnerships and cooperative agreements with the Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Forest Service, University of Montana, and U.S. Geological Survey. Additionally, DEQ has agreements with several conservation districts, watershed groups, and nonprofit organizations. **Sections 4.1.2.1 – 4.1.2.6** provide brief discussions of these agreements.

#### **4.1.2.1 Bureau of Land Management (BLM)**

The objective of the BLM's water quality monitoring program is to determine if the waters that flow through BLM-administered lands meet state water quality standards. To achieve this goal, DEQ and BLM established a Memorandum of Understanding. For the last 6 years, five to seven candidate reference sites have been sampled (three times per year) within, or adjacent to, BLM-administered lands. Funding for this program is cost-shared with the BLM.

#### **4.1.2.2 United States Forest Service (USFS)**

The U.S. Forest Service (USFS) monitors waters within national forest lands. DEQ uses USFS data in water quality assessments and in the development of watershed restoration plans and TMDLs.

#### **4.1.2.3 United States Geological Survey (USGS)**

DEQ partners with the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) on several surface water monitoring projects through Joint Funding Agreements (JFA). The USGS provides technical staff and equipment to conduct streamflow (discharge) monitoring, water quality monitoring and analysis, data management, and hydrological research and analysis where DEQ does not have the resources to conduct them. DEQ is working with the USGS in the Flathead, Powder, Tongue, Yellowstone, Poplar, and Missouri river basins. Data collected by the USGS is available to the public online via their National Water Information System at <http://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis>.

#### **4.1.2.4 University of Montana (UM)**

The Watershed Health Clinic of the Environmental Studies Program at the University of Montana, Missoula (UM), provides support, via DEQ contract, for the state's reference project (**see section 4.1.3.1**). Under this contract, graduate students provide labor for the collection of field samples and sample analyses in UM's laboratory. DEQ provides funds, training, and most of the necessary field supplies for UM field crews.

#### **4.1.2.5 Tri-State Water Quality Council**

The nonprofit Tri-State Water Quality Council is a partnership of diverse community, business, and governmental interests working together to improve and protect water quality throughout the 26,000-square-mile Clark Fork-Pend Oreille watershed. The watershed includes the Clark Fork River in western Montana, Pend Oreille Lake in northern Idaho, and the Pend Oreille River in eastern Washington. The Council's long-term monitoring program tracks the effectiveness of the Clark Fork-Pend Oreille basin water quality management plan that is focused on various interstate water quality issues including nutrient loading and eutrophication, metals, and noxious aquatic plants. A council member, DEQ provides funding and technical support for the council's monitoring program.

#### **4.1.2.6 Conservation Districts, Watershed Groups, and Other Nonprofit Organizations**

Partnerships with conservation districts, local watershed groups, water quality districts and nonprofit organizations with an interest in water quality issues vary. Some simply ask to be informed of monitoring events in their area, while others assist with stream access through private lands. Others are fully involved in actual sampling efforts. These partnerships often continue from initial monitoring

efforts through TMDL development and implementation projects funded by contracts or grants administered by DEQ.

### **4.1.3 Monitoring Networks and Projects**

DEQ undertook several monitoring projects during 2009-2010, which are presented briefly in **Sections 4.1.3.1–4.1.3.4**. The monitoring projects were:

- reference sites
- lakes and reservoirs
- Flathead Lake watershed
- Other monitoring

#### **4.1.3.1 Reference Site Monitoring Project**

Montana’s narrative water quality standards are written in terms of “reference conditions.” Thus, an assessment of water quality relative to narrative criteria requires an evaluation of current conditions relative to the water’s reference condition. To begin establishing reference conditions for Montana’s waters DEQ initiated a project in the early 1990s to define the water quality and biological characteristics of minimally disturbed streams, with the focus on wadeable streams. The objectives of the project were to establish a network of reference sites and define reference conditions to guide water quality assessment decisions. A network of monitoring locations was established on sites that resource managers had deemed minimally disturbed by humans (Bahls, et al., 1992). Water column and biological samples were collected, as well as field parameters of water quality. In 2000, DEQ began a second phase of the study, using more refined and rigorous screening methods than employed earlier (Suplee, et al., 2005). In 2009, a total of 16 candidate reference sites were sampled three times per summer. Protocols used in the reference project are described in the Quality Assurance Project Plan Reference Addendum (Montana Department of Environmental Quality, 2005b). In 2010, our objective was to collect data on 35 established reference site streams using the proposed sediment assessment methodology (Kusnierz and Welch, 2011) as well as collecting nutrient data from selected sites.

#### **4.1.3.2 Lakes and Reservoirs Monitoring**

DEQ received a request to sample Middle Foy Lake, near the city of Kalispell, following reports of brown water coloration and possible algal blooms on the lake in 2009. In 2010, Middle Foy Lake was sampled for nutrients, metals, and chlorophyll-*a*. A habitat assessment was also conducted in the lake.

#### **4.1.3.3 Flathead Lake Watershed Monitoring**

As part of the Phase 2 nutrient TMDL development for Flathead Lake watershed, DEQ has conducted monitoring to support watershed and reservoir model development. The program is a cooperative effort among DEQ, USGS, UM, and private sector contractors. Monitoring includes streamflow and water quality on the main rivers and select tributaries above Flathead Lake and monitoring lake and reservoir profiles to characterize the fate and transport of pollutants (Flynn, et al., 2011). During 2009 and 2010, waters that were monitored, in cooperation with the USGS, included the North Fork Flathead, Flathead River (near Columbia Falls and above Flathead Lake), Stillwater River, Whitefish River, Ashley Creek, Swan River, Flathead Lake, Hungry Horse Reservoir, Whitefish Lake, and select tributaries to Hungry Horse Reservoir.

#### 4.1.3.4 Other Monitoring

The Monitoring and Assessment Section conducted monitoring activities on a number of other projects that were either focused on limited geographic areas and/or for specific program objectives.

- **Nutrient Criteria Development Monitoring**

The objective of this monitoring project was to fill identified data gaps in the development of numeric nutrient criteria for the state. In order to establish these criteria for Montana streams, Suplee *et al.* (Suplee, et al., 2008) recommended that unique level IV ecoregions be segregated only for rule-making if they have a per-nutrient minimum of 12 independent samples—from reference sites—during base flow. Thus this project was to fill existing data gaps for those level IV ecoregions that are likely unique but that have less than the 12 sample-per-ecoregion minimum. In 2009, 23 streams were sampled.

- **Boxelder Creek Nutrient Addition Project**

The objective of this monitoring project is to determine the effects of varied levels of nutrient enrichment on water quality and beneficial uses for perennial and intermittent prairie streams in eastern Montana. Located in Carter and Fallon counties of SE Montana, Boxelder Creek is a (state use) class C-3 prairie stream. Draft nutrient criteria have been developed for wadeable streams on prairie streams (Suplee, et al., 2008), but DEQ believes more work is required to refine these criteria. The results of this project will advance and improve the nutrient criteria for eastern Montana prairie streams. This project will continue through 2011.

- **Little Beaver Creek Monitoring**

The objectives for monitoring on Little Beaver Creek are: 1) collect nutrient data in response to landowner concerns about water quality, 2) to improve DEQ's dataset and understanding of prairie streams, and 3) collect data on a wadeable stream reference site. Located in Carter and Fallon counties of SE Montana, Little Beaver Creek is a (state use) class C-3 prairie stream that is intermittent from its headwaters to Sheep Camp Creek and then perennial to its mouth. The Carter County (upper) portion of Little Beaver Creek has been sampled since 2007 with the focus on getting baseline nutrient data. In addition, several long-term (YSI) data recorders have since been installed to obtain data on dissolved oxygen, pH, specific conductivity, and water temperature.

- **Macroinvertebrate–Nutrient Project**

The objective of this project is to collect data to validate an improved Montana observed/expected (O/E) macro invertebrate indicator model. The current Montana O/E Indicator model was built with data collected from multiple sources, each employing different sampling protocols. Preliminary results from a study of the two main macro invertebrate sampling methods used by DEQ (kick net and EMAP Reach Wide (EMAP-RW)) showed that using different protocols can produce different O/E results for the same site. DEQ has adopted the EMAP-RW (Peck, et al., 2003) method. Thus, there is a need to collect more data using this method at DEQ-approved reference sites. Macro invertebrate data was collected in 50 reference sites in 2009.

- **Missouri River Nutrient Model**

The objective of this project is to collect hydrologic and water quality data to support the development of numeric nutrient criteria for a large river segment of the upper Missouri River

using a water-quality model. Data collection was conducted by DEQ and USGS and included chemistry, biology, and field parameters. This project began in 2010 and will continue through 2011.

- **Use Attainability Project**

The objective of the use attainability project was to evaluate seven streams that were listed for metals in the 2006 Integrated Report. The only source found on these streams was natural; hence, the streams were placed in Category 2B, which indicates that a WQS is exceeded from natural sources only. The streams were re-evaluated in 2009. Results were reported in the 2010 Integrated Report (Montana Department of Environmental Quality, 2010). In 2010, another use attainability project was initiated in the Helena Valley Irrigation Canal (Assessment Unit ID: MT41I007\_030) to determine whether this canal should be classified as a B-1 water (ARM 17.30.606 and 17.30.610).

- **Milk River Project**

The objective of this monitoring project is to collect data in known data gaps on the Milk River to support 303(d) listings and future TMDL development. In 2010, 11 sites were sampled in the Milk River mainstem for nutrients, total dissolved solids, total suspended solids, and metals. This project was a joint effort between DEQ, the Milk River Watershed Alliance, and the Phillips and Hill Conservation Districts.

- **Scotchman Gulch and Flat Gulch Projects**

The objective of these monitoring projects is to collect sediment and nutrient data to conduct new water quality assessments in response to a request from a private landowner and BLM to de-list the waters from the state's 303(d) list. Located in Granite County in western Montana, Scotchman Gulch is a (state use) class B-1 perennial stream flowing into Upper Willow Creek and Flat Gulch is a (state use) class B-1 intermittent stream flowing into Rock Creek. Both streams are currently on the 303(d) list. The upper portions of both gulches are primarily public land managed by the BLM and USFS, whereas the lower portions are mainly private. This project will evaluate whether Scotchman Gulch and Flat Gulch support their beneficial uses. This project began in 2009 and will be completed in late 2011.

- **Swift Creek Project**

The objective of this monitoring project is to collect water chemistry and biological data to conduct new water quality assessments in response to a request from a private landowner to de-list Swift Creek from the state's 303(d) list. Swift Creek and its east and west forks are (state use) class A-1 tributaries of Whitefish Lake in Flathead County. These streams are primarily located on Plum Creek Timber Company property, Flathead National Forest, and Stillwater State Forest. Swift Creek is currently on the 303(d) list with aquatic life and coldwater fishes impaired by nutrients; whereas both the east and west forks of Swift Creek fully support the aquatic life and coldwater fishes beneficial uses. Nutrients, metals, chlorophyll-*a*, periphyton, and macro invertebrate data were collected on the three streams such that each can be fully assessed following the state's revised assessment methods for nutrients and metals (Drygas, 2011; Suplee and Sada de Suplee, 2011). This project will be completed in 2011.

- **TMDL Planning Area Projects**

The objectives of these monitoring projects are to collect data in support of TMDL development. In 2009, DEQ worked with UM to collect data in priority TMDL planning areas (TPAs). Two

graduate students collected nutrients and metals data from 44 sites on the Middle Clark Fork, Clark Fork-Drummond, and Rock TPAs. In 2010, DEQ continued data collection on these three TPAs and began collecting data on the Boulder-Elkhorn, Upper Clark Fork, Little Blackfoot, and Holter TPAs. Nutrient and metals data were collected at approximately 180 sites.

- **Clark Fork – Pend Oreille Basin Monitoring**

The objectives of this monitoring project are to: 1) monitor long-term trends in water quality in the Montana portion of the Clark Fork – Pend Oreille basin; and 2) monitor nutrient loading into Lake Pend Oreille (ID) with explicit partitioning of loads to Montana and Idaho. The program is managed by the Tri-State Water Quality Council with funding from council members.

The monitoring program consists of measuring field parameters and collecting nutrient and algae samples at monitoring locations on the Clark Fork River and selected tributaries, Lake Pend Oreille, and the Pend Oreille River within the Clark Fork-Pend Oreille watershed of western Montana, northern Idaho, and northeastern Washington. Responsibility for monitoring the 23 sites in the network is divided among multiple organizations and agencies that form the Council's Monitoring Committee. In 2010 monitoring occurred at 13 monitoring stations on the Clark Fork River and selected tributaries, at eight monitoring stations on Lake Pend Oreille, and at two monitoring stations on the Pend Oreille River. (HydroSolutions, Inc., 2011).

- Montana and Idaho Border Nutrient Load Agreement

The Montana and Idaho Border Nutrient Load Memorandum of Agreement (Border Agreement) (Tri-State Water Quality Council, 2002) was established in 2002, based on the Tri-State Water Quality Council's recommended nutrient targets and apportioned nutrient loads to Lake Pend Oreille (Tri-State Water Quality Council, 2001). Nutrient targets established in the Border Agreement were developed to maintain water quality in the open waters of Lake Pend Oreille from the mouth of the Clark Fork River to the Long Bridge (Highway 95). In the Border Agreement open water is defined as water where the maximum depth is greater than 2.5 times water transparency as measured by Secchi depth. Nutrient targets are outlined in section VII of the Border Agreement as follows:

- an area-weighted euphotic-zone average concentration of 7.3 µg/L total phosphorus for Lake Pend Oreille;
- total loading to Lake Pend Oreille of 328,651 kilograms per year (kg/year) total phosphorus;
  - 259,500 kg/year total phosphorus from Montana (as measured at Clark Fork River below Cabinet Gorge Dam)
  - 69,151 kg/year total phosphorus from Lake Pend Oreille watershed in Idaho
- greater than 15:1 total nitrogen to total phosphorus ratio

An exceedance of the nutrient targets occurs when either of the following conditions are documented:

- a) A short-term exceedance of the targets (three consecutive years of total phosphorus load increases at the border that are above the targets by greater than 10%); or

- b) A long-term exceedance of the targets (a ten year average total phosphorus concentration in the lake greater than 7.3 µg/L).
- o 2010 Clark Fork River Nutrient Load Estimate  
Nutrient loading from Montana’s Clark Fork River watershed are measured monthly below Cabinet Gorge Dam situated at the state border. Additional monitoring events are conducted during spring time peak flows. Nutrient loading to Lake Pend Oreille from the Clark Fork River were calculated for 2010 by the Tri-State Water Quality Council using the FLUX model applying nutrient concentration-flow regressions to daily flow values (HydroSolutions, Inc., 2011).

Nutrient loading estimates from the Clark Fork River to Lake Pend Oreille in 2010 are provided below:

- Clark Fork River inflow 16,072 hm<sup>3</sup> or 13,029,731 acre-feet
- Total phosphorus loading 139,054 kilograms or 306,562 pounds
- Total nitrogen loading 2,234,235 kilograms or 4,925,645 pounds

The estimated TP load to Lake Pend Oreille from the Clark Fork River in 2010 is less than the Clark Fork River allocated target load of 259,500 kilograms per year. Three consecutive years of TP loads are needed to evaluate short-term exceedance of the target. Evaluation of the short-term target will be possible following the 2011 monitoring season. Although no targets were established for TN loading to Lake Pend Oreille, they are reported above.

The full suite of Lake Pend Oreille nutrient targets were not evaluated due to the lack of available monitoring data in Lake Pend Oreille.

## 4.2 ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

The Montana Water Quality Act requires “a comprehensive program for the prevention, abatement, and control of water pollution” and directs “the department to monitor state waters to accurately assess their quality and, when required, to develop total maximum daily loads for those waterbodies identified as threatened or impaired.” It further states “[t]he department shall use the monitoring results to revise the list of waterbodies that are identified as threatened or impaired and to establish a priority ranking for TMDL development for those waters” (MCA 75-5-701, MCA 75-5-702).

The Montana Water Quality Act also requires DEQ to “[d]evelop and maintain a data management system that can be used to assess the validity and reliability of the data used in the listing and priority ranking process” (MCA 75-5-702(5)). This section also satisfies the federal CWA requirements in 40 CFR Part 130.4(b) and 40 CFR Part 130.7(b)(5) that “[t]he state’s water monitoring program shall include collection and analysis of physical, chemical, and biological data, and quality assurance and control programs to assure scientifically valid data.” and “[e]ach state shall assemble and evaluate all existing and readily available water quality-related data and information to develop the list.” DEQ’s data management system permits assessors to document all the measures of data rigor. This assessment record allows users to understand the assessors’ basis (i.e., level of underlying information) for their use-support decisions.

Once the state determines that sufficient credible data exists for a waterbody, beneficial-use support may be assessed using DEQ's Water Quality Assessment Method (**Attachment 1**). The assessment method provides a structured and consistent process to assess Montana's waters.

#### **4.2.1 Identification of Available Water Quality Data**

DEQ is required by state law to assemble and evaluate all existing and readily available water quality-related data and information for assessing surface water quality in Montana. DEQ must ensure that the data used for assessments are valid and reliable.

To prepare Montana's Water Quality Integrated Report, DEQ solicits outside data and information from other local, state, and federal agencies; volunteer monitoring groups; private entities; nonprofit organizations; and individuals involved in water quality monitoring and management. The data and information obtained are combined with the results of DEQ's ongoing monitoring efforts to provide the basis for water quality assessments. Data submitted from outside sources must be defensible and the quality of that data known before it is considered for use in assessments. DEQ may decide not to use particular data or information that does not meet data quality requirements that are identified in the assessment methods and Montana's Call for Existing and Readily Available Data.

#### **4.2.2 Data Quality Evaluation**

The Montana Water Quality Act (MWQA) directs DEQ to conduct a data quality evaluation to determine where it has sufficient credible data for an assessment. MWQA defines sufficient credible data as "chemical, physical, or biological monitoring data, alone or in combination with narrative information that supports a finding as to whether a waterbody is achieving compliance with applicable water quality standards" (MCA 75-5-103). The data evaluation is simply a quality assessment that considers the technical, representativeness, quality, and currency components of data and information that is available.

Using data quality assessments (DQA), DEQ reviews chemical, biological, and physical/habitat data to determine if it has adequate rigor for use in decision-making. The technical, spatial/temporal, and quality aspects, as well as age, of the data are considered. In addition, data must represent the ambient water quality conditions in order to be useful for assessing the waterbody. If data are of sufficient quality, they are incorporated into the water quality assessments. Data quality assessments are conducted individually for each waterbody per each beneficial use and pollutant group (e.g., aquatic life–nutrients). The process allows DEQ to make decisions for individual beneficial uses when sufficient data is available for specific pollutants identified as likely to impair that use.

The pollutant-based assessment methods have minimum data requirements, including data independence, which must be met before applying the decision-making criteria.

#### **4.2.3 Beneficial-Use Support**

DEQ has developed assessment methods for nutrients, sediment, and metals pollutant groups, which represent the most common pollutants impairing Montana's surface waters. Each pollutant method provides the framework for conducting sound and consistent water quality assessments, which allows DEQ to make reproducible and defensible beneficial-use support decisions. Each pollutant group is evaluated independently in order to determine support of beneficial uses.

The assessment methods are designed to assess to the most sensitive beneficial use. Industrial uses are considered the least sensitive use since standards for aquatic life and drinking water uses are more protective. Therefore, if a waterbody supports aquatic life, drinking water, and recreation beneficial uses, the state assumes it will also support agricultural and industrial uses. However, additional salinity and toxicity information may be required to determine suitability for agricultural use.

Decisions are recorded in the waterbody's assessment record and into EPA's water quality assessment program (Assessment Database – ADB version 2.2), which is used to report assessment unit information and decisions, and support the various tables and appendices included in this report.

#### **4.2.4 Waterbody Assessment Records in WARD Data System**

Each waterbody assessment record consists of the following parts:

1. Water Quality Assessment Records for each assessment unit – DEQ documents the assessment of each waterbody in the Water Quality Assessment, Reporting and Documentation (WARD) system. A Water Quality Assessment Record is created for each unit, detailing the unit and documenting data sources used, data quality evaluation performed, use-support decisions, impairment information, cause/source information, delisting information, and how the data was used to reach an assessment decision. An electronic copy of the assessment record is available on the Clean Water Act Information Center (CWAIC) website (<http://cwaic.mt.gov>).
2. Hard copy data files for each assessment unit evaluated – These files may contain water quality data, maps, photographs, references to relevant documents, and references to electronic information sources. Assessment record files may be reviewed in person at DEQ in Helena.
3. Assessment Database (ADB v 2.2) – When the assessment record is completed in WARD, and passes at least two internal quality control checks, the federal reporting data is put into the state's version of EPA's Assessment Database. The ADB contains the majority of the data used to develop the tables and reports comprising the state's Integrated Report. As required by law, Montana submits a copy of this database, along with the supporting assessment records, to EPA for approval.
4. Geospatial data – All assessment units are indexed on the 1:24,000 High Resolution National Hydrography Dataset for display and mapping, using Geographic Information Systems.

Public access to all electronic data, information, and maps is available on DEQ's CWAIC website at <http://cwaic.mt.gov>. Visitors to the site can run interactive queries of the state's Assessment Database from the year 2000 to the current reporting cycles, view the 303(d) lists (1996 to present; 1998 excluded), and view 305(b) reports for 1996 to present (1998 included). Access to the electronic Assessment Records and online mapping for each assessment unit is also available.

#### **4.2.5 Quality Assurance and Quality Control Program**

Within DEQ, the Water Quality Planning Bureau operates under an EPA-approved Quality Management Plan (QMP) (Montana Department of Environmental Quality, 2008b). The QMP establishes a quality system for all Bureau activities, including, but not limited to, monitoring state surface waters and producing this report.

The QMP requires the Bureau to plan projects, document the planning, and provide for independent assessment and oversight to assure scientifically valid processes and data used for decision-making. For water quality monitoring, the Bureau plans and documents proposed activities in Quality Assurance Project Plans or equivalent planning documents.

## 4.3 ASSESSMENT RESULTS

The Montana Water Quality Act directs the department “[to] monitor state waters to monitor and assess the quality of waters and identify surface waterbodies or segments of surface waterbodies that are threatened or impaired.” (75-5-702(1) MCA). DEQ also follows federal reporting guidance provided by EPA. Assessment results, as well as an explanation of federal reporting categories, are provided in this section.

### 4.3.1 Water Quality Reporting Categories

For integrated reporting purposes, waterbodies (referred to as Assessment Units or AUs), included in the Assessment Database are assigned to categories. There are five core reporting categories, one of which has three subcategories (Category 4). Also, the state has added two custom subcategories (user defined) to Category 2. The categories are:

- Category 1: Waters for which all applicable beneficial uses have been assessed and all uses are determined to be fully supported.
- Category 2A: Available data and/or information indicate that some, but not all of the beneficial uses are supported.<sup>12</sup>
- Category 2B: Available data and/or information indicate that a water quality standard is exceeded due to an apparent natural source in the absence of any identified manmade sources.<sup>13</sup>
- Category 3: Waters for which there is insufficient data to assess the use-support of any applicable beneficial use; no use-support determinations have been made.
- Category 4A: All TMDLs needed to rectify all identified threats or impairments have been completed and approved.
- Category 4B: Waterbodies are on lands where “other pollution control requirements required by local, state, or federal authority” [see 40 CFR 130.7(b)(1)(iii)] are in place, are expected to address all waterbody-pollutant combinations, and attain all WQS in a reasonable period of time. These control requirements act “in lieu of” a TMDL, thus no actual TMDLs are required.
- Category 4C: Identified threats or impairments result from pollution categories such as dewatering or habitat modification and, thus, a TMDL is not required.
- Category 5: Waters where one or more applicable beneficial uses are impaired or threatened, and a TMDL is required to address the factors causing the impairment or threat.

The majority of the 1,152 AUs whose water quality status have been assessed are listed in Category 5, impaired and in need of a TMDL (**Table 4-1**). A list of all waters in subcategory 2B is provided in **Table 4-2**.

<sup>12</sup> State of Montana user defined category that is identical to the EPA’s Category 2 definition provided in the Assessment Database. Waters assigned a 2A category listing will appear as 2/2A in the Integrated Report.

<sup>13</sup> State of Montana user defined category. Waters assigned a 2B category listing may carry a 2, 4C, or 5 per database rules and would appear as a subcategory, e.g.: 2/2B, 4C/2B, or 5/2B, in the Integrated Report.

**Table 4-1. Size and Count of Assessment Units Assigned to Reporting Categories**

Category	2010					2012				
	River		Lake / Reservoir		Count Total	River		Lake / Reservoir		Total Count
	Miles	Count	Acres	Count		Miles	Count	Acres	Count	
<b>1</b>	2,277	119	58,675	15	134	2,303	121	58,675	15	136
<b>2 (2A)</b>	600	31	10,843	11	42	585	29	10,843	11	40
<b>2 (2B)</b>	130	3			3	134	4			4
<b>3</b>	1,837	87	29,662	13	100	2,088	100	30,067	15	115
<b>4A</b>	2,061	147	4,280	2	149	2,438	173	4,580	3	176
<b>4C</b>	1,825	92	9,005	4	96	1,843	93	9,902	3	96
<b>4C (2B)</b>	25	1			1	25	1			1
<b>5</b>	12,637	565	453,848	26	591	12,270	541	481,530	24	565
<b>5 (2B)</b>	687	19			19	688	19			19
<b>Total</b>	<b>22,079</b>	<b>1,064</b>	<b>566,313</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>1,135</b>	<b>22,373</b>	<b>1,081</b>	<b>595,597</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>1,152</b>

**Table 4-2. Category 2B Assessment Units**

2012 305B AU ID	LOCATION	CATEGORY	Size (mi.)
MT40A002_020	ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	2,2B	36.8
MT43F002_030	KEYSER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	2,2B	22.4
MT41P001_022	MARIAS RIVER, county road at T29N R6E S17 to mouth (Missouri River)	2,2B	70.5
MT41M001_010	TWO MEDICINE RIVER, Birch Creek to mouth (Marias River)	2,2B	4.7
MT42K002_170	EAST FORK ARMELLS CREEK, headwaters to Colstrip	4C,2B	24.7
MT41R001_020	ARROW CREEK, Surprise Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	5,2B	69.7
MT43F002_022	CANYON CREEK, headwaters to highway 532	5,2B	29.7
MT42M002_142	CEDAR CREEK, 26 to 45 miles above the mouth	5,2B	20.1
MT40J005_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, Black Coulee to mouth (Milk River)	5,2B	57.4
MT43D002_140	COTTONWOOD CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (Clarks Fork of Yellowstone), T3S R24E S24	5,2B	19.6
MT41M002_110	DUPUYER CREEK, confluence of South Fork Dupuyer Creek and Middle Fork Dupuyer Creek to the mouth (Birch Creek)	5,2B	39.3
MT40Q002_020	EAST FORK POPLAR RIVER, Canada border to mouth (Poplar River)	5,2B	21.6
MT43D002_010	ELBOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	5,2B	38.6
MT42B002_031	HANGING WOMAN CREEK, Stroud Creek to mouth (Tongue River)	5,2B	18.3
MT42B002_032	HANGING WOMAN CREEK, Wyoming border to Stroud Creek	5,2B	31.4
MT40M002_020	LARB CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	5,2B	76.7
MT41Q001_021	MISSOURI RIVER, Little Prickly Pear Creek to Sheep Creek	5,2B	20.9
MT41I001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, headwaters to Toston Dam	5,2B	22.0
MT41L001_010	OLD MAIDS COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cutbank Creek)	5,2B	17.6
MT42C002_020	OTTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tongue River)	5,2B	108.1
MT42J004_010	STUMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Powder River)	5,2B	29.8
MT39F001_010	THOMPSON CREEK, Wyoming border to mouth (Little Missouri River)	5,2B	41.2
MT43F002_040	VALLEY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5,2B	14.8
MT43F001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Billings PWS to Huntley Diversion Dam	5,2B	10.7

### 4.3.2 Summary of Water Quality Assessments

DEQ has defined 1,152 Assessment Units in its database, which consists of 1,081 rivers and streams and 71 lakes and reservoirs. DEQ reports all waters that do not meet WQS as impaired whether the impairment includes pollutants (listed in Category 5), is impaired only from pollution (listed in Category 4C), or those with all necessary TMDLs completed (listed in Category 4A). There are a total of 3,406

AU/cause combinations identified as impairing Montana’s surface waters (**Appendix A**). Montana’s 2012 303(d) List (**Appendix B**) includes 1,583 specific pollutant listings on 584 assessment units.

Impaired waters are listed with identified causes and their sources (**Appendix A**). Of the 76 specific causes listed in 2012, the two most common were sediment-related (pollutant) and alterations of streamside vegetative covers (pollution). The top 10 most common causes include sediment, nutrients, and metals-related pollutants and habitat or streamflow-related pollution listings (**Table 4.3**).

**Table 4-3. Top 10 Causes of Impairment – All Assessment Units**

Cause Name	# of AUs
Sedimentation/Siltation	454
Alteration in streamside or littoral vegetative covers <sup>1</sup>	411
Low flow alterations <sup>1</sup>	238
Phosphorus (Total)	228
Nitrogen (Total)	202
Lead	172
Physical substrate habitat alterations	159
Copper	157
Arsenic	115
Cadmium	109

<sup>1</sup> These causes are “pollution” or non-pollutants and, thus, TMDLs cannot be developed

Grazing in riparian or shoreline zones is the most common confirmed source associated with impairments (**Table 4-4**). Other common sources that have been confirmed include irrigated crop production, road-related, water management, mines and mining-related, silviculture, channelization, and natural sources. Of the 2,764 identified AU/source combinations listed, 519 (19%) are confirmed.

**Table 4-4. Top 10 Confirmed Sources of Impairment – All Assessment Units**

Source Name	# of AUs
Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones	117
Irrigated Crop Production	51
Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)	37
Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail	28
Flow Alterations from Water Diversions	27
Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)	19
Silviculture Harvesting	19
Channelization	17
Natural Sources	16
Mine Tailings	16

#### 4.3.2.1 Category 5 Pollutant Delistings

During the 2012 reporting cycle, 225 pollutant causes were delisted from the 303(d) list (Category 5 (**Appendix D**)). Of these, 117 were for approved TMDLs (4A), 106 were changes in listing discussed in **Section 6.2.4.1**, and two were removed (delisted) as new data indicated they now meet state water quality standards. Additionally, the sediment listing on Big Creek (MT76Q002\_050), tributary to the North Fork Flathead River, was removed from the listing of impairments as our assessment of the TMDL Implementation Effectiveness shows that sediment is no longer impairing beneficial uses. This cause removal changed the Big Creek listing category from 4A to 4C as a Habitat Alteration listing remains associated the aquatic life use. NOTE: an assessment unit will remain on the state 303(d) list until all

necessary TMDLs are approved and thus some waters (AUs) for which causes received a “4A delisting” in 2012 may remain in category 5.

### 4.3.3 Beneficial-Use Support Summaries

All waters are assigned a use class and designates beneficial uses (refer to **Section 3.1.3.2 & Table 3-2**). When a water quality assessment is conducted, each beneficial use is evaluated to determine whether water quality standards are attained and the beneficial use is supported.

#### 4.3.3.1 Assessments of Rivers and Streams

To date, the state’s water quality program has defined more than 20,000 miles of rivers and streams in its copy of the EPA Assessment Database. The majority of the rivers and streams the state has assessed are not supporting the aquatic life uses, which reflects the prominence of sediment and flow related impairment listings. Conversely, most waters assessed do support their drinking water, recreation, agriculture, and industrial uses (**Table 4-5**).

**Table 4-5. Beneficial-Use Support Summary – Rivers and Streams ONLY**

CWA Goals	Beneficial Use	Total <sup>a</sup>	Fully Supporting	Fully Supporting & Threatened	Not Supporting <sup>b</sup>	Not Assessed	Insufficient Info
		(Miles)	(Miles)	(Miles)	(Miles)	(Miles)	(Miles)
Protect & Enhance Ecosystem	Aquatic Life (includes fish)	22,374	3,060	0	15,910	3,017	386
Protect & Enhance Public Health	Drinking Water	16,053	8,548	0	3,631	3,464	411
	Primary Contact Recreation	22,374	9,642	135	6,115	5,270	1,213
Social & Economic	Agricultural	16,917	12,213	0	2,114	2,347	242

<sup>a</sup> Total size (miles) of rivers or streams defined in the Assessment Database with this assigned beneficial use.

<sup>b</sup> Includes waters that are partially supporting their beneficial uses.

There are 72 identified causes of impairment to Montana’s rivers and streams. The most common are sediment-related (pollutant) and alterations of streamside vegetative covers (pollution). The top 10 most common include sediment, nutrients, and metals-related pollutants and habitat or streamflow related pollution listings (**Table 4-6**).

**Table 4-6. Top 10 Causes of Impairment – Rivers and Streams ONLY**

Cause Name	# of AUs
Sedimentation/Siltation	448
Alteration in streamside or littoral vegetative covers <sup>1</sup>	410
Low flow alterations <sup>1</sup>	237
Phosphorus (Total)	221
Nitrogen (Total)	197
Lead	168
Physical substrate habitat alterations <sup>1</sup>	157
Copper	156
Arsenic	111
Cadmium	108

<sup>1</sup> These causes are pollution or non-pollutants and, thus, TMDLs cannot be developed.

There were 48 confirmed sources of impairment to Montana’s rivers and streams. The most common confirmed source was riparian, or shoreline, grazing (**Table 4-7**). Other sources are related to irrigated crop production, roads, water management, mining, silviculture, channelization, and natural sources.

**Table 4-7. Top 10 Confirmed Sources of Impairment – Rivers and Streams ONLY**

Source Name	# of AUs
Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones	117
Irrigated Crop Production	49
Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)	37
Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail	28
Flow Alterations from Water Diversions	27
Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)	19
Silviculture Harvesting	19
Channelization	17
Natural Sources	16
Mine Tailings	16

#### 4.3.3.2 Assessments of Lakes and Reservoirs

To date, the state’s water quality program has defined almost 600,000 acres of lakes and reservoirs in its copy of the EPA Assessment Database. The majority of the lakes and reservoirs the state has assessed are not supporting the aquatic life or drinking water, but are supporting recreation uses (**Table 4-8**).

**Table 4-8. Beneficial-Use Support Summary - Lakes and Reservoirs ONLY**

CWA Goals	Beneficial Use	Total <sup>a</sup>	Fully Supporting	Fully Supporting & Threatened	Not Supporting <sup>b</sup>	Not Assessed	Insufficient Info
		(Acres)	(Acres)	(Acres)	(Acres)	(Acres)	(Acres)
Protect & Enhance Ecosystem	Aquatic Life (includes fish)	595,596	106,383	34,924	423,920	30,370	0
Protect & Enhance Public Health	Drinking Water	575,455	218,558	0	304,817	48,580	3,500
	Primary Contact Recreation	595,596	485,083	0	62,823	44,190	3,500
Social & Economic	Agricultural	573,855	241,545	0	51,237	277,572	3,500

<sup>a</sup> Total size (acres) of lakes or reservoirs defined in the assessment database with this assigned beneficial use.

<sup>b</sup> Includes waters that are partially supporting their beneficial uses.

There are 35 identified causes of impairment to Montana’s lakes and reservoirs. The most common causes are phosphorus (pollutant), other flow regime alterations (pollution), and salinity (pollutant). The remaining top 10 causes include sediment, nutrients, and metals-related pollutant listings (**Table 4.9**).

**Table 4-9. Top 10 Causes of Impairment – Lakes and Reservoirs ONLY**

Cause Name	# of AUs
Phosphorus (Total)	7
Other flow regime alterations <sup>1</sup>	7
Salinity	7

**Table 4-9. Top 10 Causes of Impairment – Lakes and Reservoirs ONLY**

Cause Name	# of AUs
Mercury	6
Sedimentation/Siltation	6
Selenium	6
Nitrogen (Total)	5
Lead	4
Arsenic	4
Oxygen, Dissolved	3

<sup>1</sup> These causes are “pollution” or non-pollutants and thus TMDLs cannot be developed

Of 37 identified impairment sources identified for Montana’s lakes and reservoirs, seven are confirmed (**Table 4-10**). These include agricultural, point-source/urban, and climate-related sources.

**Table 4-10. Confirmed Sources of Impairment – Lakes and Reservoirs ONLY**

Source Name	# of AUs
Irrigated crop production	2
Agriculture	1
Municipal point source discharges	1
Unspecified urban stormwater	1
Atmospheric deposition - nitrogen	1
Drought-related Impacts	1
Sources outside state jurisdiction or borders	1

DEQ has limited data to evaluate lakes in the state. Nonetheless, some assessments of lake trophic status and water quality trends have been conducted. Of the 71 lake assessment units (595,596 acres) represented in the ADB, 60 have been assessed for trophic status (**Table 4-11**). Similarly, of these 60 lakes, only 13 have been assessed for trends (**Table 4-12**).

**Table 4-11. Trophic Status of Lakes and Reservoirs**

Trophic Status	Number of Lakes	Total Size (Acres)
Dystrophic	0	0
Eutrophic	11	40,483
Hypereutrophic	0	0
Mesotrophic	16	314,613
Oligotrophic	10	197,604
Unknown	23	39,521
<b>Total Assessed for Trophic Status</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>589,221</b>

**Table 4-12. Water Quality Trends for Lakes and Reservoirs**

Trend	Number of Lakes	Total Size (Acres)
Stable	4	22,410
Degrading	2	28,895
Unknown	7	264,879
<b>Total Assessed for Trends</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>316,185</b>

#### 4.3.4 Montana Lake Assessment Using a Probabilistic Design

Under the Clean Water Act, the U.S Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) must periodically report on the condition of the nation’s water resources. As part of the National Lakes Assessment (NLA) project,

the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) collected data in 2007 from 40 lakes, ponds, and reservoirs to assess their water quality, biological and habitat conditions, recreational suitability, and trophic index. The context of the full report (Teply, 2012) and the summary of the document presented here should be considered with caution, since the assessment was made using only the NLA indicators (biological, chemical, and physical) and their threshold values. The thresholds were derived using either long-standing values from the scientific literature or based on the range of values of a particular indicator derived from nationwide or regional reference-lakes data. For this project, Montana had only four reference lakes according to the criterion used by NLA; the state does not yet have its own lakes criteria. Therefore, these results should be viewed as representing a national context. Actual assessments the state may carry out in the future may differ.

DEQ used a probabilistic sampling design to ensure that the design yielded a set of lakes that would support statistically valid conclusions. For the purpose of this project, “lakes” refers to natural and man-made freshwater lakes, ponds, and reservoirs greater than 10 acres (4 hectares). Montana has 5,547 lakes that met this criterion; of those, 40 lakes were sampled and 5 were re-visited for verification sampling. In selecting lakes, DEQ used five size categories (4–10 ac; 10–20 ac; 20–50 ac; 50–100 ac, and > 100 ac), as well as two aggregated ecoregions: Western Mountains and Northern Plains. The Western Mountains ecoregion includes the western portion of the state, where 81% of the lakes are natural. The Northern Plains ecoregion includes the central and eastern portion of the state, where only 25% of the lakes are natural. Population estimate analysis weights each sample lake according to its probability of selection. We used an automated procedure provided by EPA (Teply, 2012) to calculate the proportion of lakes in each condition class category being analyzed. Results are as reported by the EPA procedure and, because of rounding, some may not sum to 100% when tallied across categories. In other instances, results may not sum to 100% when some lakes were not assessed for a particular condition class. The margin of error for the Montana sample is displayed as thin lines on either side of the bars in the graphs throughout this report. These represent the 95% confidence interval.

DEQ collected samples at the deepest point of each lake and at 10 stations equidistant along the entire shore. Mid-lake sampling included physical parameters (e.g., dissolved oxygen concentration) along a depth profile, single grab samples for nutrients and zooplankton, and a sediment core for diatoms. Along the shore, physical characteristics in the riparian zone and littoral zone (i.e., shallow water area near the shore) were documented using a physical-habitat assessment form. The littoral zone was also sampled for benthic macroinvertebrates and the water for pathogens.

DEQ assessed biological condition using two indices: the planktonic O/E taxa loss model, combining data from both phytoplankton and zooplankton, and the Lake Diatom Condition Index (LDCI), based on five characteristics of diatom assemblages (taxonomic richness, taxonomic composition, taxonomic diversity, morphology, and pollution tolerance). The planktonic O/E metric showed that 25% of all Montana lakes are in good condition, 2% are in fair condition, and 73% are in poor condition. LDCI showed that 24% are in good condition, 5% are in fair condition, and 52% are in poor condition; 19% were not assessed. The Western Mountains indicated overall good condition, whereas the Northern Plains indicated fair to poor conditions. Based on these metrics, the biological condition of Montana lakes is lower than that for lakes nationally (about half of the lakes in the nation-wide are rated in good condition).

Water quality condition was evaluated using four chemical indicators (total phosphorus [TP], total nitrogen [TN], turbidity, and dissolved oxygen [DO]). Slightly less than half of Montana’s lakes are in good condition with respect to TP (47%) and TN (43%) however almost all are in good condition for turbidity (96%) and DO (98%). Nutrient conditions show the greatest differences between the two

ecoregions. In the Western Mountains, 99% have good TP conditions and 90% have good TN conditions. In the Northern Plains, 28% have good TP conditions and 26% have good TN conditions. There was less difference between ecoregions for turbidity and DO. Generally, Montana lakes are in slightly poorer condition for nutrients but in better condition for turbidity and DO than lakes nationally.

DEQ assessed physical habitat condition based on three indicators (lakeshore habitat, shallow water habitat, and physical habitat complexity). For lakeshore habitat, 42% are in good condition, 3% are in fair condition, and 53% are in poor condition. For shallow water habitat, 43% are in good condition, 18% are in fair condition, and 38% are in poor condition. For physical habitat complexity, 41% are in good condition, 4% are in fair condition, and 52% are in poor condition. There are also ecoregion differences, with approximately 80% in the Western Mountains having good habitat condition but only about 25% indicating good habitat condition in the Northern Plains. Overall, habitat conditions are not as good as those found nationally.

DEQ assessed recreational suitability based on three indicators (microcystin, cyanobacteria, and chlorophyll-*a*). Risk is considered here as the potential for the presence of algal toxins that will affect recreation and human health. As for other indicators, there were ecoregion differences. In the Western mountains, nearly all lakes are at low risk based on cyanobacteria and chlorophyll-*a* data. In the Northern Plains, 24% of the lakes have cyanobacteria and 48% chlorophyll-*a* levels that indicate a moderate to high risk. Microcystin levels for all lakes indicate low risk (Teply, 2011).

DEQ calculated trophic status using the NLA indicator (chlorophyll-*a*) and Carlson's Trophic State Index (TSI). The NLA indicator shows that 44% of all Montana lakes are oligotrophic, 19% are mesotrophic, 36% are eutrophic, and less than 1% are hyper-eutrophic. Almost all lakes in the Western Mountains are oligotrophic (97%). In the Northern Plains, 26% are oligotrophic. Using Carlson's TSI for Secchi depth, chlorophyll-*a*, and TP, the TSI ranges indicated that—for the entire state—2-23% of the lakes are oligotrophic, 19-40% are mesotrophic, 19-65% are eutrophic, and 0-53% are hypereutrophic. In the Western Mountains, 8-80% are oligotrophic, 17-92% are mesotrophic, 0-3% are eutrophic, and none are hyper-eutrophic. In the North Plains, 0-3% are oligotrophic, 1-48% are mesotrophic, 26-93% are eutrophic, and 1-73% are hyper-eutrophic. Compared with national findings, using only the NLA indicator, Montana lakes show relatively lower levels of eutrophication across the state.

Between 1972 and 1976, EPA conducted the National Eutrophication Survey (NES), which was designed to assess the trophic condition of lakes influenced by wastewater treatment plants. Eight of the lakes sampled in Montana in the NLA are also NES lakes. Sampling results were found for seven of these lakes. Comparing the Carlson's TSI between 1972-1976 and 2007 indicates that the seven lakes decreased their TSI values, meaning that nutrient levels and algal growth have decreased over the past 35 years and, therefore, the trophic status of these lakes has improved since the mid-1970s.

## 4.4 WETLANDS PROGRAM

DEQ's Wetland Program provides state leadership to conserve wetlands for their water quality, water quantity, habitat, and flood control benefits. The Wetlands Program is guided by a state wetland plan titled "Priceless Resources – A Strategic Framework for Wetland and Riparian Area Conservation and Restoration in Montana, 2008-2012" (Montana Wetland Council, 2008). The Strategic Framework is endorsed by the governor and directors of the Department of Environmental Quality; Fish, Wildlife & Parks; and Department of Natural Resources and Conservation.

The Strategic Framework was developed by the Montana Wetlands Council, an active network of diverse interests that works to conserve and restore Montana’s wetland and riparian ecosystems. Numerous entities were involved in developing the strategy, which reached out to more than 700 Montanans representing local, state, federal, and tribal agencies, as well as the agricultural community, biology and environmental conservation groups, consultants, scientists, land trusts, industry representatives (e.g., mining, wood products), real estate and land development interests, recreation and sportsmen, the educational sector, and other water- and wetland-related groups.

#### **4.4.1 Montana Wetlands Program Overview**

Montana’s overarching wetland goal is no net loss of the state’s remaining wetland resource base (as of 1989) and an overall increase in the quality and quantity of wetlands in Montana. Working groups help to implement the 5-year strategic framework. Eight strategic directions guide wetland protection for DEQ and the Montana Wetland Council:

1. public education
2. professional training
3. mapping, monitoring, and assessment
4. restoration
5. local government assistance
6. wetland vulnerability
7. public policy
8. Montana Wetland Council effectiveness

In 2009, EPA’s Wetland Division encouraged states to develop Wetland Program Plans (WPPs) based on EPA’s four core element framework for state wetlands program:

- monitoring and assessment
- regulatory activities, including Section 401 certification
- voluntary restoration and protection
- water quality standards for wetlands

States were advised to develop WPPs that outlined goals, actions, and implementation schedules for these elements. DEQ submitted a CWA 104(b)3 Wetland Program Development Grant (WPDG) proposal for Federal Fiscal Year 2009 funding to develop a Montana Wetland Program Plan but was not successful. Instead, DEQ used state funding to develop a draft DEQ WPP. DEQ submitted its draft WPP to EPA Region 8 on November 30, 2010. On May 5, 2011, EPA notified DEQ that the WPP met minimum qualifications but suggested several revisions. EPA gave DEQ the opportunity to revise its WPP to include the full range of planned program development actions as identified in the Strategic Framework. DEQ is nearing completion of WPP revisions and will soon submit a final WPP to EPA Region 8. DEQ will submit future proposals to EPA Region 8 for Wetland Program Development Grant (WPDG) funding based on actions identified in the final WPP, once approved.

#### **4.4.2 Monitoring and Assessment**

To fulfill EPA’s CWA Section 106(e)(1) grant requirements, DEQ submitted a report to EPA Region 8 titled “Montana Statewide Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Strategy, 2009-2019.” Section 10 of the report included an implementation schedule with several activities identified to accomplish short-term goals. DEQ has prepared a draft document, “Recommended Strategies for Achieving Montana Water

Quality Act Objectives for Montana’s Wetlands” (Apfelbeck, 2010 Draft), as an in-house working document and to address one of those short-term activities.

From 2002 to 2006, the Montana Natural Heritage Program’s (MTNHP) Ecology Program contracted with DEQ to monitor and assess wetlands. In 2006, MTNHP took the lead on wetland monitoring and assessment and receives EPA Wetland Program Development Grants and other EPA funding to (a) develop GIS-based, rapid and intensive assessment methods; (b) initiate a rotating basin approach to report on wetland condition; and (c) develop reference standard wetland condition assessments and other tools for reporting on the condition of Montana’s wetlands. MTNHP prepared a draft report titled “Development Plan for a Statewide Wetland and Riparian Mapping, Assessment and Monitoring Program” (Montana Natural Heritage Program, 2010). DEQ plans to submit a federal fiscal year (FFY) 2011 Wetland Program Development Grant proposal to address core element program needs for an initial monitoring and assessment effort.

DEQ has contracted with MTNHP’s Ecology Program for the field portion of the 2011 National Wetland Condition Assessment (NWCA) for Montana. MTNHP will sample 13 sites and revisit 2 sites. Two additional sites and one site revisit will occur on tribal lands. DEQ Wetland Program staff will participate in the field training and field work associated with the NWCA contract.

A recently completed DEQ contract with MTNHP’s Zoology Program took advantage of amphibian field work conducted for other projects. On the Natural Heritage Tracker Website <http://mtnhp.org/Tracker/NHTMap.aspx>, all effected wetlands were red-flagged and noted with their degree of degradation. MTNHP coded 10,185 wetland photos associated with more than 9,600 wetland surveys conducted across Montana.

Another recently completed DEQ contract with MTNHP’s Aquatic Ecology Program linked wetland habitat type and potential wetland condition with Odonata (dragonfly and damselfly) and Lepidoptera (butterfly) species. This project resulted in several final products, including two reports: 1) “Wetland Macroinvertebrate Collection and Assessment Protocols for the Statewide Wetland Monitoring and Assessment Program” and 2) “Evaluation of Wetland Macroinvertebrate Collection and Assessment Methods and Rationale for Inclusion into the Statewide Wetland Monitoring and Assessment Program.” Additional products included dragonfly, damselfly, and butterfly wetland association summaries and database.

#### **4.4.3 Voluntary Restoration and Protection**

The Montana Wetlands Legacy Partnership (Legacy), formed in 2000, is a voluntary incentive-based partnership that focuses on wetland restoration and conservation on private land. Montana Department of Fish, Wildlife & Parks (FWP), provides the Legacy coordinator and contact for landowners interested in technical and financial assistance for wetland restoration from state, federal, tribal, and local governments, as well as from private conservation organization programs.

With funding from a FFY2009 WPDG, DEQ has partnered with Legacy to begin wetland restoration that addresses water quality and quantity impairments identified through the TMDL process. This pilot project is being conducted in the Big Hole and Gallatin watersheds and involves both of the watershed committees and DEQ’s Watershed Protection staff. The goal of the project is to demonstrate how wetlands can help address water quality and quantity impairments. An additional goal is to further integrate wetland with other DEQ water quality management programs.

From 2004 to 2006 Legacy also administered the In-Lieu-Fee (ILF) Aquatic Resource Mitigation Program with funds managed by FWP. However, FWP decided to end the program because not enough funds were generated to ensure long-term monitoring and protection of the sites. Further, EPA and the U.S. Army Corp of Engineers (USACE) published a draft rules proposal to discontinue ILF programs. In the 2.5 years that the ILF program operated, \$500,000 was generated from wetland-related effects, and funds were used for wetland mitigation, including an ILF project on the Granger Ranches. Since then, EPA and USACE have issued the final Mitigation Rule, which guides the development of improved ILF programs. In addition, the Montana Army Corps of Engineers has begun to require mitigation for stream-related effects, which they estimate to be about 80% of the aquatic effects in Montana. DEQ was awarded a FFY2010 EPA Region 8 Wetland Program Development Grant to develop an ILF Aquatic Resource Mitigation Program for Montana to satisfy CWA 404 mitigation requirements for impacts to streams, wetlands, and other aquatic resources.

DEQ plans to submit a FFY2011 Wetland Program Development Grant proposal to address the needs for developing a voluntary restoration core element program.

#### **4.4.4 Water Quality Standards and Regulation**

DEQ received a FFY2009 WPDG to enhance wetland protection in Montana by strengthening Montana's Clean Water Act (MCWA) Section 401 Water Quality Certification program for Section 404 permits. A second objective is to increase coordination and integration of MCWA programs to improve the protection of wetlands and streams in Montana. The project is designed to address and enhance the effectiveness of implementing the MCWA Section 401 certification program as described in the regulatory section of the EPA document titled "Core Elements of an Effective State and Tribal Wetland Program." Two main tasks and final products are being developed:

1. Formal written guidance for Clean Water Act Section 401 Water Quality Certification conditions for 404 permits. For lack of resources, Montana does not have formal guidance or standard operating procedures for Section 401 certification and has not appreciably altered its Section 401 certification conditions since the SWANCC<sup>14</sup> or Rapanos<sup>15</sup> Supreme Court rulings.
2. Review and provide comments on the 5-year reissuance of US Army Corps of Engineers Nationwide Permit program, the regional conditions, and Section 401 certification conditions to ensure that federal permits meet state water quality standards.

### **4.5 PUBLIC HEALTH ISSUES**

This section provides information regarding public health issues in the state during the years 2009 – 2010. These issues include protecting public water supplies, ensuring safe drinking waters, and being aware of other issues that may be harmful to the population, i.e. fish kills.

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<sup>14</sup> Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook County v. United States Army Corps of Engineers, 531 U.S. 159 (2001).

<sup>15</sup> Rapanos v. United States 547 U.S. 715 (2006).

### 4.5.1 Spill Reports

During 2009-2010, a total of 216 incidents of possible spills affecting water quality were reported to DEQ's Enforcement Division. These reports ranged from 1 cup of oil spilling into the Yellowstone River to 500,000 gallons of raw sewage dumped into Glendive Creek from a collapsed sewer pipe. All incidents were investigated, and their reports are available from the Enforcement Division.

On July 1, 2011 a pipeline under the Yellowstone River at Laurel, Mt ruptured, releasing an estimated 1,200 Barrels (nearly 50,000 gallons) of crude oil into the river. Clean-up began immediately following the discovery of the incident and continued through mid-October 2011. While long term environmental impacts have yet to be determined, soil and water sampling results will be reported in the 2014 Integrated Report.

### 4.5.2 Fish Kills

Three fish kills were reported to the Montana Department of Fish, Wildlife & Parks (FWP) from 2009 through early 2011:

- August 1, 2009 – A fish kill of unknown origins was reported at Yellow Water Reservoir.
- August 5–6, 2010 – Approximately 1,000 fish, including brown and rainbow trout and whitefish, were reported killed in Cherry Creek from the applied poison rotenone, used by the Cherry Creek Westslope Cutthroat Restoration Project to kill non-native species; the poison persisted in creek longer than expected.
- January 19, 2011 – FWP game warden reported yellow perch dying at Whitetail Reservoir; likely caused by low oxygen levels.

### 4.5.3 Fish Consumption Advisories

In 2007 the Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services issued fish consumption advisories for certain Montana waters where testing confirmed elevated levels of contaminants, specifically mercury and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), which are harmful to human health.

Most waters in the state, however, have not been tested for contaminants (Montana Department of Health and Human Services, et al., 2007). **Table 4-13** lists waterbodies which contain fish species with consumption advisories. More detailed information is available on the FWP Website <http://fwpiis.mt.gov/content/getItem.aspx?id=28187>.

**Table 4-13. Montana Waters with Fish Consumption Advisories 2010-2011**

Alder Gulch	Bair Reservoir	Basin Creek
Big Spring Creek	Bighorn Reservoir	Bynum Reservoir
Cabinet Gorge Reservoir	Canyon Ferry Reservoir	Castlerock Lake
Clark Canyon Reservoir	Clark Fork River	Clear Lake
Cliff Lake	Cooney Reservoir	Culver Pond
Crystal Lake	East Fork Reservoir	Ennis Lake
Flathead Lake	Fort Peck Reservoir	Fred Burr Creek
Fresno Reservoir	Georgetown Lake	Hauser Reservoir
Hebgen Reservoir	Holter Reservoir	Island Lake
Lake Elwell	Lake Frances	Lake Koocanusa
Lake Mary Ronan	Leigh Lake	Lower Stillwater Lake
Madison River	Martinsdale Reservoir	Medicine Lake NWR

**Table 4-13. Montana Waters with Fish Consumption Advisories 2010-2011**

Missouri River	Mystic Lake	Nelson Reservoir
Ninepipes NWR	Noxon Reservoir	Petrolia Reservoir
Prickley Pear Creek	Seeley Lake	Silver Creek
South Sandstone Reservoir	Swan Lake	Tenmile Creek
Thompson Falls Reservoir	Tiber Reservoir	Tongue River Reservoir
Upper Cold Lake	Upper Two Medicine	Whitefish Lake

Additionally, as a result of the oil spill mentioned in **Section 4.5.1** Montana Fish, Wildlife and Parks issued consumption advisory for fish caught in the Yellowstone River between Buffalo Mirage fishing access site near Park City and the confluence with the Bighorn River near Custer.

#### 4.5.4 Public Water Supplies

In 1974, Congress passed the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), the first national legislation for drinking water. SDWA, and its revisions, required EPA to adopt regulations establishing minimum requirements for drinking water quality and treatment. Public water systems must meet these requirements before water supplies can be used for public consumption. SDWA also requires owners of public water systems to notify their customers when violations of the regulations occur.

In 1986, in response to the growing concern over contamination of drinking water, Congress amended SDWA to significantly increase monitoring and treatment requirements. Although the 1986 amendments resolved many shortcomings in the original legislation, additional revisions were required to better prioritize and address health risks associated with drinking water. In August 1996, Congress again amended SDWA to address these issues.

Included in the 1996 amendments is a requirement that states prepare an annual compliance report that describes the status of compliance of public water systems with SDWA. DEQ implements these requirements under an agreement with EPA. DEQ's Public Water Supply section regulates approximately 2,095 public water systems in Montana. DEQ has completed the compliance report for calendar year 2010, which lists and explains the number of SDWA requirement violations according to drinking water standards, water treatment requirements, or a water quality monitoring/reporting requirement. DEQ also lists violations according to the violated rule.

##### 4.5.4.1 Public Water Systems in Montana

SDWA defines a public water system as one that provides drinking water to at least 15 service connections or serves at least 25 people for at least 60 days of the calendar year. As required by SDWA, DEQ regulates three types of public water systems:

- **Community (CWS) systems.** Public water systems that serve the same resident population every day, such as cities, towns, subdivisions, and trailer courts.
- **Non-transient non-community (NTNC) systems.** Public water systems that serve the same nonresident population for at least 6 months of the calendar year, such as schools and places of business.
- **Transient non-community (TNC) systems.** Public water systems that serve a transient population, such as restaurants, taverns, and campgrounds.

As of May 2011, there were 695 active CWS, 260 NTNC, and 1,140 TNC systems in Montana. They serve drinking water to approximately 1 million people daily. Since 1967, the Montana Water and Wastewater Operator Certification Law has required that every community public water system retain at least one individual that is fully certified and in compliance with state regulations. Similar requirements apply to operators of public wastewater treatment systems. The 1997 Montana Legislature amended this law, which took effect in July 1998, requiring operators of NTNC public water systems to be certified. In order to remain fully certified, Montana's water and wastewater system operators must have appropriate experience, pass specialized examinations, and obtain continuing education credits.

#### **4.5.4.2 Drinking Water Quality in Montana**

Most Montana residents have safe, potable drinking water. Many springs, wells, streams, and lakes that supply public drinking water receive flow from naturally protected mountain watersheds. Federal and state laws further protect surface water and groundwater sources against significant degradation. Some surface water sources serving the public are so pristine that disinfection is the only required treatment prior to consumption. Most groundwater sources are naturally protected against contamination and do not require treatment before use.

Because sight or smell cannot detect most contaminants in drinking water, owners of public water systems regularly submit water samples for extensive testing by certified laboratories. DEQ requires public water system owners to treat their water when they detect natural or man-made contaminants in water samples, or when natural barriers do not adequately protect sources.

Since the establishment of SDWA in 1974, Montana residents have experienced a dramatic improvement to the quality of their drinking water. Further, the 1986 and 1996 amendments required increasingly stringent monitoring and treatment, resulting in drinking water that is much safer than in 1974. The public's increased awareness of water contamination, and its associated health effects, has helped to focus attention on public water supply issues.

#### **4.5.4.3 Drinking Water Contaminants**

Four general categories of contaminants are found in drinking water:

- **Microbiological:** These contaminants are primarily disease-causing microorganisms, or microorganisms that indicate that other disease-causing organisms are present. Contaminated drinking water can transmit certain disease-causing organisms, such as viruses, bacteria, and protozoa to humans. Although such problems are relatively rare, serious water-borne disease outbreaks still occur in the United States from improper disposal of human or animal wastes and from inadequate treatment of drinking water. All public water systems must sample regularly for coliform bacteria. Although coliform bacteria are not always a health risk, their presence in drinking water indicates that disease-causing microorganisms may be present. Public water systems must treat surface water sources before the water is suitable for human consumption. They may also treat groundwater sources for microbiological contaminants when lack of natural protection, or improper disposal of human or animal wastes, compromises the water sources.
- **Inorganic chemicals (IOCs):** IOCs contain no carbon. Examples of regulated IOCs are arsenic, fluoride, lead, and nitrate. Inorganic contaminants can cause a wide variety of health effects, depending upon the contaminant, the concentration, and the length of exposure. Potential health effects include toxic (poisonous) effects and cancer. High nitrate levels in drinking water

can impair the transfer of oxygen to the blood in infants. High lead levels can impair intellectual development in children. Most of the inorganic Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) violations in Montana are fluoride and nitrate violations.

- **Organic chemicals:** Organic chemicals contain carbon. They fall into two broad categories: volatile organic chemicals (VOCs) and synthetic organic chemicals (SOCs). Aerating or heating water can remove VOCs from water. Examples of VOCs are solvents such as perchloroethylene, toluene, and xylene. More complex technologies involving filtration or adsorption typically remove SOCs. Examples of SOCs are insecticides, herbicides, and polychlorinated bi-phenyls (PCBs). Organic contaminants can cause a wide variety of health effects, depending upon the contaminant, the concentration, and the length of exposure. Potential health effects include toxic (poisonous) effects and cancer. Fortunately, DEQ has found few MCL violations for VOCs and SOCs.
- **Radionuclides:** Radionuclides are radioactive contaminants found in drinking water, soils, and rocks as trace elements. These contaminants, such as radium, may occur naturally. Radionuclides in drinking water can cause cancer or toxic effects, again depending upon the concentration and time of exposure. There are 11 MCL violations for radionuclides in Montana, representing 4 public water supplies.

#### 4.5.4.3.1 Surface Water Systems

Since 1974, filtration and disinfection of surface waters are the most dramatic drinking water treatment improvements. Surface water is generally more susceptible to contamination than groundwater. Historically, public water suppliers inadequately treated many surface water sources because they lacked awareness of water-borne diseases, chemical contaminants, and contaminant health effects. The study of water-borne disease outbreaks, such as giardiasis and cryptosporidiosis, improved the collective knowledge and ultimately resulted in technological improvements for surface water treatment.

The primary objective in treating surface water is to remove or inactivate microbiological contaminants that can cause disease (e.g., viruses, bacteria, and protozoa). Water contaminated with animal or human waste can transmit diseases to humans; therefore, adequate treatment of microbiological contaminants is essential in order to avoid acute health effects. People with compromised immune systems, such as infants, the elderly, the ill, and HIV-positive individuals, may be especially vulnerable to water-borne diseases.

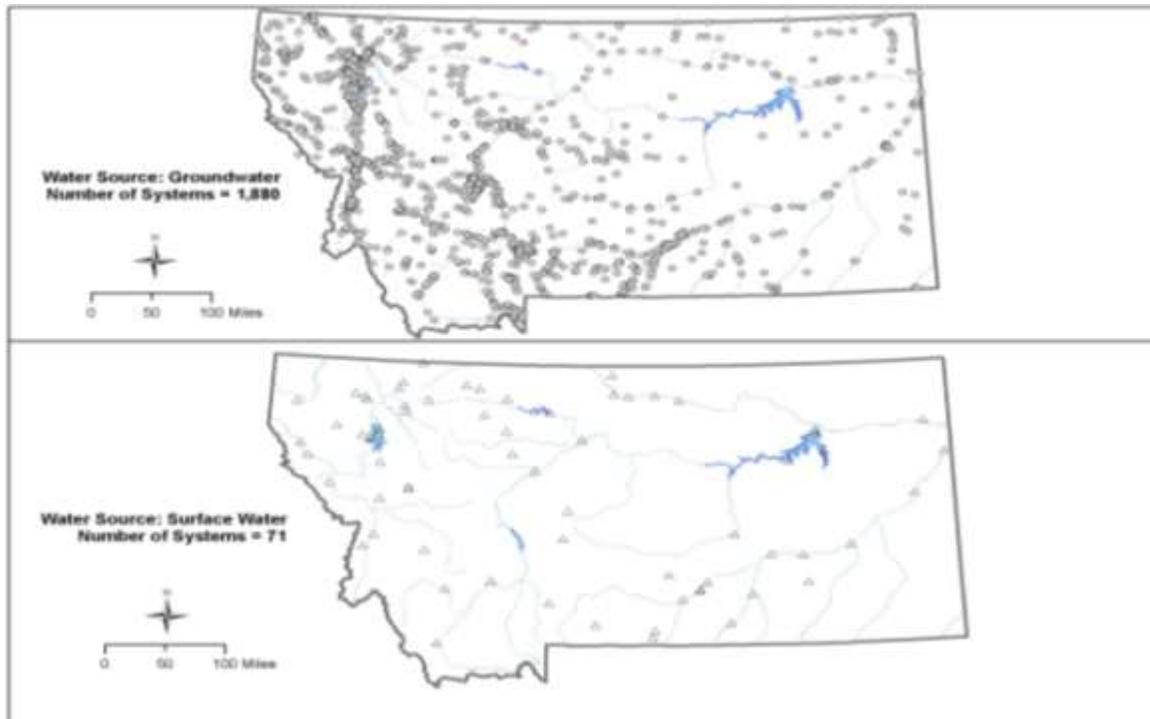
Montana has 224 public water systems that use surface water as a primary or secondary source (**Figure 4-1**). Groundwater under Direct Influence of Surface Water (GWUDISW) is the source for 16 of these systems. For regulatory purposes, SDWA considers GWUDISW systems as surface waters. Of the 224 systems, 152 are “purchased,” meaning they rely on other water systems for their primary, or supplemental, water supply. Although relatively few in number, the largest public water systems in Montana use surface water and serve 408,079 people daily.

#### 4.5.4.3.2 Groundwater Systems

Regular prescriptive sampling of groundwater sources serving the public in Montana has occasionally detected unacceptable levels of microbiological, inorganic, organic, and radiological contaminants. Natural flushing of contaminants through a groundwater aquifer can take many decades or hundreds of years. Microbiological contaminants can enter groundwater from leaking sewers and poorly constructed

sewage lagoons or septic systems. Some inorganic and radiological contaminants (e.g., arsenic and radium) are naturally occurring. Most organic contaminants (e.g., solvents and pesticides) are manmade. Usually, organic contaminants in groundwater are the result of improper use or disposal of chemicals.

Most public water systems in Montana use groundwater as a primary or secondary source. There are 1,871 public water systems in Montana that use groundwater as their primary source (**Figure 4-1**). These groundwater sources serve 555,594 people daily, which is about 56% of Montana's population (989,415 per the 2010 Census). For this reason it is important that this critical groundwater resource be allocated and managed properly to conserve and protect it for current and future populations.



**Figure 4-1. Distribution of Public Water Supply Sources in Montana**

#### 4.5.4.3.3 Regulations and Enforcement

Most water system owners are willing to comply with EPA and DEQ water quality monitoring regulations. Unfortunately, the complexity and comprehensiveness of the regulations have often confused water system owners. Since 1989, monitoring and treatment requirements have increased significantly. In 1993, several regulations imposed complex new requirements, which became effective nearly simultaneously. Many monitoring violations resulted, often simply because the regulations were difficult to understand. Since 2006, several new regulations have been implemented (e.g., Long Term Enhanced Surface Water Treatment Rule (LTESWTR), Stage 1 Disinfection Byproduct Rule (DBP Stage 1), Lead and Copper revisions, Groundwater Rule, Long Term 2 (LT2) and Stage 2 Disinfection Byproduct Rule (DBP Stage 2)). LTESWTR and LT2 have positive effects on drinking water quality by strengthening the filtered water requirements and increased source water protection from cryptosporidium.

When public water system owners detect contaminants at unacceptable levels, or when they find their water treatment methods to be inadequate, they are required to notify the public. DEQ then requires appropriate corrective action to treat or abandon the affected water source(s). Owners must also notify the public when they don't take required water samples.

When possible DEQ, or its contractors, resolve violations informally, this could involve making phone calls or field visits, or offering on-site technical and compliance assistance. In these situations the Montana Rural Water Systems, or the Midwest Assistance Program, also provides technical assistance. DEQ resolves most violations informally by the willing cooperation of the water system owner. When violations are irresolvable, DEQ may initiate formal enforcement actions, such as administrative orders, to ensure public health protection.

Most water systems are in compliance with regulations, and typically, violations result from late or missed water samples. In 2009 and 2010, these accounted for the most significant public water system violations, along with coliform bacteria contamination. In addition, the complexity of the consumer notice for lead in the lead and copper rule short-term revisions was problematic for water system owners.

All community water systems are required to provide consumer confidence reports to the state and their users annually by July 1. These reports contain water system data for the previous calendar year. The information must reflect general system logistics; any MCLs, exceedances or contaminant detections; variances or exemptions; violations incurred; compliance actions taken; system updating (e.g., to treatment plants or service lines); and information on staying aware of drinking water quality.

#### ***4.5.4.4 Violations in 2009 and 2010***

Section 1413 of the amended SDWA requires states to prepare annual compliance reports for public water systems. DEQ prepared its first compliance report for calendar year 1996. Subsequent compliance reports are due annually on July 1. Included in the report are the following violations types for national primary drinking water regulations:

- **MCLs.** MCLs are maximum levels of contaminants that are permitted in drinking water. According to federal and state regulations, drinking water containing contaminants at levels below the MCLs are safe for human consumption.
  - **Treatment Requirements.** DEQ imposes treatment requirements when a public water system exceeds MCLs or when natural protection against contamination is inadequate to ensure safe drinking water without treatment.
- **Variances and Exemptions.** DEQ may issue variances when a public water system owner has installed treatment but those technologies are not effective in meeting MCLs. Variances impose further requirements for meeting MCLs or for installing alternative treatment. DEQ issues exemptions to allow additional time for the system to meet an MCL or treatment requirement. Public health effects and affordability are considered with variances and exemptions. In addition to imposing deadlines for system improvements, variances and exemptions require public notification. DEQ did not record any violations of variances or exemptions in 2010 and no variances or exemptions were issued.
  - **Monitoring Requirements.** As previously discussed, regulatory requirements include extensive water sampling and testing. When public water system owners do not sample the water or do not submit test results to DEQ, a violation is issued. Most monitoring violations are resolved when sampling resumes, or when a public notice is posted, or when reports are finally submitted.

- **Reporting Requirements.** All community water system owners are required to provide a consumer confidence report to the state and its users each year. The owner remains in violation until they appropriately distribute the report.

#### 4.5.4.4.1 Phase 2/5 Rule

Monitoring frequency for VOCs, IOCs, SOCs, and nitrates/nitrites for community and non-transient non-community public water systems varies widely. Owners of all public water systems were required to sample for nitrate in 2009 and 2010. No systems reported MCL violations for VOCs or SOCs (**Tables 4-14 and 4-15**); 15 systems had MCL violations for IOCs in 2009 (**Table 4-14**), with 9 systems in 2010 (**Table 4-15**). Fifteen systems in 2009 (**Table 4-14**) and 11 in 2010 violated the MCL for nitrate/nitrite (**Table 4-15**). Some of these were associated with naturally occurring contaminants, but most of the nitrate violations are likely the result of contamination from improper sewage disposal or agricultural practices.

In 2009, 43 water systems were in violation of monitoring requirements for VOCs, 34 for SOCs, 54 for IOCs, and 92 for nitrate/nitrite (**Table 4-14**). In 2010, 34 water systems were in violation of the monitoring requirements for VOCs, 49 for SOCs, 56 for IOCs, and 46 for nitrate/nitrite (**Table 4-15**). VOC and IOC monitoring violations included monitoring requirements due by the end of calendar year but were not reported by the due date. Monitoring violations resulted from late samples, missed samples, improper sampling procedures, reporting issues by the certified laboratories, or confusion over complex monitoring requirements. The lack of a certified operator for transient systems may have also lead to the failure for systems to monitor or report properly.

**Table 4-14. Violations of Phase 2 and Phase 5 Rules 2009**

Phase II and Phase V	MCL (mg/l)	MCLs		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
		Number Of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations	Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations
VOCs	Varies	0	0	53	43
SOCs	Varies	0	0	45	34
IOCs	Varies	38	15	94	54
NO <sub>3</sub> /NO <sub>2</sub>	10	30	15	102	92
<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>68</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>223</b>

**Table 4-15. Violations of Phase 2 and Phase 5 Rules 2010**

Phase II and Phase V	MCL (mg/l)	MCLs		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
		Number Of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations	Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations
VOCs	Varies	0	0	40	34
SOCs	Varies	0	0	65	49
IOCs	Varies	24	9	106	56
NO <sub>3</sub> /NO <sub>2</sub>	10	21	11	51	46
<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>45</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>185</b>

#### 4.5.4.4.2 Total Coliform Rule (TCR)

In 2010, 114 public water systems exceeded the MCL violations for total coliforms (**Table 4-17**), down from 149 in 2009 (**Table 4-16**). No MCL violations resulted when a routine, or a repeat sample, showed the presence of fecal coliform bacteria in either years (**Tables 4-16 and 4-17**). Fecal coliforms are a specific subgroup of total coliforms that grow only at the body temperature of warm-blood mammals. They indicate if fecal contamination of water is more likely to have recently occurred.

There are two types of MCL violations for Total Coliform Rule:

- 1) A boil water order (acute) issued when coliform bacteria with fecal contamination is present
- 2) A health advisory (non-acute) issued when coliform bacteria is present but without fecal contamination. The system's routine and repeat samples provide the basis for the MCLs. Common MCL violations include inadequately protected water sources or bacteria growth.

In 2010, 288 water systems were in violation of the routine monitoring requirements (**Table 4-17**), down from 394 systems in 2009 (**Table 4-16**). The violations resulted when owners did not submit monthly or quarterly samples.

**Table 4-16. Violations of the Total Coliform Rule 2009**

SDWIS Codes	Total Coliform Rule	MCL	MCLs		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
			Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations	Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations
21	Acute MCL Violation	Fecal Coliform Bacteria Present	8	7		
22	Non-Acute MCL Violation	No Fecal Coliform Bacteria Present	233	149		
23, 25	Routine Monitoring				667	394
	<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>241</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>667</b>	<b>394</b>

**Table 4-17. Violations of the Total Coliform Rule 2010**

SDWIS Codes	Total Coliform Rule	MCL	MCLs		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
			Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations	Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations
21	Acute MCL Violation	Fecal Coliform Bacteria Present	11	10		
22	Non-Acute MCL Violation	No Fecal Coliform Bacteria Present	148	114		
23, 25	Routine Monitoring				423	288
	<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>159</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>423</b>	<b>288</b>

#### 4.5.4.4.3 Surface Water Treatment Rule

In 2009, seven water systems failed to meet treatment technique requirements (filtration and disinfection) and two failed to install filtration treatment as required by DEQ (**Table 4-18**). In 2010, four water systems failed to meet treatment technique requirements (filtration and disinfection) and one failed to install filtration treatment as required by DEQ (**Table 4-19**). Treatment technique violations are typically the result of inadequate filtration or disinfection during times of high demand for water.

**Table 4-18. Violations of the Surface Water Treatment Rule 2009**

SDWIS Codes	Surface Water Treatment Rule	Treatment Techniques		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
		Number Of Violations	Number Of Systems With Violations	Number Of Violations	Number Of Systems With Violations
	<b>Filtered Systems</b>				
36,38	Monitoring, Routine/Repeat			18	7
41, 43, 44	Treatment Techniques	39	7		
	<b>Unfiltered Systems</b>				
01	Turbidity MCL Single				
02	Turbidity MCL Average				
03	Turbidity Significant M/R				
31	Monitoring, Routine/Repeat			10	3
42	Failure To Filter	2	2		
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>10</b>

**Table 4-19. Violations of the Surface Water Treatment Rule 2010**

SDWIS Codes	Surface Water Treatment Rule	Treatment Techniques		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
		Number Of Violations	Number Of Systems With Violations	Number Of Violations	Number Of Systems With Violations
	<b>Filtered Systems</b>				
36,38	Monitoring, Routine/Repeat			8	5
41, 43, 44	Treatment Techniques	8	4		
	<b>Unfiltered Systems</b>				
01	Turbidity MCL Single	3	1		
02	Turbidity MCL Average				
03	Turbidity Significant M/R				
31	Monitoring, Routine/Repeat				
42	Failure To Filter	1	1		
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5</b>

**4.5.4.4 Disinfection Byproducts Rule**

The Stage 1 Disinfections Byproducts Rule went into effect on January 1, 2002, for surface water systems and groundwater systems that are under the direct influence of surface water serving populations  $\geq 10,000$ . All surface and groundwater systems, including groundwater systems under the direct influence of surface water, that serve  $< 10,000$  people must comply with this rule effective January 1, 2006. Currently 416 systems are monitoring under this rule. In both 2009 and 2010, 4 water systems exceeded the MCL for disinfection byproduct formations (DBPs) (**Tables 4-20 and 4-21**). DBPs result from source water conditions, DBP precursor removal, and operational conditions of the systems' water treatment plant. In 2010, four water systems were in violation of monitoring requirements for DBPs (**Table 4-21**).

**Table 4-20. Violations of the Disinfection Byproducts Rule 2009**

SDWIS codes	Disinfection Byproducts Rule	MCL	MCLs		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
			Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations	Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations
27	Monitoring, Routine/Repeat				0	0
11	Chlorine (0999) or Chloramines (1006) MRDL	4.0 mg/l	0	0	20	20

**Table 4-20. Violations of the Disinfection Byproducts Rule 2009**

SDWIS codes	Disinfection Byproducts Rule	MCL	MCLs		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
			Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations	Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations
11	Chlorine Dioxide M&R		NA	NA	NA	NA
02	DBP MCL Average (Total TTHMs 2950)	0.08 ug/l	11	4		
02	DBP MCL Average (Total HAA5s, 2456)	0.06 ug/l	13	5		
	<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>24</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>

**Table 4-21. Violations of the Disinfection Byproducts Rule 2010**

SDWIS codes	Disinfection Byproducts Rule	MCL	MCLs		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
			Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations	Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations
27	Monitoring, Routine/Repeat				4	4
11	Chlorine (0999) or Chloramines (1006) MRDL	4.0 mg/l				
11	Chlorine Dioxide M&R		NA	NA	NA	NA
02	DBP MCL Average (Total TTHMs 2950)	0.08 ug/l	8	4		
02	DBP MCL Average (Total HAA5s, 2456)	0.06 ug/l	13	8		
	<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>21</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>

**4.5.4.4.5 Lead and Copper Rule**

In 2009, 155 water systems violated the Lead and Copper Rule monitoring requirements (**Table 4-22**), in 2010, there were 106 in violation (**Table 4-23**). Most of the violations were the result of late or missed samples or confusion over complex monitoring requirements. In 2009, 133 systems failed to provide required educational materials to the public about lead exceedances, 2010 had 66 such violations.

**Table 4-22. Violations of the Lead and Copper Rule 2009**

SDWIS Codes	Lead and Copper Rule	Treatment Techniques		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
		Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations	Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations
51	Initial lead and copper tap M/R	0	0	9	5
52	Follow-up or routine lead and copper tap M/R	0	0	38	26
53	Follow-up or routine corrosion parameter M/R	0	0	16	11
57	Submit Treatment Plan	7	7	0	0
58, 62	Treatment Installation	1	1	0	0
65	Public Education	6	6	0	0
66	Lead Consumer Notice	0	0	113	113
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>10*</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>155</b>

\*Some systems have multiple violations

**Table 4-23. Violations of the Lead and Copper Rule 2010**

SDWIS Codes	Lead and Copper Rule	Treatment Techniques		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
		Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations	Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations
51	Initial lead and copper tap M/R	0	0	3	3
52	Follow-up or routine lead and copper tap M/R	0	0	36	36
53	Follow-up or routine corrosion parameter M/R	0	0	16	9
57	Submit Treatment Plan	3	3	0	0
58, 62	Treatment Installation	0	0	0	0
65	Public Education	0	0	0	0
66	Lead Consumer Notice	0	0	66	66
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>106</b>

**4.5.4.4.6 Radionuclide Rule**

Only community water systems were required to sample for radionuclides every 4 years, until changes to the rule took effect on December 7, 2003. At that time, DEQ adjusted schedules according to 3-, 6-, or 9-year compliance periods based on the historical data and/or the results received during the initial monitoring period. During 2009 and again in 2010, four water systems exceeded the MCL (**Tables 4-24 and 4-25**).

**Table 4-24. Violations of the Radionuclide Rule 2009**

SDWIS Codes	Radionuclide MCLs	MCL (pCi/l)	MCLs		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
			Number Of Violations	Number Of Systems With Violations	Number Of Violations	Number Of Systems With Violations
4010	Combined Radium 226/228	5 pCi/l	0	0	17	10
4000	Gross Alpha	15 pCi/l	9	2	18	12
4006	Uranium	30 mg/l	5	2		
	<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>14</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>22</b>

**Table 4-25. Violations of the Radionuclide Rule 2010**

SDWIS Codes	Radionuclide MCLs	MCL (pCi/l)	MCLs		Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
			Number Of Violations	Number Of Systems With Violations	Number Of Violations	Number Of Systems With Violations
4010	Combined Radium 226/228	5 pCi/l	0	0	19	14
4000	Gross Alpha	15 pCi/l	7	3	17	15
4006	Uranium	30 mg/l	4	1	1	1
	<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>11</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>21</b>

**4.5.4.4.7 Consumer Confidence Report Rule**

Only community water systems must comply with the Consumer Confidence Report Rule. During 2009, 34 systems didn't meet the requirements of this rule or they had open violations from previous years (**Table 4-26**). In 2010, seven systems didn't meet the requirements (**Table 4-27**).

**Table 4-26. Violations of the Consumer Confidence Report Rule (Violations for 2008 CCR, determined in 2009)**

SDWIS codes	Consumer Confidence Report Rule	Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
		Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations
71, 72	Consumer Notification	34	34
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>34</b>

**Table 4-27. Violations of the Consumer Confidence Report Rule (Violations of 2009 CCR, determined in 2010)**

SDWIS codes	Consumer Confidence Report Rule	Significant Monitoring/Reporting	
		Number of Violations	Number of Systems with Violations
71, 72	Consumer Notification	14	7
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>7</b>

#### **4.5.4.5 Summary and Conclusions**

The violations referenced in the previous sections occurred during the period between January 1, 2009, and December 31, 2010. DEQ may have followed with enforcement or assistance actions. Typical enforcement actions include follow-up phone calls, technical assistance with compliance, violation notification letters, administrative orders, and/or violation and closure/resolution actions. There are currently no variances or exemptions (as defined by SDWA) in effect in Montana.

In 2000, DEQ adopted EPA's Safe Drinking Water Information System (SDWIS) for maintaining regulatory and compliance monitoring data. Since then, SDWIS modernization has improved DEQ's ability to detect and respond to violations, a trend that has resulted in improved compliance over time.

A significant portion of violations were a result of an incomplete understanding of the requirements or were technical violations that did not result in public health risks. However, a significant drop in violations has been recorded.

DEQ's Public Water Supply Section continuously coordinates efforts with owners of public water systems to address the most significant violations. The most serious public health risks receive the highest priority. DEQ notifies owners when violations occur and informs them of corrective measures necessary for compliance. Through formal enforcement actions, the Public Water Supply Section and DEQ's Enforcement Division work together when necessary to return difficult violators to compliance.

In 1997, DEQ's Planning, Prevention, and Assistance Division implemented a program that offers low-interest loans to owners in need of water system improvements. Many systems have taken advantage of this funding program, and DEQ anticipates that these loans will assist in addressing many noncompliance issues. Interested parties may direct questions to DEQ's Technical and Financial Assistance Bureau.

#### **4.5.5 Source Water Protection Program**

Under the 1996 Federal Safe Drinking Water Act, Montana is required to carry out a Source Water Assessment Program. With public participation and input from public water suppliers and other stakeholders, DEQ developed a Source Water Assessment Program, which is implemented by DEQ's Source Water Protection Section. DEQ's Source Water Assessment Program is intended to be a practical

and cost-effective approach to protect public drinking water supplies from contamination. The major components are delineation and assessment.

Delineation is the process of identifying areas that contribute water to aquifers or to surface waters used for drinking water by evaluating their geologic and hydrologic conditions. These are called Source Water Protection areas.

Assessment is the process of identifying businesses, activities, or land uses that generate, use, store, transport, or dispose of certain contaminants in Source Water Protection areas. The potential for contamination from these sources is then estimated.

Delineation and assessment identify significant threats to drinking water supplies and provide public water supplies with the information they need to protect their water sources.

#### **4.5.5.1 Authority**

The federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires the state to conduct source water assessments for all public water systems. Additionally, the Montana Source Water Protection Program adopted the goals stated in the Montana Constitution and Montana’s Water Quality Act (MWQA). The Constitution states: “The state and each person shall maintain and improve a clean and healthful environment in Montana for present and future generations... [including] the protection of the environmental life support system from degradation...” (Article IX, Section 1). Further, MWQA states: “It is the policy of this state to conserve water by protecting, maintaining, and improving the quality and potability of water for public water supplies...” (MCA 75-5-101).

#### **4.5.5.2 Funding**

The Drinking Water State Revolving Fund set-asides earmarked specifically for wellhead and source water protection funds the program.

#### **4.5.5.3 Program Requirements**

Section 1453 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. Section 300j-13) requires the state program to:

- **Identify the source(s) of water used by public water suppliers**  
This process delineates capture zones for wells or stream buffer areas for surface water sources (i.e., the source water protection areas).
- **Identify and inventory potential contaminant sources**  
DEQ identifies potential significant contaminant sources within the source water protection area. Contaminants of concern generally include nitrate, microbes, solvents, pesticides, and metals—contaminants for which EPA has established MCLs. Potential sources of these contaminants include septic systems, animal feeding operations, underground storage tanks, floor drains, sumps, and certain land-use activities.
- **Assess the susceptibility of public water supplies to those identified potential contaminant sources**  
A susceptibility assessment considers the hazard rating of a potential contaminant source against potential barriers between the contaminant source and the well or intake. The susceptibility assessment provides a rating of the likelihood for contamination of the drinking

water source. DEQ estimates susceptibility for each identified potential contaminant source within a source water protection area.

- **Make the results of the delineation and assessment available to the public**  
DEQ maintains a source water delineation and assessment report for each public water supply, the availability of which should be described in the public water suppliers' consumer confidence reports. Also, the delineation and assessment reports are posted on DEQ's website and are available through individual public water suppliers. Source water delineation and assessment reports can form the basis for developing local source water protection plans.

#### ***4.5.5.4 Source Water Assessment Implementation***

Source water assessment reports were completed by DEQ staff, contractors, and volunteers from 1999 to 2006. Student interns were used to complete non-community system assessment reports under the direction of a hydrogeologist from DEQ's Source Water Protection Section.

In addition to supporting other DEQ programs with their projects that protect drinking water sources, the Source Water Protection Section continues to assess new systems and implement source water protection. Implementing source water protection can range from recognizing public water suppliers' protection strategies to formally certifying source water protection plans (SWPPs). When a public water supplier concurs with its source water delineation and assessment report, DEQ recognizes the established protection strategy. In such cases, a public water supplier acknowledges the assessed level of susceptibility of its water source and accepts the management actions needed to reduce susceptibility. If a water supplier must act to reduce susceptibility, that supplier acknowledges its susceptibility, as well as the existence of, or need for, barriers that reduce contamination. Where susceptibility to contamination is low, water suppliers may not need to take protective action, yet DEQ considers them to have a protection strategy in place. When susceptibility to all significant potential contaminant sources identified in the source water assessment is moderate or lower, DEQ considers that public water supplier to be "substantially" implementing a strategy.

DEQ's Source Water Protection Section developed these implementation definitions since they relate directly to susceptibility assessments (i.e., hazard ratings of potential contaminant sources tempered by barriers to an actual contamination event). Implementation is measurable and reportable through a database query. Using these definitions, DEQ may consider a public water supplier to be implementing a protection strategy without taking additional action. This is acceptable in some settings, for example, where well field location or aquifer conditions are such that the PWS achieves protection when the well is constructed. The Source Water Protection Program requests a 5-year inventory update from public water suppliers to address changing conditions affecting susceptibility.

Additionally, public water suppliers may elect to complete a source water protection plan (SWPP) and ask DEQ to certify it. This increases the scope of the source water delineation and assessment report and incorporates elements such as emergency and contingency planning. Because the program is voluntary and considerable time and expense is required to complete a plan, DEQ has certified relatively few SWPPs. In response to real and perceived threats to their water sources, several communities have become interested in SWPPs. Thus, a SWPP can be a planning step for communities in helping to protect their water sources.

#### 4.5.6 Drinking Water State Revolving Fund

In 1995, the Montana Legislature created the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (SRF). In 1997, the Legislature amended the program to make Montana law consistent with the reauthorization of the Safe Drinking Water Act passed in 1996. This legislation, now codified as MCA 75-6-201, et seq., authorizes DEQ and the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation (DNRC) to develop and implement the program. It also established the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Advisory Committee.

The advisory committee comprises one state representative, one state senator, one member representing the Montana League of Cities and Towns, one county commissioner representing the Montana Association of Counties, one representative from DNRC, and one representative from DEQ. The committee advises DEQ and DNRC on policy decisions that arise in developing and implementing the Drinking Water SRF and it reviews the program's Intended Use Plan (IUP). The Drinking Water SRF is administered by DEQ and DNRC and is similar to the Water Pollution Control SRF.

The State Revolving Fund Program received EPA approval and was awarded its first capitalization grant on June 30, 1998 (FFY1997). Capitalization grants from FFY1998 through the 2010 have subsequently been awarded. DEQ will likely apply for at least portions of the FFY2011 grant later in Montana FY2011.

The State Revolving Fund Program offers below-market loans to construct public health-related infrastructure improvements and provides funding for other activities related to public health and compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). These other activities, or set-asides, include administration of the State Revolving Fund program; technical, financial, and managerial assistance to small communities; source water protection activities, operator certification; and assistance with administering activities in the Public Water Supply Program.

As the primacy agency responsible for implementing SDWA, DEQ is also responsible for overseeing the State Revolving Fund Program. This role primarily involves providing technical expertise, while DNRC provides financial administration of project loans and oversees the sale of state general obligation bonds. The majority of the funds for this program are in the form of capitalization grants from EPA. Montana provides the required 20% matching funds by issuing state general obligation bonds. Interest on the project loans pays the general obligation bonds, thus no state general funds are used to operate the program. The repaid principal on the project loans is used to rebuild the State Revolving Fund Program and to pay for future projects. The federal capitalization grants were authorized only through FFY2003; however, Congress continues to fund the program. Federal and state law requires the State Revolving Fund to be operated in perpetuity.

The 1996 Amendments to SDWA include a requirement that each state prepare an annual Intended Use Plan (IUP) for each capitalization grant application. This is the central component of the capitalization grant application and describes how the state will use the State Revolving Fund to meet SDWA objectives and further protect public health. The IUP contains the following elements:

- short- and long-term goals of the program
- priority list of projects, including description and size of community
- criteria and method used for distribution of funds
- description of the financial status of the State Revolving Fund Program
- amount of funds transferred between the Drinking Water SRF and the Wastewater SRF

- description of the set-aside activities and percentage of funds that will be used from the capitalization grant, including administrative expenses, Public Water Supply Program support, technical assistance, etc.
- description of how the program defines a disadvantaged system and the amount of funds that will be used for this type of loan assistance

#### 4.5.6.1 Anticipated Funding List

DEQ became eligible to apply for the FFY2010 federal capitalization grant on October 1, 2009, and this grant has subsequently been awarded. DEQ anticipates applying for the FFY2011 grant later in Montana FY2011.

**Table 4-28** lists the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund projects that DEQ anticipates will be funded with FFY2010 and earlier capitalization grants, in conjunction with the 20% state match. The list represents those projects most likely to proceed, starting from the highest ranked projects on the comprehensive priority list (Montana Department of Environmental Quality, Planning, Prevention and Assistance Division, Drinking Water State Revolving Fund, 2011). If other projects are ready to proceed before those on the list below, it is possible that the actual projects that are ultimately funded may vary from those indicated in **Table 4-28**. This scenario occurred during calendar years 1998 through 2008. DEQ expects it to happen again because of the high variability in project schedules and needs, as well as the availability of other funding sources, among other circumstances.

**Table 4-28. Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Projects Identified for Funding**

Priority Rank	Project Name	Population	Project Cost	Description of Project
8	Gore Hill WD	500	\$546,000 (G)*	Install arsenic treatment and construct distribution system improvements. Portions of project are expected to meet the green project criteria. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
9	Helena/ Warren School	340	\$1,100,000	Construct distribution main to connect school to city of Helena water system. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
12	Dry Prairie Regional Water System	35,551	\$500,000	Total project cost is approx. \$230 million; expected total SRF portion is approx. \$10 million. Continue construction of extensive distribution system. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
14	North Central Regional Water System	16,652	\$500,000	Total project cost is approx. \$218 million; expected total SRF portion is approx. \$7,720,000. Begin construction of extensive distribution system. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
16	Lockwood Co. W&SD	4,300	\$900,000	Construction of treatment plant, clearwell improvements. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.

**Table 4-28. Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Projects Identified for Funding**

Priority Rank	Project Name	Population	Project Cost	Description of Project
26	Fort Smith W&SD	350	\$560,000 (G)	Construct new well, storage, and distribution system improvements. Portions of the project are expected to meet the green project criteria. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
29	City of Bozeman	35,061	\$25,000,000	Construction of a new water treatment plant. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
32	City of Shelby	3216	\$1,765,000	Construct well improvements, a clear well, and install additional UV disinfection treatment. Expected loan terms are 2.75% interest for the first \$500,000 and 3.75% interest for the balance, over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
41	Emkayan Village WD	150	\$200,000 (G)	Construct distribution system, telemetry control improvements. This project is expected to meet the green project criteria. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
42	Town of Eureka	1,287	\$532,000	Consolidation of Midvale W&SD system, connect to city system, payoff outstanding debt. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
75	City of Cut Bank	3,105	\$240,000 (G)	Construct distribution system improvements. This project is expected to meet the green project criteria. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
82	Town of Valier	469	\$900,000 (G)	Construct water system improvements, primarily distribution work. Portions of this project are expected to meet the green project criteria. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
93	Town of St. Ignatius	825	\$103,000 (G)	Drill new well and construct pump house, install standby generator, and replace some distribution mains. Portions of this project are expected to meet the green project criteria. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
97	Town of Ennis	1,005	\$200,000	Drill new well and construct pump house. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.

**Table 4-28. Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Projects Identified for Funding**

Priority Rank	Project Name	Population	Project Cost	Description of Project
102	Town of Nashua	296	\$150,000 (G)	Construct distribution system improvements. This project is expected to meet the green project criteria. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
107	Billings Heights WD	11,375	\$1,038,000 (G)	Construct storage reservoir booster pump station and make distribution system improvements. Portions of this project are expected to meet the green project criteria. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
111	Green Acres W&SD	465	\$400,000 (G)	Install storage, telemetry, and distribution system improvements, including residential meters. Portions of this project are expected to meet the green project criteria. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
113	City of Harlowton	899	\$350,000	Construct water system improvements. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
116	RAE W&SD	819	\$150,000 (G)	Construct distribution system improvements. This project is expected to meet the green project criteria. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
121	City of Billings	100,148	\$3,500,000 (G)	Construct distribution system improvements. This project is expected to meet the green project criteria. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
128	Town of Broadview	150	\$175,000	Construct water system improvements. Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to include federal monies.
131	Town of Bainville	153	\$326,000	Refinance existing debt, in conjunction with joining Dry Prairie Regional Water System (priority 12 above). Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to consist of state funds.
135	Town of Froid	195	\$250,000	Refinance existing debt, in conjunction with joining Dry Prairie Regional Water System (priority 12 above). Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to consist of state funds.

**Table 4-28. Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Projects Identified for Funding**

Priority Rank	Project Name	Population	Project Cost	Description of Project
139	Town of Medicine Lake	269	\$250,000	Refinance existing debt, in conjunction with joining Dry Prairie Regional Water System (priority 12 above). Expected loan terms are 3.75% interest over 20 years. Funding for this project is expected to consist of state funds.

\*(G) identifies the project as a "Green Project"

#### **4.5.6.2 Criteria and Method Used for Distribution of Funds**

The Safe Drinking Water Act amendments of 1986 and 1996 imposed many new regulatory requirements upon public water suppliers. Public health and compliance problems related to these requirements, affordability, consolidation of two or more systems, and readiness to proceed all were considered in developing Montana's project ranking criteria.

DEQ initially proposed balancing these factors, with slightly more emphasis placed on health and compliance and less on affordability and readiness to proceed. In discussions with EPA and Montana's Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Advisory Committee, it became clear that health risks and compliance issues needed more emphasis and that readiness to proceed could be eliminated and handled through by-pass procedures (Montana Department of Environmental Quality, 2007).

Projects that address acute risks (i.e., an immediate threat to public health), such as inadequately treated surface water, are given high scores. Proposals that address lower-risk public health threats, such as chemical contaminants present at low levels, are ranked slightly lower. Proposals that address existing or future regulatory requirements before noncompliance occurs were also given credit and are ranked lower than projects with significant health risks.

The financial effect of the proposed project on system users is one of the ranking criteria. The communities most in need of low-interest loans to fund the project are awarded points under the affordability criterion (Montana Department of Environmental Quality, 2007).

In addition to the limitations on financing for individual projects discussed earlier in this plan, DEQ is required to use at least 15% annually of all funds credited to the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund to provide loan assistance to systems serving fewer than 10,000 people, to the extent that there are a sufficient number of eligible projects to fund.

#### **4.5.6.3 Financial Status**

The discussion and **Table 4-30** on the following pages summarize State Revolving Fund Program expenditures to date and outline financial projections and assumptions for the future. The narrative addresses the project loan fund and **Table 4-31** summarizes the set-aside, or non-project, activities. The individual capitalization grants and corresponding state match for each fiscal year are listed in **Table 4-29**.

**Table 4-29. Summary of Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Grants from 1997 to 2010**

FFY	Federal Grant	State Match
1997	\$14,826,200	\$2,965,240
1998	\$7,121,300	\$1,424,260
1999	\$7,463,800	\$1,492,760

**Table 4-29. Summary of Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Grants from 1997 to 2010**

FFY	Federal Grant	State Match
2000	\$7,757,000	\$1,551,400
2001	\$7,789,100	\$1,557,820
2002	\$8,052,500	\$1,610,500
2003	\$8,004,100	\$1,600,820
2004	\$8,303,100	\$1,660,620
2005	\$8,285,500	\$1,657,100
2006	\$8,229,300	\$1,645,860
2007	\$8,229,000	\$1,645,800
2008	\$8,146,000	\$1,629,200
2009	\$8,146,000	\$1,629,200
2010	\$13,573,000	\$2,714,600
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$123,925,900</b>	<b>\$24,785,180</b>

A financial overview of the State Revolving Fund Program through FY2011 shows the actual income and expenses (inflows and outflows), by broad category, to the program through FY2010 and the projected inflows and outflows through FY2011 (**Table 4-30**). The first column lists broad categories of inflows and outflows and the second column lists actual amounts for those categories through FY2010. The third column lists projected amounts for FY2011.

**Table 4-30. Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Program Status**

	Projected through Montana FY2010	Projected for Montana FY2011	Total
<b>Source of Funds</b>			
<b>Federal Cap. Grants</b>	<b>\$110,352,900</b>	<b>\$13,573,000*</b>	
Set-Asides	(\$14,855,232)	(\$1,925,920)	
Total to Loan Fund	\$95,497,668	\$11,647,080	\$107,144,748
<b>State Match</b>			
Bond Proceeds	\$22,070,580	\$2,714,600	\$24,785,180
Loan Loss Reserve Sweeps	\$4,113,286	\$790,000	\$4,903,826
Loan Repayments	\$37,258,428	\$5,800,000	\$43,058,428
Interest on Fund Investments			\$1,864,354
Transfer to CWSRF	\$11,282,486	\$0	\$11,282,486
<b>TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS</b>			<b>\$193,039,022</b>
<b>Use of Funds</b>			
Loans Executed			
Direct Loans	\$145,687,480		\$145,687,480
Transfer to CWSRF	\$16,130,213	\$6,000,000	\$22,130,213
<b>TOTAL USES</b>			<b>\$167,817,693</b>
Funds Available for Loan			\$25,221,329
<b>Projected IUP Loans</b>			
Direct Loans (SFY11)		\$38,735,000	\$39,635,000
Projected Balance Remaining			(\$14,413,671)

\*FFY2011 capitalization grant estimated amount

**Table 4-31. Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Program Set-Aside Activity**

Set-Aside	Thru 2009 Grant	'10 Grant Set-aside	% of '10 Grant	Total	Reserved Authority (year)	Reserved Authority Applied to Previous Grants	Total Remaining Authority Reserved
<b>4% Administration</b>	<b>4,414,116</b>	<b>542,920</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>4,957,036</b>			<b>0</b>
<b>10% State Program</b>							
PWS Supervision	4,485,271	700,000	5.2%	5,185,270	155,000 (01) 92,930 (06)	118,400 (09)	129,530
Source Water Protection	1,154,600	140,000	1.0%	1,294,600			0
Capacity Development	660,000	82,000	0.6%	742,000	50,000 ('03)		50,000
Operator Certification	965,000	120,000	0.9%	1,085,000	70,000 ('01)		70,000
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>7,264,870</b>	<b>1,042,000</b>	<b>7.7%</b>	<b>8,306,870</b>			
2% Small System Tech. Asst.	1,303,226	211,000	1.6%	1,514,226	155,140 ('00) 155,782 ('01) 144,585 ('06)		455,507
<b>15% Local Assistance</b>							
<b>Loan Assistance for SWP Capacity Development</b>							
Source Water Assessment*	1,482,620		--	1,482,620			
Wellhead Protection	400,400	130,000	1.0%				
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$14,865,232</b>	<b>\$1,925,920</b>	<b>14.3%</b>	<b>\$16,791,152</b>	<b>\$823,437</b>	<b>118,400</b>	<b>\$705,037</b>

\*The SDWA only allowed funds for this activity to be set aside one time from the initial FFY97 capitalization grant. Montana elected to set aside the maximum allowable amount of \$1,482,620 (10%)



## 5.0 GROUNDWATER MONITORING AND ASSESSMENT

Several state and federal agencies monitor and assess Montana's groundwater, including the Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology; Montana's departments of Environmental Quality, Agriculture, and Natural Resources and Conservation; and the United States Geological Survey. **Section 5.1** contains results from the Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology's monitoring and assessment work, **Sections 5.2** and **5.3** report on other state and locally-managed groundwater protection programs in place under state law or federally delegated authorities.

### 5.1 GROUNDWATER RESOURCES IN MONTANA

The quality and availability of groundwater varies greatly across Montana. Aquifers in western Montana are typically within unconsolidated valley-fill materials coincident with stream valleys and intermontane valleys. Intermontane valley aquifers often yield relatively large quantities of high-quality water to relatively shallow wells. Because many wells are being constructed in intermontane basins, and development is encroaching on the basin margins of consolidated rock, fractured bedrock aquifers surrounding intermontane valleys have become important.

Residents in eastern Montana commonly get groundwater from aquifers within unconsolidated alluvial valley-fill materials, glacial outwash, or consolidated sedimentary rock formations. The most used consolidated sandstone aquifers in eastern Montana include the Fort Union, Hell Creek, Fox Hills, Judith River, and Eagle formations. In some areas east of the Rocky Mountains, near-surface thick shale deposits, such as the Colorado Group and Bearpaw (Pierre) Shale, severely limit the economic availability of water to wells or provide too-poor water quality for most uses. Eastern Montana aquifers typically yield less water and produce more mineralized water compared with aquifers in western Montana. The water in some eastern Montana aquifers is suitable only for livestock consumption.

#### 5.1.1 Groundwater Use

Montana's population relies heavily on groundwater. The Montana Ground Water Information Center (GWIC) database contains more than 227,000 water-well records. Since 1975, Montanans have constructed more than 102,800 domestic wells, 16,225 livestock wells, and about 8,900 irrigation wells. About 61% of Montana's population uses groundwater for drinking; about 32% get their drinking water from private wells.

Groundwater sources provide 2% to 3% (about 272 million gallons per day (mgpd)) of the 10,479 mgpd of water used in Montana (Cannon and Johnson, 2004). The largest uses of groundwater are for

- drinking – 87 mgpd
- irrigation – 140 mgpd
- industrial – 32 mgpd
- livestock – 12 mgpd

Groundwater use is highest in western Montana, where the predominant uses are domestic and irrigation supported by high-yield aquifers. Use for livestock is common throughout Montana but is most prevalent in eastern counties, where ranching is an important industry.

### 5.1.2 Groundwater Characterization and Monitoring

The 1991 Montana Legislature established the Montana Ground Water Assessment Program, directing the Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology (MBMG) to characterize Montana's hydrogeology and to monitor long-term water level conditions and water chemistry. The characterization and monitoring programs allow MBMG to systematically evaluate Montana's aquifers and collect long-term water level and water quality data. The GWIC database (<http://mbmggwic.mtech.edu>) maintains and distributes data generated by the characterization and monitoring programs, as well as data generated by many other groundwater projects.

Ground Water Characterization Program (GWCP) specialists have visited more than 8,950 wells in 22 Montana counties. The site visits provide high-quality inventory information about the groundwater resource. MBMG has released GWCP atlases for the Lower Yellowstone River (Dawson, Fallon, Prairie, Richland, and Wibaux counties) and the Flathead Lake areas (Lake and Flathead counties). The atlases include descriptive overviews of aquifers and 21 maps describing the groundwater resources. Characterization atlases currently in preparation include the Lolo-Bitterroot (Mineral, Missoula, and Ravalli counties), for which MBMG has released 10 maps, and the Middle Yellowstone River (Treasure and Yellowstone counties outside of the Crow Reservation), for which MBMG has released six maps. MBMG has completed field work in the Upper Clark Fork River (Deer Lodge, Granite, Powell, and Silver Bow counties), the Carbon-Stillwater county area, and the Cascade-Teton county area. MBMG has released six maps in these study areas. Field work is ongoing in the Gallatin-Madison county area. The Ground Water Assessment Steering Committee has scheduled the Sweet Grass-Park county area for future work.

The monitoring program's statewide network contains 954 wells in which MBMG staff measure static water levels quarterly. Within the network there are 105 water-level recorders that provide hourly to daily water-level records. New water-level data for any network well is generally available from GWIC about 10 days after collection.

### 5.1.3 Groundwater Contaminants and Contamination Sources

There is no comprehensive statewide set of water chemistry data collected between July 1, 2007, and June 30, 2010; however, the statewide groundwater monitoring program collected data at a subset of existing groundwater monitoring well and spring locations. The groundwater characterization program and other MBMG programs also collected data within specific study areas (**Figure 5-1**). The Ground Water Assessment Program accounted for nearly half (464 of 882) of the samples evaluated for this report. The Cascade-Teton Ground Water Characterization and Gallatin-Madison studies produced 255 samples, and 3 samples came from selected wells in older study areas. The monitoring program collected 206 samples from statewide monitoring network wells. The new Ground Water Investigations Program at MBMG provided about 100 samples; MBMG projects near Anaconda, in the Gallatin valley, lower Yellowstone River, and in the Yellowstone Controlled Groundwater Area, among others, added 320 samples, bringing the total number of sampled sites to 882. Of all the monitoring data evaluated for this report, 59% came from unconsolidated aquifers (**Figure 5-2**).

To be included in the dataset, the water quality sample must

- have been collected between July 1, 2007, and June 30, 2010;
- represent "ambient" water quality (i.e., not collected as part of an effort to determine the extent of contamination by the evaluated parameter) and have an identifiable geologic source;

- have come from a well or spring.

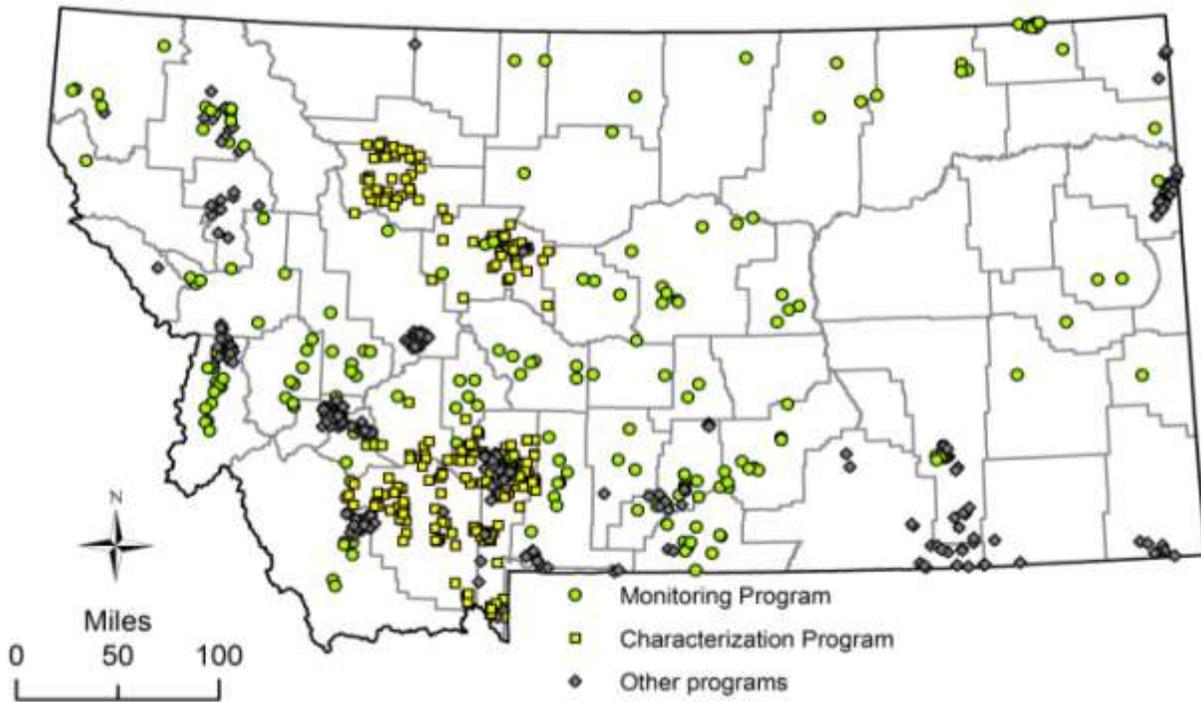


Figure 5-1. Groundwater Monitoring Well and Spring Locations and Data Source

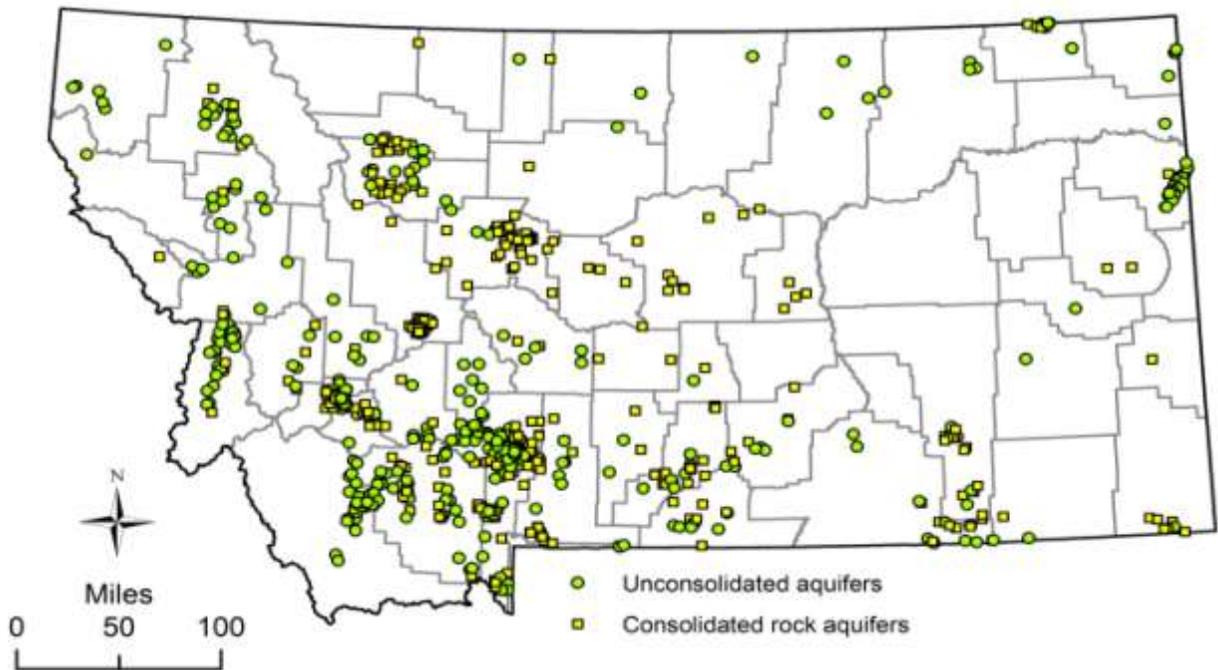


Figure 5-2. Distribution of Samples from Wells and Springs Completed Unconsolidated and Consolidated Aquifers

If a well or spring was sampled more than once between July 2007 and June 2010, data were included either from the most recent or the most complete analysis. For example, if a well was sampled for common ions (including nitrate) and trace metals but later sampled only for nitrate, the complete analysis was retained and the single nitrate result was not used. Numerous samples collected from closely spaced wells also received special treatment. If more than four samples in the same quarter-section from wells completed in the same aquifer were found in the database, the sample with the median total dissolved solids was selected.

The final number of analytical results available depended on the parameter. For example, there were 817 complete analyses for which total dissolved solids could be calculated and trace metal data extracted. However, 868 samples were available for nitrate and about 815 samples were available for chloride.

Maximum contaminant levels (MCLs), secondary maximum contaminant levels (SMCLs), or State of Montana standards (DEQ-7) (Montana Department of Environmental Quality, 2006) are cited for various parameters below. MCLs refer to the maximum level of a constituent allowed in public drinking water supplies as established by EPA (see <http://water.epa.gov/action/advisories/drinking/upload/dwstandards2009.pdf><sup>16</sup>) and are set to ensure that the contaminant does not pose significant risk to public health. MCLs are legally enforceable standards that apply to public water systems. SMCLs are non-enforceable guidelines for contaminants that may cause unpleasant cosmetic effects (e.g., skin or tooth discoloration) or affect the aesthetics of drinking water (e.g., taste, odor, or color). DEQ-7 standards, adopted by the Montana Board of Environmental Review for the parameters discussed below, mostly but not always match that parameter's MCL or SMCL. If a numeric DEQ-7 value is available, but it differs from a parameter's MCL or SMCL, the DEQ-7 value is compared with concentrations in the sample sets.

**Total Dissolved Solids:** About one-third of the 815 samples for which total dissolved solids were reported contained concentrations greater than 500 mg/L. One hundred twenty-five of these samples were from consolidated rock aquifers located east of the Rocky Mountains and around the edges of intermontane valleys in western Montana; 128 samples were from unconsolidated aquifers in western Montana valleys and along major drainages in eastern Montana. More than 70% of samples from unconsolidated aquifers contained less than 500 mg/L but 4% contained more than 2,000 mg/L total dissolved solids. In contrast, only about 60% of the samples from consolidated rock aquifers contained less than 500 mg/L total dissolved solids. Twelve percent of samples from consolidated aquifers with total dissolved solids had concentrations greater than 2,000 mg/L.

**Nitrate:** The nitrate (as N, nitrate-nitrogen) data represents results from 868 water samples (**Table 5-1**). About 15% of all samples contained nitrate concentrations of less than 0.25 mg/L; about 80% of all samples contained concentrations of less than 2 mg/L. About 90% of all samples contained less than 5 mg/L; however, 4% of the samples contained concentrations greater than 10 mg/L. The median nitrate concentration for all samples was 0.5 mg/L. The median concentration in samples from unconsolidated aquifers was 0.6 mg/L; the median concentration for samples from consolidated aquifers was 0.5 mg/L.

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<sup>16</sup> Website accessed November 29, 2011.

**Table 5-1. Nitrate-Nitrogen Concentrations in 868 Samples**

Nitrate-nitrogen mg/L	Unconsolidated aquifers	Number of samples	Consolidated aquifers	Number of samples	All aquifers	Number of samples
<0.25	79	16%	53	15%	132	15%
≥ 0.25 and < 2.0	329	65%	226	63%	555	64%
≥ 2.0 and < 5.0	69	14%	37	10%	106	12%
≥ 5.0 and < 10.0	21	4%	23	6%	44	5%
≥ 10.0	10	2%	21	6%	31	4%
Total	508	101%	360	100%	868	100%

\*Percentages do not sum to 100 due to rounding

There were 508 nitrate-nitrogen results available for samples from unconsolidated aquifers and 360 results from consolidated rock aquifers. There was little difference between unconsolidated and consolidated aquifers in the percentages of samples at specific nitrate concentrations.

**Fluoride:** Analytical results for fluoride in 808 samples showed that concentrations were between 0.1 and 2.0 mg/L in about 87% of the samples. However, at concentrations greater than 2 mg/L (50% of the 4 mg/L DEQ-7 and MCL standards), water from consolidated rock aquifers generally contained more fluoride than did water from unconsolidated aquifers. Ten percent of the samples from consolidated rock aquifers exceeded 2.0 mg/L; only about 5% of the water samples from unconsolidated aquifers contained similar concentrations. Exceeding the MCL were 1% of the samples from unconsolidated aquifers and 2% of the samples from consolidated rock aquifers.

**Sulfate:** Sulfate is rarely absent in groundwater, and only about 2% of the samples did not contain detectable concentrations. About 18% of the 817 samples contained sulfate concentrations greater than the secondary drinking water standard of 250 mg/L. Seventy percent of the samples contained sulfate concentrations of less than 125 mg/L (50% of the secondary standard).

Water samples from unconsolidated aquifers had slightly lower sulfate concentrations than did samples from consolidated rock aquifers. Seventy-three percent of the samples from unconsolidated aquifers contained sulfate concentrations of less than 125 mg/L; only 67% of the water samples from consolidated rock aquifers contained sulfate concentrations below that level. Fifteen percent of the samples from unconsolidated aquifers contained sulfate concentrations greater than 250 mg/L, but 21% of the samples from consolidated aquifers exceeded the secondary standard.

**Chloride:** In about 95% of the 815 samples, chloride concentrations were less than 63 mg/L (25% of the secondary standard of 250 mg/L), but only about 7% of the samples did not contain detectable chloride. Only 0.2% of the samples from unconsolidated aquifers and 0.9% of the samples from consolidated rock aquifers contained greater than 250 mg/L chloride. Chloride is commonly present at low concentrations in natural water, and the secondary standard is high compared to chloride concentrations in most of the samples.

About 55% of samples contained chloride concentrations of less than 10 mg/L. About 37% of the samples contained more than 10 mg/L but less than 63 mg/L. The median concentration of chloride for all the samples was 7.5 mg/L. The median concentration in unconsolidated aquifers was 7.4 mg/L; the median concentration in consolidated rock aquifers was 7.8 mg/L.

**Metals:** Analytical results for trace metals for between 807 and 815 samples are available for the July 2007 – June 2010 period. The distribution of trace-metal concentration relative to DEQ-7 standards and primary or secondary MCLs (Table 5-2) shows that aluminum, antimony, barium, beryllium, cadmium, lead, nickel, selenium, thallium, uranium, and zinc were present in concentrations above their standards, but in only 0.1% to 4% of samples. Arsenic was the exception, where about 7% of samples contained >10 µg/L. The percentage of samples that contained concentrations of any metal between the detection limit and 50% of its standard ranged from 85% for arsenic to 100% for chromium, copper, and silver.

**Table 5-2. Distribution of Trace-Metal Sample Concentrations Based on Montana DEQ-7 Standards and MCLs or SMCLs Established for Public Drinking Water Supplies**

	MCL µg/L	Total Samples	Samples with either a reported value or a non-detect ≤ the MCL or SMCL	Percent samples < 50% MCL	Percent >50% MCL and <100% MCL	Percent >100% MCL
Aluminum*	50 (s)	809	791	96.3%	1.5%	2.2%
Antimony	6 (p)	812	811	99.8%	0.1%	0.1%
Arsenic	10 (p)	815	758	85.3%	7.7%	7.0%
Barium	2,000 (p)	813	812	99.9%	0.0%	0.1%
Beryllium	4 (p)	807	804	99.5%	0.1%	0.4%
Cadmium	5 (p)	813	809	99.4%	0.1%	0.5%
Chromium	100 (p)	813	813	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Copper	1,000 (s)	814	814	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Lead	10 (p)	813	810	99.4%	0.2%	0.4%
Selenium	50 (p)	813	810	98.9%	0.7%	0.4%
Silver	100 (s)	813	813	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Thallium	2 (p)	810	777	95.4%	0.5%	4.1%
Uranium	30 (p)	813	784	91.9%	4.6%	3.6%
Zinc	5,000 (s)	813	813	99.9%	0.1%	0.0%

\*Aluminum has been associated with discoloration of drinking water following treatment, and the SMCL is sometimes given as a range between 50 and 200 µg/L to allow states to address local conditions. The 50 µg/L minimum was used here for comparison purposes. (p) = primary drinking water standard. (s) = secondary drinking water standard. Detection limits were as follows (µg/L): Al = 0.1-79.0, Sb = 0.05-5.4, As = 0.1-6.4, Ba = 0.1-1.3, Be = 0.1-2.1, Cd = 0.1-4.5, Cr = 0.04-6.6, Cu = 0.04-16.2, Pb = 0.05-7.3, Se = 0.05-8.3, Ag = 0.04-10.0, Tl = 0.02-2.0, U = 0.01-6.9, and Zn = 0.04-36.4. For any parameter, non-detect results with detection limits above the MCL or SMCL were not included.

**Arsenic:** Based on 815 samples, almost all of Montana's groundwater contains arsenic, but 93% of the samples contained arsenic concentrations of less than 10 µg/L. The distribution of arsenic concentration does not vary widely between consolidated and unconsolidated aquifers (**Table 5-3**). Additionally, 28% of the samples from unconsolidated aquifers and 19% of the samples from consolidated aquifers contained concentrations >3 µg/L.

**Table 5-3. Arsenic Concentrations in 815 Samples**

Arsenic µg/L	Unconsolidated aquifers	Number of samples	Consolidated aquifers	Number of samples	All aquifers	Number of samples
< 1	215	46%	188	55%	403	49%
≥ 1 and < 3	122	26%	87	25%	209	26%
≥ 3 and < 10	92	19%	53	15%	145	18%
≥ 10 and < 25	31	7%	11	3%	42	5%
≥ 25 and < 50	5	1%	1	0%	6	1%

**Table 5-3. Arsenic Concentrations in 815 Samples**

Arsenic µg/L	Unconsolidated aquifers	Number of samples	Consolidated aquifers	Number of samples	All aquifers	Number of samples
≥ 50	7	1%	3	1%	10	1%
<b>Total</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>99%</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>100%</b>

\*Percentages do not sum to 100 due to rounding

**Radon:** Analytical results from samples collected between August 1992 and July 2011 provide data for radon concentrations in groundwater. Sixty-seven of the 744 samples were collected since July 1, 2007. Between 80% and 90% of samples contained radon in concentrations exceeding the 300 pCi/L DEQ-7 standard for groundwater. The frequency distribution did not vary widely between consolidated rock and unconsolidated aquifers, although the highest radon concentrations were in water from igneous intrusive rock aquifers, such as the Boulder Batholith in southwestern Montana. **Table 5-4** lists the frequency distribution of radon concentrations compared to the DEQ-7 standard of 300 pCi/L.

**Table 5-4. Radon Concentration Distribution in 744 Samples Based on the 300 pCi/L Montana DEQ-7 Standard**

Radon pCi/L	Unconsolidated aquifers	Number of samples	Consolidated aquifers	Number of samples	All aquifers	Number of samples
< 50	5	1%	5	2%	10	1%
≥ 50 and < 150	8	2%	23	8%	31	4%
≥ 150 and < 300	42	10%	43	14%	85	11%
≥ 300	388	88%	230	76%	618	83%
<b>Total</b>	<b>443</b>	<b>101%</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>744</b>	<b>99%</b>

\*Percentages do not sum to 100 due to rounding

## 5.2 GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

DEQ allocates fewer resources for groundwater protection through public awareness and education than it does for surface water and wetlands. This is a concern because groundwater supplies drinking water for most public and private users in Montana and because contaminated groundwater is difficult to clean up. The rate and scale of groundwater impacts are increasing for several reasons, including the increasing use of septic systems associated with growth and development and increased agricultural use of groundwater for irrigation and livestock watering due to basin closures for surface water rights. Increased groundwater use for irrigation and livestock can potentially reduce recharge and increase the impacts from fertilizers, pesticides, and animal wastes to groundwater as these pollutants move through the soil and ultimately end up in groundwater.

### 5.2.1 Protection Strategy

As part of their daily business, several DEQ bureaus and other state agencies address many of the protection strategies laid out in the Montana Groundwater Plan (Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation, 1998). As of 2010 there is no overall coordination of groundwater stewardship and protection activities within Montana. Multiple agencies are responsible for implementing various groundwater protection strategies. In 2005 DNRC began efforts to identify stakeholders, update the groundwater plan, and coordinate a strategy. The process is ongoing.

### 5.2.2 Remediation Strategy

The DEQ Remediation Division is responsible for overseeing investigation and cleanup activities at state and federal Superfund sites; reclaiming abandoned mine lands; implementing corrective actions at sites with leaking underground storage tanks; and overseeing groundwater remediation at sites where agricultural and industrial chemicals have caused groundwater contamination. These activities are intended to protect human health and the environment; to prevent exposure to hazardous or harmful substances that these sites release to soil, sediment, surface water, or groundwater; and to ensure compliance with applicable state and federal regulations.

The Groundwater Remediation Program regulates these sites under the MWQA. These sites typically require long-term soil, surface water, and/or groundwater remediation and monitoring. The program addresses sites that the Leaking Underground Storage Tank Program, Comprehensive Environmental Cleanup and Responsibility Act (CECRA) Program, Permitting and Compliance Division, or other state authorities do not address.

The program has overseen remediation at sites contaminated with petroleum, pesticides, metals, nutrients, and solvents. These sites range in scale from small (not on National Priority List (NPL)) to large (on NPL). The program ranks them as maximum, high, medium, or low priority sites, or as operation and maintenance sites (Montana Department of Environmental Quality, 1996). Currently, the Groundwater Remediation Program is actively working on 86 sites, coordinating remediation activities with the Montana Department of Agriculture when pesticides affect groundwater.

### 5.2.3 Source Water Protection

This program is discussed in detail in **Section 4.6.4** of this document.

### 5.2.4 Local Water Quality Districts

Communities establish Local Water Quality Districts (LWQD) to protect, preserve, and improve the quality of surface water and groundwater within their districts. Currently, there are four in Montana. Lewis & Clark County established the state's first LWQD in 1992 covering the Helena valley watershed. A year later, Missoula County set up an LWQD covering the Missoula Valley Sole Source Aquifer. Butte/Silver Bow established an LWQD in 1995. Gallatin County formed an LWQD covering the Gallatin Valley at Bozeman in 1997.

LWQDs are formed by county governments pursuant to 7-13-4501 et. Seq., MCA. This legislation describes district organization and specifies local-level authorities. DEQ provides support to LWQD programs but does not have an active management role in their activities. These groups serve as local government districts with a governing board of directors. They are funded by fees collected annually with county taxes, similar to funding mechanisms for other county districts.

Each district must prepare a report to summarize yearly activities. Reports provide a review of the ongoing activities and allow for an assessment of each LWQD in meeting their program objectives established during formation of the districts. A DEQ SWP section staff member coordinates LWQD activities and reviews the annual reports.

A significant component of selected district programs is the ability to participate in the enforcement of the MWQA and related rules. Districts may develop and implement local water quality protection ordinances, activities they perform in conjunction with DEQ's Enforcement Division.

DEQ works with the districts to support SWP implementation at PWS systems within district boundaries. All the districts meet annually to review programs and activities, and generally share ideas about how each district approaches and manages local water quality related issues. DEQ's LWQD coordinator participates in planning for these meetings.

### **5.2.5 Prevention of Agriculture Chemical Pollution**

In 1989, the Montana Agricultural Chemical Groundwater Protection Act was passed (MCA Title 80, Chapter 15, Section 80-15-101 through 80-15-414). Section 80-15-103 states that it is the policy of the state to: protect groundwater and the environment from impairment or degradation due to the use of agricultural chemicals including all pesticides and nitrogen fertilizers, allow for the proper and correct use of agricultural chemicals, provide for the management of agricultural chemicals to prevent, minimize, and mitigate their presence in groundwater, and provide for education and training of agricultural chemical applicators and the general public on groundwater protection, agricultural chemical use, and the use of alternative agricultural chemicals. Under this Act, it is the directive of the Ground-Water Protection Program (GWPP) of the Technical Services Bureau of the Montana Department of Agriculture (MDA) to monitor the occurrence and concentration of agricultural chemicals in the waters of the State of Montana.

The MDA is also responsible for the state's Generic Management Plan (GMP). The GMP is an umbrella plan that provides guidance for the state to prevent groundwater impairment from agricultural chemicals, including pesticides and fertilizers not directly related to agriculture. PDF copies are available at <http://agr.mt.gov/pestfert/smp/genericplanfull.pdf>.

#### **5.2.5.1 Groundwater Monitoring & Education**

The MDA conducts ambient groundwater monitoring for agricultural chemicals. The program determines whether or not residues of agricultural chemicals are present in groundwater and assesses the likelihood of an agricultural chemical entering groundwater. If MDA finds agricultural chemicals in groundwater, they will verify, investigate, and determine an appropriate response.

The program has a permanent network of 42 monitoring wells. In addition, investigative and special projects are conducted in vulnerable areas, watersheds, and urban environments. Permanent monitoring wells serve as the foundation from which MDA looks for current and new agricultural chemicals. MDA selects sites to represent agricultural crops and cropping, as well as their associated pesticide usage. Monitoring wells are located in 31 of Montana's 56 counties. The department also evaluates new chemicals when labeled for use in Montana as analytical methods are established.

The department also has an education program under which they conduct initial and re-certification training for commercial and government pesticide applicators. The department staff is available to provide or assist in training and education for the public regarding pesticides.

#### **5.2.5.2 Statewide Groundwater/Pesticide Projects**

The MDA Groundwater Program has prioritized watersheds around the state in which to conduct one-year monitoring projects. Sites are selected based on agricultural setting, soil type, groundwater table, and sampling availability of the wells. These projects provide a snapshot of pesticide and nitrate levels in the groundwater, usually associated with a surface water source such as a river system. From 2008

through 2010 MDA investigated groundwater in Billings, the Flaxville Formation, Missoula Aquifer, East Shore of Flathead Lake, Judith River Basin, Bitterroot Valley, Beaverhead Valley and Ruby Valley.

### **5.2.5.3 Groundwater Enforcement Program**

MDA is responsible for primary enforcement of the Montana Agriculture Chemical Ground Water Protection Act, while DEQ is responsible for adopting WQS for agricultural chemicals (pesticides and fertilizers). MDA ensures compliance by conducting statewide comprehensive inspections at agricultural chemical users, dealers, and manufacturers; by collecting groundwater and soil samples; and by investigating and monitoring incidents and spills that could cause impairment. Where necessary, MDA implements compliance actions and orders to prevent or remediate agricultural chemical groundwater problems.

## **5.3 GROUNDWATER - SURFACE WATER INTERACTIONS**

The 1986 provisions of the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act introduced the Surface Water Treatment Rule (SWTR). The rule requires the application of filtration and treatment techniques for public water systems that use surface water or groundwater under the direct influence of surface water (GWUDISW). The SWTR requires each state to assess all PWS that use groundwater to determine if the sources are GWUDISW. DEQ performs these assessments under the GWUDISW program.

The SWTR defines surface water under the influence of groundwater as:

- Significant occurrence of insects or other macroorganisms, algae, or large-diameter pathogens such as *Giardia lamblia*, or *Cryptosporidium*; or
- Significant and relatively rapid shifts in water characteristics such as turbidity, temperature, conductivity, or pH that closely correlates to climatological or surface water conditions.

The initial step in the GWUDISW program is completion of a Preliminary Assessment (PA) pursuant to DEQ Circular PWS-5 (Montana Department of Environmental Quality, 2008a). The PA evaluates and assigns a score to the source based on the location of the source relative to surface water and information on the driller's log. Consequently, sources often fail the PA (scores  $\geq 40$ ) because of substandard or unknown well construction. DEQ completes a further assessment of the source after it has failed the PA. In some cases DEQ has exercised the option of contracting MBMG to perform a detailed hydrogeologic assessment, which is often associated with spring sources or complex hydrogeologic situations.

## 6.0 REVIEW OF MONTANA’S ASSESSMENT PROCESS AND ASSESSMENT DATA

The DEQ water quality program has been working to improve its assessment, data management, and reporting abilities and systems since after the 2004 reporting cycle. The following sections describe the current state of program improvements, and in addition, we report cases where errant data was discovered and corrected.

### 6.1 WATER QUALITY ASSESSMENT METHOD - QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM REVIEW

The Montana Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) made a substantial change to Montana’s Water Quality Assessment Method for the 2012 Integrated Reporting cycle (**Attachment 1**). This method differs from the Water Quality Assessment Method that has been used in previous listing cycles. The most dramatic changes are the use of pollutant-specific methods to assess water quality and the process for how DEQ assesses the data to be used for assessments. The new method allows DEQ to have a transparent and repeatable process for making use-support decisions and, moreover, will improve the level of certainty in assessment decisions.

DEQ has developed assessment methods for nutrients, sediment, and metals pollutant groups, which represent the most common pollutants impairing Montana’s surface waters. Each pollutant method provides the framework for conducting sound and consistent water quality assessments, which will allow DEQ to make reproducible and defensible beneficial-use support (i.e., 303(d) listing) decisions.

The pollutant-based assessment methods have specific objectives and decision-making criteria for assessing the validity and reliability of data. The new method uses a Data Quality Assessment (DQA) process to evaluate data for use in assessments. Previous versions of the state’s assessment method for the period 2000-2008 referred to the validity and reliability assessment process as “Sufficient Credible Data” (SCD). The data evaluation considered the technical, representativeness, currency, quality, and spatial and temporal components of readily available data and information for each of the data types (biology, chemical, and physical/habitat). It established a measure of each data type’s rigor, and the sum of all data types were translated to a qualitative statement of confidence for the beneficial-use assessment. The DQA process considers most of the same technical, spatial/temporal, quality, and age concepts as were reviewed under SCD, but DQA is conducted individually per beneficial use and pollutant group (e.g., Aquatic Life – Nutrients).

Before employing the revised method, DEQ solicited comments and feedback from the State TMDL Advisory Group (STAG) and solicited public comments on the revision to the assessment methodology.

### 6.2 DATA MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

As result of our improved data management system for Clean Water Act section 305(b) reporting, the program is better able to visualize assessment data and their relationships. The program has identified inconsistencies or data entry errors that were resolved or corrected to better represent water quality assessment decisions. The program goal is to improve reporting abilities, clarify assessment data and

related information, and make transparent the assessment process for interested parties and stakeholders.

### 6.2.1 Assessment Unit (AU) Metadata and Data Entry Errors Corrected

During data management activities and 2012 report development, we discovered and corrected some basic data entry and GIS indexing errors, and in addition, made revisions to some Assessment Unit (AU) location descriptions (**Table 6-1**).

**Table 6-1. General Data QC and Corrections for 2012 Cycle**

305(b) ID	Waterbody Name	Data Corrected	Correction
MT39E001_032	Boxelder Creek	County	Added Fallon County to location information
MT40A005_040	Bair Reservoir	Ecoregion	Added ecoregion to AU's location metadata
MT40S002_030	Sand Creek	Location Description	Revised to: SAND CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to mouth (Missouri River)
MT41E002_080	Little Boulder River	Location Description Length & End Point	Revised to: LITTLE BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River); extend AU to headwaters. Length was changed from 3.76 miles to 16.3 miles
MT40E002_110	Sullivan Creek	Lat/Long, length, & GIS	Downstream end point changed to Lat/Long 47.907925/ -108.596197. Upstream end point changed to Lat/Long 47.918801/ -108.596262. Length corrected to 0.85 miles. AU in GIS moved to correct location.
MT41E002_130	Nursery Creek	Location Description & End Point	Revised to: NURSERY CREEK, headwaters (east branch) to mouth (Muskrat Creek)
MT41F005_020	Quake Lake	Ecoregion	Added ecoregion to AU's location metadata
MT41G001_011	Jefferson River	End Point & Location Information	Changed to: JEFFERSON RIVER, headwaters to confluence of Jefferson Slough; removed Gallatin & Broadwater Counties
MT41G001_012	Jefferson River	End Point	Changed to: JEFFERSON RIVER, confluence of Jefferson Slough to mouth (Missouri River)
MT41H003_040	Sourdough Creek	Location Description	Revised to: SOURDOUGH CREEK, confluence of Limestone Creek and Bozeman Creek to the mouth (East Gallatin River), T2S R6E S6
MT41H005_010	Squaw Creek	Waterbody Name	Changed to Storm Castle Creek
MT41I006_020	Prickly Pear Creek	End Point, Lat/Long, length, & GIS	Moved downstream end point to align where Prickly Pear Creek enters Lake Helena
MT41I006_150	Silver Creek	End Point, Lat/Long, length, & GIS	Moved downstream end point to align with quad map location of the lower Silver Creek as it enters Lake Helena
MT41K004_030	Freezeout Lake	HUC & State Basin	Changed HUC from Sun to Teton and State Basin to Lower Missouri and state watershed to Marias
MT41S001_030	Judith River	Ecoregion	Added ecoregion to AU's location metadata
MT41S004_020	Big Spring Creek	Location Description	Revised to: BIG SPRING CREEK, confluence of Casino Creek to mouth (Judith River)
MT42C001_011	Tongue River	Location Description & End Point	Revised to: TONGUE RIVER, Twelve Mile Dam to mouth (Yellowstone River). Moved downstream end point to coincide with Yellowstone River; updated steam length to 20.9 miles
MT42C002_010	Cook Creek	Ecoregion	Added ecoregion to AU's location metadata

**Table 6-1. General Data QC and Corrections for 2012 Cycle**

305(b) ID	Waterbody Name	Data Corrected	Correction
MT43B002_022	Bear Creek	Location Description, End Point, & Size	Changed to: BEAR CREEK, wilderness area boundary to 1/2 mile below Jardine Mine. Moved upstream end point to wilderness area boundary. Changed water type size to 4.3 miles
MT43B003_010	YellowstoneRiver	End Point, Lat/Long, length, & GIS	Downstream end point moved upstream 0.4 mi to coincide with HUC boundary - in concert with MT43F001_012.
MT43F001_012	YellowstoneRiver	End Point, Lat/Long, length, & GIS	Upstream end point moved downstream 0.4 mi to coincide with HUC boundary - in concert with MT43B003_010.
MT43Q001_011	Yellowstone River	Location Description	Revised to: YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Huntley Diversion Dam to mouth of Big Horn River
MT76D004_020	Fortine Creek	Location Description	Revised to: FORTINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grave Creek)
MT76D004_091	Sinclair Creek	Ecoregion	Added ecoregion to AU's location metadata
MT76E002_070	Quartz Gulch	Location Description	Revised to: QUARTZ GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Eureka Gulch)
MT76E002_080	Basin Gulch	Location Description	Revised to: BASIN GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Eureka Gulch)
MT76E002_090	Eureka Gulch	Location Description & End Point	Revised to: EUREKA GULCH, confluence of Quartz Gulch and Basin Gulch to mouth (Un-Named Ditch)
MT76E003_050	South Fork Lower Willow Creek	Location Description	Revised to: SOUTH FORK LOWER WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lower Willow Creek Reservoir)
MT76E004_080	Antelope Creek	Location Description, Lat/Long, length, & GIS	Downstream end point changed to Lat/Long 46.706/-113.337. Upstream end point changed to Lat/Long 46.632/-113.347. Length corrected to 8.45 miles. AU in GIS moved to correct location.
MT76G002_052	Mill Creek	Location Description & End Point	Revised to: MILL CREEK, line between sections 27-28 T4N R11W to Mill-Willow Bypass diversion; Downstream end point changed to Lat/Long 46.1162/-112.8059. Steam length changed to 9.5miles
MT76G002_120	Mill-Willow Bypass	Location Description & End Point	Revised to: MILL-WILLOW BYPASS, Mill Creek to Silver Bow Creek (below ponds); Upstream end point changed to Lat/Long 46.1162/-112.8059. Steam length changed to 4.2 miles
MT76G003_020	Silver Bow Creek	Location Description & End Point	Changed to: SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River). Downstream end point changed to Lat/Long 46.1869/-112.7718.
MT76H004_010	Bass Creek	Location Description	Changed to: BASS CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (un-named channel of Bitterroot River), T9N R20W S3
MT76K001_020	Swan River	Ecoregion	Added ecoregion to AU's location metadata
MT76P003_010	Whitefish River	Location Description	Changed to: WHITEFISH RIVER, Whitefish Lake to mouth (Stillwater River)

## 6.2.2 Assessment Unit Changes

During the 2012 reporting cycle we added or modified 17 waterbodies for assessment purposes. This included designating 16 new AUs and modifying one existing AU by merging into a single unit with another AU (Table 6-2).

**Table 6-2. Assessment Unit Changes During the 2012 Reporting Cycle**

2010 305(b) ID	2012 305(b) ID	Current Waterbody Description	Type	Comments
MT41I006_010	MT41I007_040	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Lake Helena to Hauser Lake	Merge	Merged into Hauser Lake MT41I007_040
	MT40J002_040	CLEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Milk River)	New	Added
	MT40Q002_030	WEST FORK POPLAR RIVER, Canadian border to Fort Peck Reservation	New	Added
	MT41G002_170	JEFFERSON SLOUGH, Jefferson River to the mouth (Jefferson River)	New	Added
	MT41K002_040	HUBER COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sun River Valley Ditch)	New	Added
	MT43A002_060	PORCUPINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Shields River)	New	Added
	MT43A002_070	FLATHEAD CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (Shields River)	New	Added
	MT43D002_170	BRIDGER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	New	Added
	MT43D002_190	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	New	Added
	MT76E002_061	ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	New	Added
	MT76E003_140	ROYAL GOLD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder Creek)	New	Added
	MT76G004_130	ONTARIO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	New	Added
	MT76M002_200	HALL GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Flat Creek)	New	Added
	MT76O003_030	MIDDLE FOY LAKE	New	Added
	MT76G004_054	O'KEEFE CREEK , headwaters to mouth (Telegraph Creek)	New	Added
	MT76G004_055	SALLY ANN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (O'Keefe Creek)	New	Added
	MT76G004_079	AMERICAN GULCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dog Creek)	New	Added

## 6.2.3 Changes to AU Beneficial Use and TMDL Planning Area Assignment

While managing the data and generating the 2012 Integrated Report, we discovered and corrected errors and made changes in TPA assignments (Table 6-3).

**Table 6-3. TPA Assignment and Use Class Changes**

305(b) ID	Waterbody Name	Data Corrected	Correction
MT40O003_010	Porcupine Creek	TMDL Planning Area	Changed the TPA from Lower Milk-Rock to Lower Milk
MT40O002_032	Halfpint Reservoir	TMDL Planning Area	Changed the TPA from Lower Milk-Rock to Lower Milk
MT76D004_091	Sinclair Creek	TMDL Planning Area	Changed the TPA from Kootenai to Tobacco

**Table 6-3. TPA Assignment and Use Class Changes**

305(b) ID	Waterbody Name	Data Corrected	Correction
MT76O004_020	Lake Mary Ronan	TMDL Planning Area	Changed the TPA from Flathead-Stillwater to Flathead Lake
MT40E004_010	Fort Peck Reservoir	Use Class	Changed from B-2 to B-3
MT41K004_030	Freezeout Lake	Use Class	Changed from B-2 to B-1
MT41S004_010	Big Spring Creek	Use Class	Changed from B-2 to B-1

### 6.2.4 Changes to Causes and Sources Associated with Assessment Units

Data entry errors were identified during the data quality control process. After a review of the errors the corrections were applied to the database in preparation for the 2012 Integrated Report. These changes corrected impairment causes and sources in order to improve the accuracy of the cause and source description or to correct data entry errors. For cases where a cause name was changed, the errant cause from previous 303(d) lists were delisted due to flaws in the original listing (**Appendix D**) and the correct cause added, retaining the cycle first listed date of the delisted cause (**Table 6-4**).

**Table 6-4. Changes to Causes and Sources Associated with Assessment Units**

305(b) ID	Waterbody Name	Correction
MT42K002_080	North Fork Sunday Creek	Changed the Solids (Suspended Bedload) pollutant/non-pollutant designation to pollutant. This cause is now correctly on the 303(d) list.
MT41Q001_011	Missouri River	Changed PCB-1254 & PCB-1260 listings, both incorrectly flagged as non-pollutants, to “Polychlorinated biphenyls” to consolidate these into one PCB listing. This cause is now correctly on the 303(d) list.
MT41Q001_013	Missouri River	Changed PCB-1254 & PCB-1260 listings, both incorrectly flagged as non-pollutants, to “Polychlorinated biphenyls” to consolidate these into one PCB listing. This cause is now correctly on the 303(d) list.
MT41I006_010	Prickly Pear Creek	Move Arsenic listing from Prickly Pear Creek to Lake Hauser (MT41I007_040) as part of an AU merge.
MT41H003_130	Hyalite Creek	Chlorophyll- <i>a</i> was removed from the impairment cause list to restore the correct 2008 cycle impairment listings. Chlorophyll- <i>a</i> was delisted from the old Hyalite Creek assessment unit (AU) MT41H003_131 in 2008 due to “flaws in the original listing.” This non-pollutant cause was inadvertently re-listed in 2010 when the old AU was split into two stream and one lake (reservoir) assessment units.

#### 6.2.4.1 Other Cause Changes

In March 2006 the state changed its water quality criterion for coliform bacteria from fecal coliform to *Escherichia coli* bacteria. To align the 303(d) bacteria listings with water quality standards, and eventual TMDL development, all “Fecal Coliform” listings without an approved TMDL were changed to “*Escherichia coli*.” Twelve fecal coliform listings were delisted (**Appendix D**) and replaced with *Escherichia coli*. Cycle first listed (CFL) dates for Fecal Coliform were retained with the *Escherichia coli* listings so that the initial reporting of the impairments were not lost.

Nutrient listings for “Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)” were revised to “Nitrogen (Total).” In cases where a TMDL was already developed and approved explicitly for TKN or where TKN and TN were both previously listed, the TKN listing was retained. This cause change aligns with the TMDL development approach where total nitrogen is used for nitrogen-related impairments because it is a more encompassing and stable representation of nitrogen than TKN. Ninety four TKN listings were delisted

**(Appendix D)** and replaced with Nitrogen (Total). Cycle first listed (CFL) dates for TKN were retained with the Nitrogen (Total) listings so that the initial reporting of the impairments were not lost.

## 7.0 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

State and Federal laws require managing agencies to consult with the public when developing procedures or processes for assessing water quality and setting priorities for TMDL planning. Additionally, state law requires a sixty-day public comment period for its draft 303(d) list mandated by the CWA. This section describes DEQ’s communication with the public.

### 7.1 PUBLIC CONSULTATION FOR 2012 303(D) LIST DEVELOPMENT

In 2011, the state’s assessment method underwent a major revision. Under this revised assessment method, determinations of beneficial-use support are specific to nutrients, sediment, and metals pollutant groups, which represent the most common pollutants impairing Montana’s surface waters. This update of Montana’s Water Quality Assessment Method provides a structured and consistent approach for assessing Montana’s waters. DEQ solicited comments and feedback from the **Statewide TMDL Advisory Group (STAG)** and solicited public comments before adopting the revised assessment process.

The Montana legislature and congress recognized the challenge of determining the extent of nonpoint source water quality impairments in both MCA 75-5-701(2) and 40 CFR part 130.7(5). That is, state and federal law require DEQ to assemble and evaluate all existing and readily available water quality data and information as an efficient means of augmenting the data collected under the DEQ ambient water quality monitoring program.

In compliance with this requirement, on November 1, 2010, DEQ sent an e-mail through the listserv to 52 stakeholders (local watershed groups; federal, state, and local agencies; state university programs; private groups; and individuals with water quality interests) requesting water quality information they might have that could be useful for updating water quality assessments noted in this report. The DEQ received five responses from to this “call for data” (**Table 7.1**). Data received after February 28, 2011, has been cataloged and saved for future assessments and reports.

**Table 7-1. Responses to the “Call for Data”**

Organization	Reference
Mineral Hill Mine	Bear Creek temperature
Montana Dept. of Natural Resources and Conservation	Dearborn River streamflow and temperature
Montana Fish, Wildlife and Parks	Sullivan Creek pH
Custer National Forest	Riparian PFC assessments
Madison River Watershed Group	Volunteer monitoring data

### 7.2 PUBLIC COMMENT FOR THE 2012 INTEGRATED REPORT

Publication of the Draft 2012 Water Quality Integrated Report initiated a sixty-day comment period beginning January 5, 2012 and ending March 3, 2012 allowing public review of DEQ’s updated listing decisions and planning schedule.

Legal notices were placed in major Montana newspapers, giving formal notice of the comment period. The comment period was also made public via press releases issued to Montana’s media outlets; posted to the DEQ Website; and notices e-mailed to members of the Integrated Report listserv.

DEQ submitted materials for the 2012 Integrated Report to the EPA via electronic database, document text, Geographic Information System (GIS) map files, and an electronic version of assessment files. To accommodate members of the public without sophisticated computer software, the files are available via the DEQ's Clean Water Act Information Center (CWAIC) found at <http://www.cwaic.mt.gov>, which can be viewed by anyone with Internet access. Through the CWAIC site, the public was able to submit comments to DEQ electronically or they could send comments through the mail.

All comment period announcements identified both the standard mailing address (below) and the CWAIC Website (<http://www.cwaic.mt.gov>) for submitting comments to DEQ.

Department of Environmental Quality  
2012 Integrated Report Comments  
WQPB, IMTS  
PO Box 200901  
Helena, MT 59620-0901

Comments received within the comment period were copied, filed internally, reviewed by the Integrated Report Coordinator, and distributed to appropriate staff or managers to address and respond to the commenter's questions and comments.

For the 2012 comment period there were 7 comments received via electronic submittal (CWAIC), or standard mail methods. DEQ has respectfully removed names of individuals with the intent to protect their privacy, but have included agency or organization information where feasible. **Table 7.2** lists each commenter and date received.

**Table 7-2. List of comments**

Commenter	Date
US Army Corps of Engineers, Omaha District	January 4, 2012
US Bureau of Land Management	January 6, 2012
Private citizen	February 6, 2012
Hydrometrics, Inc.	February 23, 2012
Missoula City-County Health Department & Water Quality District	February 24, 2012
Plum Creek Timber Company, Inc.	March 1, 2012
US EPA	March 2, 2011

Comments received after the close of the comment period, 5:00 pm March 3, 2012, will be taken into consideration and addressed appropriately during the next reporting cycle.

### 7.3 DEQ RESPONSES TO PUBLIC COMMENTS

**Commenter:** US Army Corps of Engineers, Omaha District

**Received:** January 4, 2012

**Comment Text:**

There are more impairment causes listed in the IR than appear in the 303(d) EXCEL list. Attached file compares the two listings. Which listing is "correct" 303(d) listing for MT?

**DEQ Response:**

Both are accurate. Appendix A lists all causes that are impairing use (pollutants and pollution) regardless of TMDL status. The 303(d) list includes only those causes (pollutants) that require a TMDL be developed.

**Comment Text:**

See the attached email I had previously filed away. The email states that the listing of partially supporting for primary contact recreation is in error and will be corrected in the near future. Does this mean that the partially supporting assessment for recreation will be "corrected" in Appendix A of the new integrated report, or that it will be "corrected" on the new 303(d) listing and still identified as partially impaired in the integrated report (i.e., Appendix A)?

**DEQ Response**

We have reviewed the information provided and have updated the Fort Peck Reservoir (MT40E004\_010) assessment by removing the "Aquatic Plants – Native" listing on the primary contact recreation beneficial use and changing its support designation from Partially to Fully Supporting. In addition, we changed the lead and mercury impairment listings to correctly reflect the uses impaired. The beneficial use impairment listing from lead and mercury was changed from primary contact recreation to aquatic life/fishes. No change was made to the drinking water beneficial use impairment listings. Both aquatic life/fishes and drinking water uses are listed as "Not Supporting."

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**Commenter: US Bureau of Land Management**

**Received:** January 6, 2012

**Comment Text**

DEQ collaborates with the Montana Department of Transportation and other appropriate agencies and entities to mitigate and minimize water quality degradation resulting from the state's transportation system. The entities include the US Forest Service, counties, and railroads. DEQ also coordinates with other regulatory entities, such as the Army Corps of Engineers, Conservation Districts, the US Fish and Wild Service, and the Montana Department of Fish Wildlife and Parks. Is there a reason that the Bureau of Land Management is not mentioned?

**DEQ Response**

BLM was inadvertently left off the list of federal agencies that the NPS program works with to address and minimize nonpoint source impacts from the state's transportation system. DEQ notes that the list is not exhaustive, but inclusive. The BLM has been added in the final document.

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**Commenter: Private Citizen**

**Received:** February 6, 2012

**Comment Text**

In the 2012 review it states that MT 41K004\_030, Freezout was changed from Sun to Teton. I know this is a tough one because it is par(t) of two watersheds. But should this really happen? Consider that all of

the pollutants/land use changes and any water quality improvements that enter Freeezout have to be dealt with in the Sun Watershed. The Freeezout drainage does effect the Teton but depends upon how cause and effects are addressed in any document. Since I work on both the Sun and Teton, this may not be a big problem but as future projects move forward needing funding from ie. 319 grants and other program dollars, it could have a major effect from that perspective.

**DEQ Response**

Your point is understood and we can appreciate the confusion that moving the basin boundary creates. The change in HUC designation was driven by a change in the HUC boundaries as defined in the national Watershed Boundary Dataset (WBD), which is maintained by the USGS. The boundaries were likely changed in 2009 after the NRCS (official stewards of basin boundaries) had the subbasins certified. The USGS incorporated boundary changes to the WBD after NRCS completed a state's basin boundary update. This included the Freeezeout Lake area in the Teton Basin due to its hydrologic connection to the Teton River via Priest Butte Lake. We updated our database to be aligned with the base GIS data layers that we use for mapping purposes.

Regardless of administrative changes to the WBD definition as driven by NRCS/USGS, the basin location of Freeezeout Lake will not affect our (DEQ's) support for local efforts to improve water quality by groups in either basin. This boundary change does not, or should not, dictate how the local stakeholders manage, prioritize, or conduct water quality restoration projects and activities. The existing watershed restoration plans for both the Sun and Teton basin recently approved remain fully valid and are considered by DEQ to be guiding documents for water quality restoration efforts in the area.

Additionally, due to the fact that water from Freeezeout Lake flows thru Priest Butte Lake into the Teton River, Teton basin stakeholders should be interested, and have a vested interest, in the water quality-related management, activities, and projects in Freeezeout Lake.

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**Commenter:** Hydrometrics, Inc.**Received:** February 23, 2012**Comment Text**

Sheep Creek (MT4IJ002\_030) from its headwaters to its junction with the Smith River is on the Draft Montana 2012 303(d) list. It is listed as not supporting drinking water and primary contact recreation uses. The cause of the drinking water use impairment is listed as mercury and the source as placer mining. It was first listed on the DEQ 303(d) list as impaired during the 2000 review cycle. During the 2000 through 2004 listings Sheep Creek was listed for mercury, metals and pathogens. From 2006 through 2012 the impairments were identified as fecal coliform (now *Escherichia coli*) and mercury.

The "Assessment History" section of the Record states that no review assessment has taken place for Sheep Creek during the 2006 to 2012 review cycles. This letter provides documentation that the mercury drinking water listing is based on inadequate and likely incorrect data and requests that this listing for mercury be corrected.

**Available Data**

The mercury data used as a basis for the Sheep Creek listing are two total recoverable mercury samples collected by USGS on 6/4/80 and 7/10/80 with reported results of 0.0001 and 0.0002 mg/L, respectively. The attached table (Attachment A) summarizes these results and other mercury data available for Sheep Creek. Sample site/monitoring locations are shown on the attached figure, Figure 1. The 1980 data was retrieved from the USGS Water Data for the Nation website (<http://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis>) during a search of the two USGS Sheep Creek sampling locations from 1980 to current. Two total recoverable mercury samples collected by USGS at site 6077000 on 6/4/80 and 7/10/80 resulted in 0.0001 and 0.0002 mg/L, respectively.

A search of the STORET database (<http://www.epa.gov/storet/dwhome.html>), DEQ's main repository for water quality monitoring data, was conducted in November of 2011. Data was retrieved from 1973 to current for all stations along Sheep Creek. The search located three stations with mercury analyses. Results for all three stations sampled by DEQ on 9/13/05 were below detection <0.00005, <0.00005, <0.00001 mg/L). This more recent mercury data has apparently not been included in the 303(d) assessment for Sheep Creek.

**Tintina Samples** - Hydrometrics conducted surface water monitoring within the Sheep Creek Drainage during the second, third and fourth quarter of 2011 on behalf of Tintina Resources. Surface water monitoring was conducted in accordance with Hydrometrics' SOPs (Attachment B). Water quality samples were submitted to Energy Laboratories in Helena, MT for analyses of physical parameters, common constituents, nutrients, and a comprehensive suite of trace constituents, including total recoverable mercury.

Two surface water monitoring sites were located on' Sheep Creek: SW-1 (at bridge on county road 119) and SW-2 (Highway 89 right-of-way approximately 0.6 miles east of county road intersection); the attached Figure 1 shows the locations of these sites. Monitoring was initiated at these sites in May of 2011 with subsequent sampling rounds in August and November of 2011.

Water quality grab samples were collected from each surface water-monitoring site by passing an uncapped sample container across the area of flow. Sample containers were rinsed three times with sample water prior to sample collection. Water quality samples for mercury were collected in containers and preserved as summarized in Table 1.

**TABLE 1. SAMPLE CONTAINER AND PRESERVATION REQUIREMENTS**

Parameters	Sample Containers	Preservative
Trace Constituents (total recoverable)	250 mL HDPE	HN03 to pH <2 Cool to 4°C

Following preservation, samples were stored on Ice In coolers at approximately 4±2°C for transport to the laboratory.

All water quality sampling information, including sample sites, sample numbers, date and time of sample collection, field parameter measurements, flow measurements, and other notes and observations, were documented in a dedicated project field notebook, and on standard field forms. Photos were taken at each site to document conditions at the time of sampling and to provide reference for future monitoring events.

One field duplicate was collected to evaluate the reproducibility of the field sampling protocols. Field duplicate samples are replicate samples from a single sampling location submitted to a laboratory for the same set of analyses. For the purposes of this project, field duplicates were collected by filling two samples containers consecutively from the sampling location. Duplicates were sent to the same laboratory, but were identified with different sample numbers.

Sampling conducted by Hydrometrics in 2011 for Tintina Resources using established SOPs and appropriate QA/QC included total recoverable mercury along Sheep Creek. Results of this sampling are shown in Table 2.

**Table 2. Tintina Resources Mercury Data for Sheep Creek**

Site Code	SW-1	SW-1 Dup	SW-2	SW-2 Dup
<b>Total Recoverable Mercury(mg/L)</b>				
August, 2011	0.00002		0.00001	0.00002
May, 2011	0.00002	0.00002	0.00001	
November, 2011	<0.00001		<0.00001	

Analysis conducted by Energy Labs Helena using methods 245.2/245 .1/200.8/SM 3112B

### Discussion

**Probable Cause** - The 1980 USGS mercury values are close to the method detection limit at the time. The ability of analytical methods for mercury to accurately determine a positive result at the method detection limit was limited in 1980. Therefore, the use of this data for the current listing is not defensible as best available science.

According to MT DEQ protocol per the final draft Metals Assessment Method (June 2011), "Data that is older than 10 years should only be used as a historical reference and may be looked at for TMDL development". The Assessment Methods document also indicates that a minimum sample size of eight samples within the same reach is ideal for making listing determinations.

All of the 2005 and 2011 (11 total) Sheep Creek samples were below the DEQ-7 Human Health criteria for total recoverable mercury. This data indicates that Sheep Creek should be removed from the list for mercury/drinking water impairment.

**Probable Source** - The assessment report for the Sheep Creek listing indicates that the probable source of the reported mercury results is placer mining. This "probable source" cannot be correct as there is no evidence of placer mining on Sheep Creek. There are no known placer tailing deposits in the Sheep Creek drainage and no known history indicating that any placer mining occurred. Review of the Montana DEQ Abandoned Mine Historical Narratives <http://www.deq.mt.gov/abandonedmines/linkdocsI134Atech.mcp> BLM mining claim records <http://www.blm.gov/lr20000>, Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology abandoned and inactive mines database as listed on the NRIS geographical information website <http://maps2.nris.mt.gov/mapper/StreamSearch.asp>, and other historical mining references (Lyden, 1948; Roby, 1950) indicate that the nearest placer mining occurred in the Tenderfoot and Deer Creek drainages to the north of Sheep Creek. In addition, an authority on historical placer mining in Montana with the Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology stated that he knows of no placer mining in Sheep Creek (McCulloch, 2012). Although there is mineralization and a few small historical hard rock mines in the Sheep Creek drainage, there is no indication that they could be a source of mercury.

### REFERENCES

Lyden, Charles J. 1948. The Gold Placers of Montana. Memoir No. 26. Montana School of Mines, Butte.

McCulloch, Robin B. 2012. Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology Associate Research Mining Engineer, personal communication.

Roby, Robert N. 1950. Mines and Mineral Deposits (Except Fuels), Meagher County, Mont. Information Circular 7540. United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines.

**DEQ Response**

The Sheep Creek assessment unit had its assessment updated for metals based on the monitoring data provided in the comment submittal and supplemental data and information provided at the request of DEQ to fully evaluate its data quality per our secondary data standards. The findings of the new metals assessment was that mercury is not exceeding the state's human health standard published in DEQ-7 and was thus delisted as a cause of impairment for the drinking water beneficial use. An evaluation of the other metals data collected showed exceedances of the state's chronic aquatic life standards for both iron and dissolved aluminum. These metals were thus added to the list of causes impairing the aquatic life/fishes beneficial use on Sheep Creek.

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**Commenter:** Missoula City-County Health Department & Water Quality District

**Received:** February 24, 2012

**Comment Text**

The Missoula Valley Water Quality District has reviewed the 2012 Draft Integrated Water Quality Report and would like to submit the following comments.

Page 3-5. We support the reclassification of the Upper Clark Fork and Silver Bow Creek segments identified.

Page 3-12. Storm water runoff contains other potential contaminants in addition to those listed, including sediment, trash, hydrocarbons, phosphorus and nitrogen.

**DEQ Response**

The list of pollutants included in the stormwater runoff (section 3.3.3.1) was not an exhaustive list of all possible pollutants but was provided as a context noting the significant potential loading of contamination to surface waters from stormwater runoff.

**Comment Text**

Page 4-2. Add Water Quality Districts to list of those that monitor surface water quality.

**DEQ Response**

Change made to text adding Water Quality Districts to the list.

**Comment Text**

Page 4-21. Fish consumption advisories have been issued due to elevated levels of mercury and/or PCBs for a significant number of water bodies, as listed in Table 4.13; yet as stated in 4.5.3, most state water bodies have not been tested. Mercury and PCBs in fish represent significant risks to public health, and this report should include monitoring recommendations to assess mercury and PCBs in fish in more water bodies across the state. The Missoula Water Quality District offers to assist in this work in the Missoula Valley.

**DEQ Response**

DEQ does not presently monitor fish tissue nor is fish consumption an explicit designated beneficial use in Montana's water quality standards. This monitoring is conducted by Montana Fish, Wildlife, and Parks. Fish consumption advisories are posted by both MFWP and the Department of Public Health and Human Services. We include the fish consumption advisories within the state's water quality Integrated Report as a means to further assist in making this information available to the public.

**Comment Text**

Tables 5-1 and 5-2 indicate that approximately 5% of nitrate groundwater analyses and 7% of arsenic groundwater analyses exceed DEQ-7 MCLs, yet there are no monitoring or mitigation measures recommended in the report to protect public health from these unsafe levels of contaminants. Drinking water with arsenic levels above the MCL throughout a lifetime results in a substantially increased cancer risk. Nitrate analyses are required statewide during the subdivision process, but arsenic analyses are not required. Private well owners are not required to test their drinking water, so the subdivision process represents a unique window of opportunity to identify some of the arsenic-impaired wells, before they are turned over to private property owners who might not sample. Missoula County began requires arsenic analyses for all subdivision submittals due to the known occurrence of arsenic in groundwater in Missoula County. State subdivision regulations call for such monitoring if potential for contamination is known. ; MWQD recommends that DEQ require arsenic analyses for all subdivision submittals statewide to better protect public health. Data in the report also suggest that nitrate and arsenic contamination is more likely in unconsolidated aquifers, which is consistent with our observations in Missoula County. DEQ should require particular emphasis to nitrate and arsenic monitoring in these settings. The report should identify monitoring recommendations to increase the level on monitoring of nitrates and arsenic in groundwater in Montana.

**DEQ Response**

Currently, we require background monitoring for nitrate and bacteria on wells because they represent the acute contaminants that can cause immediate health concerns. Additionally, monitoring specific conductance is also required because higher levels may limit its palatability do to esthetics and/or the applicability of nondegradation in certain settings (75-5-103 MCA).

In the past we have searched the Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology's (MBMG) Ground-Water Information Center (<http://mbmgwic.mtech.edu/>) to determine if there are any other constituents of concern in an area and, if so, asked for those constituents to be sampled for. However, due to current staff resource limitations that is no longer being done. We could add any sampling requirements to the state's subdivision rules for any constituents, but they would have to apply to the entire state as opposed to getting into site- or aquifer-specific locations due to the cumbersome nature of the rule writing for that. Directives for site- or aquifer-specific sampling should come from local governments that have the understanding of those conditions in their county.

Regarding monitoring recommendations, we believe that by reporting what is known about the state's aquifers and groundwater resources that local governments and/or water quality districts can make properly informed decisions regarding the management and protection of that resource. Additional information on Montana's aquifers and groundwater resources is available from the USGS at <http://water.usgs.gov/ogw/>, but is not reported in this document.

**Comment Text**

Appendix A should include a more complete listing of sources of impairment. For example the Middle Clark Fork River Rattlesnake to Blackfoot, and the Middle Clark Fork River Fish Creek to Rattlesnake Creek reaches should include urban and construction stormwater runoff as sources, since these are significant sources of the identified contaminants listed as causes of impairment. Also, for Lolo Creek, the list of sources should include highway runoff, road construction and associated sources for all reaches, not just those in the upper drainage.

**DEQ Response**

Your comment and observations are appreciated and noted. The last full and complete assessments conducted for the referenced waters were 1999 and 2003 for the Clark Fork River segments and 2001 and 2002 for the three Lolo Creek segments. At that time, and with the data/information available for the assessor, these were the probable sources identified. At their next full assessment, the waterbody's potential to support its beneficial uses will be fully evaluated and the list of causes of impairment and associated sources will be revised as appropriate.

**Comment Text**

Appendix G is not included. Public comment will be important for this section of the report, so an additional public comment opportunity should be provided when a draft Appendix G is released.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this draft. We look forward to the opportunity to review and comment on a Draft of Appendix G when it becomes available.

**DEQ Response**

Comments to the monitoring schedule may be sent to the Water Quality Planning Bureau for consideration, however due to obligations dictated by the current law suit and recent (2011) amended judgment; a significant portion of DEQ's monitoring is well defined through 2014. This is in order to support TMDL development scheduled for completion through 2014. Additional monitoring will be pursued over the next 2 years to support TMDL development work beyond 2014. This monitoring is prioritized in a manner consistent with the TMDL development priorities defined in Section 3.5.4.

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**Commenter:** Plum Creek Timber Company, Inc.

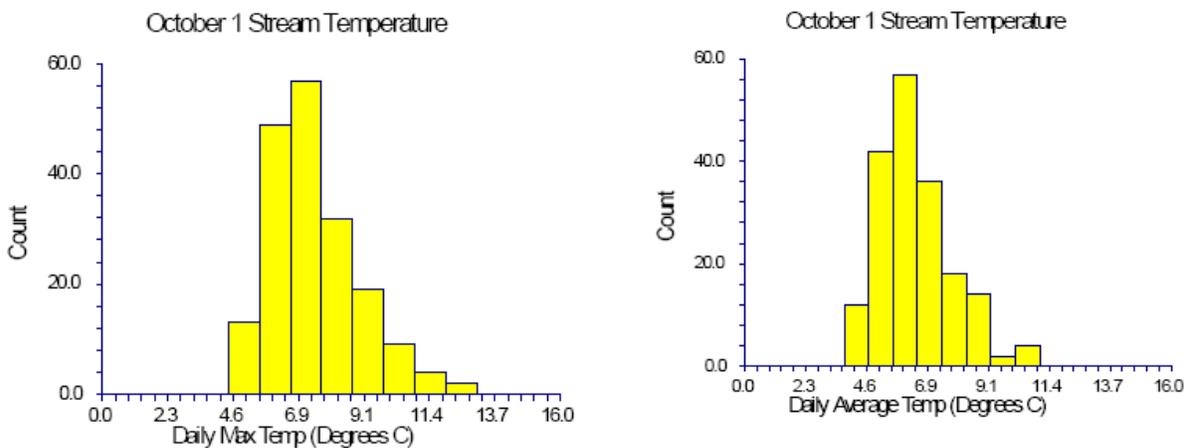
**Received:** March 1, 2012

**Comment Text**

Please accept these comments on the 2012 Draft Integrated Report for Montana on behalf of Plum Creek Timber Company:

1. We support DEQ's decision to delist Swift Creek in the 2012 IR, and thank DEQ for taking the time to collect the necessary data to confirm the beneficial use support status.
2. DEQ should be commended for developing repeatable and transparent procedures for evaluating beneficial use support.

3. We continue to have concerns about the technical justification for a benthic algae criterion of 120 mg/Chla/m<sup>2</sup> (or 35 g AFDW/m<sup>2</sup>) in the Water Quality Assessment Method Template for nutrients in mountainous and transitional streams. We commented on this issue when the assessment methods were distributed as a draft last year, but the response given was to read the technical justification in the methodology (Section B.1.2). We have re-reviewed this justification and still do not feel it is technically supportable. The basis for the algae criterion rests primarily on a whole-stream nutrient addition study in a single C-3 warm-water prairie stream in Box Elder Creek of extreme southeastern Montana (400 miles from the mountainous nutrient ecoregions). In this study, DEQ found that DO levels exceeded standards in the fall when benthic algae levels exceeded 127 mg/Chla/m<sup>2</sup>. While DEQ does not propose applying this algae criterion to nutrient determinations in the prairie streams of eastern Montana where the study was done, they do for mountain streams of western Montana. The justification for this in the assessment method documentation is that “...we would not expect western Montana streams manifesting similar algal densities to be able to compensate due to their having cooler water temperatures, as their temperatures are often about the same at this time of year.” The assessment method documentation notes stream temperatures in Box Elder Creek when low DO was observed on about October 1st “...ranged from about 12-16oC.” Plum Creek has collected extensive temperature data in wadeable streams in western Montana since 1994. We queried our database and found 185 records of continuous stream temperature in 65 different streams during this time. The distribution of October 1st stream temperatures (both daily maximum and daily average temperatures) are shown in the histograms below. For daily maximum temperature, only two records had daily maximum temperatures above 12oC. And in all sites, daily average temperatures were cooler than 12oC. The mean daily maximum was 7.4oC and the mean daily average was 6.4oC. These temperatures are substantially cooler than what was noted during this study in Box Elder Creek, and would likely pose a significant mediating factor on DO depletion. Additionally, there are other factors in the mountain ecoregions that would likely result in less significant DO risk, including steeper stream gradients leading to higher rates of re-aeration. For all these reasons, we do not believe that a proposed algae criterion of 120 mg/Chla/m<sup>2</sup> (or 35 g AFDW/m<sup>2</sup>) is supportable. If DEQ would like further documentation of the temperature data summarized in this letter, we would be happy to provide it.



We agree with DEQ that an algae criterion should be included as part of the nutrient impairment evaluations, especially given the weak correlations between nutrient concentrations and instream response variables. We recommend that DEQ revert back to the recreation standard level of protection from nuisance conditions, which according to the assessment method documentation (Section B.1.1) is 165 mg/Chla/m<sup>2</sup>. While DEQ notes in this section that chla data are variable, and sampling currently requires only 11 samples, we don't think the criterion should be arbitrarily adjusted to account for sampling error.

The criterion should be set at the use impairment threshold, and monitoring methods should be revised to determine when this level is exceeded.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment.

**DEQ Response**

We appreciate the comment made, and information provided, with respect to the state's proposed benthic algae criterion (comment #3). While this comment is referencing a topic not explicitly addressed in this Integrated Report, we have taken the information provided seriously and have re-evaluated the criterion as it applies to mountainous and transitional streams in western Montana. Our findings suggest that a change in the criterion, as it applies to those waters, is warranted. DEQ will incorporate that analysis, and modified criterion, in its rule-making package presented to the state's Board of Environmental Review, and may also discuss the topic at a future Nutrient Work Group meeting.

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**Commenter: US Environmental Protection Agency**

Received March 2, 2012

**Comment Text**

We have reviewed Montana's draft 2012 Water Quality Integrated Report (IR) and appreciate the opportunity to provide feedback. Montana's draft IR is well organized, clear and concise. The information presented in the Report, the Assessment Database (ADB), and GIS files are consistent. We have reviewed the assessments completed for the 2012 Integrated Report and did not identify any concerns.

In our review of the Montana National Lakes Assessment Summary (Section 4.3.4), we suggested some minor revisions to ensure the data are reported properly. For example, the population estimates should be calculated based on the weights assigned to each sampling location. We have provided the necessary data to Department staff to correct this issue in the final report. Please let us know if you need any additional assistance making this revision.

**DEQ Response**

We have updated Section 4.3.4 of the 2012 Water Quality Integrated Report based on the data and procedure provided by EPA (Condition class estimates for an individual state). This procedure uses two types of population estimates, of which, to be consistent with the National Lake Assessment report, we only used the estimation of proportion and size for the number of lakes in each condition class category. The technical document referred in Section 4.3.4 can be found at: [http://deq.mt.gov/wqinfo/publications/deq\\_publications.mcp](http://deq.mt.gov/wqinfo/publications/deq_publications.mcp)

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## **7.4 REPORT CHANGES MADE PRIOR TO FINAL REPORT**

Changes made to the Draft Integrated Report were the result of public comments and internal quality control activities. These changes are discussed below.

### 7.4.1 Data Edits in Response to Public Comments

**Section 3.3.3.2 Transportation**, was edited to include the Bureau of Land Management as a collaborator with the Watershed Protection Program in efforts to minimize nonpoint source pollution impacts resulting from the state’s transportation system.

**Section 4.1.2.6 Conservation Districts, Watershed Groups, and Other Nonprofit Organizations**, was edited to include water quality districts in list of groups who monitor surface water.

**Section 4.3.4 Montana Lake Assessment Using a Probabilistic Design** was edited per recommendations by EPA.

Sheep Creek MT4IJ002\_030 and Fort Peck Reservoir MT40E004\_010 assessments were amended based on data submitted. These changes affect **Table 4-5, Table 4-8, Appendix A, Appendix B, Appendix C and Appendix D.**

### 7.4.2 Data Edits Made in Response to DEQ QC Activities

- 1) Changed Cycle First Listed to 1994 for Sedimentation/Siltation, Specific Conductance, Solids (Suspended/Bedload), Sodium, and Dissolved Solids on North Fork Sunday Creek MT42K002\_080. This change affected **Appendix B.**
- 2) Changed Cycle First Listed date to 2000 for “other” on Rosebud Creek MT42A001\_012 in **Appendix B.**
- 3) Changed TMDL priority for Turbidity on Silvertip Creek MT43D002\_100 to Unassigned in **Appendix B**
- 4) Changed text of **Section 3.3** to increase clarity
- 5) Corrected **Appendix A** to include turbidity as a cause for aquatic life use impairment on Uncle Sam Gulch MT41E002\_010
- 6) Corrected **Appendix F** to include cycle first listed for West Fork Bitterroot River MT76H003\_010
- 7) Corrected **Appendix C** to provide accurate reporting of AUs assessed during reporting period
- 8) Corrected **Appendix E** to provide 305(b) IDs
- 9) Corrected **Appendix B** to provide more complete 305(b) IDs and to include Lamesteer National Wildlife Refuge MT39G002\_010 and Rosebud Creek MT42A001\_012.
- 10) Changed **table 6.1** to correct Little Boulder River 305(b) ID to MT41E002\_080
- 11) Added the delisting Phosphorus (Total) and Nitrogen (Total) on Nelson Creek MT40E003\_020 to **Appendix D and Appendix F**
- 12) Corrected **table 6.1** to add Assessment Units per **table 7-3.**

**Table 7-3. General Data QC and Corrections for 2012 Cycle**

305(b) ID	Waterbody Name	Data Corrected	Correction
MT41I006_150	Silver Creek	Endpoint, Lat/Long, length, location description	Moved downstream end point to align with quad map location of the lower Silver Creek as it enters Lake Helena. Revised description to: SILVER CREEK, headwaters to T11N R4W S30 / S31 to Lake Helena. New length 22.1 Miles.
MT43B003_010	Yellowstone River	End Point, Lat/Long, length, & GIS	Downstream end point moved upstream 0.4 mi to coincide with HUC boundary - in concert with MT43F001_012.

**Table 7-3. General Data QC and Corrections for 2012 Cycle**

<b>305(b) ID</b>	<b>Waterbody Name</b>	<b>Data Corrected</b>	<b>Correction</b>
MT43F001_012	Yellowstone River	End Point, Lat/Long, length, & GIS	Upstream end point moved downstream 0.4 mi to coincide with HUC boundary - in concert with MT43B003_010.
MT41I006_020	Prickly Pear Creek	End Point, Lat/Long, length, & GIS	Moved downstream end point to align where Prickly Pear Creek enters Lake Helena.
MT41E002_080	Little Boulder River	Length	Changed from 3.76 miles to 16.3 miles



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## 9.0 GLOSSARY

303(d) list	A compilation of impaired and threatened waterbodies in need of water quality restoration, which is prepared by DEQ and submitted to EPA for approval. This list is commonly referred to as the “303(d) List” because it is prepared in accordance with the requirements of section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act of 1972. In the integrated reporting format Category 5 is considered the “303(d) list” by EPA. DEQ develops Water Quality Restoration Plans for all category 4C waters in addition to the TMDLs required for category 5 waters.
305(b) report	A general overview report of state water quality conditions, which DEQ prepares and submits to EPA in accordance with the requirements of section 305(b) of the federal Clean Water Act of 1972. The integrated reporting format of this document encourages the combination of 305(b) requirements with 303(d) requirements in a single document.
Assessment	A complete review of waterbody conditions using chemical, physical, or biological monitoring data alone or in combination with narrative information, that supports a finding as to whether a waterbody is achieving compliance with applicable WQS.
Basins	For water quality planning purposes, Montana is divided into four hydrologic basins or regions: the Columbia Basin (west slope waters draining to the Columbia River), the Upper Missouri Basin (all Missouri River drainages above the Marias River confluence), the Lower Missouri Basin (Missouri River drainages including and downstream of the Marias River, and a segment of the Saskatchewan drainage in Glacier National Park), and the Yellowstone Basin (waters draining into the Yellowstone and the Little Missouri rivers).
Beneficial uses	The uses that a waterbody is capable of supporting when all applicable WQS are met. What standards apply to a particular waterbody depend on its classification under the Montana Water-Use Classification System.
Best Management Practices (BMPs)	Those activities, prohibitions, maintenance procedures, or other management practices used to protect and improve water quality. BMPs may or may not be sufficient to achieve WQS and protect beneficial uses.
Biological data	Chlorophyll- <i>a</i> data, aquatic biology community information (including fish, macroinvertebrates, and algae), and wildlife community characteristics.
Degradation	A change in water quality that lowers the quality of high quality waters for a parameter. The term does not include those changes in water quality determined to be non-significant pursuant to 75-5-301(5)(c). [75-5-103(5) MCA]
Full support	A beneficial use determination based on sufficient credible data, that a waterbody is achieving all the WQS for the use in question.
Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC)	A standardized mapping system devised by the US Geologic Survey for the hydrology of the United States. The system employs four basic levels of designation or mapping: regions, sub-regions, accounting units, and cataloging units. Each level is assigned a two-digit code so that a cataloging unit has an eight-digit unique identifier, or code. In Montana, there are 100 “8-digit” or “4th code” HUCs.

Impaired waterbody	A waterbody or stream segment for which sufficient credible data shows that the waterbody or stream segment is failing to achieve compliance with applicable WQS (nonsupport or partial support of beneficial uses). [75-5-103(11) MCA]
Macroinvertebrates	Animals without backbones and are visible to the human eye (insects, worms, clams, and snails).
Montana Water-Use Classification System	Montana State regulations [ARM 17.30.606 - 658] assigning state surface waters to one of nine use classes. The class to which a waterbody is assigned defines the beneficial uses that it should support.
Naturally occurring	Water conditions or material present from runoff or percolation over which humans have no control or from developed land where all reasonable land, soil, and water conservation practices have been applied. [75-5-306(2) MCA]
Nonpoint source	Source of pollution, which originates from diffuse runoff, seepage, drainage, or infiltration. [ARM 17.30.602(18)] NPS pollution is generally managed through BMPs or a water quality restoration plan.
Parameter	A physical, biological, or chemical property of state water when a value of that property affects the quality of the state water. [75-5-103(22) MCA]
Partial support	A beneficial use determination, based on sufficient credible data, that a waterbody is not achieving all the WQS for the use in question, but the degree of impairment is not severe.
Pathogens	Bacteria or other disease causing agents that may be contained in water.
Point source	A discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, or vessel or other floating craft, from which pollutants are or may be discharged. [75-5-103(24) MCA]
Pollutant	As defined in the federal Clean Water Act, pollutant means dredged spoil; solid waste; incinerator residue; sewage; garbage; sewage sludge; munitions; chemical wastes; biological materials; radioactive materials; heat; wrecked or discarded equipment; rock; sand; cellar dirt; and industrial, municipal, and agricultural waste discharged into water (CWA Section 502(6))
Pollution	Defined by Montana law [75-5-103(25) MCA] as: 1. Contamination or other alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological properties of state waters that exceed that permitted by Montana WQS, including but not limited to standards relating to changes in temperature, taste, color, turbidity or odor; or, 2. The discharge, seepage, drainage, infiltration, or flow of liquid, gaseous, solid, radioactive, or other substance into state water that will or is likely to create a nuisance or render the waters harmful, detrimental, or injurious to public health, recreation, safety, or welfare, to livestock, or to wild animals, bird, fish or other wildlife, or 3. Discharge, seepage, drainage, infiltration, or flow that is authorized under the pollution discharge permit rules of the board is not pollution under this chapter. Activities conducted under the conditions imposed by the department in short term authorizations pursuant to 75 5 308 MCA are not considered pollution under this chapter.

Prioritization	A ranking of impaired waterbodies conducted by DEQ in consultation with the statewide advisory group using established criteria to rank waterbodies as high, moderate, or low priority for preparing Water Quality Restoration Plans (specifically TMDL plans).
Reference condition	The condition of a waterbody capable of supporting its present and future beneficial uses when all reasonable land, soil, and water conservation practices have been applied. Reference conditions include natural variations in biological communities, water chemistry, soils, hydrology, and other natural physiochemical variations.
Riparian area	Plant communities contiguous to and affected by surface and subsurface hydrologic features of natural waterbodies. Riparian areas are usually transitional between streams and upland.
Segment	A defined portion of a waterbody.
State water	A body of water, irrigation system, or drainage system, either surface or underground (excludes water treatment lagoons or irrigation waters, which do not return to state waters).
Sub-major basin	The aggregation of several watersheds or HUCs into a larger drainage system. The US Geological Survey has defined 16 sub-major basins (sub-region) in Montana with at least two in each of the Montana basins (regions).
Sufficient credible data	Chemical, physical, or biological monitoring data, alone or in combination with narrative information that supports a finding as to whether a waterbody is achieving compliance with applicable WQS. [75-5-103(30) MCA]
Suspended solids	Materials such as silt that may be contained in water and do not dissolve.
Threatened waterbody	A waterbody for which sufficient credible data and calculated increases in loads show that the waterbody or stream segment is fully supporting its designated uses but threatened for a particular designated use because of:  (a) proposed sources that are not subject to pollution prevention or control actions required by a discharge permit, the nondegradation provisions, or reasonable land, soil, and water conservation practices; or  (b) documented adverse pollution trends. [75-5-103(31) MCA]
Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL)	The sum of the individual wasteload allocations for point sources and load allocations for both nonpoint sources and natural background sources established at a level necessary to achieve compliance with applicable WQS. [75-5-103(32) MCA] In practice, TMDLs are water quality restoration targets for both point and nonpoint sources that are contained in a water quality restoration plan or in a permit.
Toxicant	A toxic agent
Waterbody	A lake, reservoir, river, stream, creek, pond, marsh, wetland, or other body of water above the ground surface.
Water Quality Integrated Report (or Integrated Report)	A report providing an overview of the status of state water quality monitoring and planning programs. It combines in one document the information previously submitted to the EPA in separate 303(d) List and 305(b) Report documents.

Water quality limited segment (WQLS)	A body of water that is not fully supporting its beneficial uses (an impaired waterbody). If there is no water quality restoration plan with an approved TMDL for a waterbody, it is listed on the 303(d) List of impaired waters.
Water quality restoration plan	A plan to improve water quality to achieve state WQS. Such a plan may also be referred to as a "TMDL plan" if it addresses the eight criteria used by the EPA to approve TMDL plans.
Water quality standards	the standards adopted in ARM 17.30.601 et seq. and WQB-7 to conserve water by protecting, maintaining, and improving suitability and usability of water for public water supplies, wildlife, fish and aquatic life, agriculture, industry, contact recreation, and other beneficial uses.

# Appendix A: Index for Impaired Waters Sub-Basin Reports

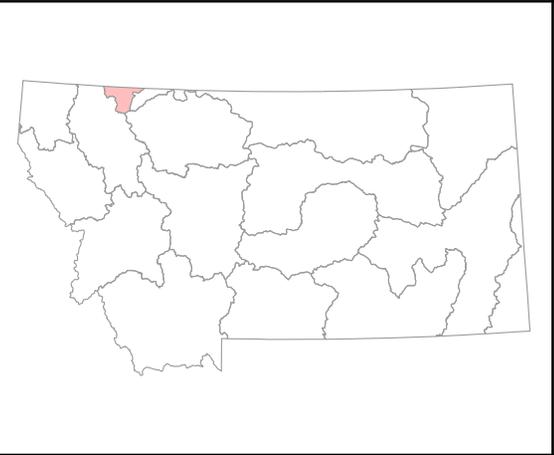
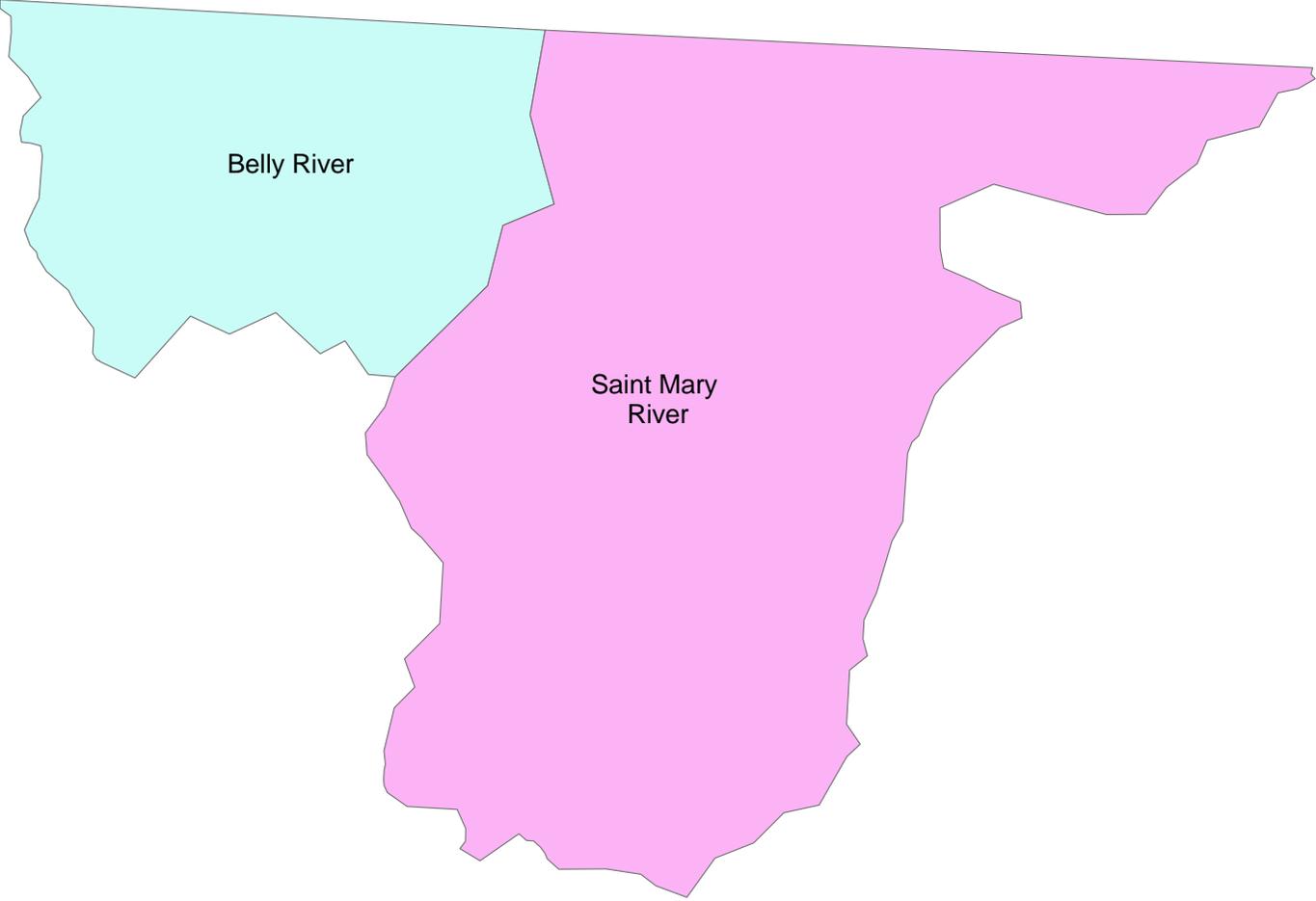
St. Mary	10010001	Belly	Lower Missouri	10060004	West Fork Poplar	
	10010002	St. Mary		10060005	Charlie-Little Muddy	
Upper Missouri	10020001	Red Rock	Upper Yellowstone	10060006	Big Muddy	
	10020002	Beaverhead		10060007	Brush Lake	
	10020003	Ruby		10070001	Yellowstone Headwaters	
	10020004	Big Hole		10070002	Upper Yellowstone	
	10020005	Jefferson		10070003	Shields	
	10020006	Boulder		10070004	Upper Yellowstone-Lake	
	10020007	Madison		10070005	Stillwater	
	10020008	Gallatin		10070006	Clarks Fork Yellowstone	
Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	Upper Missouri	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	Upper Yellowstone-Pomeys Pillar	
	10030102	Upper Missouri-Dearborn		10070008	Pryor	
	10030103	Smith		10080010	Bighorn Lake	
	10030104	Sun		10080014	Shoshone	
	10030105	Belt		10080015	Lower Bighorn	
Marias	10030201	Two Medicine	Lower Yellowstone	10080016	Little Bighorn	
	10030202	Cut Bank		10090101	Upper Tongue	
	10030203	Marias		10090102	Lower Tongue	
	10030204	Willow		10100003	Rosebud	
	10030205	Teton		10090207	Middle Powder	
Middle Missouri	10040101	Bullwhacker-Dog	Little Missouri	10090208	Little Powder	
	10040102	Arrow		10090209	Lower Powder	
	10040103	Judith		10090210	Mizpah	
	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir		10100001	Lower Yellowstone-Sunday	
	10040105	Big Dry		10100002	Big Porcupine	
	10040106	Little Dry		10100004	Lower Yellowstone	
Musselshell	10040201	Upper Musselshell	Kootenai	10100005	O'Fallon	
	10040202	Middle Musselshell		10110201	Upper Little Missouri	
	10040203	Flatwillow		10110202	Boxelder	
	10040204	Box Elder		10110203	Middle Little Missouri	
	10040205	Lower Musselshell		10110204	Beaver	
Milk	10050001	Milk Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	10120202	Lower Belle Fourche	
	10050002	Upper Milk		Flathead	17010101	Upper Kootenai
	10050003	Wild Horse Lake			17010102	Fisher
	10050004	Middle Milk			17010103	Yaak
	10050005	Big Sandy	17010104		Lower Kootenai	
	10050006	Sage	17010105	Moyie		
	10050007	Lodge	Lower Clark Fork	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	
	10050008	Battle		17010202	Flint-Rock	
	10050009	Peoples		17010203	Blackfoot	
	10050010	Cottonwood		17010205	Bitterroot	
	10050011	Whitewater	Lower Clark Fork	17010206	North Fork Flathead	
	10050012	Lower Milk		17010207	Middle Fork Flathead	
	10050013	Frenchman		17010208	Flathead Lake	
	10050014	Beaver		17010209	South Fork Flathead	
	10050015	Rock		17010210	Stillwater	
	10050016	Porcupine		17010211	Swan	
Lower Missouri	10060001	Prairie Elk-Wolf	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	
	10060002	Redwater		17010212	Lower Flathead	
	10060003	Poplar		17010213	Lower Clark Fork	



# Saint Mary Sub-Major Basin

## Missouri River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
10010001	Belly River
10010002	St. Mary River



Montana Department of  
Environmental Quality



## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10010002 St. Mary		Watershed Saint Mary										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	MT40T002_010	DIVIDE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Saint Mary River)	4C	10.55	MILES	A-1	P	F	X	X	Alterations in wetland habitats Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	Channelization Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)

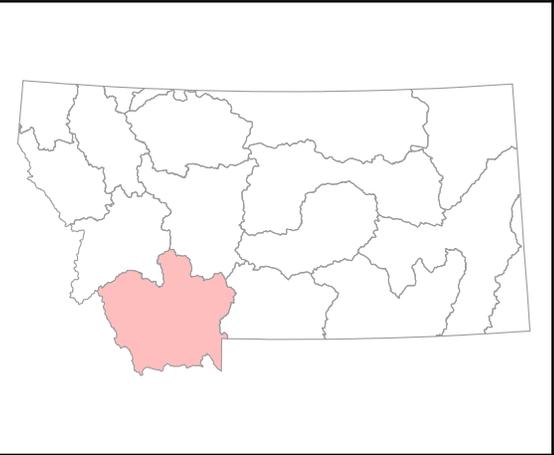
F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed



# Upper Missouri Sub-Major Basin

## Missouri River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
10020001	Red Rock River
10020002	Beaverhead River
10020003	Ruby River
10020004	Big Hole River
10020005	Jefferson River
10020006	Boulder River
10020007	Madison River
10020008	Gallatin River





## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020001 Red Rock

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Red Rock	MT41A001_010	RED ROCK RIVER, Lima Dam to Clark Canyon Reservoir	5	51.81	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Lead Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water Zinc	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat
Red Rock	MT41A001_020	RED ROCK RIVER, Lower Red Rock Lake to Lima Dam	5	43.82	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Red Rock	MT41A002_010	CLARK CANYON RESERVOIR	4C	4888	ACRES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Other flow regime alterations	Drought-related Impacts Irrigated Crop Production
Red Rock	MT41A003_010	MEDICINE LODGE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Horse Prairie Creek)	5	34.64	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production
Red Rock	MT41A003_020	MUDDY CREEK, confluence of Sourdough and Wilson Creek to mouth (Big Sheep Creek), T14S R10W S10	5	11.08	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Turbidity	Agriculture Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Red Rock	MT41A003_090	HORSE PRAIRIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Canyon Res)	5	46.67	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Low flow alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Irrigated Crop Production

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020001 Red Rock			Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name		
Red Rock	MT41A003_090	HORSE PRAIRIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Canyon Res)	5	46.67	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Mercury Zinc			
Red Rock	MT41A003_100	BLOODY DICK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Horse Prairie Creek)	5	30.32	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones		
Red Rock	MT41A003_150	SHEEP CREEK, Muddy Creek to mouth (Red Rock River)	5	10.98	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Excess Algal Growth Low flow alterations Nonnative Fish, Shellfish, or Zooplankton Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Other Recreational Pollution Sources		
Red Rock	MT41A004_010	PRICE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock River)	5	10.52	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other flow regime alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones		
Red Rock	MT41A004_030	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Metzel Creek)	5	7.88	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail		
Red Rock	MT41A004_040	CORRAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock Creek)	5	4.29	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail		
Red Rock	MT41A004_050	EAST FORK CLOVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clover Creek)	5	5.78	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones		
Red Rock	MT41A004_060	HELL ROARING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock River)	4C	10.17	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones		
Red Rock	MT41A004_070	LONG CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock River)	5	23.94	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other flow regime alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production		

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020001 Red Rock

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Red Rock	MT41A004_070	LONG CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock River)	5	23.94	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Sedimentation/Siltation	Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Red Rock	MT41A004_080	O'DELL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lower Red Rock Lake)	5	16.09	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Turbidity	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat
Red Rock	MT41A004_090	PEET CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock River)	5	10.13	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Other flow regime alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production
Red Rock	MT41A004_100	TOM CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Upper Red Rock Lake)	5	6.6	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production
Red Rock	MT41A004_110	RED ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Upper Red Rock Lake)	5	18.38	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Turbidity	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat
Red Rock	MT41A004_130	JONES CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Winslow Creek)	5	8.33	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Excess Algal Growth Other flow regime alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production
Red Rock	MT41A004_140	BEAN CREEK, headwaters to Mouth (Red Rock River), T14S R3E S7	5	6.62	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Red Rock	MT41A005_020	LOWER RED ROCK LAKE	5	1126	ACRES	B-1	N	X	X	N	Other flow regime alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Low Water Crossing

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020001 Red Rock		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Red Rock	MT41A005_020	LOWER RED ROCK LAKE	5	1126	ACRES	B-1	N	X	X	N		Rangeland Grazing Upstream Source
Red Rock	MT41A005_030	UPPER RED ROCK LAKE	5	2206.1	ACRES	B-1	N	X	X	N	Other flow regime alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Rangeland Grazing Upstream Source

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020002 Beaverhead		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Beaverhead	MT41B001_010	BEAVERHEAD RIVER, Clark Canyon Dam to Grasshopper Creek	5	12.32	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Lead Low flow alterations	Agriculture Dam or Impoundment Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Irrigated Crop Production
Beaverhead	MT41B001_020	BEAVERHEAD RIVER, Grasshopper Creek to mouth (Jefferson River)	5	66.04	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
Beaverhead	MT41B002_010	GRASSHOPPER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River)	5	60.18	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cadmium Copper Low flow alterations Zinc	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Mine Tailings Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Beaverhead	MT41B002_020	FARLIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek), T6S R12W S7	5	6.1	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Beaverhead	MT41B002_030	BLACKTAIL DEER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River)	5	42.88	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Channelization Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Irrigated Crop Production Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)
Beaverhead	MT41B002_040	EAST FORK BLACKTAIL DEER CREEK, 4C headwaters to mouth (Blacktail Deer Creek)	4C	21.24	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Beaverhead	MT41B002_060	WEST FORK BLACKTAIL DEER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blacktail Deer Creek)	5	19.07	MILES	B-1	P	N	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020002 Beaverhead		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Beaverhead	MT41B002_060	WEST FORK BLACKTAIL DEER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blacktail Deer Creek)	5	19.07	MILES	B-1	P	N	N	P	Chlorophyll-a Sedimentation/Siltation	Mine Tailings
Beaverhead	MT41B002_070	WEST FORK DYCE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dyce Creek)	5	3.95	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Manganese Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Placer Mining Silviculture Harvesting
Beaverhead	MT41B002_080	SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River)	5	15.67	MILES	B-1	P	P	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Chlorophyll-a Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Irrigated Crop Production
Beaverhead	MT41B002_090	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, from the Dillon PWS off-channel well T7S R10W S11 to the mouth (Van Camp Slough)	5	9.52	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cadmium Copper Lead Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Beaverhead	MT41B002_091	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, headwaters to Dillon PWS off-channel well, T7S R10W S11	5	17.95	MILES	A-1	P	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cadmium Copper Lead Nitrogen (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020002 Beaverhead		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Beaverhead	MT41B002_091	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, headwaters to Dillon PWS off-channel well, T7S R10W S11	5	17.95	MILES	A-1	P	F	N	F	Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	
Beaverhead	MT41B002_100	FRENCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rattlesnake Creek)	5	6.55	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Beaverhead	MT41B002_110	CLARK CANYON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River), T9S R10W S28	5	8.07	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Beaverhead	MT41B002_120	RESERVOIR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek)	5	12.76	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Beaverhead	MT41B002_131	STONE CREEK, confluence with unnamed creek in T6S R7W S34 near Beaverhead/Madison county border	5	6.53	MILES	B-1	P	P	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Chlorophyll-a Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land) Surface Mining Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Beaverhead	MT41B002_132	STONE CREEK, Left Fork and Middle Fork to confluence of un-named tributary, T6S R7W S34	5	7.07	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Nitrates Sedimentation/Siltation Turbidity	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Irrigated Crop Production
Beaverhead	MT41B002_140	DYCE CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to Grasshopper Creek	5	4.13	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020002 Beaverhead

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Beaverhead	MT41B002_160	STEEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Driscoll Creek), T6S R12W S18	5	3.66	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Beaverhead	MT41B002_170	TAYLOR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek)	5	11.73	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Beaverhead	MT41B002_180	SCUDDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek), T6S R12W S19	5	5.62	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020003 Ruby

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Ruby	MT41C001_010	RUBY RIVER, Ruby Dam to mouth (Beaverhead River)	5	48.03	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production
Ruby	MT41C001_020	RUBY RIVER, confluence of East, West, and Middle Forks to Ruby Reservoir	5	41.79	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Ruby	MT41C002_010	WISCONSIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	5	13.14	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Copper Lead Low flow alterations Mercury Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Mine Tailings Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Ruby	MT41C002_020	MILL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	5	21.68	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Irrigated Crop Production Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Ruby	MT41C002_030	INDIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Leonard Slough)	4A	12.44	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Ruby	MT41C002_040	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	5	20.65	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Dredge Mining

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020003 Ruby

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Ruby	MT41C002_040	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	5	20.65	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a Lead Manganese Mercury Nitrogen (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Mill Tailings Mine Tailings Placer Mining
Ruby	MT41C002_050	RAMSHORN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	5	15.2	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Lead Low flow alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Mine Tailings Placer Mining Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Ruby	MT41C002_060	CURRANT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ramshorn Creek), T4S R4W S35	5	3.72	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Lead Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Mine Tailings Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Ruby	MT41C002_090	CALIFORNIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T5S R4W S30	5	10.94	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Placer Mining
Ruby	MT41C002_100	GARDEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby Reservoir)	5	7.72	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020003 Ruby

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Ruby	MT41C002_110	MORMON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Upper end of Ruby River Reservoir )	5	7.86	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Phosphorus (Total)  Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Ruby	MT41C003_020	COAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Middle Fork Ruby River)	4A	9.35	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Ruby	MT41C003_030	COTTONWOOD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	5	11.15	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations  Nitrogen (Total)  Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Ruby	MT41C003_040	EAST FORK RUBY RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	5	10.3	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total)  Phosphorus (Total)  Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Ruby	MT41C003_050	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	4A	8.48	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Ruby	MT41C003_060	SWEETWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	5	24.72	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a  Low flow alterations  Nitrogen (Total)  Phosphorus (Total)  Sedimentation/Siltation  Temperature, water	Irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Ruby	MT41C003_080	WEST FORK RUBY RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	4A	7.92	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Rangeland Grazing
Ruby	MT41C003_090	MIDDLE FORK RUBY RIVER, Divide Creek to mouth (Ruby River)	5	11.82	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020003 Ruby			Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.									
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Ruby	MT41C003_090	MIDDLE FORK RUBY RIVER, Divide Creek to mouth (Ruby River)	5	11.82	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Ruby	MT41C003_110	POISON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T11S R3W S18	5	6.2	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cadmium Lead Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Natural Sources Placer Mining Rangeland Grazing
Ruby	MT41C003_120	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T11S R3W S20	5	5.4	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Ruby	MT41C003_130	BURNT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T10S R3W S21	5	5.62	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Ruby	MT41C003_140	HAWKEYE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Middle Fork Ruby River)	5	4.23	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Phosphorus (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Source Unknown
Ruby	MT41C003_150	SHOVEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cabin Creek)	4A	5.61	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Rangeland Grazing

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020004 Big Hole

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Big Hole	MT41D001_010	BIG HOLE RIVER, Divide Creek to mouth (Jefferson River)	5	49.27	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Cadmium	Acid Mine Drainage
											Copper	Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects)
											Lead	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
											Temperature, water	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Zinc	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
	Irrigated Crop Production											
	Streambank Modifications/destabilization											
Middle Big Hole	MT41D001_020	BIG HOLE RIVER, Divide Creek to Pintlar Creek	4A	44.39	MILES	A-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Acid Mine Drainage
											Copper	Agriculture
											Lead	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production
Temperature, water	Rangeland Grazing											
Upper Big Hole	MT41D001_030	BIG HOLE RIVER, headwaters to Pintlar Creek	4A	65.16	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Low flow alterations	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production
											Temperature, water	Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Rangeland Grazing	
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_010	TRAPPER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	4A	18.98	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Acid Mine Drainage
											Arsenic	Channelization
											Cadmium	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Copper	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Lead	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020004 Big Hole		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_010	TRAPPER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	4A	18.98	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Mine Tailings
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
											Zinc	
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_020	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	5	15.6	MILES	B-1	P	P	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Arsenic	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Nitrogen (Total)	Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
											Phosphorus (Total)	
Sedimentation/Siltation												
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_030	CANYON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	4C	18.41	MILES	B-1	X	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture
												Irrigated Crop Production
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_040	DIVIDE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	4A	13.99	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Low flow alterations	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
											Nitrogen (Total)	
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
											Temperature, water	
Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)												
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_050	MOOSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River at Maiden Rock)	4A	16.99	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_060	GROSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	4A	4.93	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Nitrogen (Total)	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land)
											Other flow regime alterations	Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_070	SASSMAN GULCH, headwaters to the end of the stream reach in T4S R9W S9	5	3.89	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Arsenic	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020004 Big Hole

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_090	BIRCH CREEK, headwaters to National Forest Boundary	4A	13.91	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations  Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones  Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production  Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_100	BIRCH CREEK, National Forest Boundary to mouth (Big Hole River)	4A	10.67	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations  Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Dam or Impoundment  Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_110	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River), T4S R8W S1	4C	23.39	MILES	B-1	X	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture Irrigated Crop Production
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_120	WICKIUP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camp Creek), T2S R8W S1	5	4.09	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Bottom Deposits  Copper Lead Mercury Phosphorus (Total)	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones  Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_140	SOAP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River), T2S R9W S10	4A	8.24	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total)  Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production  Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Middle Big Hole	MT41D002_150	CHARCOAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	5	4.06	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrogen (Total)  Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_160	ROCHESTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River), T3S R6W S29	4A	14.92	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Arsenic	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020004 Big Hole

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_160	ROCHESTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River), T3S R6W S29	4A	14.92	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Copper Lead Mercury Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Lower Big Hole	MT41D002_180	LOST CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lost Creek Canal/Ditch), T4S R9W S15	4A	7.84	MILES	B-1	P	P	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Mine Tailings Rangeland Grazing Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_020	JERRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	5	12.69	MILES	A-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Excess Algal Growth Lead Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Acid Mine Drainage Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Activities Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_030	DELANO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jerry Creek)	4A	2.32	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_040	DEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	4A	9.21	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_050	FRENCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	4A	10.08	MILES	A-1	N	X	N	X	Arsenic	Acid Mine Drainage

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020004 Big Hole

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_050	FRENCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	4A	10.08	MILES	A-1	N	X	N	X	Copper Sedimentation/Siltation	Atmospheric Depositon - Toxics Contaminated Sediments Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_070	CALIFORNIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (French Creek-Deep Creek)	5	8.28	MILES	B-1	N	N	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Copper Iron Low flow alterations Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Turbidity	Agriculture Atmospheric Depositon - Toxics Contaminated Sediments Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources Placer Mining Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Activities Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_080	OREGON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (California Creek-French Creek-Deep Creek)	5	3.09	MILES	A-1	N	N	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Copper Lead Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Acid Mine Drainage Agriculture Atmospheric Depositon - Toxics Channelization Dredge Mining Erosion from Derelict Land (Barren Land) Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Mine Tailings Natural Sources

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020004 Big Hole

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_080	OREGON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (California Creek-French Creek-Deep Creek)	5	3.09	MILES	A-1	N	N	N	F		Silviculture Activities Streambank Modifications/destablization Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_090	SIXMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (California Creek)	4A	4.4	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Activities Streambank Modifications/destablization Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_110	SEVENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	4A	6.43	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Natural Sources Rangeland Grazing Streambank Modifications/destablization
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_120	TWELVEMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	5	9.09	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Silviculture Harvesting
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_130	CORRAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	4A	5.2	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Natural Sources Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Activities
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_160	FISHTRAP CREEK, confluence of West & Middle Forks to mouth (Big Hole River)	5	5.85	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_170	PINTLAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	5	21.25	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Other flow regime alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Temperature, water	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat Natural Sources
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_200	WISE RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	4A	26.67	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture

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HUC 10020004 Big Hole

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_200	WISE RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	4A	26.67	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Cadmium	Channelization
											Copper	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Lead	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Loss of Riparian Habitat
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_210	PATTENGAIL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Wise River)	4A	20.04	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects)
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_220	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jacobson Creek)	4A	7.52	MILES	A-1	N	F	F	F	Arsenic	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Cadmium	Mill Tailings
											Copper	Mine Tailings
											Lead	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Middle Big Hole	MT41D003_230	GOLD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Wise River)	5	4.92	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
North Fork Big Hole	MT41D004_010	NORTH FORK BIG HOLE RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	4A	25.92	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production
												Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Silviculture Activities	
North Fork Big Hole	MT41D004_020	MUSSIGBROD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	5	14.62	MILES	A-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Acid Mine Drainage
											Lead	Agriculture

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HUC 10020004 Big Hole

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
North Fork Big Hole	MT41D004_020	MUSSIGBROD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	5	14.62	MILES	A-1	N	F	N	P	Low flow alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production
											Loss of Riparian Habitat	
											Natural Sources	
											Rangeland Grazing	
North Fork Big Hole	MT41D004_030	JOHNSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	5	15.7	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Nitrogen (Total)	Silviculture Harvesting
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
North Fork Big Hole	MT41D004_040	SCHULTZ CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Johnson Creek)	5	3.28	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
												Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
												Silviculture Harvesting
North Fork Big Hole	MT41D004_060	TIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	5	16.49	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrogen (Total)	Rangeland Grazing
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Silviculture Activities
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
North Fork Big Hole	MT41D004_070	TRAIL CREEK, headwaters to Joseph Creek	4A	13.07	MILES	A-1	N	F	F	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
												Silviculture Activities
												Streambank Modifications/destabilization
												Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
North Fork Big Hole	MT41D004_080	TRAIL CREEK, Joseph Creek to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	4A	10.88	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
												Silviculture Activities
												Streambank Modifications/destabilization
											Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail	

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HUC 10020004 Big Hole

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
North Fork Big Hole	MT41D004_090	JOSEPH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Trail Creek)	5	7.29	MILES	A-1	P	F	N	F	Copper	Channelization
											Lead	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Silviculture Harvesting
North Fork Big Hole	MT41D004_100	RUBY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	4A	18.8	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Dredge Mining
											Low flow alterations	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
												Irrigated Crop Production
												Loss of Riparian Habitat
	Rangeland Grazing											
	Silviculture Activities											
	Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail											
Upper Big Hole	MT41D004_110	SWAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	5	24.51	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Nitrogen (Total)	Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Upper Big Hole	MT41D004_120	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	5	25.62	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Low flow alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Nitrogen (Total)	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Phosphorus (Total)	Irrigated Crop Production
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Upper Big Hole	MT41D004_140	MINER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	4A	21.88	MILES	A-1	P	I	I	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
												Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020004 Big Hole		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Upper Big Hole	MT41D004_150	GOVERNOR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek)	5	18.91	MILES	A-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Copper	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
											Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
Sedimentation/Siltation	Loss of Riparian Habitat											
Upper Big Hole	MT41D004_160	PINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Andrus Creek)	5	5.37	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Rangeland Grazing
											Phosphorus (Total)	
Upper Big Hole	MT41D004_170	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Governor Creek)	5	6.85	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Phosphorus (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Upper Big Hole	MT41D004_180	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	5	20	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Nitrogen (Total)	Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Phosphorus (Total)	
Upper Big Hole	MT41D004_190	STEEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	5	16.69	MILES	A-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Acid Mine Drainage
											Cadmium	Agriculture
Upper Big Hole	MT41D004_200	FRANCIS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Steel Creek)	4A	8.81	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Copper	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
											Nitrogen (Total)	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Phosphorus (Total)	Irrigated Crop Production
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Loss of Riparian Habitat
Sedimentation/Siltation	Rangeland Grazing											

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020004 Big Hole		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Upper Big Hole	MT41D004_200	FRANCIS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Steel Creek)	4A	8.81	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	
Upper Big Hole	MT41D004_210	McVEY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	5	9.48	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Upper Big Hole	MT41D004_220	DOOLITTLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	4A	5.59	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Irrigated Crop Production
Middle Big Hole	MT41D004_230	SAWLOG CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	5	4.79	MILES	A-1	N	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020005 Jefferson

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Upper Jefferson	MT41G001_011	JEFFERSON RIVER, headwaters to confluence of Jefferson Slough	5	66.3	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Copper	Dam or Impoundment
											Lead	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Natural Sources
											Temperature, water	Streambank Modifications/destablization
Lower Jefferson	MT41G001_012	JEFFERSON RIVER, confluence of Jefferson Slough to mouth (Missouri River)	5	53.6	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Copper	Dam or Impoundment
											Lead	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Natural Sources
											Temperature, water	Streambank Modifications/destablization
Upper Jefferson	MT41G002_010	BIG PIPESTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R4W S11	5	22.46	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Cause Unknown	Channelization
											Nitrogen (Total)	Dam or Impoundment
											Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Phosphorus (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
											Temperature, water	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	Irrigated Crop Production
												Loss of Riparian Habitat
												Municipal Point Source Discharges
	Sediment Resuspension (Clean Sediment)											
	Source Unknown											

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020005 Jefferson

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Upper Jefferson	MT41G002_010	BIG PIPESTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R4W S11	5	22.46	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P		Streambank Modifications/destabilization Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Upper Jefferson	MT41G002_020	HALFWAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Pipestone Creek-Jefferson River)	5	7.9	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Upper Jefferson	MT41G002_030	HELLS CANYON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson River)	4A	13.28	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources Silviculture Activities Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Upper Jefferson	MT41G002_040	LITTLE PIPESTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Pipestone Creek)	5	16.86	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
Lower Jefferson	MT41G002_050	NORTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek)	5	17.62	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Lead Low flow alterations Mercury Physical substrate habitat alterations	Agriculture Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Lower Jefferson	MT41G002_060	SOUTH BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson River)	5	23.32	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Arsenic Copper Lead Low flow alterations Mercury	Acid Mine Drainage Contaminated Sediments Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Mine Tailings

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020005 Jefferson		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Jefferson	MT41G002_060	SOUTH BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson River)	5	23.32	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Phosphorus (Total)	
Lower Jefferson	MT41G002_080	WILLOW CREEK, North and South Fork confluence to mouth (Jefferson River)	5	15.28	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Temperature, water Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Irrigated Crop Production
Lower Jefferson	MT41G002_090	NORWEGIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek Reservoir)	5	10.82	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Irrigated Crop Production
Upper Jefferson	MT41G002_100	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson Canal), T1S R5W S12	4A	19.87	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production
Upper Jefferson	MT41G002_110	CHERRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson River)	5	6.88	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat Source Unknown
Lower Jefferson	MT41G002_130	SOUTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek)	5	16.2	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Excess Algal Growth Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020005 Jefferson		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Upper Jefferson	MT41G002_140	WHITETAIL CREEK, Whitetail Reservoir to mouth (Jefferson Slough)	5	23.4	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Aluminum Ammonia (Un-ionized) Chlorophyll-a Copper Lead Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Silver	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining Upstream Source	
Lower Jefferson	MT41G002_150	CHARCOAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Pony Creek)	5	2.72	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail	
Upper Jefferson	MT41G002_160	FITZ CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Whitetail Creek)	5	4.71	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020006 Boulder		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E001_010	BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to Basin Creek	5	24.38	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Cadmium	Acid Mine Drainage
											Copper	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Iron	
											Lead	
											Zinc	
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E001_021	BOULDER RIVER, Basin Creek to Town of Boulder	5	9.28	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Acid Mine Drainage
											Cadmium	Channelization
											Copper	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
											Iron	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Lead	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Silver	Mill Tailings
Zinc	Mine Tailings											
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E001_022	BOULDER RIVER, Town of Boulder to Cottonwood Creek	5	35.85	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Acid Mine Drainage
											Copper	Contaminated Sediments
											Iron	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Lead	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
											Low flow alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Silver	Irrigated Crop Production
											Temperature, water	Loss of Riparian Habitat
Zinc												
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E001_030	BOULDER RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R3W S2	5	14.12	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Acid Mine Drainage
											Arsenic	Contaminated Sediments
											Cadmium	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Copper	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Lead	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
Low flow alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)											

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020006 Boulder		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E001_030	BOULDER RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R3W S2	5	14.12	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	P	Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water Zinc	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Mill Tailings
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_010	UNCLE SAM GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Cataract Creek)	5	2.89	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Nitrogen, Nitrate Other flow regime alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Turbidity Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Agriculture Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Silviculture Activities Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_020	CATARACT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	5	11.72	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Mercury Nitrogen, Nitrate Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Contaminated Sediments Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Loss of Riparian Habitat Mine Tailings Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Activities Silviculture Harvesting
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_030	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	5	16.7	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Copper Lead Mercury	Acid Mine Drainage Contaminated Sediments Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Loss of Riparian Habitat

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020006 Boulder		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_030	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	5	16.7	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Mine Tailings
											Zinc	Rangeland Grazing
												Silviculture Activities
												Silviculture Harvesting
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_040	HIGH ORE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	5	6.65	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Acid Mine Drainage
											Arsenic	Channelization
											Cadmium	Contaminated Sediments
											Copper	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Lead	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Mercury	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Temperature, water	Mine Tailings
											Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	Rangeland Grazing
											Zinc	Silviculture Activities
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_050	LOWLAND CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	5	14.25	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Channelization
											Aluminum	Dredge Mining
											Copper	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Streambank Modifications/destablization
											Silver	
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_061	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to Wood Gulch	5	8.16	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Acid Mine Drainage
											Arsenic	Channelization
											Cadmium	Dredge Mining
											Copper	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Lead	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
											Low flow alterations	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Zinc	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020006 Boulder

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_062	ELKHORN CREEK, Wood Gulch to the mouth (Unnamed Canal/Ditch), T5N R3W S21	5	3.56	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	N	Cadmium	Acid Mine Drainage
											Copper	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Lead	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production
											Zinc	
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_070	BISON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	5	25.36	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Copper	Channelization
											Iron	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Nitrates	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_080	LITTLE BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	5	16.3	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Cause Unknown	Dredge Mining
											Copper	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_090	NORTH FORK LITTLE BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Little Boulder)	5	12.09	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Nitrogen (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_100	MUSKRAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	5	12.83	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Copper	Rangeland Grazing
											Lead	
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_110	McCARTHY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	5	6.44	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Dam or Impoundment
											Fish-Passage Barrier	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
											Low flow alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Phosphorus (Total)	Sediment Resuspension (Clean Sediment)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Source Unknown

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10020006 Boulder **Watershed** Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_130	NURSERY CREEK, headwaters (east branch) to mouth (Muskrat Creek)	5	1.4	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Agriculture
											Nitrogen (Total)	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Natural Sources
											Watershed Runoff following Forest Fire	
Boulder - Elkhorn	MT41E002_140	BIG LIMBER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Cataract Creek-Boulder River)	5	2.62	MILES	B-1	X	F	N	X	Lead	Acid Mine Drainage
											Mercury	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020007 Madison

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Madison	MT41F001_010	MADISON RIVER, Ennis Dam to mouth (Missouri River)	5	41.31	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Lead Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Agriculture Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects) Dam or Impoundment Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Natural Sources
Madison	MT41F002_020	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	5	18.33	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrates Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water Turbidity	Agriculture Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat Natural Sources Non-irrigated Crop Production Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Madison	MT41F002_030	HOT SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	5	17.44	MILES	B-1	X	X	N	N	Arsenic Low flow alterations	Acid Mine Drainage Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production
Madison	MT41F004_010	BLAINE SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	5	8.86	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Excess Algal Growth Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Aquaculture (Permitted) Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Madison	MT41F004_020	O'DELL SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	5	13.03	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic	Agriculture Channelization

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020007 Madison

Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Madison	MT41F004_020	O'DELL SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	5	13.03	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	High Flow Regime	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production
												Source Unknown
Madison	MT41F004_040	INDIAN CREEK, Lee Metcalf Wilderness boundary to mouth (Madison River)	4C	6.34	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production
Madison	MT41F004_050	JACK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	5	15.18	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Natural Sources
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Madison	MT41F004_060	NORTH MEADOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Enis Lake)	5	18.53	MILES	B-1	F	F	F	P	Low flow alterations	Channelization
											Phosphorus (Total)	Irrigated Crop Production
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Natural Sources
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Madison	MT41F004_070	SOUTH MEADOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Enis Lake)	5	12.98	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Aquatic Plants - Native	Agriculture
											Chlorophyll-a	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Lead	Irrigated Crop Production
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	
Madison	MT41F004_080	RUBY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	4C	15.91	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production
Madison	MT41F004_100	WEST FORK MADISON RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	5	39.41	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Arsenic	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
											Cadmium	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Lead	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020007 Madison		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Madison	MT41F004_100	WEST FORK MADISON RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	5	39.41	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Temperature, water	Natural Sources Rangeland Grazing Source Unknown Streambank Modifications/destabilization Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Madison	MT41F004_110	ELK RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Madison River)	5	15.59	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Bottom Deposits	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Madison	MT41F004_120	GAZELLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Madison River)	4C	9.65	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Silviculture Harvesting
Madison	MT41F004_130	MOORE CREEK, springs to mouth (Fletcher Channel), T5S R1W S15	5	15.83	MILES	B-1	X	F	N	N	Arsenic Escherichia coli	Acid Mine Drainage Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Natural Sources
Madison	MT41F004_140	ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cliff Lake)	5	9.48	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Channelization Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Madison	MT41F004_150	BUFORD CREEK, headwaters to confluence with West Fork Madison River	5	4.36	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Arsenic Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Natural Sources
Madison	MT41F005_030	ENNIS LAKE, to the Ennis Lake Dam, T4S R1E S20	5	3780.8	ACRES	B-1	P	F	N	P	Cause Unknown Chromium (total) Low flow alterations Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	Acid Mine Drainage Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020007 Madison		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Madison	MT41F005_030	ENNIS LAKE, to the Ennis Lake Dam, T4S R1E S20	5	3780.8	ACRES	B-1	P	F	N	P	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Natural Sources Source Unknown
Madison	MT41F006_010	SOUTH FORK MADISON RIVER, headwaters to Hebgen Lake	5	23.3	MILES	B-1	F	F	N	F	Arsenic	Natural Sources
Madison	MT41F006_020	RED CANYON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Hebgen Lake)	5	6.27	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Natural Sources Silviculture Activities
Madison	MT41F006_030	WATKINS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Hebgen Lake)	4C	7.08	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat Streambank Modifications/destablization

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020008 Gallatin		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Gallatin	MT41H001_010	GALLATIN RIVER, Spanish Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	4C	48.12	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	N	Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
Lower Gallatin	MT41H002_010	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Gallatin River)	5	29.55	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Escherichia coli Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources
Lower Gallatin	MT41H002_020	GODFREY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Moreland Ditch), T1S R3E S12	5	9	MILES	B-1	P	P	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Escherichia coli Excess Algal Growth Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Lower Gallatin	MT41H002_031	SOUTH COTTONWOOD CREEK, Middle Creek Assoc Ditch diversion to mouth (Gallatin River)	4C	6.26	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_010	EAST GALLATIN RIVER, confluence of Rocky and Bear Creeks to Bridger Creek	5	7.3	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Municipal (Urbanized High Density Area) Residential Districts Yard Maintenance
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_020	EAST GALLATIN RIVER, Bridger Creek to Smith Creek	5	25.52	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Excess Algal Growth Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) pH	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Municipal Point Source Discharges Yard Maintenance

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020008 Gallatin		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_030	EAST GALLATIN RIVER, Smith Creek to mouth (Gallatin River)	5	13.54	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) pH	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Municipal Point Source Discharges
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_040	SOURDOUGH CREEK, confluence of Limestone Creek and Bozeman Creek to the mouth (East Gallatin River), T2S R6E S6	5	4.88	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Escherichia coli Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat Septage Disposal Yard Maintenance
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_050	JACKSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rocky Creek)	5	8.55	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_060	SMITH CREEK, confluence of Ross and Reese Creeks to mouth (East Gallatin River)	5	6.76	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Escherichia coli Nitrates Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_070	REESE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith Creek)	5	8.28	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	N	Escherichia coli Nitrates Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Agriculture
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_080	ROCKY CREEK, confluence of Jackson and Timberline Creeks to mouth (East Gallatin River)	5	7.94	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Channelization Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_081	BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rocky Creek)	5	10.15	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020008 Gallatin		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_081	BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rocky Creek)	5	10.15	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Excess Algal Growth Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_090	THOMPSON CREEK (Thompson Spring), headwaters to mouth (East Gallatin River)	5	7.42	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_100	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Gallatin River)	5	20.09	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cause Unknown Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Channelization Source Unknown
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_110	BRIDGER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Gallatin River)	5	21.46	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Resort Areas (Winter and Non-winter Resorts) Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_120	STONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bridger Creek)	5	6.06	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Silviculture Harvesting
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_129	HYALITE CREEK, headwaters to the top of Hyalite Reservoir, T4S R6E S23	5	7.04	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total)	Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Harvesting Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_130	HYALITE CREEK, Hyalite Reservoir to the Bozeman water supply diversion ditch, T3S R5E S23	5	8.76	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total)	Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Harvesting Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Lower Gallatin	MT41H003_132	HYALITE CREEK, Bozeman water supply intake to the mouth (East Gallatin	4C	20.99	MILES	B-1	X	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10020008 Gallatin		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Upper Gallatin	MT41H005_010	STORM CASTLE CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (Gallatin River), T4S R4E S33	5	14.19	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Natural Sources Silviculture Activities
Upper Gallatin	MT41H005_020	TAYLOR FORK, Lee Metcalf Wilderness boundary to mouth (Gallatin River)	5	13.98	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Silviculture Activities Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
Upper Gallatin	MT41H005_030	CACHE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Taylor Fork)	5	4.66	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Agriculture Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Activities
Upper Gallatin	MT41H005_040	WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, confluence Middle and North Forks to mouth (Gallatin River)	5	3.87	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	N	Chlorophyll-a Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Silviculture Activities Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
Upper Gallatin	MT41H005_050	MIDDLE FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	4A	6.23	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Escherichia coli Fecal Coliform Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Unspecified Urban Stormwater Wastes from Pets Waterfowl
Upper Gallatin	MT41H005_060	SOUTH FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	5	14.57	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Phosphorus (Total)	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Silviculture Activities Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)

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HUC 10020008 Gallatin		Watershed Upper Missouri Tribs.											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Upper Gallatin	MT41H005_060	SOUTH FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	5	14.57	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation		

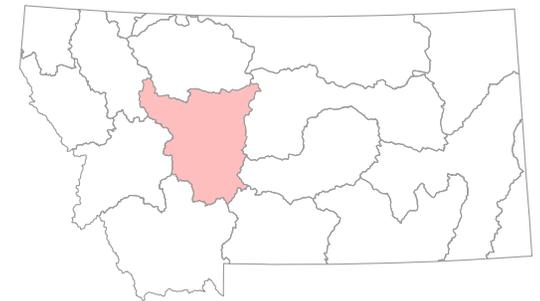
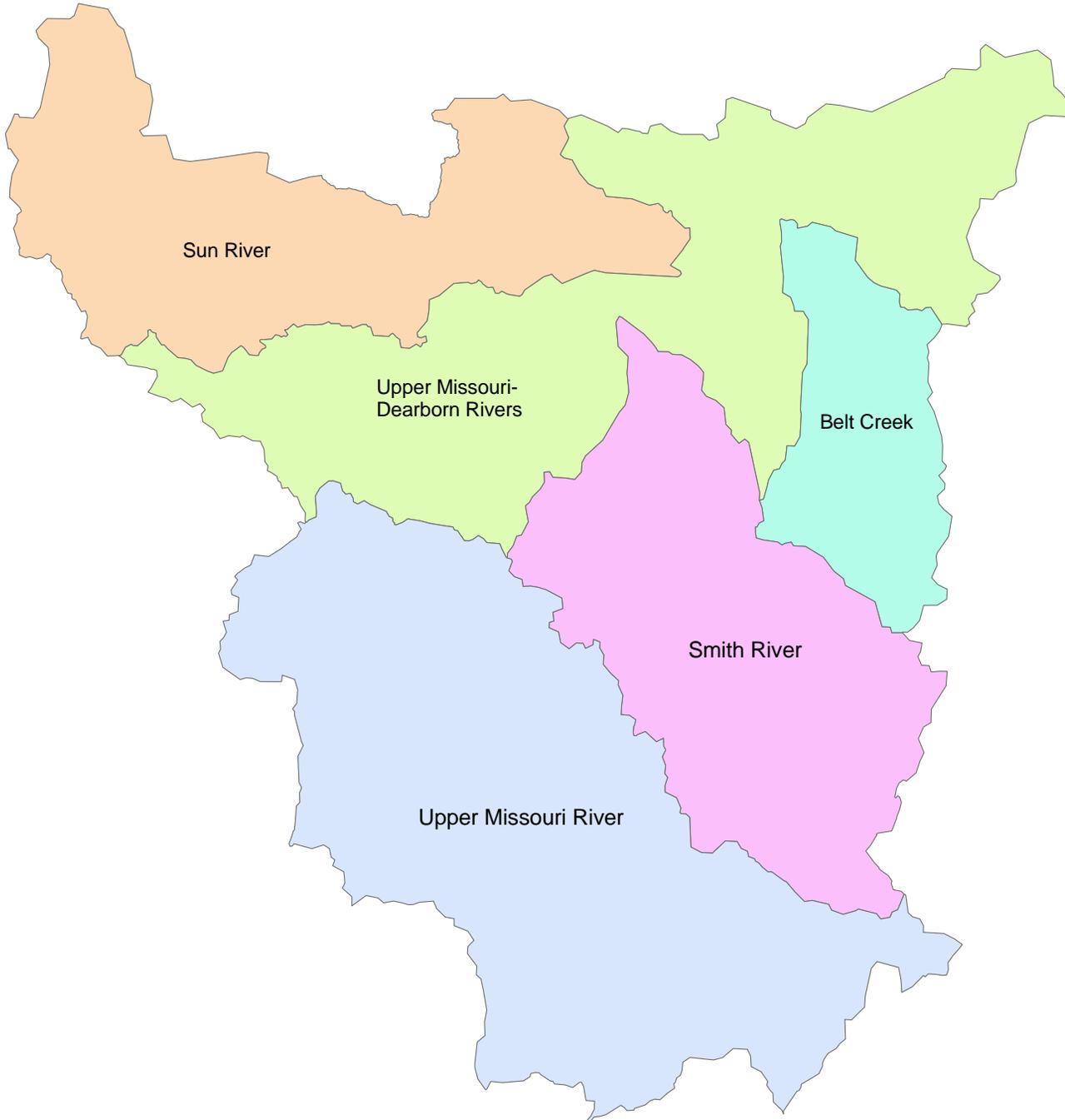
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# Missouri-Sun-Smith Sub-Major Basin

## Missouri River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
10030101	Upper Missouri River
10030102	Upper Missouri- Dearborn Rivers
10030103	Smith River
10030104	Sun River
10030105	Belt Creek



Montana Department of  
Environmental Quality



## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10030101 Upper Missouri **Watershed** Missouri-Sun-Smith

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Missouri River	MT41I001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, headwaters to Toston Dam	5	21.95	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Arsenic	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Nitrogen (Total)	Municipal Point Source Discharges
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Natural Sources
Non-irrigated Crop Production												
Missouri River	MT41I001_012	MISSOURI RIVER, Toston Dam to Canyon Ferry Reservoir	5	22.6	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Cadmium	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Copper	Irrigated Crop Production
											Lead	
											Low flow alterations	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_010	AVALANCHE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	4C	16.71	MILES	B-1	X	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture
												Irrigated Crop Production
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_020	BATTLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sixteenmile Creek)	5	22.76	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
											Temperature, water	
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_030	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	5	14.74	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Cadmium	Agriculture
											Chromium (total)	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Lead	Irrigated Crop Production
											Low flow alterations	
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Silver	
											Zinc	
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_041	CONFEDERATE GULCH, headwaters to	5	10.04	MILES	B-1	N	F	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral	Agriculture

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10030101 Upper Missouri **Watershed** Missouri-Sun-Smith

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Missouri River	MT41I001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, headwaters to Toston Dam	5	21.95	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Arsenic	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Nitrogen (Total)	Municipal Point Source Discharges
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Natural Sources
Missouri River	MT41I001_012	MISSOURI RIVER, Toston Dam to Canyon Ferry Reservoir	5	22.6	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Cadmium	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Copper	Irrigated Crop Production
											Lead	
											Low flow alterations	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_010	AVALANCHE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	4C	16.71	MILES	B-1	X	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture
												Irrigated Crop Production
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_020	BATTLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sixteenmile Creek)	5	22.76	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
											Temperature, water	
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_030	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	5	14.74	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Cadmium	Agriculture
											Chromium (total)	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Lead	Irrigated Crop Production
											Low flow alterations	
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Silver	
											Zinc	
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_041	CONFEDERATE GULCH, headwaters to	5	10.04	MILES	B-1	N	F	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral	Agriculture

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10030101 Upper Missouri **Watershed** Missouri-Sun-Smith

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_041	CONFEDERATE GULCH, headwaters to Hunter Gulch	5	10.04	MILES	B-1	N	F	X	P	vegetative covers	Channelization
											Cadmium	Dredge Mining
											Nitrates	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
											Other flow regime alterations	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
												Placer Mining
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_042	CONFEDERATE GULCH, Hunter Gulch to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	5	5.21	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	N	Low flow alterations	Agriculture
											Nitrates	Dredge Mining
											Phosphorus (Total)	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_050	CROW CREEK, National Forest boundary to mouth (Missouri River)	5	15.89	MILES	B-1	N	N	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Low flow alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Nitrogen (Total)	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
											Phosphorus (Total)	Irrigated Crop Production
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_060	CROW CREEK, Crow Creek Falls to National Forest boundary	5	10.15	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Copper	Channelization
											Lead	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Placer Mining
Deep Creek	MT41I002_070	DEEP CREEK, National Forest Boundary to mouth (Missouri River)	4A	20.35	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Low flow alterations	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Loss of Riparian Habitat
												Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_080	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	5	21.56	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Low flow alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Phosphorus (Total)	Irrigated Crop Production
											Sedimentation/Siltation	

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HUC 10030101 Upper Missouri		Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_080	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	5	21.56	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Temperature, water	
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_090	HELLGATE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	5	11.6	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Mercury Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings Natural Sources Other Recreational Pollution Sources Silviculture Activities
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_100	INDIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouty (Missouri River)	5	8.01	MILES	B-1	X	N	N	X	Arsenic Cadmium Lead Mercury	Acid Mine Drainage Dredge Mining Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_110	MAGPIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	5	12.76	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_120	SIXTEENMILE CREEK, Lost Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	5	49.61	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_130	WHITE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	5	13.26	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Placer Mining
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_140	WILSON CREEK, 3.3 miles upstream to mouth (Crow Creek)	5	3.3	MILES	B-1	X	X	N	X	Mercury	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030101 Upper Missouri		Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_150	CAVE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	5	6.42	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Placer Mining Source Unknown Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Canyon Ferry	MT41I002_170	EAST FORK INDIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Indian Creek)	5	5.87	MILES	B-1	X	X	N	X	Arsenic Cadmium Lead Mercury	Acid Mine Drainage Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Missouri River	MT41I003_010	CANYON FERRY RESERVOIR	5	32810	ACRES	B-1	F	P	N	N	Ammonia (Un-ionized) Arsenic Excess Algal Growth Thallium	Acid Mine Drainage Agriculture Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Internal Nutrient Recycling Municipal Point Source Discharges Natural Sources On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
Missouri River	MT41I004_030	MISSOURI RIVER, Holter Dam to Little Prickly Pear Creek	5	2.84	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrogen (Total) Other flow regime alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Municipal Point Source Discharges Natural Sources On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Upstream Impoundments (e.g., PI-566 NRCS Structures)
Holter	MT41I005_011	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Bridge Creek	5	13.8	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Holter	MT41I005_012	BEAVER CREEK, Nelson to mouth (Missouri River below Hauser Dam)	5	5.51	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030101 Upper Missouri		Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Holter	MT41I005_012	BEAVER CREEK, Nelson to mouth (Missouri River below Hauser Dam)	5	5.51	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production
Canyon Ferry	MT41I005_020	TROUT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Hauser Lake)	5	20.52	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Holter	MT41I005_030	FALLS GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Holter Lake), T14N R3W S16	5	3.18	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	X	Mercury	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Holter	MT41I005_040	VIRGINIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Creek)	5	8.25	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Copper Lead Zinc	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Holter	MT41I005_051	LITTLE PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, North and South Forks to Clark Creek	5	23.9	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other flow regime alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Agriculture Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat Silviculture Activities
Holter	MT41I005_052	LITTLE PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Clark Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	5	10.23	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other flow regime alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Temperature, water	Channelization Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Loss of Riparian Habitat
Holter	MT41I005_060	FOOL HEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Virginia Creek-Canyon Creek-Little Prickly Pear Creek)	5	1.78	MILES	B-1	N	N	N	X	Cadmium Copper Lead Mercury Silver Zinc	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mill Tailings Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Holter	MT41I005_080	WOODSIDING GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Little Prickly Pear Creek), T13N R4W S33	5	2.19	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Phosphorus (Total)	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)

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**HUC** 10030101 Upper Missouri **Watershed** Missouri-Sun-Smith

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lake Helena	MT41I006_020	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Helena WWTP Discharge Ditch to Lake Helena	5	4.15	MILES	I	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Ammonia (Un-ionized) Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Agriculture Contaminated Sediments Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Industrial Point Source Discharge Municipal Point Source Discharges
Lake Helena	MT41I006_030	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Highway 433 (Wylie Dr.) Crossing to Helena WWTP Discharge	5	6.54	MILES	I	N	P	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Ammonia (Un-ionized) Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Contaminated Sediments Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Industrial Point Source Discharge Irrigated Crop Production On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems)
Lake Helena	MT41I006_040	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Lump Gulch to County Road Wylie Drive	5	10.84	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Acid Mine Drainage

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**HUC** 10030101 Upper Missouri **Watershed** Missouri-Sun-Smith

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lake Helena	MT41I006_040	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Lump Gulch to County Road Wylie Drive	5	10.84	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water Zinc	Channelization Contaminated Sediments Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Industrial Point Source Discharge
Lake Helena	MT41I006_050	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Spring Creek to Lump Gulch	5	7.05	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings Placer Mining Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Lake Helena	MT41I006_060	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, headwaters to Spring Creek	5	8.84	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cadmium Lead Physical substrate habitat alterations Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	Acid Mine Drainage Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Placer Mining Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Lake Helena	MT41I006_070	GOLCONDA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek), T7N R3W S8	5	2.92	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	X	Cadmium Copper Lead Zinc	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030101 Upper Missouri		Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Lake Helena	MT41006_080	SPRING CREEK, Corbin Creek to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	5	1.74	MILES	B-1	N	N	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Aluminum Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Low flow alterations Mercury Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Silver Total Suspended Solids (TSS) Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Channelization Contaminated Sediments Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings	
Lake Helena	MT41006_090	CORBIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Spring Creek)	5	2.82	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Silver Solids (Suspended/Bedload) Temperature, water Zinc pH	Agriculture Dam or Impoundment Mill Tailings Mine Tailings	
Lake Helena	MT41006_100	MIDDLE FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek-Prickly Pear Creek)	5	2.82	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Copper	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030101 Upper Missouri		Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lake Helena	MT41I006_100	MIDDLE FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek-Prickly Pear Creek)	5	2.82	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Lead Mercury Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	
Lake Helena	MT41I006_110	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, the Middle Fork to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	4A	4.17	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Arsenic Cadmium Lead Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Lake Helena	MT41I006_120	CLANCY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	5	12.82	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Mercury Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Contaminated Sediments Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Lake Helena	MT41I006_130	LUMP GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	5	14.68	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	X	Cadmium Copper Lead Mercury Total Suspended Solids (TSS) Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Lake Helena	MT41I006_141	TENMILE CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Spring Creek	5	6.72	MILES	A-1	P	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium	Acid Mine Drainage Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)

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**HUC** 10030101 Upper Missouri **Watershed** Missouri-Sun-Smith

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lake Helena	MT41I006_141	TENMILE CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Spring Creek	5	6.72	MILES	A-1	P	F	N	F	Copper Lead Mercury Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings
Lake Helena	MT41I006_142	TENMILE CREEK, Spring Creek to Helena Water Treatment Plant, Lat 46.573 Long -112.214	4A	7.32	MILES	B-1	N	N	N	N	Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Lake Helena	MT41I006_143	TENMILE CREEK, Helena Water Treatment Plant to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	5	16.38	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Low flow alterations Mercury Nitrogen (Total) Nutrient/Eutrophication Biological Indicators Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Channelization Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
Lake Helena	MT41I006_150	SILVER CREEK, headwaters to T11N R4W S30 / S31 to Lake Helena	5	22.1	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Arsenic DDE Low flow alterations	Agriculture Dredge Mining Irrigated Crop Production

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030101 Upper Missouri		Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lake Helena	MT41I006_150	SILVER CREEK, headwaters to T11N R4W S30 / S31 to Lake Helena	5	22.1	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Mercury	Mill Tailings
											Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Lake Helena	MT41I006_160	SEVENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tennile Creek)	5	8.45	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Arsenic	Channelization
											Copper	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Lead	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Low flow alterations	Streambank Modifications/destabilization
											Nitrogen (Total)	
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
											Zinc	
Lake Helena	MT41I006_180	NORTH FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek)	5	2.7	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Arsenic	Natural Sources
											Cadmium	
											Organic Enrichment (Sewage) Biological Indicators	
											Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
											Zinc	
Lake Helena	MT41I006_190	JACKSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (McClellan Creek-Prickly Pear Creek)	5	2.32	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Zinc	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Lake Helena	MT41I006_210	JENNIES FORK, headwaters to mouth (Silver Creek)	5	1.36	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Lead	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Phosphorus (Total)	Natural Sources
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Source Unknown
												Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Lake Helena	MT41I006_220	SKELLY GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Greenhorn Creek/Sevenmile Creek), T10N R5W S2	5	7.81	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Arsenic	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail

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**HUC** 10030101 Upper Missouri **Watershed** Missouri-Sun-Smith

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lake Helena	MT41I006_230	GRANITE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sevenmile Creek)	5	2.49	MILES	B-1	X	X	N	X	Arsenic	Acid Mine Drainage
											Cadmium	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Lake Helena	MT41I007_010	LAKE HELENA	4A	1600	ACRES	B-1	P	F	N	X	Arsenic	Acid Mine Drainage
											Lead	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Nitrogen (Total)	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Phosphorus (Total)	Irrigated Crop Production
												Municipal Point Source Discharges
												Natural Sources
												Rangeland Grazing
Missouri River	MT41I007_020	HOLTER LAKE Hauser Dam to Holter Lake Spillway	5	4358	ACRES	B-1	F	X	X	P	Mercury	Atmospheric Depositon - Toxics
												Historic Bottom Deposits (Not Sediment)
												Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
												Inappropriate Waste Disposal
												Placer Mining
												Source Unknown
Missouri River	MT41I007_040	HAUSER LAKE	5	3190	ACRES	B-1	P	X	N	F	Arsenic	Acid Mine Drainage
											DDT	Agriculture
											Endosulfan sulfate	Atmospheric Depositon - Toxics
											Endrin aldehyde	Contaminated Sediments
											Mercury	Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects)
											Nitrogen, Nitrate	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Oxygen, Dissolved	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
											Phosphorus (Total)	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
												Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
												Mine Tailings
												Municipal Point Source Discharges
												Natural Sources

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030101 Upper Missouri		Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Missouri River	MT411007_040	HAUSER LAKE	5	3190	ACRES	B-1	P	X	N	F		On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Silviculture Activities Source Unknown

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10030102 Upper Missouri-Dearborn **Watershed** Missouri-Sun-Smith

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Missouri River	MT41Q001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, Sun River to Rainbow Dam	5	6.99	MILES	B-2	N	F	N	F	Chromium (total)	Contaminated Sediments
											Mercury	Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects)
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Industrial Point Source Discharge
											Polychlorinated biphenyls	Industrial/Commercial Site Stormwater Discharge (Permitted)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production
											Selenium	
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	
Turbidity												
Missouri River	MT41Q001_013	MISSOURI RIVER, Rainbow Dam to Morony Dam	5	9.12	MILES	B-3	N	F	N	F	Arsenic	Contaminated Sediments
											Copper	Dam or Impoundment
											Polychlorinated biphenyls	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Industrial Point Source Discharge
											Temperature, water	Natural Sources
											Turbidity	Post-development Erosion and Sedimentation
Missouri River	MT41Q001_014	MISSOURI RIVER, Morony Dam to Marias River	5	54.62	MILES	B-3	N	F	N	N	Aluminum	Agriculture
											Arsenic	Dam or Impoundment
											Cadmium	Industrial Point Source Discharge
											Chlorophyll-a	Streambank Modifications/destabilization
											Copper	
											Iron	
											Lead	
											Nitrogen (Total)	
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
											Zinc	
Missouri River	MT41Q001_021	MISSOURI RIVER, Little Prickly Pear Creek to Sheep Creek	5	20.93	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Arsenic	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Nitrogen (Total)	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification

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**HUC** 10030102 Upper Missouri-Dearborn **Watershed** Missouri-Sun-Smith

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Missouri River	MT41Q001_021	MISSOURI RIVER, Little Prickly Pear Creek to Sheep Creek	5	20.93	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Other flow regime alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Natural Sources
Missouri River	MT41Q001_022	MISSOURI RIVER, Sheep Creek to Sun River	5	65.3	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture
												Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects)
												Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
												Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
		Natural Sources										
											Streambank Modifications/destabilization	
Benton Lake	MT41Q002_010	LAKE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Benton Lake)	5	19.03	MILES	B-3	N	N	N	P	Cadmium	Agriculture
											Other flow regime alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Salinity	Irrigated Crop Production
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
											Selenium	
Zinc												
Missouri Cascade	MT41Q002_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 1 mile above Stockett to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek-Missouri River)	4A	4.32	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	X	Aluminum	Acid Mine Drainage
											Cadmium	Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
											Iron	
											Nickel	
											Zinc	
Missouri Cascade	MT41Q002_030	NUMBER FIVE COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	5	13.68	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	X	Aluminum	Acid Mine Drainage
											Cadmium	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Iron	Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
											Lead	
											Nickel	
Zinc												
Missouri Cascade	MT41Q002_040	SAND COULEE CREEK, confluence with Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Missouri River)	5	18.63	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	X	Lead	Agriculture

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030102 Upper Missouri-Dearborn		Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Missouri Cascade	MT41Q002_040	SAND COULEE CREEK, confluence with Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Missouri River)	5	18.63	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	X	Salinity Zinc	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Missouri Choteau	MT41Q002_050	BOX ELDER CREEK, Spring Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	5	17.47	MILES	B-3	P	F	F	F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Missouri Cascade	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	4A	5.94	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	X	Aluminum Cadmium Copper Iron Nickel Salinity Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Dearborn	MT41Q003_010	DEARBORN RIVER, Falls Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	5	48.26	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Temperature, water	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Dearborn	MT41Q003_020	MIDDLE FORK DEARBORN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Dearborn River)	4A	14.51	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
Dearborn	MT41Q003_030	SOUTH FORK DEARBORN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Dearborn River)	4A	16.14	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
Dearborn	MT41Q003_040	FLAT CREEK, Henry Creek to mouth (Dearborn River)	4A	15.92	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	High Flow Regime Sedimentation/Siltation	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
Benton Lake	MT41Q005_020	BENTON LAKE	5	5600	ACRES	B-3	N	P	N	P	Excess Algal Growth Nitrogen (Total) Salinity Selenium Sulfates	Agriculture Irrigated Crop Production

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030103 Smith

Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Smith	MT41J001_010	SMITH RIVER, North and South Forks to Hound Creek	5	98.1	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Escherichia coli Low flow alterations Phosphorus (Total)	Agriculture Irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing
Smith	MT41J001_020	SMITH RIVER, Hound Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	5	24.14	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Temperature, water	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing
Smith	MT41J002_011	NORTH FORK SMITH RIVER, Lake Sutherlin to mouth (Smith River), T9N R6E S21	5	23	MILES	B-1	F	X	F	N	Chlorophyll-a Escherichia coli Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total)	Source Unknown
Smith	MT41J002_020	HOUND CREEK, Spring Creek to mouth (Smith River)	5	6.71	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Nitrogen (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Smith	MT41J002_030	SHEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	5	41.31	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Aluminum Escherichia coli Iron	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Natural Sources Sand/gravel/rock Mining or Quarries Source Unknown
Smith	MT41J002_040	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	5	20.58	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Smith	MT41J002_050	BENTON GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	5	13.41	MILES	B-1	X	X	X	N	Escherichia coli	Source Unknown

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030103 Smith

Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Smith	MT41J002_060	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camas Creek)	5	10.41	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Irrigated Crop Production Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)
Smith	MT41J002_070	THOMPSON GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	5	10.81	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Smith	MT41J002_081	NEWLAN CREEK, Newlan Reservoir to mouth (Smith River)	5	9.01	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Escherichia coli Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production
Smith	MT41J002_082	NEWLAN CREEK, headwaters to Newlan Reservoir	5	13.3	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cadmium Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Transfer of Water from an Outside Watershed
Smith	MT41J002_100	LITTLE CAMAS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camas Creek)	5	3.82	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a Nitrogen (Total) Temperature, water	Rangeland Grazing
Smith	MT41J002_110	CAMAS CREEK, junction of Big and Little Camas Creeks to mouth (Smith River)	5	14.28	MILES	B-1	X	X	X	N	Escherichia coli	Source Unknown
Smith	MT41J002_120	MOOSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sheep Creek)	5	11.63	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrogen (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030104 Sun		Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Sun	MT41K001_010	SUN RIVER, Gibson Dam to Muddy Creek	4A	83.01	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other flow regime alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Agriculture Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Sun	MT41K001_020	SUN RIVER, Muddy Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	4A	17.3	MILES	B-3	N	P	F	P	Nitrogen (Total) Other flow regime alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	Agriculture Channelization Irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing
Sun	MT41K002_010	MUDDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sun River)	4A	35.84	MILES	I	N	P	P	N	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Salinity Sedimentation/Siltation Selenium Sulfates Temperature, water Total Dissolved Solids	Agriculture Channel Erosion/Incision from Upstream Hydromodifications Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Streambank Modifications/destablization
Sun	MT41K002_020	FORD CREEK, from mouth 2 miles upstream (Smith Creek-Elk Creek-Sun River)	4A	2.48	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Channel Erosion/Incision from Upstream Hydromodifications Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Streambank Modifications/destablization
Sun	MT41K002_040	HUBER COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sun River Valley Ditch)	5	3.6	MILES	B-1	X	X	X	N	Escherichia coli	Leaking Underground Storage Tanks Manure Runoff

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030105 Belt		Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Belt	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	5	50.77	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Chromium (total) Copper Lead Salinity Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Belt	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	5	39.44	MILES	B-2	N	P	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Chromium (total) Copper Iron Lead Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Salinity Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Belt	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	5	6.05	MILES	B-1	N	X	N	X	Arsenic Cadmium Copper Iron Lead Mercury Silver Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030105 Belt

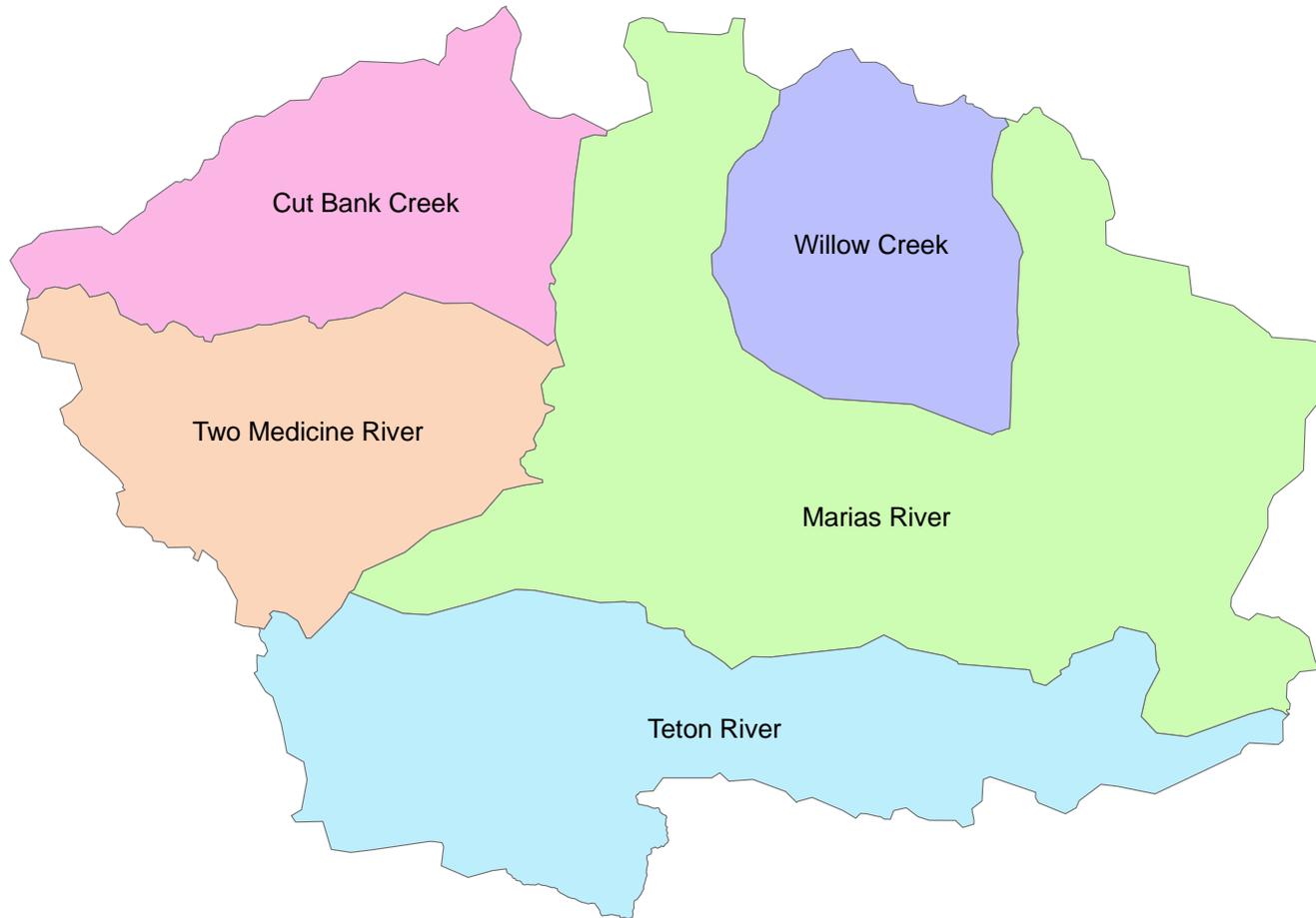
Watershed Missouri-Sun-Smith

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Belt	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	5	3.47	MILES	B-1	N	N	N	N	Antimony	Acid Mine Drainage
											Arsenic	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Cadmium	Mine Tailings
											Copper	
											Iron	
											Lead	
											Zinc	
Belt	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	5	18.88	MILES	B-1	N	N	N	P	Arsenic	Acid Mine Drainage
											Cadmium	Contaminated Sediments
											Copper	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
											Iron	Mine Tailings
											Lead	Post-development Erosion and Sedimentation
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
											Zinc	
Belt	MT41U002_040	LITTLE BELT CREEK, three miles upstream to mouth (Belt Creek)	5	3.24	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Chlorophyll-a	Irrigated Crop Production
											Low flow alterations	Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Nitrogen (Total)	
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Belt	MT41U002_050	BIG OTTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	5	33.49	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Channelization
											Nitrates	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	

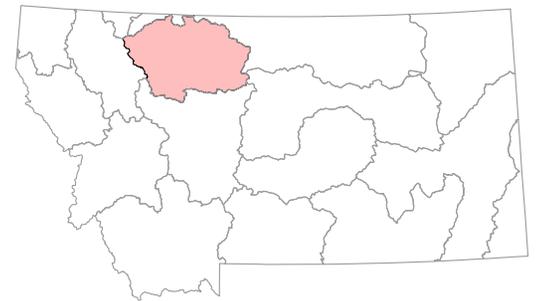
F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

# Marias Sub-Major Basin

## Missouri River Basin



USGS HUC	HUC NAME
10030201	Two Medicine River
10030202	Cut Bank Creek
10030203	Marias River
10030204	Willow Creek
10030205	Teton River



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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030201 Two Medicine		Watershed Marias											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	MT41M002_080	BIRCH CREEK, Blacktail Creek to mouth (Two Medicine River)	5	37.2	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Irrigated Crop Production	
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	MT41M002_100	SOUTH FORK DUPUYER CREEK, Bob Marshall Wilderness boundary to mouth (Dupuyer Creek)	4C	7.36	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Cause Unknown	Source Unknown	
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	MT41M002_110	DUPUYER CREEK, confluence of South Fork Dupuyer Creek and Middle Fork Dupuyer Creek to the mouth (Birch Creek)	5	39.28	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Agriculture Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land) Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Irrigated Crop Production	

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030202 Cut Bank		Watershed Marias											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	MT41L001_010	OLD MAIDS COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cutbank Creek)	5	17.6	MILES	B-1	N	N	F	N	Ammonia (Total)	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land)	
											Chloride	Municipal Point Source Discharges	
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)		
											Phosphorus (Total)		
											Specific Conductance		
Total Dissolved Solids													
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	MT41L001_040	CUT BANK CREEK, Blackfeet Reservation boundary to mouth (Marias River)	5	21.07	MILES	B-2	N	F	F	N	Low flow alterations	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions	
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Irrigated Crop Production	
											Temperature, water	Municipal Point Source Discharges	
											Non-irrigated Crop Production		

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030203 Marias		Watershed Marias										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Marias - Willow	MT41P002_030	PONDERA COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Marias River)	5	135.95	MILES	B-2	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Physical substrate habitat alterations  Salinity	Agriculture
Marias - Willow	MT41P002_050	CORRAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	5	22.98	MILES	B-2	P	X	X	X	Phosphorus (Total)	Agriculture

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030204 Willow

Watershed Marias

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Marias - Willow	MT41P004_020	EAGLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tiber Reservoir)	5	52.65	MILES	B-2	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Marias - Willow	MT41P005_010	OILMONT WETLAND, T35N R1W S31	5	9	ACRES	B-2	P	X	N	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Other flow regime alterations	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Petroleum/natural Gas Activities

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10030205 Teton

Watershed Marias

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Sun	MT41K004_030	FREEZEOUT LAKE	5	3500	ACRES	B-1	P	P	N	P	Aquatic Plants - Native Phosphorus (Total) Selenium Sulfates Total Dissolved Solids	Agriculture Irrigated Crop Production Source Unknown
Teton	MT41O001_010	TETON RIVER, Muddy Creek to mouth (Marias River)	4A	121.42	MILES	B-3	P	F	F	F	Low flow alterations Salinity Sedimentation/Siltation Sulfates Total Dissolved Solids	Agriculture Channelization Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Teton	MT41O001_020	TETON RIVER, Deep Creek to Muddy Creek	4A	43.92	MILES	B-2	P	P	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Salinity Sulfates Temperature, water Total Dissolved Solids Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	Agriculture Channelization Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land) Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Municipal Point Source Discharges Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Teton	MT41O001_030	TETON RIVER, North and South Forks to Deep Creek	4C	31.56	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations	Channelization Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Teton	MT41O002_010	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	4A	21.81	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Alterations in wetland habitats Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Streambank Modifications/destabilization

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

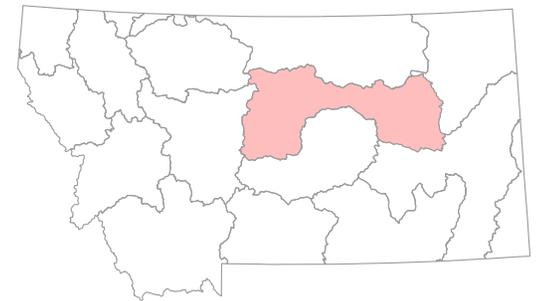
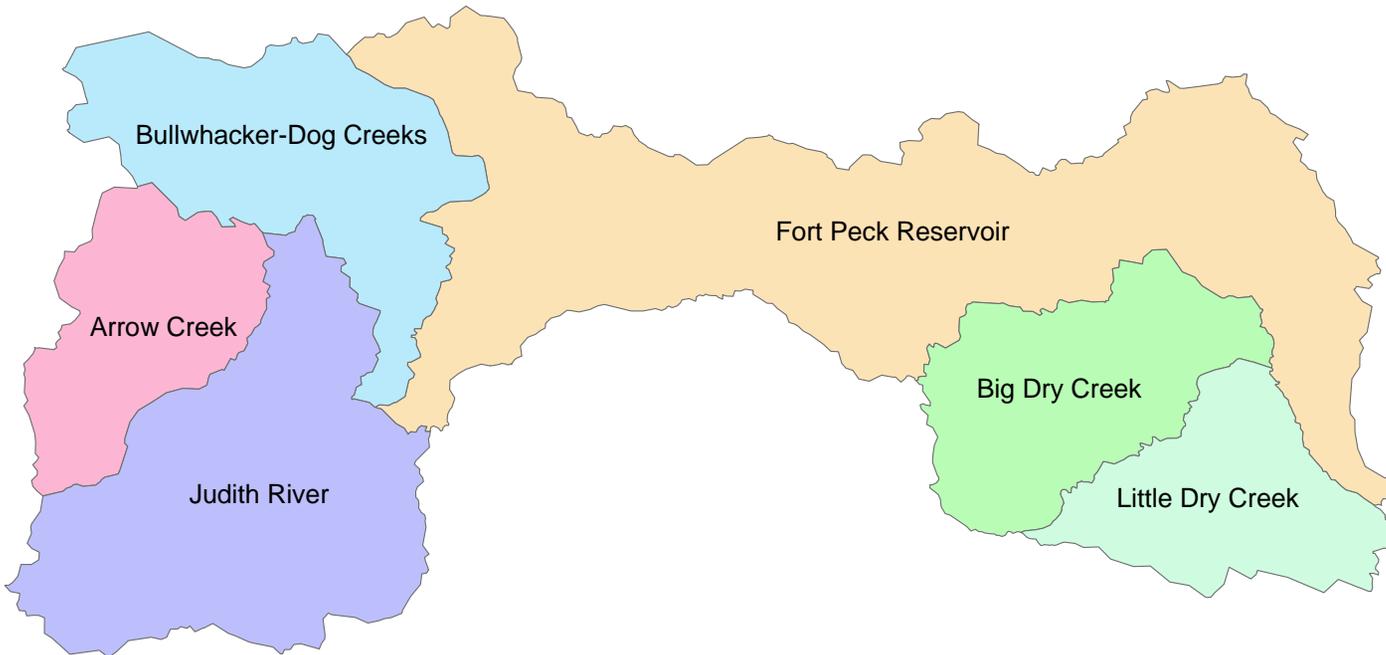
HUC 10030205 Teton Watershed Marias												
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Teton	MT41O002_020	DEEP CREEK, Willow Creek to mouth (Teton River)	4A	9.57	MILES	B-1	P	F	P	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Alterations in wetland habitats Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Loss of Riparian Habitat Streambank Modifications/destablization
Teton	MT41O002_042	BLACKLEAF CREEK, Cow Creek to mouth (Muddy Creek)	4C	24.27	MILES	B-2	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other flow regime alterations	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Loss of Riparian Habitat
Teton	MT41O002_060	TETON SPRING CREEK, the city of Choteau to mouth (Teton River)	4A	4.92	MILES	B-1	P	F	P	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Alterations in wetland habitats Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Loss of Riparian Habitat Septage Disposal Source Unknown Streambank Modifications/destablization
Teton	MT41O002_070	TETON SPRING CREEK, headwaters to city of Choteau	4A	9.67	MILES	B-1	P	F	P	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Loss of Riparian Habitat
Teton	MT41O004_020	PRIEST BUTTE LAKE	4A	300	ACRES	B-2	N	N	N	P	Salinity Selenium Sulfates Total Dissolved Solids	Agriculture Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

# Middle Missouri Sub-Major Basin

Missouri River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
10040101	Bullwhacker-Dog Creeks
10040102	Arrow Creek
10040103	Judith River
10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir
10040105	Big Dry Creek
10040106	Little Dry Creek



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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10040101 Bullwhacker-Dog **Watershed** Middle Missouri

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Missouri River	MT41T001_010	MISSOURI RIVER, the Marias River to Bullwhacker Creek	5	102.05	MILES	B-3	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Lead Physical substrate habitat alterations	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Source Unknown
Bullwhacker - Dog	MT41T002_020	DOG CREEK, Cutbank Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	5	26.03	MILES	C-3	N			F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10040102 Arrow

Watershed Middle Missouri

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Judith - Arrow	MT41R001_010	COFFEE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Arrow Creek)	5	40.98	MILES	C-3	N			F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Animal Feeding Operations (NPS)
											Selenium	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land)
											Total Dissolved Solids	Natural Sources
Judith - Arrow	MT41R001_020	ARROW CREEK, Surprise Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	5	69.7	MILES	C-3	P			F	Iron	Natural Sources

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10040103 Judith Watershed Middle Missouri

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Judith - Arrow	MT41S001_010	JUDITH RIVER, Big Spring Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	4C	72.02	MILES	B-2	P	F	F	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Physical substrate habitat alterations	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat Rangeland Grazing
Judith - Arrow	MT41S001_020	JUDITH RIVER, Ross Fork to Big Spring Creek	5	16.15	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cause Unknown Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat Natural Sources Source Unknown
Judith - Arrow	MT41S002_010	DRY WOLF CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Wolf Creek)	5	34.55	MILES	C-3	P			X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Nitrogen, Nitrate Phosphorus (Total) Salinity	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Non-irrigated Crop Production
Judith - Arrow	MT41S002_020	WOLF CREEK, Dry Wolf Creek to mouth (Judith River)	5	45.29	MILES	C-3	N			F	Iron Selenium Total Dissolved Solids	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land) Crop Production with Subsurface Drainage Natural Sources Source Unknown
Judith - Arrow	MT41S002_030	WARM SPRING CREEK, 5 miles upstream to mouth (Judith River)	5	10.74	MILES	C-3	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Nitrogen, Nitrate Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Judith - Arrow	MT41S002_050	SAGE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Judith River)	5	70.08	MILES	C-3	P			F	Iron Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Natural Sources

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10040103 Judith

Watershed Middle Missouri

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Judith - Arrow	MT41S002_050	SAGE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Judith River)	5	70.08	MILES	C-3	P			F	Nitrogen (Total)	Source Unknown
Judith - Arrow	MT41S002_070	ROSS FORK JUDITH RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Judith River)	5	64.23	MILES	B-1	N	F	P	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers BOD, Biochemical oxygen demand Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Loss of Riparian Habitat Permitted Runoff from Confined Animal Feeding Operations (CAFOs) Source Unknown
Judith - Arrow	MT41S002_080	SOUTH FORK JUDITH RIVER, headwaters to mouth	5	21.16	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X	Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
Judith - Arrow	MT41S002_100	LAST CHANCE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Moccasin Creek)	5	6.17	MILES	C-3	N			X	Cyanide Iron Selenium Thallium	Acid Mine Drainage Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings
Big Springs	MT41S004_010	BIG SPRING CREEK, East Fork Big Spring Creek to Casino Creek	4A	6.24	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Polychlorinated biphenyls	Aquaculture (Permitted) Contaminated Sediments
Big Springs	MT41S004_020	BIG SPRING CREEK, confluence of Casino Creek to mouth (Judith River)	4A	24.9	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Polychlorinated biphenyls Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Aquaculture (Permitted) Channelization Contaminated Sediments Dam or Impoundment Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat Streambank Modifications/destabilization Unspecified Urban Stormwater
Big Springs	MT41S004_040	CASINO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Spring Creek)	5	13.56	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Nitrogen (Total)	Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10040103 Judith **Watershed** Middle Missouri

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Big Springs	MT41S004_040	CASINO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Spring Creek)	5	13.56	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Phosphorus (Total)	Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
Big Springs	MT41S004_052	COTTONWOOD CREEK, county road at T14N R18E S18 to mouth (Big Spring Creek)	5	19.97	MILES	B-1	P	P	P	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Excess Algal Growth Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Other flow regime alterations Oxygen, Dissolved Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat Source Unknown

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10040104 Fort Peck Reservoir		Watershed Middle Missouri											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Missouri River	MT40E001_010	MISSOURI RIVER, Bullwhacker Creek to Fort Peck Reservoir	5	49.02	MILES	B-3	P	F	N	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture	
											Arsenic	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones	
											Copper	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)	
Landusky	MT40E002_010	MONTANA GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	5	2.04	MILES	C-3	N			X	Arsenic	Acid Mine Drainage	
											Cadmium	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)	
											Copper		
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	MT40E002_022	ARMELLS CREEK, headwaters to Deer Creek	5	19.34	MILES	C-3	N			X	Cadmium	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)	
											Copper		
											Mercury		
											Zinc		
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	MT40E002_040	COW CREEK, Als Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	5	34.16	MILES	C-3	N			F	Aluminum	Coal Mining	
											Copper	Natural Sources	
											Iron		
											Lead		
Landusky	MT40E002_050	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby Creek), T26N R25E S16	5	4.04	MILES	C-3	N			X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Acid Mine Drainage	
											Cadmium	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)	
											Copper	Mine Tailings	
											Lead		
											Mercury		
											Selenium		
Landusky	MT40E002_060	RUBY CREEK, Un-Named tributary T25N R25E S21 to mouth (CK Creek)	5	4.61	MILES	C-3	N			X	Aluminum	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)	
											Cadmium		
											Copper		

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10040104 Fort Peck Reservoir		Watershed Middle Missouri											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Landusky	MT40E002_060	RUBY CREEK, Un-Named tributary T25N R25E S21 to mouth (CK Creek)	5	4.61	MILES	C-3	N				X	Lead Mercury Selenium Zinc pH	
Landusky	MT40E002_070	RUBY GULCH, headwaters to confluence of Alder Gulch, T25N R25E S21	5	2.91	MILES	C-3	N				X	Cadmium Chromium (total) Copper Lead Mercury Selenium Zinc pH	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings
Landusky	MT40E002_090	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	5	39.19	MILES	C-3	P				P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cadmium Copper Escherichia coli Lead Mercury Selenium Zinc pH	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Landusky	MT40E002_100	MILL GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	5	1.74	MILES	C-3	P	P	N	P		Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Lead Mercury Nitrates	Rangeland Grazing Surface Mining

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10040104 Fort Peck Reservoir		Watershed Middle Missouri											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Landusky	MT40E002_100	MILL GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	5	1.74	MILES	C-3	P	P	N	P	Selenium pH		
Landusky	MT40E002_110	SULLIVAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	4C	.85	MILES	C-3	N			N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Fish-Passage Barrier Other flow regime alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations	Open Pit Mining Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining Surface Mining	
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	MT40E002_130	FARGO COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Armells Creek)	5	21.11	MILES	C-3	N			F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Aluminum Iron Lead Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total)	Natural Sources Source Unknown	
Redwater	MT40E003_010	TIMBER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	4A	89.42	MILES	C-3	P			F	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Agriculture Natural Sources Source Unknown	
Redwater	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	5	36.37	MILES	C-3	P			X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cadmium Copper Nitrates Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sulfates Total Dissolved Solids	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Source Unknown	
Missouri River	MT40E004_010	FORT PECK RESERVOIR	5	245000	ACRES	B-3	N	X	N	F	Lead Mercury	Atmospheric Depositon - Toxics Historic Bottom Deposits (Not Sediment) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)	

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10040105 Big Dry **Watershed** Middle Missouri

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Big and Little Dry	MT40D001_010	BIG DRY CREEK, Steves Fork to mouth (Fort Peck Reservoir)	5	98.62	MILES	C-3	P			P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Ammonia (Un-ionized) Nitrogen (Total) Nitrogen, Nitrate Phosphorus (Total)	Agriculture Municipal Point Source Discharges

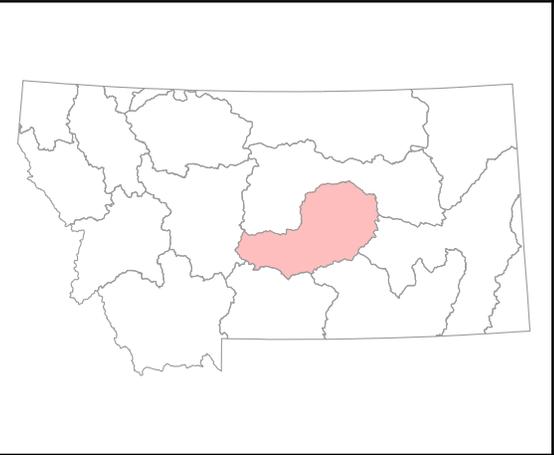
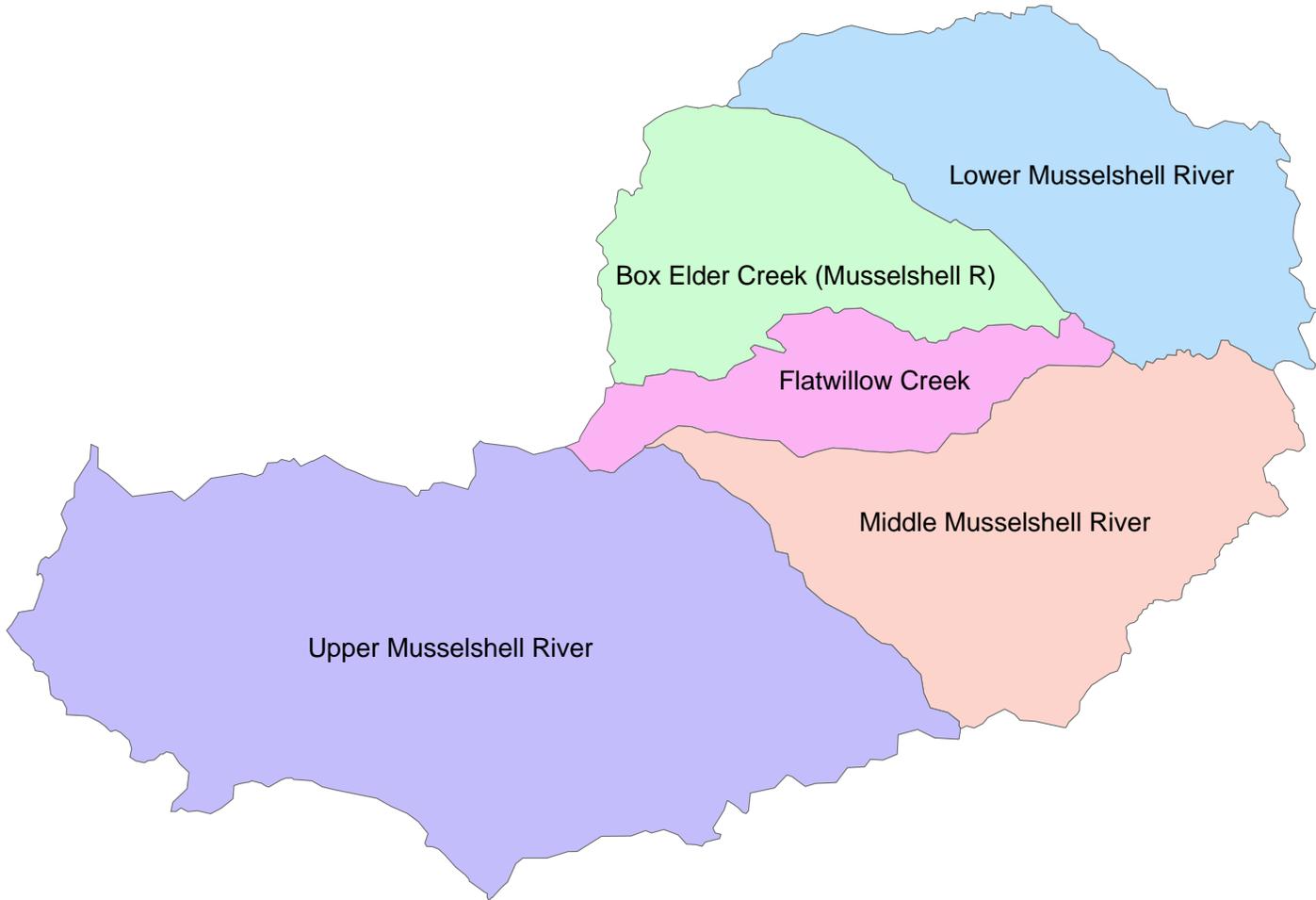
F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed



# Musselshell Sub-Major Basin

## Missouri River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
10040201	Upper Musselshell River
10040202	Middle Musselshell River
10040203	Flatwillow Creek
10040204	Box Elder Creek (Musselshell R)
10040205	Lower Musselshell River



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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10040201 Upper Musselshell		Watershed Musselshell											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Upper/Middle Musselshell	MT40A001_010	MUSSELSHELL RIVER, North & South Fork confluence to Deadmans Basin Diversion Canal	5	55.3	MILES	B-2	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Channelization Irrigated Crop Production	
Upper/Middle Musselshell	MT40A001_020	MUSSELSHELL RIVER, Deadmans Basin Supply Canal to HUC boundary near Roundup	5	94.49	MILES	C-3	P			X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Non-irrigated Crop Production	
Upper/Middle Musselshell	MT40A002_010	NORTH FORK MUSSELSHELL RIVER, headwaters to confluence with the South Fork Musselshell River	4C	38.19	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Natural Sources	
Upper/Middle Musselshell	MT40A002_030	TRAIL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Musselshell River)	5	10.1	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a Sedimentation/Siltation	Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown	
Upper/Middle Musselshell	MT40A002_040	MILL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Musselshell River)	5	4.81	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown	
Careless Creek	MT40A002_050	CARELESS CREEK, confluence with Deadmans Basin Canal to mouth (Musselshell River)	4A	17	MILES	C-3	P			F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Channel Erosion/Incision from Upstream Hydromodifications Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Streambank Modifications/destabilization	
Upper/Middle Musselshell	MT40A002_070	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	5	98.64	MILES	C-3	P			F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Other flow regime alterations	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Rangeland Grazing Source Unknown	

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10040201		Upper Musselshell		Watershed		Musselshell								
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name		
Upper/Middle Musselshell	MT40A002_070	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	5	98.64	MILES	C-3	P			F	Phosphorus (Total)			
Upper/Middle Musselshell	MT40A002_080	PAINTED ROBE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	5	40.92	MILES	C-3	P			X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Salinity	Non-irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing		
Upper/Middle Musselshell	MT40A002_090	HALF BREED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	5	18.19	MILES	C-3	P			F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Other flow regime alterations Total Kjehtdahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems)		
Upper/Middle Musselshell	MT40A005_010	DEADMANS BASIN RESERVOIR	5	1903	ACRES	B-1	N	N	N	F	Copper Iron Lead	Natural Sources Source Unknown		

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10040202 Middle Musselshell		Watershed Musselshell										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Upper/Middle Musselshell	MT40C001_010	MUSSELSHELL RIVER, HUC boundary near Roundup to Flatwillow Creek	4C	119.77	MILES	C-3	P			F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations	Agriculture Channelization Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Streambank Modifications/destablization
Upper/Middle Musselshell	MT40C002_010	NORTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	5	117.27	MILES	C-3	N			F	Iron Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Solids (Suspended/Bedload) Specific Conductance Sulfates	Above Ground Storage Tank Leaks (Tank Farms) Natural Sources Source Unknown

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10040203 Flatwillow		Watershed Musselshell										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Flatwillow - Box Elder	MT40B001_021	FLATWILLOW CREEK, headwaters to Highway 87 bridge	5	40.11	MILES	B-2	P	F	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat Rangeland Grazing
Flatwillow - Box Elder	MT40B001_022	FLATWILLOW CREEK, Highway 87 bridge to mouth (Musselshell River)	5	99.88	MILES	C-3	P			P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Mercury Nitrogen, Nitrate Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat Rangeland Grazing Source Unknown
Flatwillow - Box Elder	MT40B001_040	NORTH FORK FLATWILLOW CREEK, headwaters to confluence with South Fork	5	27.56	MILES	B-2	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Loss of Riparian Habitat Rangeland Grazing

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10040204 Box Elder		Watershed Musselshell											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Flatwillow - Box Elder	MT40B002_010	McDONALD CREEK, North and South Forks to mouth (Box Elder Creek)	5	89.18	MILES	C-3	P			F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation Specific Conductance Total Dissolved Solids	Agriculture Managed Pasture Grazing Source Unknown	
Flatwillow - Box Elder	MT40B002_020	CHICAGO GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Fords Creek)	5	2.98	MILES	C-3	P			X	Lead Zinc pH	Acid Mine Drainage Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)	
Flatwillow - Box Elder	MT40B002_030	COLLAR GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Fords Creek)	5	6.38	MILES	C-3	P			X	Lead Zinc pH	Acid Mine Drainage Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)	
Flatwillow - Box Elder	MT40B002_040	CHIPPEWA CREEK, headwaters to confluence with Manitoba Gulch	5	3.75	MILES	C-3	N			N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Antimony Arsenic Cyanide Iron Mercury Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Heap-leach Extraction Mining Mine Tailings	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

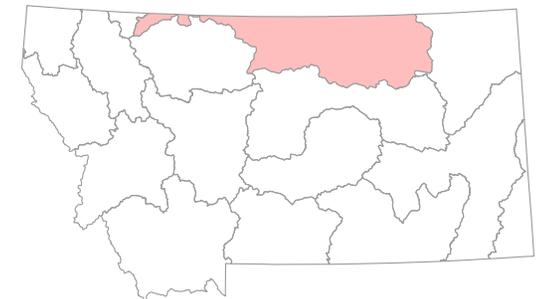
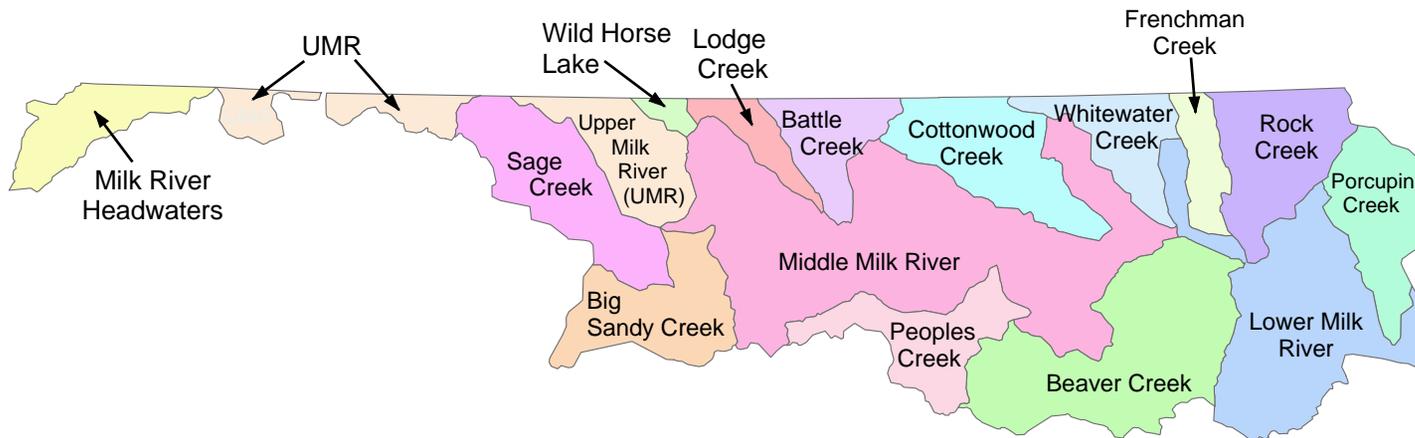
HUC 10040205 Lower Musselshell		Watershed Musselshell											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Lower Musselshell	MT40C003_010	MUSSELSHELL RIVER, Flatwillow Creek to Fort Peck Reservoir	4C	75.94	MILES	C-3	P			F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations	Agriculture Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Impacts from Resort Areas (Winter and Non-winter Resorts) Streambank Modifications/destablization	
Lower Musselshell	MT40C004_030	BLOOD CREEK, Dovetail County Road to mouth (Musselshell River)	4C	57.36	MILES	C-3	P			X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Natural Sources	

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

# Milk Sub-Major Basin

## Missouri River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
10050001	Milk River Headwaters
10050002	Upper Milk River
10050003	Wild Horse Lake
10050004	Middle Milk River
10050005	Big Sandy Creek
10050006	Sage Creek
10050007	Lodge Creek
10050008	Battle Creek
10050009	Peoples Creek
10050010	Cottonwood Creek
10050011	Whitewater Creek
10050012	Lower Milk River
10050013	Frenchman Creek
10050014	Beaver Creek (Milk R)
10050015	Rock Creek
10050016	Porcupine Creek



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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050002 Upper Milk		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Upper Milk	MT40F003_010	MILK RIVER, Eastern, Canada border to Fresno Reservoir	5	39.66	MILES	B-3	N	F	N	F	Copper	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions	
											High Flow Regime	Natural Sources	
											Iron	Source Unknown	
											Lead		
Upper Milk	MT40F005_010	FRESNO RESERVOIR (Milk River)	4C	5007	ACRES	B-3	P	F	X	X	Other flow regime alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification	
											Physical substrate habitat alterations		

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050004 Middle Milk		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40J001_011	MILK RIVER, Fresno Dam to Thirtymile Creek	5	113.28	MILES	B-3	X	F	N	X	Mercury	Agriculture Dam or Impoundment Natural Sources	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40J001_012	MILK RIVER, Thirtymile Creek to Dobson Creek	5	58.19	MILES	B-3	X	F	N	X	Mercury	Agriculture Dam or Impoundment Natural Sources	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40J001_013	MILK RIVER, Dobson Creek to Whitewater Creek	5	102.75	MILES	B-3	X	F	N	X	Mercury	Agriculture Dam or Impoundment Natural Sources	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40J001_020	MILK RIVER, Whitewater Creek to Beaver Creek	5	38.24	MILES	B-3	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Iron Nitrates Other flow regime alterations	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land) Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources Rangeland Grazing	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40J002_010	BEAVER CREEK, Beaver Creek Reservoir to mouth (Milk River)	5	24.92	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Iron Lead Mercury Other flow regime alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Channelization Natural Sources Source Unknown	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40J002_020	BULLHOOK CREEK, headwaters to the Bullhook Dam, T32N R16E S16	5	24.9	MILES	B-3	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Other flow regime alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Natural Sources Residential Districts Source Unknown Streambank Modifications/destablization	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40J002_030	LITTLE BOXELDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Milk River)	5	50.17	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Natural Sources	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050004 Middle Milk		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40J002_030	LITTLE BOXELDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Milk River)	5	50.17	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Nitrogen (Total)	Rangeland Grazing	
											Phosphorus (Total)	Source Unknown	
											Sedimentation/Siltation		
											Temperature, water		

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050005 Big Sandy		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Big Sandy - Sage	MT40H001_010	BIG SANDY CREEK, Lonesome Lake Coulee to mouth (Milk River)	5	62.93	MILES	B-3	P	F	N	X	Mercury	Agriculture	
											Salinity	Atmospheric Depositon - Nitrogen	
											Sulfates	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land)	
											Total Dissolved Solids	Natural Sources	
												Source Unknown	

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050006 Sage		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Big Sandy - Sage	MT40G001_011	SAGE CREEK, Laird Creek to the confluence of Russell Creek, T36N R9E S32	4A	9.94	MILES	B-1	P	P	P	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture	
											Salinity	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land)	
											Sulfates	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones	
											Total Dissolved Solids	Irrigated Crop Production	
											Natural Sources		
												Non-irrigated Crop Production	
Big Sandy - Sage	MT40G001_012	SAGE CREEK, the section line between 1 & 12 T36N R6E to the mouth	4A	111.75	MILES	B-3	P	P	P	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land)	
											Salinity	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones	
											Sulfates	Irrigated Crop Production	
											Total Dissolved Solids	Natural Sources	
											Non-irrigated Crop Production		

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050007 Lodge		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40J003_010	LODGE CREEK, Canadian border to mouth (Milk River)	5	83.08	MILES	B-3	P	P	N	F	Low flow alterations	Agriculture	
											Mercury	Dam or Impoundment	
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Golf Courses	
											Nitrogen (Total)	Residential Districts	
											Oxygen, Dissolved	Source Unknown	
											Phosphorus (Total)		

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050008 Battle		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40J004_010	BATTLE CREEK, Canadian border to mouth (Milk River)	5	74.33	MILES	B-3	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cause Unknown Chlorophyll-a Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Rangeland Grazing	

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050009 Peoples		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40I001_020	PEOPLES CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	5	57.19	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Mercury Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Phosphorus (Total) Temperature, water	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Source Unknown	
Landusky	MT40I001_030	BIG HORN CREEK, Zortman Mine to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	5	1.36	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	X	Aluminum Arsenic Cadmium Nickel Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings Surface Mining	
Landusky	MT40I001_040	KING CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	5	.9	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Physical substrate habitat alterations Selenium	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings	
Landusky	MT40I001_050	LODGE POLE CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	5	4.34	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cadmium Cause Unknown Mercury	Source Unknown Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining Surface Mining	
Landusky	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	5	1.73	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Aluminum Arsenic Cadmium Copper Cyanide Iron Lead Nickel Selenium	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Natural Sources Open Pit Mining	

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050009 Peoples		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Landusky	MT401002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	5	1.73	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Thallium Zinc pH		

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050010 Cottonwood		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40J005_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, Black Coulee to mouth (Milk River)	5	57.36	MILES	B-3	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Iron Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Natural Sources Source Unknown	

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050011 Whitewater		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40K001_010	WHITEWATER CREEK, Canadian border to mouth (Milk River)	5	67.63	MILES	B-3	F	F	N	F	Mercury	Source Unknown	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050012 Lower Milk		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Lower Milk	MT40O001_010	MILK RIVER, Beaver Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	5	134.52	MILES	B-3	X	F	N	N	Escherichia coli	Agriculture	
											Lead	Dam or Impoundment	
											Mercury	Source Unknown	
Lower Milk	MT40O002_020	BUGGY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Milk River)	5	46.53	MILES	B-3	P	F	F	F	Iron	Natural Sources	
Lower Milk	MT40O002_031	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to Halfpint Reservoir, T25N R35E S26	5	10.38	MILES	B-3	P	F	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture	
											Other flow regime alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones	
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Streambank Modifications/destabilization	
												Upstream Impoundments (e.g., PI-566 NRCS Structures)	
Lower Milk	MT40O002_033	WILLOW CREEK, Halfpint Reservoir to mouth (Milk River), T28N R40E S29	5	76.13	MILES	B-3	N	F	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture	
											Other flow regime alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones	
											Physical substrate habitat alterations		
											Sedimentation/Siltation		
Lower Milk	MT40O002_040	BEAVER CREEK, confluence of Little Beaver Creek and South Fork Beaver Creek to mouth (Willow Creek)	5	16.53	MILES	B-3	N	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Dam or Impoundment	
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Natural Sources	
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Rangeland Grazing	
Lone Tree Creek	MT40O002_050	LONE TREE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Willow Creek	4A	22.22	MILES	B-3	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones	
											Nitrogen (Total)	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification	
												Streambank Modifications/destabilization	

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050013 Frenchman		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Middle Milk and Tributaries	MT40L001_010	FRENCHMAN CREEK, Canadian border to mouth (Milk River)	4C	82.5	MILES	B-3	P	P	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a  Low flow alterations	Agriculture  Dam or Impoundment  Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones  Source Unknown	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050014 Beaver			Watershed Milk									
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Landusky	MT40M001_011	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	5	5.4	MILES	B-3	N	F	F	F	Cadmium Iron Lead	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Source Unknown
Beaver	MT40M001_013	BEAVER CREEK, Fort Belknap Reservation boundary to Big Warm Creek	5	55.12	MILES	B-3	P	F	N	F	Mercury Phosphorus (Total)	Source Unknown
Beaver	MT40M001_014	BEAVER CREEK, Big Warm Creek to Un-Named tributary, T30N R32E S32	5	97.99	MILES	B-3	P	F	N	F	Mercury Phosphorus (Total)	Source Unknown
Beaver	MT40M001_020	BEAVER CREEK, Bowdoin Canal to mouth (Milk River)	5	86.86	MILES	B-3	P	F	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Uranium	Agriculture Source Unknown
Beaver	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	5	36.88	MILES	B-3	N	N	N	F	Arsenic Cadmium Copper Iron Lead Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Oxygen, Dissolved Phosphorus (Total) Solids (Suspended/Bedload) Zinc	Natural Sources Source Unknown
Beaver	MT40M002_020	LARB CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	5	76.67	MILES	B-3	N	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Lead Nitrogen (Total)	Agriculture Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Natural Sources Source Unknown

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10050014 Beaver			Watershed Milk									
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Beaver	MT40M002_020	LARB CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	5	76.67	MILES	B-3	N	F	F	F	Oxygen, Dissolved Phosphorus (Total)	
Beaver	MT40M002_030	BIG WARM CREEK, Fort Belknap Reservation boundary to mouth (Beaver Creek)	5	57.08	MILES	B-3	P	P	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other flow regime alterations Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Salinity Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Dam or Impoundment Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Streambank Modifications/destablization
Beaver	MT40M003_010	LAKE BOWDOIN	5	3500	ACRES	B-3	P	P	N	X	Salinity Selenium	Agriculture Dam or Impoundment Irrigated Crop Production
Beaver	MT40M003_020	NELSON RESERVOIR	5	3901.7	ACRES	B-3	P	F	X	P	Other flow regime alterations Phosphorus (Total)	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

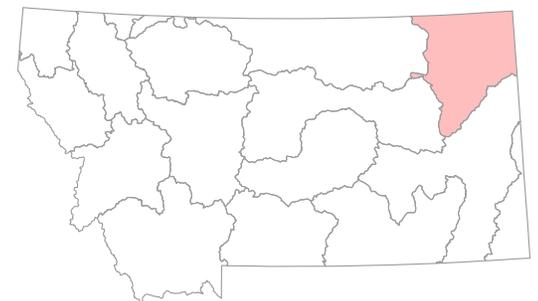
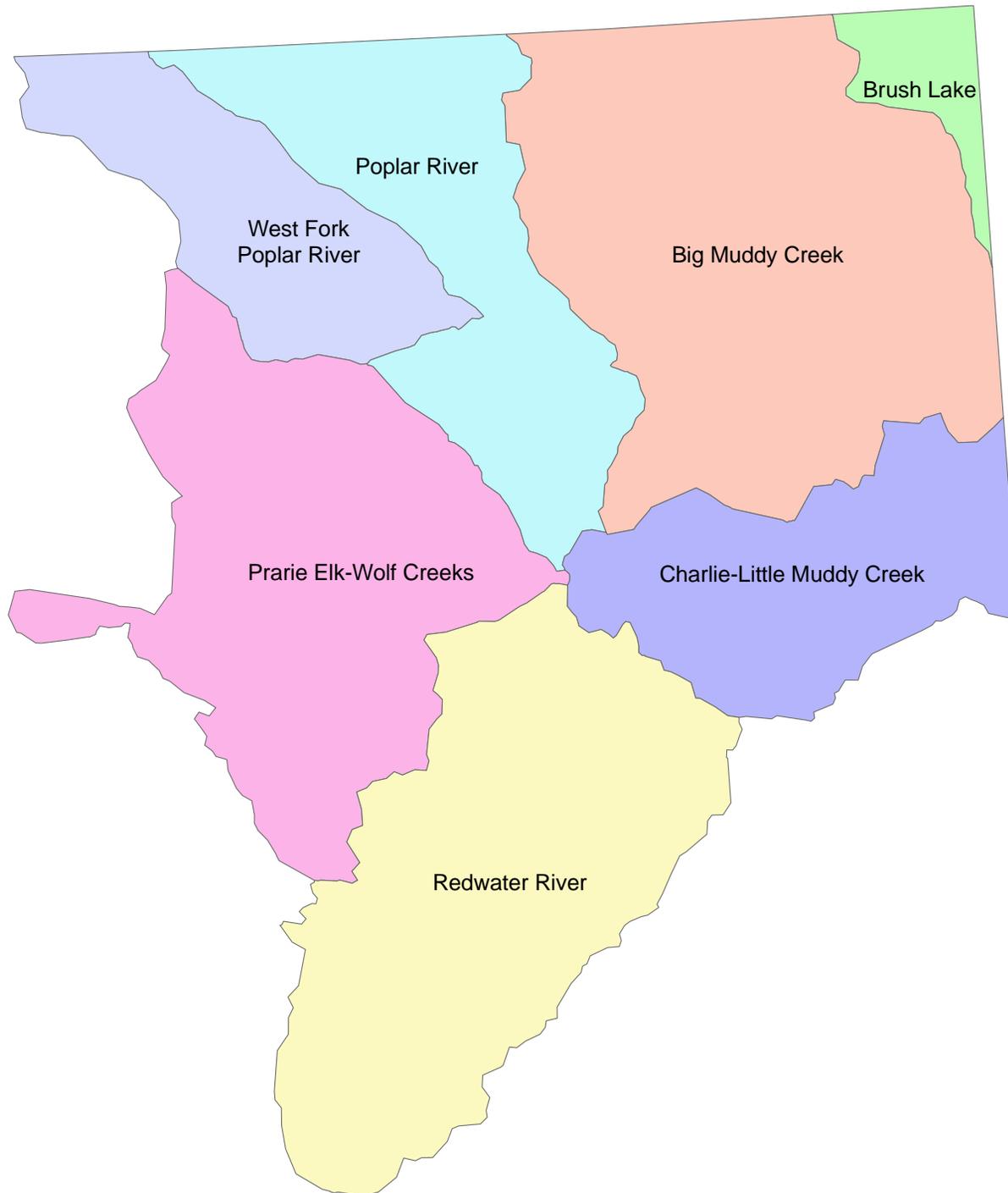
HUC 10050016 Porcupine		Watershed Milk											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Lower Milk	MT40O003_010	PORCUPINE CREEK, confluence of West and Middle Forks to mouth (Milk River)	5	49.29	MILES	B-3	P	P	F	X	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Salinity	Non-irrigated Crop Production	

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

# Lower Missouri Sub-Major Basin

## Missouri River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
10060001	Prairie Elk-Wolf Creeks
10060002	Red Water River
10060003	Poplar River
10060004	West Fork Poplar River
10060005	Charlie-Little Muddy Creeks
10060006	Big Muddy Creel
10060007	Brush Lake



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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10060001		Prairie Elk-Wolf		Watershed		Lower Missouri								
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name		
Lower Missouri	MT40S001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, Fort Peck Dam to Milk River	5	9.79	MILES	B-2	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other flow regime alterations  Temperature, water	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification		
Lower Missouri	MT40S001_012	MISSOURI RIVER, Milk River to Poplar River	5	81.86	MILES	B-3	P	F	F	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other flow regime alterations  Temperature, water	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Loss of Riparian Habitat		
Redwater	MT40S002_010	PRAIRIE ELK CREEK, East and Middle Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	4A	38.87	MILES	C-3	P			X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total)  Phosphorus (Total)  Physical substrate habitat alterations  Total Kjehdahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Agriculture  Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones		
Redwater	MT40S002_030	SAND CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	5	19.82	MILES	C-3	P			X	Nitrogen (Total)  Phosphorus (Total)  Physical substrate habitat alterations  Sedimentation/Siltation  Total Kjehdahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Agriculture  Non-irrigated Crop Production  Rangeland Grazing		

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10060002 Redwater			Watershed Lower Missouri											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name		
Redwater	MT40P001_012	REDWATER RIVER, Hell Creek to Buffalo Springs Creek	4A	7.67	MILES	C-3	P			F	Cause Unknown	Municipal Point Source Discharges		
											Nitrogen (Total)	Natural Sources		
											Phosphorus (Total)	On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems)		
Redwater	MT40P001_014	REDWATER RIVER, Pasture Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	4C	60.45	MILES	C-3	P			F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Natural Sources		
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Rangeland Grazing		
Redwater	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	5	50.61	MILES	C-3	P			P	Chlorophyll-a	Agriculture		
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Source Unknown		
											Nitrogen (Total)			
											Phosphorus (Total)			
											Sedimentation/Siltation			
											Specific Conductance			
											Sulfates			
											Total Dissolved Solids			
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)														
Redwater	MT40P002_020	HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Redwater River near town of Circle	4A	32.43	MILES	C-3	P			X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture		
											Nitrogen (Total)	Non-irrigated Crop Production		
											Phosphorus (Total)	Rangeland Grazing		
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Source Unknown		
											Salinity			
Redwater	MT40P002_030	PASTURE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Redwater River	4A	39.72	MILES	C-3	P			F	Nitrogen (Total)	Agriculture		
											Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Animal Feeding Operations (NPS)		
												Source Unknown		

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10060003 Poplar

Watershed Lower Missouri

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Missouri	MT40Q001_011	POPLAR RIVER, T35N R48E S17 to Fort Peck Reservation, T33N R48E S12	5	29.94	MILES	B-2	P	F	F	N	Escherichia coli	Natural Sources
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Rangeland Grazing
											Temperature, water	Source Unknown
Lower Missouri	MT40Q001_012	MIDDLE FORK POPLAR RIVER, T37N R45E S6 to the mouth (Poplar River), T36N R48E S33	5	36.46	MILES	B-2	P	F	F	N	Escherichia coli	Natural Sources
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Rangeland Grazing
											Temperature, water	Source Unknown
Lower Missouri	MT40Q002_010	BUTTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Poplar River)	5	41.95	MILES	B-2	P	P	F	F	Iron	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land)
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Natural Sources
											Nitrogen (Total)	Source Unknown
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Sodium	
Specific Conductance												
Lower Missouri	MT40Q002_020	EAST FORK POPLAR RIVER, Canada border to mouth (Poplar River)	5	21.58	MILES	B-2	P	P	F	P	Chlorophyll-a	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Iron	Natural Sources
											Other flow regime alterations	Source Unknown

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10060005 Charlie-Little Muddy **Watershed** Lower Missouri

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Missouri	MT40S003_010	MISSOURI RIVER, Poplar River to North Dakota border	5	91.97	MILES	B-3	P	F	F	X	Other flow regime alterations Temperature, water	Dam or Impoundment Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Lower Missouri	MT40S004_010	CHARLIE CREEK, East and Middle Charlie Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	5	32.86	MILES	C-3	N			F	Fish-Passage Barrier Iron Nitrogen (Total) Specific Conductance	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land) Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Natural Sources
Lower Missouri	MT40S004_020	HARDSCRABBLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	5	35.91	MILES	C-3	N			F	Nitrogen (Total) Specific Conductance Total Dissolved Solids	Agriculture Natural Sources

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10060006 Big Muddy		Watershed Lower Missouri											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Lower Missouri	MT40R001_010	BIG MUDDY CREEK, north corner of Fort Peck Reservation boundary to mouth (Missouri River)	5	82.08	MILES	C-3	P			X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification	
Lower Missouri	MT40R001_020	BIG MUDDY CREEK, Canadian border to northern boundary of Fort Peck Reservation	5	119.54	MILES	C-3	P			F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Lead Mercury Nitrogen (Total) Organic Enrichment (Sewage) Biological Indicators Phosphorus (Total) Zinc	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Non-irrigated Crop Production Source Unknown	
Lower Missouri	MT40R003_010	MEDICINE LAKE	5	8599	ACRES	C-3	P			F	Cadmium Lead Mercury	Atmospheric Depositon - Toxics Source Unknown	

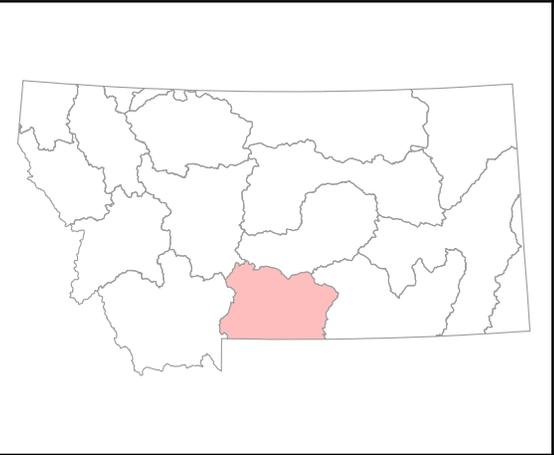
F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed



# Upper Yellowstone Sub-Major Basin

## Yellowstone River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
10070001	Yellowstone Headwaters
10070002	Upper Yellowstone River
10070003	Shields River
10070004	Upper Yellowstone River - Big Lake Basin
10070005	Stillwater River (Yellowstone R)
10070006	Clarks Fork Yellowstone River



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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10070001		Yellowstone Headwaters		Watershed		Upper Yellowstone						
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Yellowstone River	MT43B001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Yellowstone Park Boundary to Reese Creek	5	4.79	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Ammonia (Total)	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
											Arsenic	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Copper	Natural Sources
											Lead	Source Unknown
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Sedimentation/Siltation	Surface Mining											
Yellowstone River	MT43B001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Montana State border to Yellowstone Park Boundary	5	8.68	MILES	A-1	P	X	N	X	Ammonia (Un-ionized)	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
											Arsenic	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Copper	Natural Sources
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Source Unknown
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
		Surface Mining										
Paradise	MT43B002_010	REESE CREEK, border to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	5.23	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Fish-Passage Barrier	Source Unknown
Paradise	MT43B002_021	BEAR CREEK, 1/2 mile below Jardine Mine to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	3.03	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Temperature, water	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
Cooke City	MT43B002_031	SODA BUTTE CREEK, McLaren Tailings to Montana Border	4A	4.86	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	F	Copper	Acid Mine Drainage
											Iron	Mine Tailings
											Lead	
											Manganese	
Cooke City	MT43B002_040	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Soda Butte Creek)	4A	2.56	MILES	B-1	N	X	N	X	Aluminum	Acid Mine Drainage
											Cadmium	Mine Tailings
											Copper	Natural Sources
											Iron	
											Lead	
											Manganese	
Zinc												

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10070002 Upper Yellowstone

Watershed Upper Yellowstone

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Yellowstone River	MT43B003_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Reese Creek to Bridger Creek	4C	119	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Physical substrate habitat alterations	Loss of Riparian Habitat Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment) Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	MT43B004_011	OTTER CREEK, 2 mi downstream of Highway 191 bridge to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	29.57	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Other flow regime alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	MT43B004_012	OTTER CREEK, headwaters to 2 mi downstream of Highway 191 bridge	5	24.5	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	I	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	MT43B004_021	BIG TIMBER CREEK, Swamp Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	5.37	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	MT43B004_022	BIG TIMBER CREEK, headwaters downstream to Swamp Creek	5	26.75	MILES	B-1	P	F	P	I	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Copper Iron Lead Manganese Nickel Sedimentation/Siltation Selenium Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Source Unknown
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	MT43B004_031	LOWER DEER CREEK, 4 mile upstream to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	4.43	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	MT43B004_041	UPPER DEER CREEK, Cartwright Gulch to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	6.95	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	MT43B004_042	UPPER DEER CREEK, headwaters to Cartwright Gulch	5	16.63	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	I	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Silviculture Activities
Paradise	MT43B004_051	BILLMAN CREEK, 1.3 miles upstream to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	1.37	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Excess Algal Growth Fish-Passage Barrier	Agriculture Channelization

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10070002 Upper Yellowstone		Watershed Upper Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Paradise	MT43B004_051	BILLMAN CREEK, 1.3 miles upstream to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	1.37	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Source Unknown
Paradise	MT43B004_052	BILLMAN CREEK, headwaters to 1.3 miles above mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	13.44	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Combined Biota/Habitat Bioassessments Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Channelization Source Unknown
Paradise	MT43B004_061	TOM MINER CREEK, Tepee Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	.73	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Temperature, water	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
Paradise	MT43B004_071	MILL CREEK, National Forest boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	7.4	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Paradise	MT43B004_081	PINE CREEK, 2.5 miles upstream to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	2.42	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production
Paradise	MT43B004_090	SUCE CREEK, Absaroka-Beartooth Wilderness boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	3.85	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Paradise	MT43B004_101	SIX MILE CREEK, National Forest boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	6.19	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Paradise	MT43B004_102	SIX MILE CREEK, Absaroka-Beartooth Wilderness boundary to National Forest boundary	5	2.54	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Loss of Riparian Habitat Placer Mining
Big Creek (Yellowstone)	MT43B004_111	BIG CREEK, National Forest boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	4.25	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
Paradise	MT43B004_120	MOL HERON CREEK, Yellowstone National Park boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	9.03	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Low flow alterations	Agriculture
Boulder - Big Timber	MT43B004_131	BOULDER RIVER, five miles upstream of mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	5.51	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Copper Iron Lead Low flow alterations Silver	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Irrigated Crop Production
Boulder - Big Timber	MT43B004_132	BOULDER RIVER, Natural Bridge and Falls in T3S R12E S26 to 5 miles above	5	27.84	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10070002 Upper Yellowstone Watershed Upper Yellowstone

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Boulder - Big Timber	MT43B004_132	BOULDER RIVER, Natural Bridge and Falls in T3S R12E S26 to 5 miles above the mouth, T1N R14E S34	5	27.84	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Chromium (total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Copper	Source Unknown
											Iron	
											Lead	
											Nickel	
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	
Boulder - Big Timber	MT43B004_133	BOULDER RIVER, confluence of the East Fork boulder River to Natural bridge and Falls	5	24.08	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Copper	Coal Mining Discharges (Permitted)
											Excess Algal Growth	Hardrock Mining Discharges (Permitted)
											Iron	Source Unknown
											Lead	
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	
											Nitrogen (Total)	
Boulder - Big Timber	MT43B004_134	BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to confluence of East Fork Boulder River	4A	9.02	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Copper	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Iron	
											Lead	
Boulder - Big Timber	MT43B004_141	EAST BOULDER RIVER, Elk Creek to mouth (Boulder River)	5	3.14	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
											Low flow alterations	Source Unknown
											Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	Streambank Modifications/destabilization
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Boulder - Big Timber	MT43B004_142	EAST BOULDER RIVER, NF boundary to Elk Creek	4C	3.07	MILES	B-1	P	F	I	P	Chlorophyll-a	Agriculture
											Low flow alterations	Source Unknown
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	MT43B004_150	SWEET GRASS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	79.33	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	I	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
Boulder - Big Timber	MT43B005_010	BASIN CREEK, headwater to mouth (Boulder River)	4A	1.55	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	X	Copper	
											Iron	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10070002 Upper Yellowstone		Watershed Upper Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Boulder - Big Timber	MT43B005_010	BASIN CREEK, headwater to mouth (Boulder River)	4A	1.55	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	X	Lead	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10070003 Shields			Watershed Upper Yellowstone									
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Shields	MT43A001_011	SHIELDS RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4A	18.99	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Streambank Modifications/destablization
Shields	MT43A001_012	SHIELDS RIVER, headwaters to Cottonwood Creek	4A	44.99	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Silviculture Activities Streambank Modifications/destablization
Shields	MT43A002_010	POTTER CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (Flathead Creek), T3N R9E S18	4A	27.76	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Shields	MT43A002_020	ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Shields River)	5	10.37	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Excess Algal Growth Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Agriculture Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) Source Unknown
Shields	MT43A002_031	COTTONWOOD CREEK, confluence of Trespass Creek to mouth (Shields River)	4C	18.32	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production
Shields	MT43A002_040	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Shields River)	4C	3.83	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Shields	MT43A002_051	ROCK CREEK, National Forest boundary to mouth (Shields River)	4C	14.34	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10070004 Upper Yellowstone-Lake Basin		Watershed Upper Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Yellowstone River	MT43F001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Laurel PWS to City of Billings PWS	5	19.7	MILES	B-2	N	F	I	N	Cause Unknown	Channelization
											Chlorophyll-a	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land)
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Municipal Point Source Discharges
											Oil and Grease	Pipeline Breaks
											Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	Streambank Modifications/destablization
Physical substrate habitat alterations												
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	MT43F002_010	DUCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	14.13	MILES	B-2	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Channelization
											Low flow alterations	Drought-related Impacts
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	MT43F002_021	CANYON CREEK, highway 532 to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	19.6	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Other flow regime alterations	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	MT43F002_022	CANYON CREEK, headwaters to highway 532	5	29.7	MILES	B-2	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Low flow alterations	Channelization
											Oxygen, Dissolved	Drought-related Impacts
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	MT43F002_040	VALLEY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	14.75	MILES	B-2	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments	Channelization
											Other flow regime alterations	Drought-related Impacts
											Oxygen, Dissolved	Irrigated Crop Production
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Loss of Riparian Habitat
Lake Basin - Spidel	MT43F003_010	BIG LAKE	5	2806	ACRES	B-2	N	N	N	X	Salinity	Agriculture
Lake Basin - Spidel	MT43F003_020	HAILSTONE LAKE, T3N R20E S13	5	538	ACRES	B-2	P	N	N	X	Salinity	Agriculture
Lake Basin - Spidel	MT43F003_030	HALFBREED LAKE, T3N R21E S33	5	278	ACRES	B-2	P	P	P	X	Salinity	Agriculture

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HUC 10070005 Stillwater		Watershed Upper Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Cooke City	MT43C001_010	STILLWATER RIVER, headwaters to Flood Creek	4A	21.69	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	X	Copper	Acid Mine Drainage
											Iron	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
											Manganese	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Mine Tailings
											pH	Natural Sources
Stillwater - Columbus	MT43C001_020	STILLWATER RIVER, Forest Service Boundary to the mouth (Yellowstone River), T2S R20E S20	5	45.59	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Cadmium	Hardrock Mining Discharges (Permitted)
											Chromium (total)	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Copper	Natural Sources
											Cyanide	Source Unknown
											Mercury	Watershed Runoff following Forest Fire
											Nickel	
Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)												
Stillwater - Columbus	MT43C002_010	LODGEPOLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Castle Creek)	5	5.91	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	N	Chlorophyll-a	Irrigated Crop Production
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Rangeland Grazing
												Source Unknown
Stillwater - Columbus	MT43C002_020	BAD CANYON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	4C	11.34	MILES	B-1	F	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a	Rangeland Grazing
Stillwater - Columbus	MT43C002_030	CASTLE CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (Limestone Creek), T4S R15E S29	5	8.29	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	N	Chlorophyll-a	Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Source Unknown
												Upstream Source
Stillwater - Columbus	MT43C002_041	GROVE CREEK, confluence of South Fork Grove Creek, T4S R18E S13 to the mouth (Stillwater River), T3S R18E S34	5	5.23	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Chlorophyll-a	Irrigated Crop Production
											Phosphorus (Total)	Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Natural Sources
Stillwater - Columbus	MT43C002_050	FISHTAIL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Rosebud Creek)	5	14.8	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Iron	Source Unknown
											Lead	
Stillwater - Columbus	MT43C002_070	JOE HILL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	5	13.16	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	N	Chlorophyll-a	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10070005 Stillwater		Watershed Upper Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Stillwater - Columbus	MT43C002_070	JOE HILL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	5	13.16	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	N	Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production
Stillwater - Columbus	MT43C002_081	BUTCHER CREEK, highway 78 to mouth (Rosebud Creek)	5	22.02	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	X	High Flow Regime Physical substrate habitat alterations Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Streambank Modifications/destablization Transfer of Water from an Outside Watershed
Stillwater - Columbus	MT43C002_082	BUTCHER CREEK, headwaters to highway 78	5	4.98	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a Fish-Passage Barrier Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Hydrostructure Impacts on Fish Passage Natural Sources Source Unknown
Stillwater - Columbus	MT43C002_090	WEST ROSEBUD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rosebud Creek)	5	40.45	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments	Source Unknown
Stillwater - Columbus	MT43C002_100	ROSEBUD CREEK, East and West Branches to mouth (Stillwater River)	5	3.93	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments	Source Unknown
Cooke City	MT43C002_140	DAISY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	4A	1.94	MILES	B-1	N	N	N	N	Aluminum Cadmium Copper Iron Lead Manganese Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc pH	Acid Mine Drainage Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings Natural Sources

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10070006 Clarks Fork Yellowstone		Watershed Upper Yellowstone											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D001_011	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Bridger Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	46.22	MILES	B-2	P	P	I	P	Ammonia (Total)	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification	
											Chlorophyll-a	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification	
											Copper	Irrigated Crop Production	
											Iron	Source Unknown	
											Lead	Streambank Modifications/destabilization	
											Low flow alterations		
											Mercury		
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)		
											Nitrogen (Total)		
											Phosphorus (Total)		
Cooke City	MT43D001_020	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, headwaters to Montana Border	4A	5.06	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	X	Cadmium	Acid Mine Drainage	
											Copper	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)	
											Lead	Mine Tailings	
											Silver		
											Zinc		
											pH		
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_010	ELBOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	5	38.57	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Animal Feeding Operations (NPS)	
											Chlorophyll-a	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones	
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Irrigated Crop Production	
											Nitrogen (Total)	Rangeland Grazing	
											Sedimentation/Siltation		
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_020	BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	5	21.14	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)	
											Chlorophyll-a	Irrigated Crop Production	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10070006 Clarks Fork Yellowstone		Watershed Upper Yellowstone											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_020	BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	5	21.14	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	High Flow Regime Iron Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Loss of Riparian Habitat Rangeland Grazing Transfer of Water from an Outside Watershed	
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_031	BLUEWATER CREEK, mouth to 9 miles upstream (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	5	11.41	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Agriculture Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Aquaculture (Permitted) Irrigated Crop Production	
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_050	RED LODGE CREEK, headwaters to Cooney Reservoir	4C	17.93	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones	
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_060	RED LODGE CREEK, Cooney Reservoir to mouth (Rock Creek)	5	12.07	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Organic Enrichment (Sewage) Biological Indicators Other flow regime alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Streambank Modifications/destabilization	
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_070	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cooney Reservoir)	5	36.46	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production	
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_080	WEST RED LODGE CREEK, Absaroka-Beartooth Wilderness boundary to mouth (Red Lodge Creek)	5	14.39	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Natural Sources Source Unknown	
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_100	SILVERTIP CREEK, state line to mouth (Clarks Fork)	5	21.77	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Other flow regime alterations Oxygen, Dissolved Phosphorus (Total) Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) (Aquatic Ecosystems) Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Channelization Dam or Impoundment Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat Natural Sources Petroleum/natural Gas Production Activities (Permitted) Pipeline Breaks	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10070006 Clarks Fork Yellowstone **Watershed** Upper Yellowstone

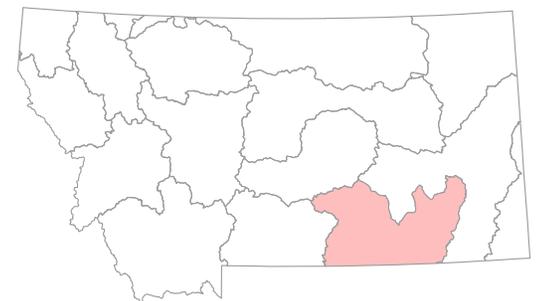
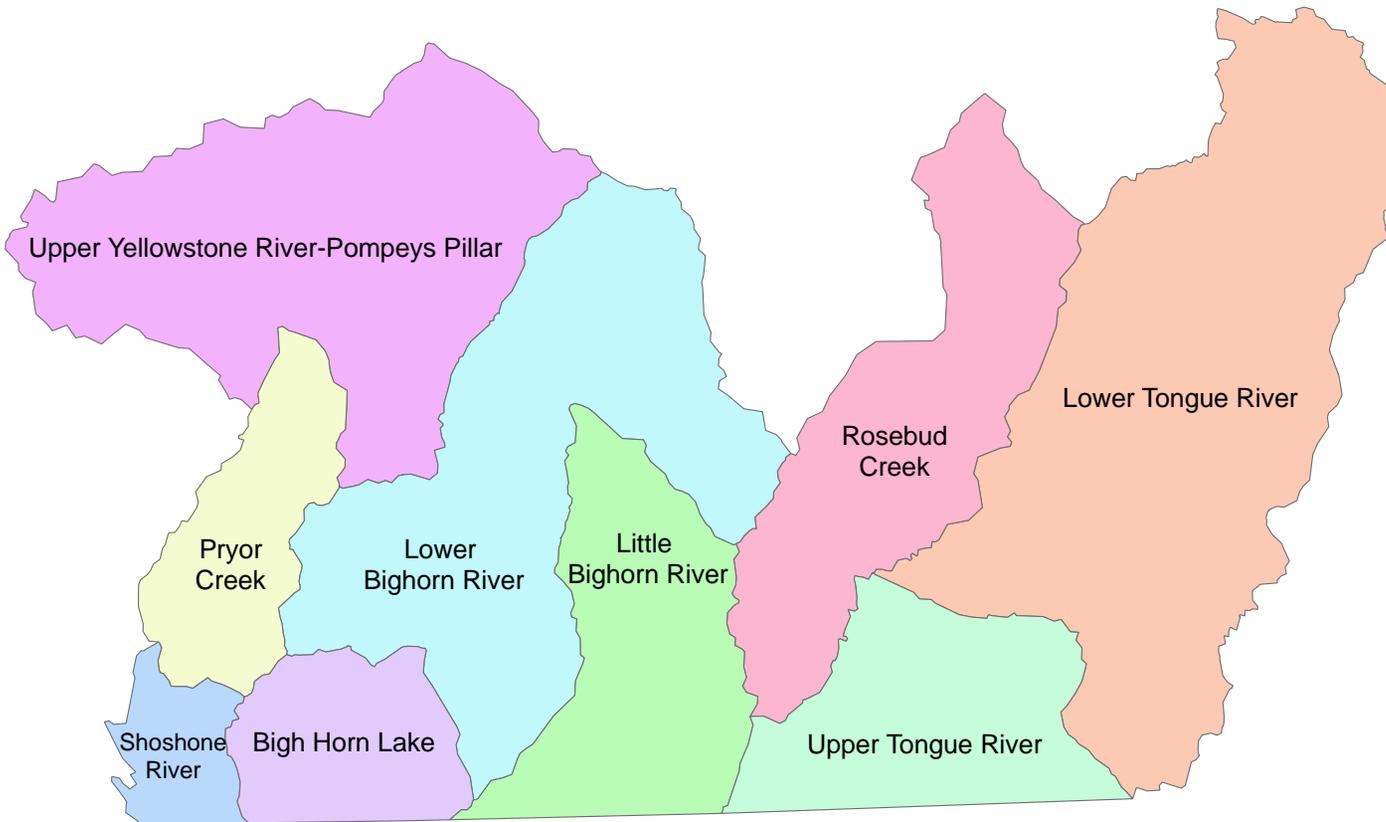
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_100	SILVERTIP CREEK, state line to mouth (Clarks Fork)	5	21.77	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Specific Conductance Temperature, water Total Dissolved Solids Turbidity	Rangeland Grazing Upstream Source
Cooke City	MT43D002_110	FISHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	4A	3.34	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	P	Aluminum Cadmium Copper Iron Lead Manganese Sedimentation/Siltation Silver Zinc pH	Acid Mine Drainage Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_120	ROCK CREEK, Red Lodge Creek to mouth (Clarks Fork)	4C	16.02	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Irrigated Crop Production
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_131	ROCK CREEK, West Fork Rock Creek to Red Lodge Creek	4C	27.47	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Irrigated Crop Production
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_140	COTTONWOOD CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (Clarks Fork of Yellowstone), T3S R24E S24	5	19.57	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Oxygen, Dissolved Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Agriculture Drought-related Impacts Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	MT43D002_180	SOUTH FORK BRIDGER CREEK, tributary to Bridger Creek	5	9.39	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Arsenic Iron Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Natural Sources Source Unknown

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

# Middle Yellowstone Sub-Major Basin

## Yellowstone River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
10070007	Upper Yellowstone River-Pompeys Pillar
10070008	Pryor Creek
10080010	Big Horn Lake
10080014	Shoshone River
10080015	Lower Bighorn River
10080016	Little Bighorn River
10090101	Upper Tongue River
10090102	Lower Tongue River
10100003	Rosebud Creek



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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10070007 Upper Yellowstone-Pompeys Pillar **Watershed** Middle Yellowstone

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Yellowstone River	MT43F001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Billings PWS to Huntley Diversion Dam	5	10.7	MILES	B-3	N	F	N	N	Arsenic	Agriculture
											Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments	Municipal Point Source Discharges
											Dissolved oxygen saturation	Natural Sources
											Excess Algal Growth	Pipeline Breaks
											Nutrient/Eutrophication Biological Indicators	
											Oil and Grease	
Yellowstone River	MT43Q001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Huntley Diversion Dam to mouth of Big Horn River	5	58.82	MILES	B-3	P	I	I	N	Ammonia (Un-ionized)	Agriculture
											Oil and Grease	Industrial Point Source Discharge
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production
											Total Dissolved Solids	Municipal Point Source Discharges
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	MT43Q002_010	FLY CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	55.68	MILES	C-3	N			N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Chlorophyll-a	Dam or Impoundment
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Drought-related Impacts
											Nitrogen (Total)	Loss of Riparian Habitat
Lake Basin - Spidel	MT43Q003_010	SPIDEL WATERFOWL PRODUCTION AREA, T5N R23E S33	5	2.3	ACRES	B-1	P	P	P	X	Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
											Salinity	Non-irrigated Crop Production
											Selenium	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10070008 Pryor			Watershed Middle Yellowstone									
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	MT43E001_010	PRYOR CREEK, Interstate 90 bridge to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	14.98	MILES	C-3	P			P	Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments Low flow alterations	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Irrigated Crop Production Source Unknown
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	MT43E001_011	PRYOR CREEK, Crow Reservation Boundary to Interstate 90 bridge	5	2.88	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Excess Algal Growth Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Natural Sources Sources Outside State Jurisdiction or Borders Upstream Source

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10080010 Bighorn Lake		Watershed Middle Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Bighorn Lake - Shoshone	MT43P002_010	CROOKED CREEK, headwaters to Wyoming Border	4C	15.07	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Agriculture

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10080015 Lower Bighorn			Watershed Middle Yellowstone									
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	MT43R001_010	BIGHORN RIVER, Crow Indian Res. Boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	35.27	MILES	B-2	X	F	N	X	Lead Mercury	Source Unknown
Bighorn Lake - Shoshone	MT43R001_020	BIGHORN RIVER, Yellowtail Dam to Crow Indian Reservation boundary	5	44.03	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X	Nitrogen (Total)	Source Unknown
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	MT43R002_010	TULLOCK CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation Boundary to mouth (Bighorn River)	5	58.83	MILES	C-3	P			F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Iron Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Dam or Impoundment Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat Natural Sources Rangeland Grazing

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10090101 Upper Tongue		Watershed Middle Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Tongue	MT42B001_010	TONGUE RIVER, Wyoming border to Tongue River Reservoir	5	5.9	MILES	B-2	N	F	F	F	Iron Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources Streambank Modifications/destablization
Tongue	MT42B001_020	TONGUE RIVER, Tongue River Dam to Prairie Dog Creek	4C	22.05	MILES	B-2	N	F	F	I	Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Streambank Modifications/destablization
Tongue	MT42B001_021	TONGUE RIVER, Prairie Dog Creek to Hanging Woman Creek	4C	12.27	MILES	B-3	N	I	I	I	Low flow alterations	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Streambank Modifications/destablization
Tongue	MT42B002_031	HANGING WOMAN CREEK, Stroud Creek to mouth (Tongue River)	5	18.27	MILES	C-3	N	N		I	Iron Low flow alterations Salinity Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources Rangeland Grazing Streambank Modifications/destablization
Tongue	MT42B002_032	HANGING WOMAN CREEK, Wyoming border to Stroud Creek	5	31.37	MILES	C-3	N	N		I	Low flow alterations Salinity	Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources
Tongue	MT42B003_010	TONGUE RIVER RESERVOIR	5	3500	ACRES	B-2	N	I	I	I	Chlorophyll-a Oxygen, Dissolved Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Irrigated Crop Production Municipal Point Source Discharges

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10090102 Lower Tongue		Watershed Middle Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Tongue	MT42C001_011	TONGUE RIVER, Twelve Mile Dam to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	20.9	MILES	B-3	N	P	N	I	Cadmium	Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources Streambank Modifications/destablization
											Copper	
											Iron	
											Lead	
											Low flow alterations	
											Nickel	
											Salinity	
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	
Sulfates												
Zinc												
Tongue	MT42C001_013	TONGUE RIVER, Hanging Woman Creek to Beaver Creek	5	74.97	MILES	B-3	P	F	F	I	Iron	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources Streambank Modifications/destablization
											Low flow alterations	
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	
Tongue	MT42C001_014	TONGUE RIVER, Beaver Creek to Twelve Mile Dam, T6N R48E S29	5	71.97	MILES	B-3	P	F	F	I	Iron	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources Streambank Modifications/destablization
											Low flow alterations	
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	
Tongue	MT42C002_020	OTTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tongue River)	5	108.1	MILES	C-3	N	N		I	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Natural Sources Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
											Iron	
											Salinity	
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	
Tongue	MT42C002_061	PUMPKIN CREEK, headwaters to Little Pumpkin Creek	5	87.68	MILES	C-3	N	N		I	Low flow alterations	Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources
											Salinity	
											Temperature, water	

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HUC 10090102 Lower Tongue		Watershed Middle Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Tongue	MT42C002_062	PUMPKIN CREEK, Little Pumpkin Creek to the mouth (Tongue River)	5	92.19	MILES	C-3	N	N		I	Low flow alterations Salinity Temperature, water	Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

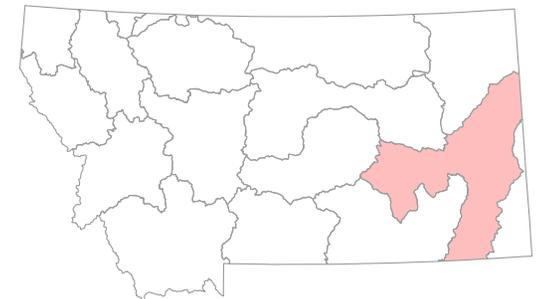
HUC 10100003 Rosebud		Watershed Middle Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Rosebud	MT42A001_011	ROSEBUD CREEK, From the mouth 3.8 mi upstream to an irrigation dam	4C	4.46	MILES	C-3	P			X	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Loss of Riparian Habitat
Rosebud	MT42A001_012	ROSEBUD CREEK, Northern Cheyenne Reservation boundary to an irrigation dam 3.8 mi above the mouth	5	111.56	MILES	C-3	P			X	Other	Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects)

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

# Lower Yellowstone Sub-Major Basin

## Yellowstone River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
10090207	Middle Powder River
10090208	Little Powder River
10090209	Lower Powder River
10090210	Mizpah Creek
10100001	Lower Yellowstone River-Sunday River
10100002	Big Porcupine Creek
10100004	Lower Yellowstone River
10100005	O'Fallon Creek



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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10090207 Middle Powder **Watershed** Lower Yellowstone

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Powder	MT42J001_010	POWDER RIVER, Wyoming border to Little Powder River	5	78.21	MILES	C-3	X	N		X	Salinity	Natural Sources Source Unknown

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**HUC** 10090208 Little Powder **Watershed** Lower Yellowstone

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Powder	MT421001_010	LITTLE POWDER RIVER, the border to mouth (Powder River)	5	63.31	MILES	C-3	X	N		X	Salinity	Natural Sources Source Unknown

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HUC 10090209 Lower Powder			Watershed Lower Yellowstone									
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Powder	MT42J003_011	POWDER RIVER, Little Powder River to Mizpah Creek	5	99	MILES	C-3	X	N		X	Salinity	Natural Sources Source Unknown
Powder	MT42J003_012	POWDER RIVER, Mizpah Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	45.33	MILES	C-3	X	N		X	Salinity	Natural Sources Source Unknown
Powder	MT42J004_010	STUMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Powder River)	5	29.77	MILES	C-3	X	N		X	Salinity	Natural Sources

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HUC 10090210 Mizpah			Watershed Lower Yellowstone									
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Powder	MT42J005_011	MIZPAH CREEK, headwaters to Corral Creek	5	131.98	MILES	C-3	X	N		X	Salinity	Natural Sources
Powder	MT42J005_012	MIZPAH CREEK, Corral Creek to the mouth (Powder River)	5	22.98	MILES	C-3	X	N		X	Salinity	Natural Sources

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10100001 Lower Yellowstone-Sunday **Watershed** Lower Yellowstone

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Yellowstone River	MT42K001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, the Cartersville Diversion Dam to Powder River	5	88.73	MILES	B-3	P	I	I	I	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Copper	Irrigated Crop Production
											Lead	Municipal Point Source Discharges
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Natural Sources
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Post-development Erosion and Sedimentation
											Total Dissolved Solids	Rangeland Grazing
											Zinc	Source Unknown
pH	Streambank Modifications/destablization											
Yellowstone River	MT42K001_020	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, the Big Horn to Cartersville Diversion Dam	4C	59.51	MILES	B-3	P	F	X	X	Fish-Passage Barrier	Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects)
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	MT42K002_020	HARRIS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	27.39	MILES	C-3	P			P	Chlorophyll-a	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Other flow regime alterations	Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)
											Phosphorus (Total)	Natural Sources
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Transfer of Water from an Outside Watershed
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	MT42K002_030	SUNDAY CREEK, the North and South Forks to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	15.28	MILES	C-3	P			P	Chlorophyll-a	Irrigated Crop Production
											Copper	Natural Sources
											Iron	Non-irrigated Crop Production
											Lead	Rangeland Grazing
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Source Unknown
											Nitrogen (Total)	
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	
Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)												
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	MT42K002_040	MUSTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	31.39	MILES	C-3	P			N	Chlorophyll-a	Irrigated Crop Production
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Transfer of Water from an Outside Watershed
											Other flow regime alterations	
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	

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HUC 10100001 Lower Yellowstone-Sunday		Watershed Lower Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	MT42K002_060	DEADMAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Sunday Creek)	5	17.28	MILES	C-3	P			F	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total)	Source Unknown
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	MT42K002_070	STELLAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Porcupine Creek)	5	42.96	MILES	C-3	N			N	Cadmium Chlorophyll-a Phosphorus (Total) pH	Rangeland Grazing Source Unknown
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	MT42K002_080	NORTH FORK SUNDAY CREEK, Custer/Rosebud County border to mouth (Sunday Creek)	5	33.76	MILES	C-3	P			F	Sedimentation/Siltation Sodium Solids (Suspended/Bedload) Specific Conductance Total Dissolved Solids	Channelization Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land) Natural Sources
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	MT42K002_090	SARPY CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation Boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	89.35	MILES	C-3	P			F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Non-irrigated Crop Production
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	MT42K002_110	EAST FORK ARMELLS CREEK, Colstrip to mouth (Armells Creek)	5	32.36	MILES	C-3	P			F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Specific Conductance Total Dissolved Solids	Agriculture Coal Mining Transfer of Water from an Outside Watershed
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	MT42K002_160	LITTLE PORCUPINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	118.8	MILES	C-3	P			P	Chlorophyll-a Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Total Dissolved Solids	Rangeland Grazing Source Unknown
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	MT42K002_170	EAST FORK ARMELLS CREEK, headwaters to Colstrip	4C	24.67	MILES	C-3	P			F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Surface Mining

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10100004 Lower Yellowstone		Watershed Lower Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Yellowstone River	MT42M001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Lower Yellowstone Diversion Dam to North Dakota border	5	53.67	MILES	B-3	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chromium (total) Copper Fish-Passage Barrier Lead Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Total Dissolved Solids pH	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources Rangeland Grazing Source Unknown Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Yellowstone River	MT42M001_012	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Powder River to Lower Yellowstone Diversion Dam	4C	76.73	MILES	B-3	P	F	X	X	Fish-Passage Barrier	Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects)
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_010	BENNIE PEER CREEK, North Dakota border to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	10.17	MILES	C-3	P			P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations	Channelization Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Irrigated Crop Production
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_020	FOURMILE CREEK, headwaters to North Dakota border	5	29.74	MILES	C-3	P			N	Chlorophyll-a Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Other flow regime alterations Total Dissolved Solids	Dam or Impoundment Source Unknown
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_030	FIRST HAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	33.37	MILES	C-3	P			P	Copper Fish-Passage Barrier Iron Lead Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Other flow regime alterations Phosphorus (Total)	Hydrostructure Impacts on Fish Passage Irrigated Crop Production Source Unknown Transfer of Water from an Outside Watershed

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HUC 10100004 Lower Yellowstone		Watershed Lower Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_030	FIRST HAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	33.37	MILES	C-3	P			P	Solids (Suspended/Bedload) Total Dissolved Solids	
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_040	LONE TREE CREEK, confluence of North Fork to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	17.27	MILES	C-3	P			P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Iron Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Other flow regime alterations Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Channelization Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Irrigated Crop Production
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_051	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River), T22N R59E S19	5	49.85	MILES	B-2	P	P	N	P	Arsenic Excess Algal Growth Iron Lead Low flow alterations Mercury Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Solids (Suspended/Bedload) Sulfates Total Dissolved Solids	Channelization Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources Source Unknown
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_052	NORTH FORK FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fox Creek), T22N R58E S21	5	20.32	MILES	B-2	P	P	N	P	Arsenic Excess Algal Growth Iron Lead Low flow alterations Mercury Nitrogen (Total)	Channelization Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources Source Unknown

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HUC 10100004 Lower Yellowstone		Watershed Lower Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_052	NORTH FORK FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fox Creek), T22N R58E S21	5	20.32	MILES	B-2	P	P	N	P	Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Solids (Suspended/Bedload) Sulfates Total Dissolved Solids	
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_060	O'BRIEN CREEK, state line to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	15.53	MILES	C-3	N			P	Excess Algal Growth Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Selenium	Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Irrigated Crop Production
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_070	CRANE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	24.25	MILES	C-3	P			F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other flow regime alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Irrigated Crop Production
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_080	SMITH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	45.57	MILES	C-3	P			F	Fish-Passage Barrier	Low Water Crossing
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_100	COTTONWOOD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	21.99	MILES	C-3	N			F	Cadmium Fish-Passage Barrier Iron Physical substrate habitat alterations	Channelization Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Hydrostructure Impacts on Fish Passage Natural Sources Source Unknown
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_110	BURNS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	53.66	MILES	C-3	P			P	Chlorophyll-a Fish-Passage Barrier Iron Nitrogen (Total) Other flow regime alterations Phosphorus (Total) Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land) Hydrostructure Impacts on Fish Passage Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_120	MORGAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	4C	19.8	MILES	C-3	P			F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_130	GLENDIVE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	55.89	MILES	C-3	N			F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones

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HUC 10100004 Lower Yellowstone		Watershed Lower Yellowstone										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_130	GLEDIVIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	55.89	MILES	C-3	N			F	Cadmium	Natural Sources
											Chromium (total)	Source Unknown
											Copper	
											Iron	
											Lead	
											Nickel	
											Selenium	
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	
Zinc												
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_141	CEDAR CREEK, 26 miles upstream to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	27.49	MILES	C-3	P			X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Arsenic	Natural Sources
											Copper	Spills from Trucks or Trains
											Iron	
											Lead	
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_142	CEDAR CREEK, 26 to 45 miles above the mouth	5	20.13	MILES	C-3	P			F	Copper	Natural Sources
											Iron	
											Lead	
											Selenium	
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_150	CABIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	102.54	MILES	C-3	N			F	Nitrogen (Total)	Dam or Impoundment
											Oxygen, Dissolved	Natural Sources
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Rangeland Grazing
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_180	SEARS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	15.15	MILES	C-3	N			N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Channelization
											Copper	Hydrostructure Impacts on Fish Passage
											Excess Algal Growth	Irrigated Crop Production
											Fish-Passage Barrier	Rangeland Grazing
											High Flow Regime	Source Unknown
											Iron	Transfer of Water from an Outside Watershed

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10100004 Lower Yellowstone **Watershed** Lower Yellowstone

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Yellowstone	MT42M002_180	SEARS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	5	15.15	MILES	C-3	N			N	Lead Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

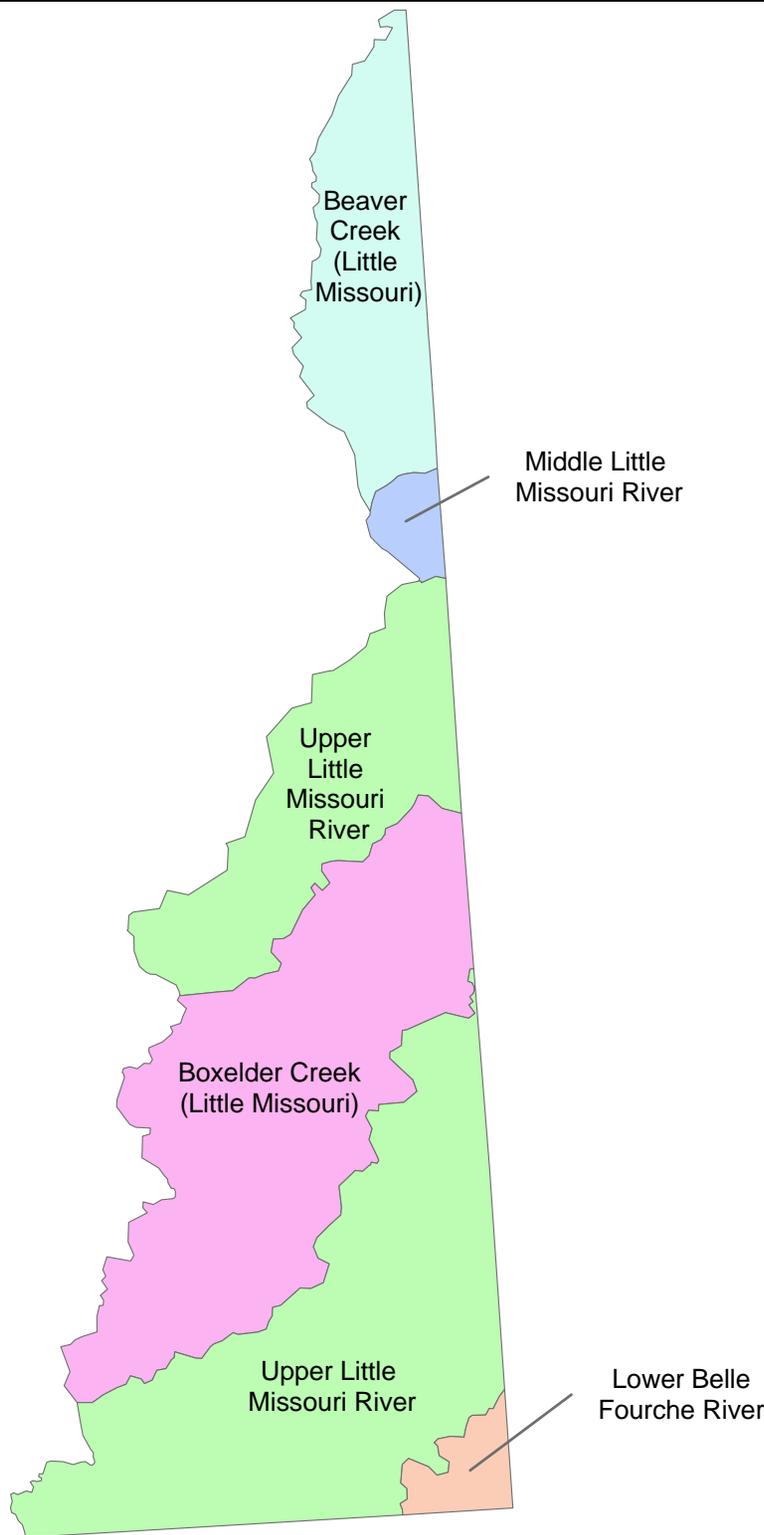
## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10100005 O` Fallon

Watershed Lower Yellowstone

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
O` Fallon	MT42L001_010	PENNEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (O`Fallon Creek)	5	65.97	MILES	C-3	P			F	Total Dissolved Solids	Source Unknown
O` Fallon	MT42L001_020	SANDSTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (O`Fallon Creek)	5	72.78	MILES	C-3	P			F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total)	Agriculture Municipal Point Source Discharges

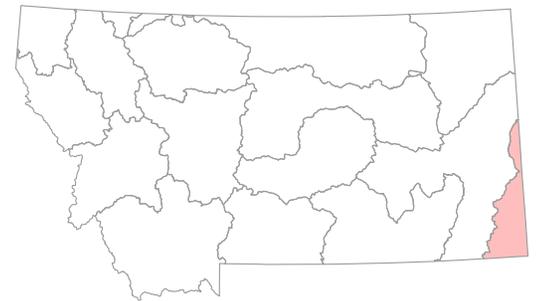
F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed



# Little Missouri Sub-Major Basin

## Yellowstone River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
10110201	Upper Little Missouri River
10110202	Boxelder Creek (Little Missouri R)
10110203	Middle Little Missouri River
10110204	Beaver Creek (Little Missouri R)
10120202	Lower Belle Fourche River



Montana Department of Environmental Quality



## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 10110201		Upper Little Missouri		Watershed Little Missouri									
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Little Missouri	MT39F001_010	THOMPSON CREEK, Wyoming border to mouth (Little Missouri River)	5	41.22	MILES	C-3	P			X	Cadmium	Natural Sources	
											Copper		
											Iron		
											Zinc		
Little Missouri	MT39F001_021	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Highway 323 bridge to South Dakota border	5	61.39	MILES	C-3	P			F	Cadmium	Natural Sources	
											Copper	Source Unknown	
											Iron		
											Lead		
Little Missouri	MT39F001_022	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Wyoming border to the Highway 323 bridge	5	44.75	MILES	C-3	P			F	Cadmium	Agriculture	
											Copper	Natural Sources	
											Lead	Source Unknown	
											Nitrogen (Total)		
											Phosphorus (Total)		
Zinc													

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 10110204 Beaver **Watershed** Little Missouri

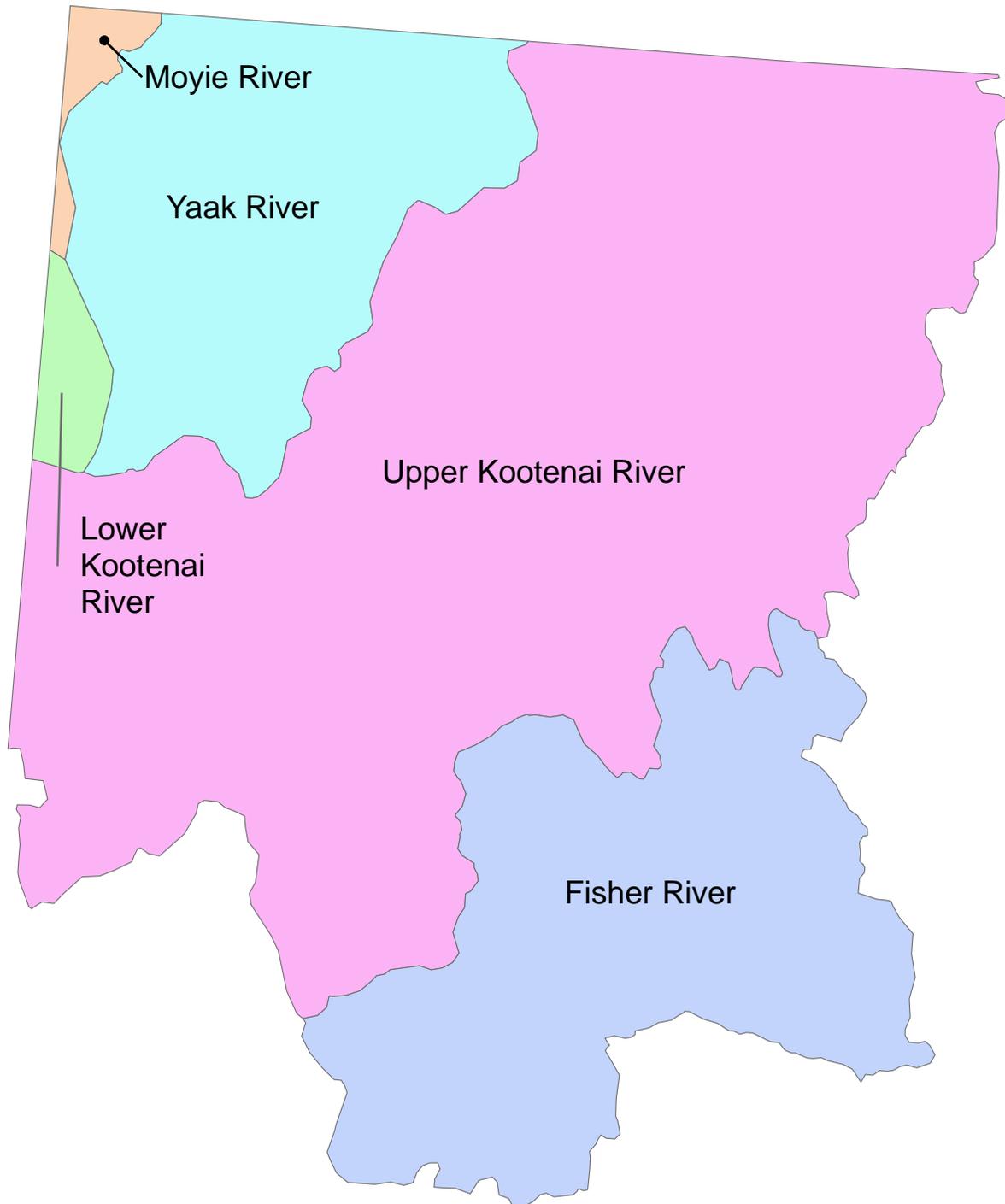
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Little Missouri	MT39G002_010	LAMESTEER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE, T12N R60E S15	5	80	ACRES	C-3	P			X	Other	Agriculture

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

# Kootenai Sub-Major Basin

## Columbia River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
17010101	Upper Kootenai River
17010102	Fisher River
17010103	Yaak River
17010104	Lower Kootenai River
17010105	Moyie River



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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010101 Upper Kootenai		Watershed Kootenai										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Kootenai	MT76A001_010	KOOTENAI RIVER, confluence with Yaak River to Idaho border	5	6.09	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Other flow regime alterations Temperature, water	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Upstream Impoundments (e.g., PI-566 NRCS Structures)
Kootenai	MT76D001_010	KOOTENAI RIVER, Libby Dam to Yaak River	5	44.64	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Other flow regime alterations Temperature, water	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Upstream Impoundments (e.g., PI-566 NRCS Structures)
Kootenai	MT76D002_010	STANLEY CREEK, headwater to confluence with Fairway Creek	5	3.95	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	X	Cause Unknown Copper Nutrient/Eutrophication Biological Indicators	Mine Tailings Streambank Modifications/destablization
Kootenai	MT76D002_020	DRY CREEK, 1 mile upstream from State Highway 56 to mouth (Lake Creek)	4C	2.1	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Other flow regime alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
Kootenai	MT76D002_030	KEELER CREEK, headwaters to Lake Creek	4C	9.15	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Activities
Kootenai	MT76D002_040	SNOWSHOE CREEK, Cabinet Wilderness boundary to mouth (Big Cherry Creek)	5	3.62	MILES	B-1	P	N	N	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cadmium Zinc	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Kootenai	MT76D002_050	BIG CHERRY CREEK, Snowshoe Creek to Mouth (Libby Creek)	5	13.07	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Physical substrate habitat alterations Zinc	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings
Kootenai	MT76D002_061	LIBBY CREEK, from 1 mi above Howard Creek to highway 2 bridge	5	11.24	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Mercury Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Placer Mining
Kootenai	MT76D002_062	LIBBY CREEK, from the highway 2 bridge to mouth (Kootenai River)	5	14.8	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X	Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment) Source Unknown Streambank Modifications/destablization
Kootenai	MT76D002_070	LAKE CREEK, Bull Lake outlet to mouth	5	17.57	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	X	Cadmium	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010101 Upper Kootenai		Watershed Kootenai										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Kootenai	MT76D002_070	LAKE CREEK, Bull Lake outlet to mouth (Kootenai River)	5	17.57	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	X	Copper	Mine Tailings
											Lead	Natural Sources
											Mercury in Water Column	
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Zinc												
Bobtail Creek	MT76D002_080	BOBTAIL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Kootenai River)	4A	11.53	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Other flow regime alterations	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Source Unknown
											Turbidity	
Kootenai	MT76D002_090	QUARTZ CREEK, headwaters to confluence with the Kootenai River	5	11.25	MILES	B-1	P	F	I	I	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
												Silviculture Activities
Kootenai	MT76D002_100	CRIPPLE HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lake Koocanusa)	4C	12.62	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Low flow alterations	Silviculture Activities
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	
Kootenai	MT76D002_110	BRISTOW CREEK, the headwaters to mouth at Lake Koocanusa	5	6.4	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Nitrogen (Total)	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Silviculture Activities
												Source Unknown
Kootenai	MT76D003_010	LAKE KOOCANUSA	5	28888	ACRES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Other flow regime alterations	Dam or Impoundment
											Selenium	Sources Outside State Jurisdiction or Borders
Tobacco	MT76D004_010	TOBACCO RIVER, confluence of Grave Creek & Fortine Creek to mouth (Lake Koocanusa)	4A	14.21	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Tobacco	MT76D004_020	FORTINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grave Creek)	5	33.46	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Excess Algal Growth	Channelization
											Low flow alterations	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Temperature, water	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010101		Upper Kootenai		Watershed Kootenai									
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Tobacco	MT76D004_020	FORTINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grave Creek)	5	33.46	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P		Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Silviculture Activities Source Unknown	
Tobacco	MT76D004_030	EDNA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	4A	10.55	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Harvesting	
Tobacco	MT76D004_040	SWAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	4A	11.94	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Silviculture Harvesting	
Tobacco	MT76D004_050	LIME CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	5	4.92	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Chlorophyll-a Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown	
Grave Creek	MT76D004_060	GRAVE CREEK, Foundation Creek to mouth (Fortine Creek)	4A	17.43	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other flow regime alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Harvesting	
Tobacco	MT76D004_070	TERRIAULT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tobacco River)	4A	9.71	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production	
Tobacco	MT76D004_080	DEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	4A	11.02	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Excess Algal Growth Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones	
Tobacco	MT76D004_091	SINCLAIR CREEK, confluence of unnamed tributary, Lat -114.945 Long 48.908 to mouth (Tobacco River)	4A	7.9	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	X	Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010102 Fisher

Watershed Kootenai

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Fisher	MT76C001_010	FISHER RIVER, the Silver Butte/Pleasant Valley junction to mouth (Kootenai River)	5	33.78	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	High Flow Regime Lead	Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Silviculture Activities Source Unknown Streambank Modifications/destablization
Fisher	MT76C001_020	WOLF CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fisher River)	5	39.26	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Channelization Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Streambank Modifications/destablization
Fisher	MT76C001_030	RAVEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Pleasant Vally Fisher River)	5	3.05	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Loss of Riparian Habitat Silviculture Activities Source Unknown

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010103 Yaak

Watershed Kootenai

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Yaak	MT76B002_010	SEVENTEEN MILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	5	16.41	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown
Yaak	MT76B002_020	LAP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	5	4.77	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown
Yaak	MT76B002_060	SPREAD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	5	12.64	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown
Yaak	MT76B002_070	PETE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	5	10.94	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown
Yaak	MT76B002_080	SOUTH FORK YAAK RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	4A	12.81	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Harvesting
Yaak	MT76B002_090	WEST FORK YAAK RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	5	20.29	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown
Yaak	MT76B002_100	EAST FORK YAAK RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	5	14.6	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown

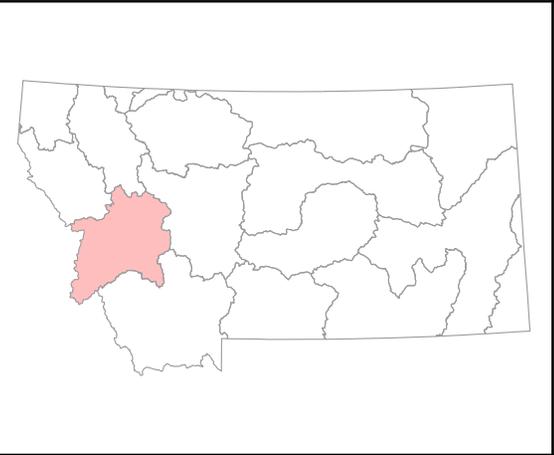
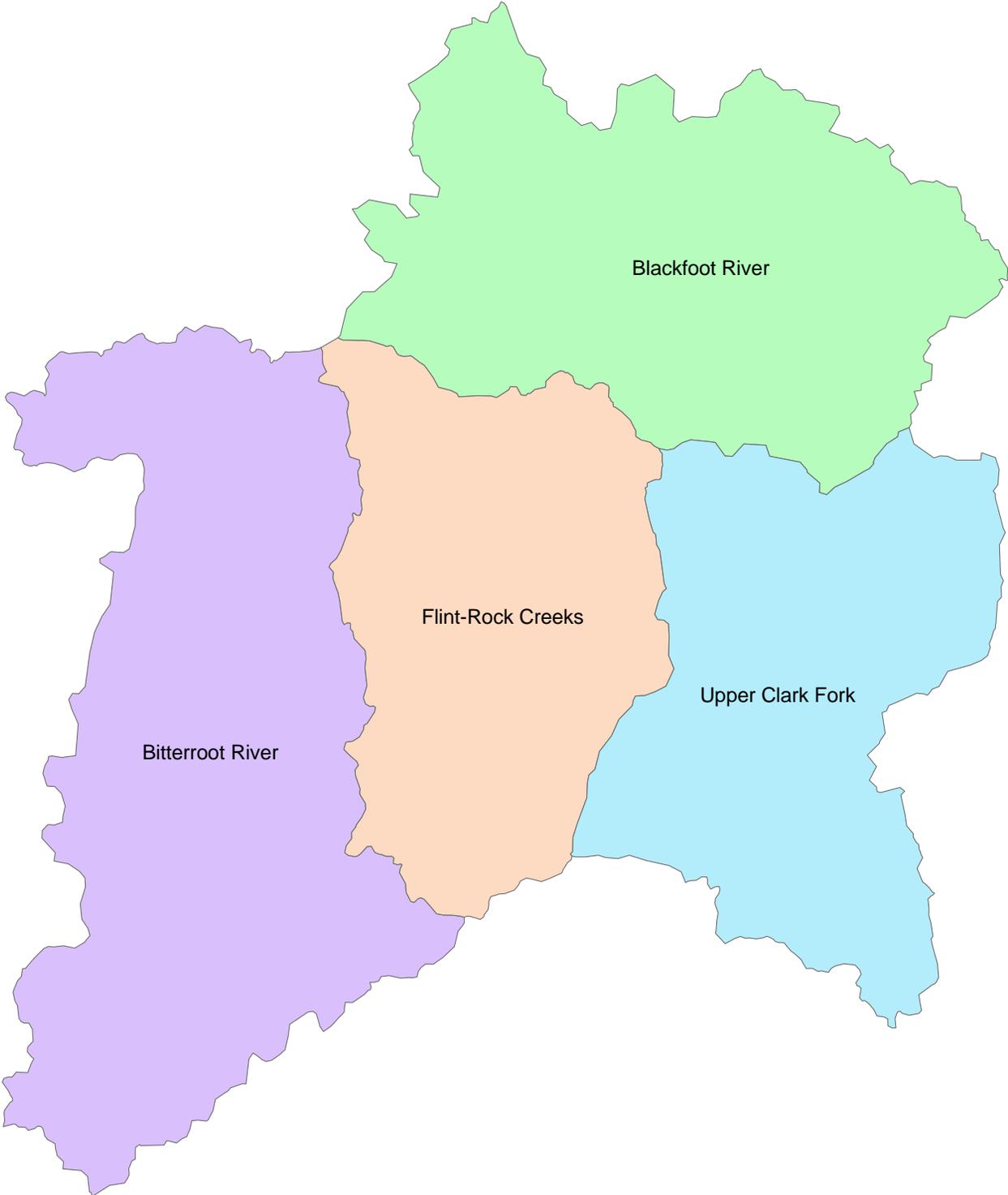
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# Upper Clark Fork Sub-Major Basin

## Columbia River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
17010201	Upper Clark Fork River
17010202	Flint-Rock Creeks
17010203	Blackfoot River
17010205	Bitterroot River



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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 17010201 Upper Clark Fork **Watershed** Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Clark Fork River	MT76G001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Little Blackfoot River	5	27.78	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Copper Lead Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Agriculture Mill Tailings
Clark Fork River	MT76G001_030	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Little Blackfoot River to Cottonwood Creek	5	14.94	MILES	C-1	N	F		P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Lead Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Agriculture Channelization Mill Tailings Municipal Point Source Discharges
Clark Fork River	MT76G001_040	CLARK FORK RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to Warm Springs Creek	5	27.83	MILES	C-2	P	F		P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Mill Tailings Municipal Point Source Discharges

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010201 Upper Clark Fork		Watershed Upper Clark Fork										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_011	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to Meyers Dam, T5N R12W S25	4C	14.74	MILES	A-1	P	F	I	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Channelization Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_012	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, Meyers Dam T5N R12W S25 to mouth (Clark Fork), T6N R9W S6	4A	17.22	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Copper Iron Lead Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Zinc	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Mill Tailings
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_030	CABLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek)	4A	6.36	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a Other anthropogenic substrate alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_040	STORM LAKE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Un-Named canal/Ditch)	4A	9.73	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_051	MILL CREEK, headwaters to section line between Sec 27 and 28, T4N, R11W	5	11.01	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Arsenic Cadmium Chromium (total) Copper Lead Zinc	Contaminated Sediments Mill Tailings Mine Tailings
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_052	MILL CREEK, line between sections 27-	5	9.5	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral	Contaminated Sediments

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 17010201 Upper Clark Fork **Watershed** Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_052	MILL CREEK, line between sections 27-28 T4N R11W to Mill-Willow Bypass diversion	5	9.5	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	P	vegetative covers	Irrigated Crop Production
											Aluminum	Mill Tailings
											Arsenic	
											Cadmium	
											Copper	
											Iron	
											Lead	
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_061	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to T4N R10W S30	5	6.13	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Arsenic	Mill Tailings
											Cadmium	Natural Sources
											Copper	
											Iron	
											Lead	
											Phosphorus (Total)	
Sedimentation/Siltation												
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_062	WILLOW CREEK, T4N R10W S30 to mouth (Mill Creek), T4N R10W S11	4A	7.12	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Arsenic	Atmospheric Depositon - Toxics
											Cadmium	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Copper	Mill Tailings
											Iron	
											Lead	
											Low flow alterations	
Sedimentation/Siltation												
Zinc												

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 17010201 Upper Clark Fork **Watershed** Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_072	LOST CREEK, the south State Park boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	19.07	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Copper Iron Lead Low flow alterations Manganese Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sulfates	Agriculture Contaminated Sediments Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_080	MODESTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4A	14.72	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Low flow alterations	Agriculture
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_090	RACETRACK CREEK, the national forest boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4C	11.07	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations	Agriculture Irrigated Crop Production
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_100	DEMPSEY CREEK, the national forest boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	13.44	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_110	TIN CUP JOE CREEK, Tin Cup Lake to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4A	6.77	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_120	MILL-WILLOW BYPASS, Mill and Willow Creek diversion to Silver Bow Creek (below ponds)	4A	4.2	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Arsenic Cadmium Copper	Mill Tailings

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010201		Upper Clark Fork		Watershed		Upper Clark Fork								
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name		
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_120	MILL-WILLOW BYPASS, Mill and Willow Creek diversion to Silver Bow Creek (below ponds)	4A	4.2	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Lead Zinc			
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_131	PETERSON CREEK, headwaters to Jack Creek	5	6.27	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Iron Lead Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Silviculture Activities Source Unknown		
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_132	PETERSON CREEK, Jack Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4A	7.1	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Iron Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production		
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G002_140	ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Gardner Ditch)	4A	6.08	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture		
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G003_020	SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	29.18	MILES	I	N	N	N	N	Aluminum Arsenic Copper Iron Lead Manganese Nitrates Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Loss of Riparian Habitat Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)		

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010201 Upper Clark Fork		Watershed Upper Clark Fork										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G003_020	SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	29.18	MILES	I	N	N	N	N	Sedimentation/Siltation Silver Zinc	
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G003_030	GERMAN GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Silver Bow Creek)	4A	8.24	MILES	B-1	N	F	P	F	Arsenic Cyanide Selenium	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Placer Mining
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G003_031	BEEFSTRAIGHT CREEK, Minnesota Gulch to mouth (German Gulch)	4A	3.5	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	X	Cyanide	Mine Tailings
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_010	LITTLE BLACKFOOT RIVER, Dog Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	26.5	MILES	B-1	P	F	P	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Lead Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Rangeland Grazing
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_020	LITTLE BLACKFOOT RIVER, the headwaters to Dog Creek	5	22.54	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cyanide Sedimentation/Siltation	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_032	SPOTTED DOG CREEK, forest boundary to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	5	10.67	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_040	ELLISTON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	4C	4.95	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Channelization Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_051	TELEGRAPH CREEK, headwaters to Hahn Creek	5	5.35	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Beryllium	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010201 Upper Clark Fork Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_051	TELEGRAPH CREEK, headwaters to Hahn Creek	5	5.35	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Cadmium Copper Iron Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_052	TELEGRAPH CREEK, Hahn Creek to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	5	2.51	MILES	B-1	F	F	N	F	Lead Mercury	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_060	MONARCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek)	5	4.68	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Arsenic Copper Lead Mercury Selenium pH	Mill Tailings Mine Tailings Source Unknown Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_071	DOG CREEK, headwaters to Meadow Creek	5	4.33	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Lead Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Rangeland Grazing
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_072	DOG CREEK, Meadow Creek to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	5	13.63	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Channelization Rangeland Grazing
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_080	SNOWSHOE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	5	11.45	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation	Dredge Mining Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Irrigated Crop Production

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010201		Upper Clark Fork		Watershed		Upper Clark Fork								
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name		
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_080	SNOWSHOE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	5	11.45	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P		Source Unknown		
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_091	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to Basin Creek	4C	3.67	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other anthropogenic substrate alterations  Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)		
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_092	CARPENTER CREEK, Basin Creek to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	4C	4.87	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other anthropogenic substrate alterations  Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)		
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_100	WOODSON GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Carpenter Creek), T11N R7W S29	4C	.84	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)  Placer Mining		
Little Blackfoot	MT76G004_112	THREEMILE CREEK, Quigley Ranch Reservoir to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	4C	7.46	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations	Agriculture  Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones  Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)		
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G005_071	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, headwaters to T9N R12W S2 SW	4A	3.91	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic  Cadmium  Copper  Iron  Lead  Zinc	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones  Mine Tailings		
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G005_072	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, T9N R12W S2 to mouth (Un-named Canal), T10N R11W S30	5	4.05	MILES	B-1	P	F	P	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic  Cadmium  Copper  Iron  Lead  Nitrogen (Total)	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)  Rangeland Grazing		

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010201 Upper Clark Fork		Watershed Upper Clark Fork										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G005_072	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, T9N R12W S2 to mouth (Un-named Canal), T10N R11W S30	5	4.05	MILES	B-1	P	F	P	F	Zinc	
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G005_081	HOOVER CREEK, headwaters to Miller Lake	4A	5.17	MILES	B-1	X	X	X	P	Sedimentation/Siltation Turbidity	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Rangeland Grazing
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G005_082	HOOVER CREEK, Miller Lake to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	7.05	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	N	Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects) Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G005_091	GOLD CREEK, headwaters to National Forest boundary	4A	8.1	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Lead	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G005_092	GOLD CREEK, the forest boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	7.77	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Iron Lead Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total)	Agriculture Irrigated Crop Production
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G005_100	BROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4A	12.5	MILES	B-1	X	F	F	P	Sedimentation/Siltation	Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G005_111	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to line between R9W and R10W	5	9.54	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Silviculture Activities
Upper Clark Fork	MT76G005_112	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, from line between R9W and R10W to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4A	6.28	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Little Blackfoot	MT76G006_010	UN-NAMED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek), T8N R6W S27	5	.8	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	P	Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Mercury	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 17010201 Upper Clark Fork **Watershed** Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Little Blackfoot	MT76G006_010	UN-NAMED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek), T8N R6W S27	5	.8	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	P	Zinc pH	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010202 Flint-Rock

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Clark Fork River	MT76E001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Blackfoot River	5	50.93	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Chlorophyll-a Copper Iron Lead Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Zinc	Agriculture Channelization Mill Tailings Mine Tailings Municipal Point Source Discharges
Rock	MT76E002_020	EAST FORK ROCK CREEK, East Fork Reservoir to mouth (Middle Fork Rock Creek)	5	9.74	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Low flow alterations Nitrogen, Nitrate Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Source Unknown
Rock	MT76E002_030	WEST FORK ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	5	25.15	MILES	B-1	X	F	N	F	Mercury	Source Unknown
Rock	MT76E002_040	UPPER WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	4C	21.7	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production
Rock	MT76E002_050	BREWSTER CREEK, East Fork to mouth (Rock Creek)	5	4.57	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Fish-Passage Barrier Low flow alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production Source Unknown
Rock	MT76E002_060	SOUTH FORK ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Antelope Creek), T6N R15W S22	5	2.93	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010202 Flint-Rock		Watershed Upper Clark Fork										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Rock	MT76E002_060	SOUTH FORK ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Antelope Creek), T6N R15W S22	5	2.93	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Silviculture Activities Source Unknown
Rock	MT76E002_070	QUARTZ GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Eureka Gulch)	5	3.43	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Mercury Sedimentation/Siltation	Natural Sources Placer Mining
Rock	MT76E002_080	BASIN GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Eureka Gulch)	4C	1.45	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Placer Mining
Rock	MT76E002_090	EUREKA GULCH, confluence of Quartz Gulch and Basin Gulch to mouth (Un-Named Ditch)	5	1.93	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Mercury Sedimentation/Siltation Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	Natural Sources Open Pit Mining Placer Mining
Rock	MT76E002_100	SCOTCHMAN GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Upper Willow Creek)	5	6.88	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Placer Mining Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown
Rock	MT76E002_110	SLUICE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	5	6.33	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Rock	MT76E002_120	FLAT GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	5	2.99	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Activities Source Unknown

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010202		Flint-Rock		Watershed		Upper Clark Fork						
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Rock	MT76E002_160	MINERS GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Upper Willow Creek), T8N R15W S23	5	5.42	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Silviculture Activities Source Unknown
Flint	MT76E003_011	FLINT CREEK, Georgetown Lake to confluence with Boulder Creek	5	28.09	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Antimony Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Low flow alterations Mercury Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Flint	MT76E003_012	FLINT CREEK, Boulder Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	16.92	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Cadmium Copper Iron Lead Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Turbidity	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Flint	MT76E003_020	DOUGLAS CREEK, confluence of Middle and South Forks to mouth (Flint Creek), T9N R13W S10	5	7.07	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Nitrogen, Nitrate Physical substrate habitat alterations	Channelization Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Silviculture Activities
Flint	MT76E003_030	NORTH FORK DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Middle Fork Douglas Creek)	5	3.13	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010202		Flint-Rock		Watershed		Upper Clark Fork							
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Flint	MT76E003_030	NORTH FORK DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Middle Fork Douglas Creek)	5	3.13	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	X	Cadmium Copper Sulfates Zinc		
Flint	MT76E003_040	FRED BURR CREEK, Fred Burr Lake to mouth (Flint Creek)	5	11.21	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Lead Mercury	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Mill Tailings	
Flint	MT76E003_050	SOUTH FORK LOWER WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lower Willow Creek Reservoir)	5	13.34	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	X	Copper Lead Mercury	Mill Tailings	
Flint	MT76E003_060	BOULDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek)	5	14.23	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	X	Arsenic Lead Mercury Physical substrate habitat alterations Zinc	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Silviculture Harvesting	
Flint	MT76E003_070	BARNES CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek)	5	8.87	MILES	B-1	P	P	P	P	Chlorophyll-a Iron Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Irrigated Crop Production Managed Pasture Grazing Source Unknown	
Flint	MT76E003_090	PRINCETON GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Boulder Creek)	5	3.89	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X	Nitrates Physical substrate habitat alterations	Placer Mining	
Flint	MT76E003_100	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to where stream ends, T7N R14W S25	5	3.76	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	P	Arsenic Cadmium	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Silviculture Activities	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010202 Flint-Rock

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Flint	MT76E003_100	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to where stream ends, T7N R14W S25	5	3.76	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	P	Cause Unknown	Source Unknown
											Copper	Streambank Modifications/destablization
											Iron	
											Lead	
											Mercury	
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Zinc												
Flint	MT76E003_110	SMART CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek), T9N R13W S21	5	11.6	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Freshettes or Major Flooding
											Phosphorus (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Silviculture Harvesting
												Watershed Runoff following Forest Fire
Flint	MT76E003_130	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to terminus, T7N R14W S25	5	1.8	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Channelization
											Arsenic	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
											Copper	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Fish-Passage Barrier	
											Lead	
											Zinc	
Clark Fork - Drummond	MT76E004_010	WALLACE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	4.32	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	X	Copper	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Zinc	
Clark Fork - Drummond	MT76E004_020	CRAMER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	11.98	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Arsenic	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
											Barium	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
											Cause Unknown	Source Unknown
											Cobalt	
											Copper	
											Lead	
Mercury												

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010202 Flint-Rock		Watershed Upper Clark Fork										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Clark Fork - Drummond	MT76E004_020	CRAMER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	11.98	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	
Clark Fork - Drummond	MT76E004_030	TENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek-Clark Fork River)	5	4.92	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Silviculture Activities
Clark Fork - Drummond	MT76E004_041	HARVEY CREEK, headwaters to Grouse Gulch	4C	11.96	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Clark Fork - Drummond	MT76E004_042	HARVEY CREEK, Grouse Gulch to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4C	4.01	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations	Agriculture Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Clark Fork - Drummond	MT76E004_050	MULKEY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	5.99	MILES	B-1	N	X	X	P	Sedimentation/Siltation	Low Water Crossing
Clark Fork - Drummond	MT76E004_060	RATTLE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River), T11N R13W S22	5	8.08	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Low flow alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Natural Sources Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown
Clark Fork - Drummond	MT76E004_070	DEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek, which is a tributary to Clark Fork River near Bearmouth)	5	5.12	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Placer Mining Silviculture Harvesting Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining
Clark Fork - Drummond	MT76E004_080	ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4C	8.45	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Physical substrate habitat alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat Streambank Modifications/destabilization

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010203 Blackfoot

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Blackfoot Headwaters	MT76F001_010	BLACKFOOT RIVER, headwaters to Landers Fork	4A	16.11	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	F	Cadmium Copper Iron Lead Manganese Zinc	Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining Surface Mining
Blackfoot Headwaters	MT76F001_020	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Landers Fork to Nevada Creek	4A	39.15	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Aluminum Cadmium Iron Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Agriculture Silviculture Harvesting Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining Surface Mining
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F001_031	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Nevada Creek to Monture Creek	5	21.44	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Irrigated Crop Production
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F001_032	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Monture Creek to Belmont Creek	5	23.53	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Streambank Modifications/destablization
Lower Blackfoot	MT76F001_033	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Belmont Creek to mouth (Clark Fork)	5	21.4	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Ammonia (Un-ionized)	Contaminated Sediments Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Silviculture Activities
Blackfoot Headwaters	MT76F002_020	WILLOW CREEK, Sandbar Creek to mouth (Blackfoot River), T15N R7W S34	4A	2.94	MILES	B-1	P	F	P	F	Other flow regime alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Streambank Modifications/destablization
Blackfoot Headwaters	MT76F002_030	POORMAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	14.31	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Construction Stormwater Discharge (Permitted)

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010203 Blackfoot Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Blackfoot Headwaters	MT76F002_030	POORMAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	14.31	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Cadmium Copper Lead Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Silviculture Activities
Blackfoot Headwaters	MT76F002_040	BEARTRAP CREEK, Mike Horse Creek to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	.52	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Cadmium Copper Iron Lead Manganese Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Mine Tailings Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining Surface Mining
Blackfoot Headwaters	MT76F002_060	SANDBAR CREEK, forks to mouth (Willow Creek)	5	1.67	MILES	B-1	P	F	P	F	Aluminum Copper Iron Manganese Sedimentation/Siltation	Acid Mine Drainage Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining Surface Mining
Blackfoot Headwaters	MT76F002_070	ARRASTRA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	12.86	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Streambank Modifications/destablization
Blackfoot Headwaters	MT76F003_010	MIKE HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beartrap Creek)	4A	.69	MILES	B-1	N	X	N	X	Aluminum Cadmium Copper Iron Lead Manganese Zinc	Acid Mine Drainage Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 17010203 Blackfoot **Watershed** Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_011	NEVADA CREEK, headwaters to Nevada Lake	5	19.84	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Cadmium Copper Iron Lead Mercury Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Solids (Suspended/Bedload) Temperature, water Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Placer Mining
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_012	NEVADA CREEK, Nevada Lake to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	27.95	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Agriculture Streambank Modifications/destablization
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_021	JEFFERSON CREEK, headwaters to 1 mile above confluence with Madison Gulch	4A	3.72	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization Placer Mining Rangeland Grazing Streambank Modifications/destablization
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_022	JEFFERSON CREEK, 1 mile above Madison Gulch to mouth (Nevada Creek)	4A	3.39	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Aluminum Iron Low flow alterations	Channelization Dredge Mining Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010203 Blackfoot

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_022	JEFFERSON CREEK, 1 mile above Madison Gulch to mouth (Nevada Creek)	4A	3.39	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Nitrogen (Total)	Source Unknown
											Phosphorus (Total)	Streambank Modifications/destablization
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_030	GALLAGHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Nevada Creek)	4A	7.34	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Low flow alterations	Rangeland Grazing
											Nitrogen (Total)	
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)												
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_040	BRAZIEL CREEK, 2.8 miles upstream from mouth (Nevada Creek), T12N R10W S22	4A	2.82	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
											Nitrogen (Total)	Rangeland Grazing
											Phosphorus (Total)	Silviculture Activities
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_050	MCELWAIN CREEK, diversion of Company Ditch to mouth (Nevada Creek), T13N R11W S18	4A	2.1	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
											Low flow alterations	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Irrigated Crop Production
											Nitrogen (Total)	
											Phosphorus (Total)	
Sedimentation/Siltation												
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_060	BLACK BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek), T12N R12W S22	4A	7.67	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Nitrogen (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Phosphorus (Total)	Managed Pasture Grazing
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Silviculture Harvesting
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	
Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)												

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010203 Blackfoot

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_071	WASHINGTON CREEK, headwaters to Cow Gulch	4A	5.84	MILES	B-1	N	F	X	P	Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Dredge Mining Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_072	WASHINGTON CREEK, Cow Gulch to mouth (Nevada Creek)	4A	4.44	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	P	Iron Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_081	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to Murray Creek	5	13.02	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Chlorophyll-a Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing Source Unknown
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_082	DOUGLAS CREEK, Murray Creek to mouth (Nevada-Cottonwood Creeks)	5	10.91	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat Rangeland Grazing Source Unknown
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_090	COTTONWOOD CREEK, South Fork Cottonwood Creek to mouth (Douglas Creek)	4A	6.77	MILES	B-1	N	F	X	N	Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010203 Blackfoot

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_090	COTTONWOOD CREEK, South Fork Cottonwood Creek to mouth (Douglas Creek)	4A	6.77	MILES	B-1	N	F	X	N	Temperature, water	
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_100	NEVADA SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Nevada Creek)	4A	5.78	MILES	B-1	N	F	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_120	MURRAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Douglas Creek), T12N R12W S6	5	8.83	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Chlorophyll-a Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Activities Source Unknown Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Nevada Creek	MT76F003_130	BUFFALO GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Nevada Creek)	4A	6.36	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations) Silviculture Activities
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F004_010	FRAZIER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River), T14N R12W S28	4A	4.44	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Hydrostructure Impacts on Fish Passage Irrigated Crop Production
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F004_040	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 10 miles upstream to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	12.05	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F004_050	WALES CREEK, reservoir outlet to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	1.94	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a	Agriculture Irrigated Crop Production

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010203 Blackfoot

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F004_050	WALES CREEK, reservoir outlet to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	1.94	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Rangeland Grazing Upstream Impoundments (e.g., PI-566 NRCS Structures)
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F004_060	WARD CREEK, headwaters to Browns Lake	4A	10.38	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Silviculture Activities Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F004_070	WARREN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	14.7	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Fish-Passage Barrier Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Channelization Irrigated Crop Production
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F004_080	YOURNAME CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	9.72	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Fish-Passage Barrier Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F004_090	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Blackfoot River)	4A	11.52	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Harvesting
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F004_100	MONTURE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	30.27	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F004_110	KLEINSCHMIDT CREEK, 1.5 miles upstream to mouth (North Fork Blackfoot River)	5	1.56	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Arsenic Copper	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Managed Pasture Grazing

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010203 Blackfoot

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F004_110	KLEINSCHMIDT CREEK, 1.5 miles upstream to mouth (North Fork Blackfoot River)	5	1.56	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Source Unknown
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F005_020	RICHMOND CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lake Alva)	4A	4.02	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F005_030	DEER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Seeley Lake)	4A	10.86	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Harvesting
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F005_040	WEST FORK CLEARWATER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Clearwater River)	4A	15.14	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	
Middle Blackfoot	MT76F005_060	BLANCHARD CREEK, North Fork to mouth (Clearwater River)	4A	2.36	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
Lower Blackfoot	MT76F006_010	UNION CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	5	21.57	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Arsenic Cause Unknown Copper Iron Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Solids (Suspended/Bedload) Temperature, water	Animal Feeding Operations (NPS) Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Rangeland Grazing Source Unknown Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Lower Blackfoot	MT76F006_020	WEST FORK ASHBY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Fork Ashby Creek)	5	3.1	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Activities Source Unknown
Lower Blackfoot	MT76F006_031	ELK CREEK, headwaters to Stinkwater Creek	5	8.5	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Cadmium Nitrogen, Nitrate Physical substrate habitat alterations	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Placer Mining Streambank Modifications/destabilization

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010203 Blackfoot

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Blackfoot	MT76F006_031	ELK CREEK, headwaters to Stinkwater Creek	5	8.5	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	
Lower Blackfoot	MT76F006_032	ELK CREEK, Stinkwater Creek to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	5.59	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Lower Blackfoot	MT76F006_040	KENO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Elk Creek)	4A	2.87	MILES	B-1	N	F	X	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Harvesting
Lower Blackfoot	MT76F006_050	EAST FORK ASHBY CREEK	5	3.9	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Silviculture Activities Source Unknown
Lower Blackfoot	MT76F006_060	CAMAS CREEK, 1 mile above mouth to mouth (Union Creek)	5	1.63	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Low flow alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production Upstream Source
Lower Blackfoot	MT76F006_070	BELMONT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	4A	10.6	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Lower Blackfoot	MT76F006_090	WASHOE CREEK, Headwater to mouth (Union Creek)	5	6.12	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Open Pit Mining Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown
Nevada Creek	MT76F007_020	NEVADA LAKE, reservoir of Nevada Creek	5	352.6	ACRES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Nitrogen (Total) Oxygen, Dissolved Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Source Unknown Upstream/Dowstream Source

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010205 Bitterroot Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Bitterroot	MT76H001_010	BITTERROOT RIVER, East and West forks to Skalkaho Creek	5	27.21	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Rangeland Grazing Source Unknown Streambank Modifications/destablization
Bitterroot	MT76H001_020	BITTERROOT RIVER, Skalkaho Creek to Eightmile Creek	5	34.34	MILES	B-1	N	F	X	N	Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Agriculture Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Irrigated Crop Production Wet Weather Discharges (Point Source and Combination of Stormwater, SSO or CSO)
Bitterroot	MT76H001_030	BITTERROOT RIVER, Eightmile Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	23.6	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Lead Nitrogen, Nitrate Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Agriculture On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems) Rangeland Grazing Sediment Resuspension (Contaminated Sediment) Streambank Modifications/destablization Wet Weather Discharges (Point Source and Combination of Stormwater, SSO or CSO)
Bitterroot Headwaters	MT76H002_010	EAST FORK BITTERROOT RIVER, Anaconda-Pintlar Wilderness boundary to mouth (Bitterroot River)	5	30.77	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Lead Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Source Unknown Streambank Modifications/destablization Watershed Runoff following Forest Fire
Bitterroot Headwaters	MT76H002_020	REIMEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Fork Bitterroot River)	4A	7.71	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Natural Sources
Bitterroot Headwaters	MT76H002_030	MEADOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Fork Bitterroot River)	5	9.77	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Bitterroot Headwaters	MT76H002_070	LAIRD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Fork Bitterroot River), T2N R20	4A	5.74	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010205 Bitterroot		Watershed Upper Clark Fork										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Bitterroot Headwaters	MT76H002_070	LAIRD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Fork Bitterroot River), T2N R20 S35	4A	5.74	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Sedimentation/Siltation	Silviculture Activities
Bitterroot Headwaters	MT76H002_080	GILBERT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Laird Creek), T1N R20W S10	4A	2.29	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Activities
Bitterroot Headwaters	MT76H003_010	WEST FORK BITTERROOT RIVER, headwaters to mouth	4A	39.4	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Streambank Modifications/destablization
Bitterroot Headwaters	MT76H003_020	NEZ PERCE FORK BITTERROOT RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Bitterroot River)	4A	15.23	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Temperature, water	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Loss of Riparian Habitat
Bitterroot Headwaters	MT76H003_040	HUGHES CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (West Fork Bitterroot River)	4A	18.33	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Channelization Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Placer Mining Source Unknown
Bitterroot Headwaters	MT76H003_050	OVERWHICH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Bitterroot River)	5	17.59	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Natural Sources Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
Bitterroot Headwaters	MT76H003_060	DITCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Bitterroot River)	4A	2.78	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Harvesting
Bitterroot Headwaters	MT76H003_070	BUCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Bitterroot), T1N R22W S36	4A	2.51	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	
Bitterroot	MT76H004_010	BASS CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (unnamed channel of Bitterroot River), T9N R20W S3	5	5.07	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Dam or Impoundment Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat Natural Sources

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010205 Bitterroot

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Bitterroot	MT76H004_010	BASS CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (unnamed channel of Bitterroot River), T9N R20W S3	5	5.07	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F		Source Unknown
Bitterroot	MT76H004_020	KOOTENAI CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (Bitterroot River)	4C	5.63	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations	Agriculture
Bitterroot	MT76H004_031	BEAR CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (Fred Burr Creek), T7N R20W S7	4C	8.3	MILES	B-1	X	F	X	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture
Bitterroot	MT76H004_032	NORTH CHANNEL BEAR CREEK, headwater to the mouth (Fred Burr Creek), T8N R20W S32	4C	4.38	MILES	B-1	X	F	X	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture
Bitterroot	MT76H004_040	MILL CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to the mouth (Fred Burr Creek), T7N R20W S19	5	8.72	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations  Temperature, water	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones  Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Loss of Riparian Habitat  Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
Bitterroot	MT76H004_050	BLODGETT CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (Bitterroot River)	4C	13.63	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture
Bitterroot	MT76H004_070	LOST HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	4C	20.61	MILES	B-1	F	F	X	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture
Bitterroot	MT76H004_080	TIN CUP CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (Bitterroot River)	5	7.95	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total)	Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat  Natural Sources  Silviculture Activities  Source Unknown
Bitterroot	MT76H004_090	SLEEPING CHILD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	5	24.93	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	P	Nitrogen (Total)  Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Agriculture  Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Silviculture Activities
Bitterroot	MT76H004_100	SKALKAHO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	5	27.8	MILES	B-1	F	F	N	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010205 Bitterroot

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AQL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Bitterroot	MT76H004_100	SKALKAHO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	5	27.8	MILES	B-1	F	F	N	P	Mercury	Irrigated Crop Production Source Unknown
Bitterroot	MT76H004_110	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	5	17.16	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Nitrogen (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat Natural Sources Silviculture Activities Source Unknown
Bitterroot	MT76H004_120	AMBROSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Threemile Creek)	5	11.7	MILES	B-1	N	F	X	P	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat
Bitterroot	MT76H004_130	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	5	18.34	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Loss of Riparian Habitat Silviculture Activities Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown
Bitterroot	MT76H004_140	THREEMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	5	17.96	MILES	B-1	N	F	X	X	Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Irrigated Crop Production Rangeland Grazing
Bitterroot	MT76H004_150	McCLAIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sin-tin-tin-em-ska Creek), T11N R20W S23	4A	7.12	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X	Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
Bitterroot	MT76H004_160	NORTH FORK RYE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rye Creek-Bitterroot River, South of Darby)	5	7.08	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total)	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Streambank Modifications/destablization

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010205 Bitterroot

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Bitterroot	MT76H004_170	LICK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	5	6.39	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Chlorophyll-a	Livestock (Grazing or Feeding Operations)
											Nitrogen (Total)	Natural Sources
											Phosphorus (Total)	Silviculture Activities
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Source Unknown
Bitterroot	MT76H004_180	MUDDY SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Gold Creek) T7N R19W S2	5	2.04	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Rangeland Grazing
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Source Unknown
Bitterroot	MT76H004_190	RYE CREEK, North Fork to mouth (Bitterroot River)	5	5.98	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Animal Feeding Operations (NPS)
											Nitrogen (Total)	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Phosphorus (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Silviculture Activities
Bitterroot	MT76H004_200	NORTH BURNT FORK CREEK, confluence with South Burnt Fork Creek to Mouth (Bitterroot River)	5	10.94	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Bottom Deposits	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Nitrogen (Total)	Irrigated Crop Production
											Phosphorus (Total)	
Bitterroot	MT76H004_210	SWEATHOUSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	5	11.62	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Low flow alterations	Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Phosphorus (Total)	Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
Bitterroot	MT76H005_011	LOLO CREEK, Mormon Creek to mouth (Bitterroot River)	4A	3.12	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment)
Bitterroot	MT76H005_012	LOLO CREEK, Sheldon Creek to Mormon Creek	4A	14.14	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Agriculture
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Silviculture Activities
												Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Bitterroot	MT76H005_013	LOLO CREEK, headwaters to Sheldon Creek	4A	14.24	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

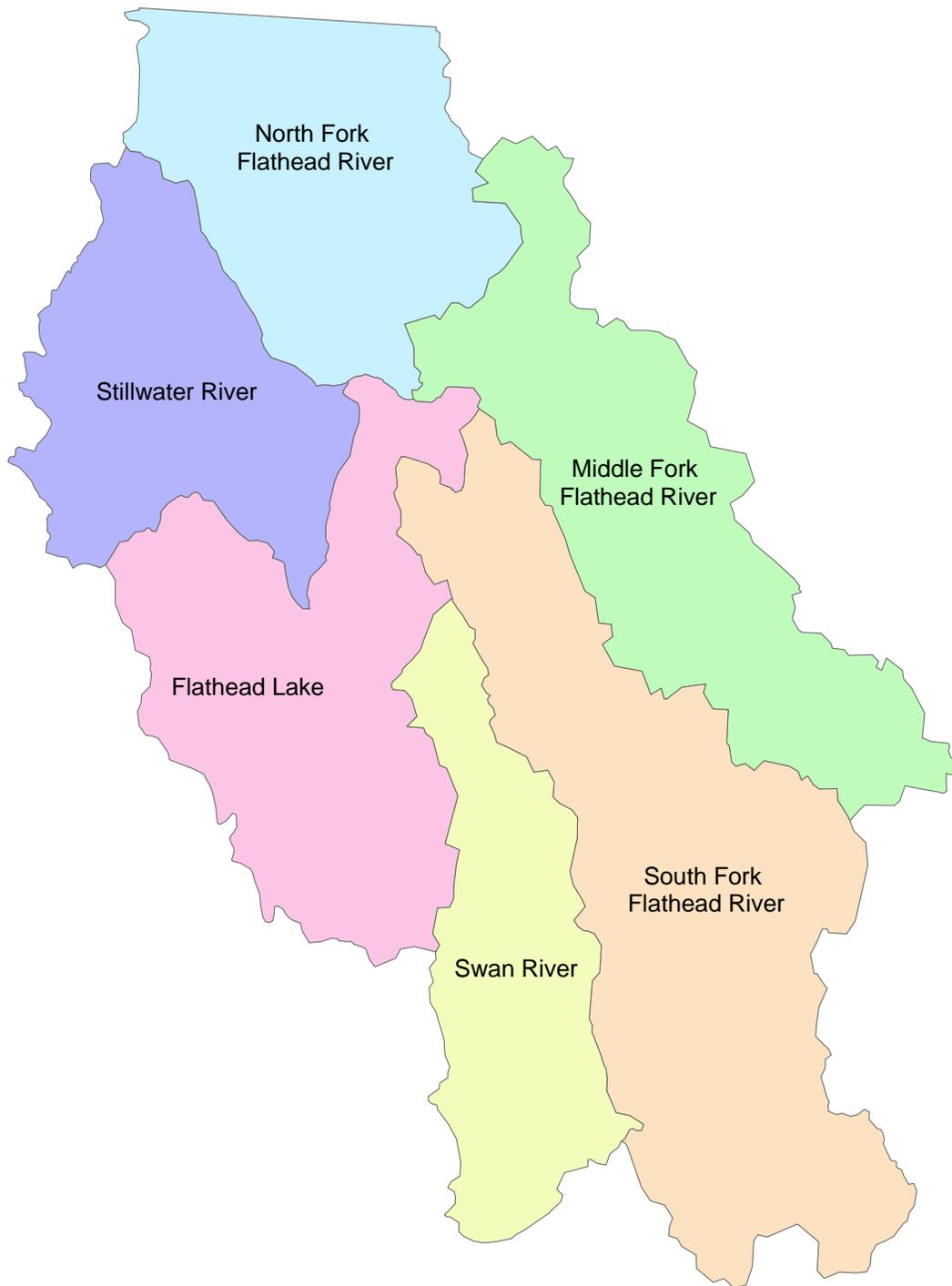
HUC 17010205 Bitterroot

Watershed Upper Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Bitterroot	MT76H005_013	LOLO CREEK, headwaters to Sheldon Creek	4A	14.24	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F		Silviculture Activities
Bitterroot	MT76H005_020	SOUTH FORK LOLO CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (Lolo Creek)	4C	6.87	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Silviculture Activities
Upper Lolo	MT76H005_030	GRANITE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lolo Creek)	4A	9.39	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Fish-Passage Barrier Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Activities
Upper Lolo	MT76H005_040	EAST FORK LOLO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Confluence with Lolo Creek)	4A	9.12	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Fish-Passage Barrier Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Silviculture Activities
Upper Lolo	MT76H005_050	WEST FORK LOLO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lolo Creek)	4A	7.37	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Streambank Modifications/destablization
Upper Lolo	MT76H005_060	LOST PARK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Confluence with East Fork Lolo Creek)	4A	5.08	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Fish-Passage Barrier Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Harvesting
Upper Lolo	MT76H005_070	LEE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Lolo Creek)	4A	3.8	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Activities Streambank Modifications/destablization

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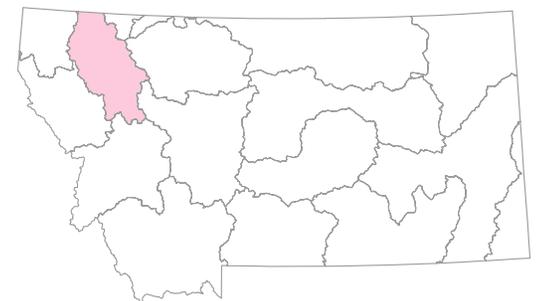




# Flathead Sub-Major Basin

## Columbia River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
17010206	North Fork Flathead River
17010207	Middle Fork Flathead River
17010208	Flathead Lake
17010209	South Fork Flathead River
17010210	Stillwater River (Flathead R)
17010211	Swan River



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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010206 North Fork Flathead

Watershed Flathead

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Big Creek (Columbia)	MT76Q002_050	BIG CREEK, tributary to North Fork of the Flathead River	4C	16.68	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Streambank Modifications/destablization
Flathead Headwaters	MT76Q002_070	COAL CREEK, headwaters to South Fork	4C	10.4	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	
Flathead Headwaters	MT76Q002_080	COAL CREEK, South Fork to mouth (North Fork Flathead)	4A	9.57	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Harvesting

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010207 Middle Fork Flathead		Watershed Flathead											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Flathead Headwaters	MT761002_040	CHALLENGE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Granite Creek)	5	4.77	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Phosphorus (Total)	Silviculture Activities	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010208 Flathead Lake

Watershed Flathead

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Flathead - Stillwater	MT76O002_010	ASHLEY CREEK, Ashley Lake to Smith Lake	5	15.64	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Channelization
											Chlorophyll-a	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land)
											Nitrogen (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Oxygen, Dissolved	Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Phosphorus (Total)	Source Unknown
											Sedimentation/Siltation	
											Temperature, water	
Flathead - Stillwater	MT76O002_020	ASHLEY CREEK, Smith Lake to Kalispell Airport Road	4C	14.17	MILES	B-2	X	F	X	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture
Flathead - Stillwater	MT76O002_030	ASHLEY CREEK, Kalispell airport road to mouth (Flathead River)	5	13.17	MILES	C-2	P	F		P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Discharges from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4)
											Chlorophyll-a	Irrigated Crop Production
											Excess Algal Growth	Municipal Point Source Discharges
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Upstream Source
											Nitrogen (Total)	
											Oxygen, Dissolved	
											Phosphorus (Total)	
Temperature, water												
Flathead - Stillwater	MT76O002_040	SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ashley Creek)	5	4.8	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture
											Arsenic	Baseflow Depletion from Groundwater Withdrawals
											Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Channelization
											Nitrogen (Total)	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
											Other flow regime alterations	Loss of Riparian Habitat
											Oxygen, Dissolved	Source Unknown
											Phosphorus (Total)	
											Physical substrate habitat alterations	
Flathead - Stillwater	MT76O002_050	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ashley Lake)	5	2.39	MILES	B-1	P	F	I	X	Phosphorus (Total)	Silviculture Activities
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Source Unknown
											Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010208 Flathead Lake

Watershed Flathead

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Flathead Lake	MT76O003_010	FLATHEAD LAKE	5	122252	ACRES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Mercury	Atmospheric Depositon - Nitrogen
											Nitrogen (Total)	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
											Phosphorus (Total)	Municipal Point Source Discharges
											Polychlorinated biphenyls	Silviculture Harvesting
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Source Unknown
Unspecified Urban Stormwater												
Flathead Lake	MT76O004_020	LAKE MARY RONAN	4C	6.8	ACRES	A-1	T	F	X	F	Chlorophyll-a	Upstream Impoundments (e.g., PI-566 NRCS Structures)
												Agriculture
												Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Silviculture Activities	

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010209 South Fork Flathead		Watershed Flathead											
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name	
Flathead Headwaters	MT76J001_010	SOUTH FORK FLATHEAD RIVER, Hungry Horse Dam to mouth	4C	5.31	MILES	B-1	X	F	X	P	Other flow regime alterations		

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010210 Stillwater

Watershed Flathead

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Flathead - Stillwater	MT76P001_010	STILLWATER RIVER, Logan Creek to mouth	5	45.61	MILES	B-2	P	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Lead Nitrates Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Loss of Riparian Habitat Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment) Source Unknown
Flathead - Stillwater	MT76P001_030	LOGAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tally Lake)	5	21.16	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Other flow regime alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Activities Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Flathead - Stillwater	MT76P001_040	SINCLAIR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sheppard Creek)	4C	2.32	MILES	B-1	X	X	X	P	Low flow alterations	Agriculture Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Flathead - Stillwater	MT76P001_050	SHEPPARD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Griffin Creek-Logan Creek-Talley Lake)	5	15.92	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Crop Production (Crop Land or Dry Land) Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Silviculture Harvesting
Flathead - Stillwater	MT76P003_010	WHITEFISH RIVER, Whitefish Lake to mouth (Stillwater River)	5	24.8	MILES	B-2	P	F	F	X	Copper Lead Nitrogen (Total) Oil and Grease PCB in Water Column Temperature, water	Industrial Point Source Discharge Silviculture Activities Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment) Wet Weather Discharges (Point Source and Combination of Stormwater, SSO or CSO)
Flathead - Stillwater	MT76P004_010	WHITEFISH LAKE	5	3349	ACRES	A-1	T	F	X	F	Mercury Polychlorinated biphenyls Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Activities Source Unknown

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010211 Swan

Watershed Flathead

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Swan	MT76K002_010	SWAN LAKE	4A	2680	ACRES	A-1	T	F	F	F	BOD, sediment load (Sediment Oxygen Demand) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
Swan	MT76K003_010	JIM CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Swan River), T21 R18W S8	4A	12.11	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Silviculture Harvesting
Swan	MT76K003_031	GOAT CREEK, headwaters to Squeezer Creek	4A	9.71	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Silviculture Harvesting

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# Lower Clark Fork Sub-Major Basin

Columbia River Basin

USGS HUC	HUC NAME
17010204	Middle Clark Fork
17010212	Lower Flathead River
17010213	Lower Clark Fork



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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010213 Lower Clark Fork Watershed Lower Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Clark Fork River	MT76N001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Flathead River to Noxon Reservoir	5	38.05	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	F	Cadmium Fish-Passage Barrier	Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects) Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive)
Clark Fork River	MT76N001_020	CLARK FORK RIVER, aka Cabinet Gorge Reservoir, Noxon Dam to Idaho Border	5	18.87	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Dissolved Gas Supersaturation Other flow regime alterations Temperature, water	Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects) Dam or Impoundment
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_010	LYNCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	13.33	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Channelization Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Irrigated Crop Production
Prospect Creek	MT76N003_020	PROSPECT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4A	19.07	MILES	B-1	N	F	N	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Antimony Lead Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Mine Tailings Silviculture Activities
Prospect Creek	MT76N003_021	ANTIMONY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prospect Creek)	4A	1.25	MILES	B-1	N	X	N	X	Antimony Arsenic Lead	Mill Tailings Natural Sources
Prospect Creek	MT76N003_022	COX GULCH headwaters to mouth (Prospect Creek)	5	3.61	MILES	B-1	N	N	N	X	Antimony Lead Zinc	Mill Tailings
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_030	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Confluence with Clark Fork River)	4C	25.41	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Natural Sources

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010213 Lower Clark Fork

Watershed Lower Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_040	BULL RIVER, the North Fork to mouth (Cabinet Gorge Reservoir)	4A	25.18	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Silviculture Activities Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Prospect Creek	MT76N003_050	CLEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prospect Creek)	4A	12.09	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Elk Creek	MT76N003_060	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cabinet Gorge Reservoir)	4A	8.04	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Hardrock Mining Discharges (Permitted)
Prospect Creek	MT76N003_070	DRY CREEK, headwaters (confluence of East and West Forks) to mouth (Prospect Creek)	4A	4.23	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Chlorophyll-a Sedimentation/Siltation	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Rangeland Grazing
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_080	GRAVES CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4C	10.52	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_090	MARTEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Noxon Reservoir)	4A	6.78	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X	Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Activities Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_100	PILGRIM CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cabinet Gorge Reservoir)	4C	6.91	MILES	A-1	P	F	X	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Channelization Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_120	WHITE PINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	5	12.37	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Natural Sources Silviculture Harvesting Streambank Modifications/destabilization Watershed Runoff following Forest Fire
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_130	VERMILION RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Noxon Reservoir)	4C	22.84	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Silviculture Activities

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010213 Lower Clark Fork

Watershed Lower Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_130	VERMILION RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Noxon Reservoir)	4C	22.84	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X		Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_140	SWAMP CREEK, Cabinet Mountains Wilderness boundary to mouth (Noxon Reservoir)	4A	9.75	MILES	A-1	N	X	X	X	Sedimentation/Siltation	Loss of Riparian Habitat
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_160	SWAMP CREEK, West Fork Swamp Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River), T20N R27W S3	5	4.76	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Channelization Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Nitrogen (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Phosphorus (Total)	Silviculture Harvesting
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Source Unknown
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_170	HENRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River), T19N R26W S1	5	7.1	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations	Channelization Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
											Nitrogen (Total)	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
											Phosphorus (Total)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Source Unknown
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_180	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bull River), T28N R33W S32	4A	4.1	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use)
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76N003_190	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth below the Noxon Dam	4C	11.1	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Other anthropogenic substrate alterations	Silviculture Activities
Thompson	MT76N005_030	McGREGOR CREEK, McGregor Lale to mouth (Thompson River)	5	6.82	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	P	Other flow regime alterations	Channelization
											Phosphorus (Total)	Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related)
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Hydrostructure Impacts on Fish Passage
											Temperature, water	Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production
Thompson	MT76N005_040	LITTLE THOMPSON RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Thompson River), T22N R25W S8	5	19.92	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Phosphorus (Total)	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
											Sedimentation/Siltation	Silviculture Harvesting
Thompson	MT76N005_060	LAZIER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Thompson River)	5	7.79	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Silviculture Activities

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010213 Lower Clark Fork		Watershed Lower Clark Fork										
TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Thompson	MT76N005_060	LAZIER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Thompson River)	5	7.79	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Source Unknown
Thompson	MT76N005_070	MCGINNIS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Thompson River)	5	5.12	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Fish-Passage Barrier Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Habitat Modification - other than Hydromodification Silviculture Harvesting Source Unknown

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 17010212 Lower Flathead **Watershed** Lower Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Lower Flathead	MT76L001_010	FLATHEAD RIVER, Flathead Reservation boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	4.24	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Other flow regime alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Dam or Impoundment Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Irrigated Crop Production Natural Sources
Lower Flathead	MT76L002_060	LITTLE BITTERROOT RIVER, Hubbart Reservoir to Flathead Reservation Boundary	5	5.2	MILES	B-2	P	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Other flow regime alterations Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Upstream Impoundments (e.g., PI-566 NRCS Structures) Upstream Source
Lower Flathead	MT76L002_070	SULLIVAN CREEK, headwaters to Flathead Indian Reservation	5	3.9	MILES	B-1	N	P	N	N	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Aluminum Cadmium Escherichia coli Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc pH	Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Mine Tailings Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining Surface Mining

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010204 Middle Clark Fork

Watershed Lower Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Clark Fork River	MT76M001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Flathead River to Fish Creek	5	60.36	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	X	Copper Lead Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total)	Mill Tailings Municipal Point Source Discharges
Clark Fork River	MT76M001_020	CLARK FORK RIVER, Fish Creek to Rattlesnake Creek	5	52.6	MILES	B-1	P	F	N	P	Arsenic Cadmium Chlorophyll-a Copper Nitrogen (Total) Organic Enrichment (Sewage) Biological Indicators Phosphorus (Total)	Industrial Point Source Discharge Mill Tailings Municipal Point Source Discharges
Clark Fork River	MT76M001_030	CLARK FORK RIVER, Rattlesnake Creek to Blackfoot River	5	6.2	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	X	Copper Lead Nutrient/Eutrophication Biological Indicators	Industrial Point Source Discharge Mill Tailings Upstream Impoundments (e.g., PI-566 NRCS Structures)
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_010	TAMARACK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4C	9.47	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Fish-Passage Barrier	Dam or Impoundment
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_020	CEDAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	17.28	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total)	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Source Unknown
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_050	TROUT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	14.99	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Physical substrate habitat alterations Turbidity	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Silviculture Activities Wet Weather Discharges (Non-Point Source)
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_060	FISH CREEK, West and South Forks to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4C	9.19	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_090	PETTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	12.2	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Excess Algal Growth Low flow alterations	Agriculture Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction)

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010204 Middle Clark Fork

Watershed Lower Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_090	PETTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	12.2	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	P	Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_100	WEST FORK PETTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Petty Creek)	5	7.64	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Silviculture Harvesting
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_120	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4C	23.56	MILES	A-CLOSED	P	F	F	X	Other flow regime alterations	Dam Construction (Other than Upstream Flood Control Projects) Flow Alterations from Water Diversions
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_130	GRANT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	18.78	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Excess Algal Growth Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Irrigated Crop Production Loss of Riparian Habitat Site Clearance (Land Development or Redevelopment) Streambank Modifications/destabilization
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_140	MILL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River near Frenchtown)	4C	13.67	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Agriculture Golf Courses Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_150	SIXMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4C	10.36	MILES	B-1	P	X	X	X	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Rangeland Grazing Silviculture Activities
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_160	NEMOTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (confluence Clark Fork River)	5	10.38	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Chlorophyll-a Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total) Phosphorus (Total) Temperature, water	Dredge Mining Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Source Unknown

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 17010204 Middle Clark Fork **Watershed** Lower Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_170	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	5	15.86	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N) Nitrogen (Total)	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Grazing in Riparian or Shoreline Zones Natural Sources Source Unknown
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	MT76M002_180	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork)	5	8.02	MILES	B-1	N	N	N	N	Antimony Arsenic Cadmium Copper Lead Mercury Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Unspecified Unpaved Road or Trail
St. Regis	MT76M003_010	ST. REGIS RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4A	40.3	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Other flow regime alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Channelization Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Loss of Riparian Habitat Streambank Modifications/destablization
St. Regis	MT76M003_020	TWELVE MILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (St. Regis River)	4A	13.98	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation Temperature, water	Channelization Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Highway/Road/Bridge Runoff (Non-construction Related) Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Loss of Riparian Habitat Silviculture Activities
St. Regis	MT76M003_030	SILVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (St. Regis River)	4C	4.96	MILES	A-1	P	F	F	F	Other flow regime alterations	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification
St. Regis	MT76M003_040	BIG CREEK, the East and Middle Forks to mouth (St. Regis River)	4A	2.77	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Channelization

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## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

HUC 17010204 Middle Clark Fork

Watershed Lower Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
St. Regis	MT76M003_040	BIG CREEK, the East and Middle Forks to mouth (St. Regis River)	4A	2.77	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Temperature, water	Loss of Riparian Habitat Streambank Modifications/destablization
St. Regis	MT76M003_070	LITTLE JOE CREEK, North Fork to mouth (St. Regis River)	4A	2.6	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Natural Sources Streambank Modifications/destablization
St. Regis	MT76M003_080	NORTH FORK LITTLE JOE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Joe Creek)	4A	10.82	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Sedimentation/Siltation	Highways, Roads, Bridges, Infrastructure (New Construction) Streambank Modifications/destablization
Ninemile	MT76M004_010	NINEMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	4A	26.85	MILES	B-1	P	F	X	F	Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Impacts from Abandoned Mine Lands (Inactive) Streambank Modifications/destablization
Ninemile	MT76M004_020	STONY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	5	7.07	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Phosphorus (Total) Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Irrigated Crop Production
Ninemile	MT76M004_031	McCORMICK CREEK, Little McCormick Creek to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	4C	2.01	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers	Placer Mining
Ninemile	MT76M004_040	JOSEPHINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	4A	5.99	MILES	B-1	N	F	F	F	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Impacts from Hydrostructure Flow Regulation/modification Placer Mining
Ninemile	MT76M004_060	CEDAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	4A	4.52	MILES	B-1	P	F	F	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Low flow alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Agriculture Flow Alterations from Water Diversions Forest Roads (Road Construction and Use) Natural Sources
Ninemile	MT76M004_070	KENNEDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	4A	5.64	MILES	B-1	P	P	P	P	Alteration in stream-side or littoral vegetative covers Copper Lead Low flow alterations Mercury	Irrigated Crop Production Mine Tailings Placer Mining Subsurface (Hardrock) Mining Surface Mining

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix A: Impaired Waters

**HUC** 17010204 Middle Clark Fork **Watershed** Lower Clark Fork

TMDL Planning Area	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Category	Size	Units	Use Class	AqL	AG	DW	Rec	Cause Name	Source Name
Ninemile	MT76M004_070	KENNEDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	4A	5.64	MILES	B-1	P	P	P	P	Sedimentation/Siltation Zinc	
Ninemile	MT76M004_080	LITTLE MCCORMICK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (McCormick Creek)	4A	3.54	MILES	B-1	N	I	F	I	Fish-Passage Barrier Low flow alterations Physical substrate habitat alterations Sedimentation/Siltation	Placer Mining

F=Full Support P=Partial Support T=Threatened N=Not Supporting I=Insufficient Information X=Not Assessed

## Appendix B: Waters in need of TMDLs [303(d) list] and TMDL Priority Schedule

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M001_013	BEAVER CREEK, Fort Belknap Reservation boundary to Big Warm Creek	Mercury	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M001_013	BEAVER CREEK, Fort Belknap Reservation boundary to Big Warm Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M001_014	BEAVER CREEK, Big Warm Creek to Un-Named tributary, T30N R32E S32	Mercury	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M001_014	BEAVER CREEK, Big Warm Creek to Un-Named tributary, T30N R32E S32	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M001_020	BEAVER CREEK, Bowdoin Canal to mouth (Milk River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M001_020	BEAVER CREEK, Bowdoin Canal to mouth (Milk River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M001_020	BEAVER CREEK, Bowdoin Canal to mouth (Milk River)	Uranium	2000	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	Arsenic	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1996	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	Nitrogen (Total)	1996	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	Oxygen, Dissolved	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1996	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	Zinc	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_020	LARB CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_020	LARB CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_020	LARB CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_020	LARB CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	Oxygen, Dissolved	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_020	LARB CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_030	BIG WARM CREEK, Fort Belknap Reservation boundary to mouth (Beaver Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_030	BIG WARM CREEK, Fort Belknap Reservation boundary to mouth (Beaver Creek)	Salinity	2000	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_030	BIG WARM CREEK, Fort Belknap Reservation boundary to mouth (Beaver Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M003_010	LAKE BOWDOIN	Salinity	1990	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M003_010	LAKE BOWDOIN	Selenium	2000	Unassigned	L
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M003_020	NELSON RESERVOIR	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B001_010	BEAVERHEAD RIVER, Clark Canyon Dam to Grasshopper Creek	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B001_020	BEAVERHEAD RIVER, Grasshopper Creek to mouth (Jefferson River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B001_020	BEAVERHEAD RIVER, Grasshopper Creek to mouth (Jefferson River)	Temperature, water	1988	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_010	GRASSHOPPER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River)	Cadmium	1988	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_010	GRASSHOPPER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River)	Copper	1988	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_010	GRASSHOPPER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River)	Zinc	1988	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_020	FARLIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek), T6S R12W S7	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_030	BLACKTAIL DEER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_030	BLACKTAIL DEER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River)	Temperature, water	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_060	WEST FORK BLACKTAIL DEER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blacktail Deer Creek)	Arsenic	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_060	WEST FORK BLACKTAIL DEER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blacktail Deer Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_070	WEST FORK DYCE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dyce Creek)	Manganese	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_070	WEST FORK DYCE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dyce Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_070	WEST FORK DYCE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dyce Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_080	SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River)	Arsenic	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_080	SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_080	SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_090	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, from the Dillon PWS off-channel well T7S R10W S11 to the mouth (Van Camp Slough)	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_090	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, from the Dillon PWS off-channel well T7S R10W S11 to the mouth (Van Camp Slough)	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_090	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, from the Dillon PWS off-channel well T7S R10W S11 to the mouth (Van Camp Slough)	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_090	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, from the Dillon PWS off-channel well T7S R10W S11 to the mouth (Van Camp Slough)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_090	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, from the Dillon PWS off-channel well T7S R10W S11 to the mouth (Van Camp Slough)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_090	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, from the Dillon PWS off-channel well T7S R10W S11 to the mouth (Van Camp Slough)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_090	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, from the Dillon PWS off-channel well T7S R10W S11 to the mouth (Van Camp Slough)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	2010	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_091	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, headwaters to Dillon PWS off-channel well, T7S R10W S11	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_091	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, headwaters to Dillon PWS off-channel well, T7S R10W S11	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_091	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, headwaters to Dillon PWS off-channel well, T7S R10W S11	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_091	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, headwaters to Dillon PWS off-channel well, T7S R10W S11	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_091	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, headwaters to Dillon PWS off-channel well, T7S R10W S11	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_091	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, headwaters to Dillon PWS off-channel well, T7S R10W S11	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_100	FRENCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rattlesnake Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_110	CLARK CANYON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River), T9S R10W S28	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_110	CLARK CANYON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaverhead River), T9S R10W S28	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_120	RESERVOIR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_120	RESERVOIR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_120	RESERVOIR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_131	STONE CREEK, confluence with unnamed creek in T6S R7W S34 near Beaverhead/Madison county border	Arsenic	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_131	STONE CREEK, confluence with unnamed creek in T6S R7W S34 near Beaverhead/Madison county border	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_131	STONE CREEK, confluence with unnamed creek in T6S R7W S34 near Beaverhead/Madison county border	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_131	STONE CREEK, confluence with unnamed creek in T6S R7W S34 near Beaverhead/Madison county border	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_132	STONE CREEK, Left Fork and Middle Fork to confluence of un-named tributary, T6S R7W S34	Nitrates	2000	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_132	STONE CREEK, Left Fork and Middle Fork to confluence of un-named tributary, T6S R7W S34	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_132	STONE CREEK, Left Fork and Middle Fork to confluence of un-named tributary, T6S R7W S34	Turbidity	1994	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_140	DYCE CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to Grasshopper Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_140	DYCE CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to Grasshopper Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_160	STEEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Driscoll Creek), T6S R12W S18	Arsenic	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_160	STEEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Driscoll Creek), T6S R12W S18	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_160	STEEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Driscoll Creek), T6S R12W S18	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_160	STEEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Driscoll Creek), T6S R12W S18	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_160	STEEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Driscoll Creek), T6S R12W S18	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1992	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_170	TAYLOR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_170	TAYLOR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_180	SCUDDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek), T6S R12W S19	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_180	SCUDDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek), T6S R12W S19	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Chromium (total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Salinity	2006	Unassigned	L
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Chromium (total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Copper	1988	Unassigned	L
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Mercury	1988	Unassigned	L
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Antimony	1988	Unassigned	L
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	Unassigned	L
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_040	LITTLE BELT CREEK, three miles upstream to mouth (Belt Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_040	LITTLE BELT CREEK, three miles upstream to mouth (Belt Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_040	LITTLE BELT CREEK, three miles upstream to mouth (Belt Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_050	BIG OTTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Nitrates	2000	Unassigned	L
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_050	BIG OTTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	Unassigned	L
Benton Lake	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_010	LAKE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Benton Lake)	Cadmium	1992	Unassigned	L
Benton Lake	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_010	LAKE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Benton Lake)	Salinity	1992	Unassigned	L
Benton Lake	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_010	LAKE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Benton Lake)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Benton Lake	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_010	LAKE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Benton Lake)	Selenium	1992	Unassigned	L
Benton Lake	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_010	LAKE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Benton Lake)	Zinc	1992	Unassigned	L
Benton Lake	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q005_020	BENTON LAKE	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Benton Lake	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q005_020	BENTON LAKE	Salinity	2006	Unassigned	L
Benton Lake	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q005_020	BENTON LAKE	Selenium	2000	Unassigned	L
Benton Lake	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q005_020	BENTON LAKE	Sulfates	2000	Unassigned	L
Big and Little Dry	Middle Missouri	10040105	MT40D001_010	BIG DRY CREEK, Steves Fork to mouth (Fort Peck Reservoir)	Ammonia (Un-ionized)	2000	Unassigned	L
Big and Little Dry	Middle Missouri	10040105	MT40D001_010	BIG DRY CREEK, Steves Fork to mouth (Fort Peck Reservoir)	Nitrogen (Total)	1994	Unassigned	L
Big and Little Dry	Middle Missouri	10040105	MT40D001_010	BIG DRY CREEK, Steves Fork to mouth (Fort Peck Reservoir)	Nitrogen, Nitrate	1994	Unassigned	L
Big and Little Dry	Middle Missouri	10040105	MT40D001_010	BIG DRY CREEK, Steves Fork to mouth (Fort Peck Reservoir)	Phosphorus (Total)	1994	Unassigned	L
Big Sandy - Sage	Milk	10050005	MT40H001_010	BIG SANDY CREEK, Lonesome Lake Coulee to mouth (Milk River)	Mercury	2002	Unassigned	L
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_040	CASINO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Spring Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	1992	Unassigned	L
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_040	CASINO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Spring Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	1992	Unassigned	L
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_052	COTTONWOOD CREEK, county road at T14N R18E S18 to mouth (Big Spring Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1992	Unassigned	L
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_052	COTTONWOOD CREEK, county road at T14N R18E S18 to mouth (Big Spring Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	1992	Unassigned	L
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_052	COTTONWOOD CREEK, county road at T14N R18E S18 to mouth (Big Spring Creek)	Oxygen, Dissolved	1992	Unassigned	L
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_052	COTTONWOOD CREEK, county road at T14N R18E S18 to mouth (Big Spring Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	1992	Unassigned	L
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_052	COTTONWOOD CREEK, county road at T14N R18E S18 to mouth (Big Spring Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_052	COTTONWOOD CREEK, county road at T14N R18E S18 to mouth (Big Spring Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	1992	Unassigned	L

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Bighorn Lake - Shoshone	Middle Yellowstone	10080015	MT43R001_020	BIGHORN RIVER, Yellowtail Dam to Crow Indian Reservation boundary	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_010	BITTERROOT RIVER, East and West forks to Skalkaho Creek	Copper	2004	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_020	BITTERROOT RIVER, Skalkaho Creek to Eightmile Creek	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2000	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_020	BITTERROOT RIVER, Skalkaho Creek to Eightmile Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_020	BITTERROOT RIVER, Skalkaho Creek to Eightmile Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_030	BITTERROOT RIVER, Eightmile Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Copper	2004	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_030	BITTERROOT RIVER, Eightmile Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Lead	2004	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_030	BITTERROOT RIVER, Eightmile Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrogen, Nitrate	1990	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_030	BITTERROOT RIVER, Eightmile Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_010	BASS CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (un-named channel of Bitterroot River), T9N R20W S3	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_040	MILL CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to the mouth (Fred Burr Creek), T7N R20W S19	Temperature, water	2000	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_080	TIN CUP CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_090	SLEEPING CHILD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_090	SLEEPING CHILD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_100	SKALKAHO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Mercury	2000	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_110	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_120	AMBROSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Threemile Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_120	AMBROSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Threemile Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_130	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_130	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_140	THREEMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1996	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_140	THREEMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_160	NORTH FORK RYE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rye Creek-Bitterroot River, South of Darby)	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_160	NORTH FORK RYE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rye Creek-Bitterroot River, South of Darby)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_170	LICK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_170	LICK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_180	MUDDY SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Gold Creek) T7N R19W S2	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_190	RYE CREEK, North Fork to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2002	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_190	RYE CREEK, North Fork to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2002	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_200	NORTH BURNT FORK CREEK, confluence with South Burnt Fork Creek to Mouth (Bitterroot River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2002	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_200	NORTH BURNT FORK CREEK, confluence with South Burnt Fork Creek to Mouth (Bitterroot River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2002	In Progress	H
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_210	SWEATHOUSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2002	In Progress	H
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H002_010	EAST FORK BITTERROOT RIVER, Anaconda-Pintlar Wilderness boundary to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Copper	2006	In Progress	H
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H002_010	EAST FORK BITTERROOT RIVER, Anaconda-Pintlar Wilderness boundary to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Lead	2006	In Progress	H
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H002_030	MEADOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Fork Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	In Progress	H
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H003_050	OVERWHICH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	In Progress	H
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_060	SANDBAR CREEK, forks to mouth (Willow Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	In Progress	H
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_131	BOULDER RIVER, five miles upstream of mouth (Yellowstone River)	Silver	2004	Unassigned	L
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_132	BOULDER RIVER, Natural Bridge and Falls in T3S R12E S26 to 5 miles above the mouth, T1N R14E S34	Chromium (total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_132	BOULDER RIVER, Natural Bridge and Falls in T3S R12E S26 to 5 miles above the mouth, T1N R14E S34	Nickel	2006	Unassigned	L
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_132	BOULDER RIVER, Natural Bridge and Falls in T3S R12E S26 to 5 miles above the mouth, T1N R14E S34	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_132	BOULDER RIVER, Natural Bridge and Falls in T3S R12E S26 to 5 miles above the mouth, T1N R14E S34	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_133	BOULDER RIVER, confluence of the East Fork boulder River to Natural bridge and Falls	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_133	BOULDER RIVER, confluence of the East Fork boulder River to Natural bridge and Falls	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_133	BOULDER RIVER, confluence of the East Fork boulder River to Natural bridge and Falls	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_141	EAST BOULDER RIVER, Elk Creek to mouth (Boulder River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_010	BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to Basin Creek	Cadmium	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_010	BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to Basin Creek	Copper	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_010	BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to Basin Creek	Iron	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_010	BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to Basin Creek	Lead	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_010	BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to Basin Creek	Zinc	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_021	BOULDER RIVER, Basin Creek to Town of Boulder	Cadmium	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_021	BOULDER RIVER, Basin Creek to Town of Boulder	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_021	BOULDER RIVER, Basin Creek to Town of Boulder	Iron	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_021	BOULDER RIVER, Basin Creek to Town of Boulder	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_021	BOULDER RIVER, Basin Creek to Town of Boulder	Silver	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_021	BOULDER RIVER, Basin Creek to Town of Boulder	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_022	BOULDER RIVER, Town of Boulder to Cottonwood Creek	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_022	BOULDER RIVER, Town of Boulder to Cottonwood Creek	Iron	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_022	BOULDER RIVER, Town of Boulder to Cottonwood Creek	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_022	BOULDER RIVER, Town of Boulder to Cottonwood Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_022	BOULDER RIVER, Town of Boulder to Cottonwood Creek	Silver	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_022	BOULDER RIVER, Town of Boulder to Cottonwood Creek	Temperature, water	1990	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_022	BOULDER RIVER, Town of Boulder to Cottonwood Creek	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_030	BOULDER RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R3W S2	Arsenic	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_030	BOULDER RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R3W S2	Cadmium	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_030	BOULDER RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R3W S2	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_030	BOULDER RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R3W S2	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_030	BOULDER RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R3W S2	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_030	BOULDER RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R3W S2	Temperature, water	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E001_030	BOULDER RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R3W S2	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_010	UNCLE SAM GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Cataract Creek)	Arsenic	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_010	UNCLE SAM GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Cataract Creek)	Cadmium	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_010	UNCLE SAM GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Cataract Creek)	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_010	UNCLE SAM GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Cataract Creek)	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_010	UNCLE SAM GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Cataract Creek)	Nitrogen, Nitrate	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_010	UNCLE SAM GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Cataract Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_010	UNCLE SAM GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Cataract Creek)	Turbidity	2006	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_010	UNCLE SAM GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Cataract Creek)	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_020	CATARACT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Arsenic	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_020	CATARACT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Cadmium	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_020	CATARACT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_020	CATARACT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_020	CATARACT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_020	CATARACT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Nitrogen, Nitrate	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_020	CATARACT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_020	CATARACT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_030	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Arsenic	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_030	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_030	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_030	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_030	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_030	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_040	HIGH ORE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Arsenic	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_040	HIGH ORE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Cadmium	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_040	HIGH ORE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Copper	1988	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_040	HIGH ORE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_040	HIGH ORE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_040	HIGH ORE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_040	HIGH ORE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Temperature, water	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_040	HIGH ORE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_040	HIGH ORE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_050	LOWLAND CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Aluminum	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_050	LOWLAND CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Copper	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_050	LOWLAND CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Silver	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_061	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to Wood Gulch	Arsenic	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_061	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to Wood Gulch	Cadmium	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_061	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to Wood Gulch	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_061	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to Wood Gulch	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_061	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to Wood Gulch	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_061	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to Wood Gulch	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_062	ELKHORN CREEK, Wood Gulch to the mouth (Unnamed Canal/Ditch), T5N R3W S21	Cadmium	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_062	ELKHORN CREEK, Wood Gulch to the mouth (Unnamed Canal/Ditch), T5N R3W S21	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_062	ELKHORN CREEK, Wood Gulch to the mouth (Unnamed Canal/Ditch), T5N R3W S21	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_062	ELKHORN CREEK, Wood Gulch to the mouth (Unnamed Canal/Ditch), T5N R3W S21	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_062	ELKHORN CREEK, Wood Gulch to the mouth (Unnamed Canal/Ditch), T5N R3W S21	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_070	BISON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Copper	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_070	BISON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Iron	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_070	BISON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Nitrates	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_080	LITTLE BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Copper	1994	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_080	LITTLE BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Zinc	1994	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_090	NORTH FORK LITTLE BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Little Boulder)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_090	NORTH FORK LITTLE BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Little Boulder)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_100	MUSKRAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Copper	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_100	MUSKRAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Lead	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_110	McCARTHY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_110	McCARTHY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Boulder River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_130	NURSERY CREEK, headwaters (east branch) to mouth (Muskrat Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_130	NURSERY CREEK, headwaters (east branch) to mouth (Muskrat Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_130	NURSERY CREEK, headwaters (east branch) to mouth (Muskrat Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_140	BIG LIMBER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Cataract Creek-Boulder River)	Lead	2000	In Progress	H
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_140	BIG LIMBER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Cataract Creek-Boulder River)	Mercury	2000	In Progress	H
Bullwhacker - Dog	Middle Missouri	10040101	MT41T002_020	DOG CREEK, Cutbank Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2004	Unassigned	L
Bullwhacker - Dog	Middle Missouri	10040101	MT41T002_020	DOG CREEK, Cutbank Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2004	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_020	BATTLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sixteenmile Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_020	BATTLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sixteenmile Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_020	BATTLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sixteenmile Creek)	Temperature, water	2006	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_030	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Cadmium	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_030	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Chromium (total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_030	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_030	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_030	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_030	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Silver	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_030	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Zinc	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_041	CONFEDERATE GULCH, headwaters to Hunter Gulch	Cadmium	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_041	CONFEDERATE GULCH, headwaters to Hunter Gulch	Nitrates	2000	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_042	CONFEDERATE GULCH, Hunter Gulch to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Nitrates	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_042	CONFEDERATE GULCH, Hunter Gulch to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_050	CROW CREEK, National Forest boundary to mouth (Missouri River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_050	CROW CREEK, National Forest boundary to mouth (Missouri River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_050	CROW CREEK, National Forest boundary to mouth (Missouri River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_060	CROW CREEK, Crow Creek Falls to National Forest boundary	Copper	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_060	CROW CREEK, Crow Creek Falls to National Forest boundary	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_080	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_080	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_080	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Temperature, water	2006	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_090	HELLGATE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_100	INDIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouty (Missouri River)	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_100	INDIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouty (Missouri River)	Cadmium	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_100	INDIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouty (Missouri River)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_100	INDIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouty (Missouri River)	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_110	MAGPIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_110	MAGPIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_120	SIXTEENMILE CREEK, Lost Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_120	SIXTEENMILE CREEK, Lost Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_120	SIXTEENMILE CREEK, Lost Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_130	WHITE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_140	WILSON CREEK, 3.3 miles upstream to mouth (Crow Creek)	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_150	CAVE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_150	CAVE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_150	CAVE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_170	EAST FORK INDIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Indian Creek)	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_170	EAST FORK INDIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Indian Creek)	Cadmium	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_170	EAST FORK INDIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Indian Creek)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I002_170	EAST FORK INDIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Indian Creek)	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_020	TROUT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Hauser Lake)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_010	WALLACE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Copper	2000	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_010	WALLACE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Zinc	2000	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_020	CRAMER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Arsenic	2000	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_020	CRAMER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Barium	2000	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_020	CRAMER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Cobalt	2000	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_020	CRAMER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Copper	2000	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_020	CRAMER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Lead	2000	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_020	CRAMER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Mercury	2000	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_020	CRAMER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_030	TENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek-Clark Fork River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_030	TENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek-Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_050	MULKEY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_060	RATTLER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River), T11N R13W S22	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_060	RATTLER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River), T11N R13W S22	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_070	DEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek, which is a tributary to Clark Fork River near Bearmouth)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_070	DEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek, which is a tributary to Clark Fork River near Bearmouth)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_070	DEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek, which is a tributary to Clark Fork River near Bearmouth)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Flathead River to Fish Creek	Copper	1992	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Flathead River to Fish Creek	Lead	2004	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_020	CLARK FORK RIVER, Fish Creek to Rattlesnake Creek	Arsenic	1990	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_020	CLARK FORK RIVER, Fish Creek to Rattlesnake Creek	Cadmium	1990	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_020	CLARK FORK RIVER, Fish Creek to Rattlesnake Creek	Copper	1990	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_030	CLARK FORK RIVER, Rattlesnake Creek to Blackfoot River	Copper	1990	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_030	CLARK FORK RIVER, Rattlesnake Creek to Blackfoot River	Lead	1990	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Flathead River to Noxon Reservoir	Cadmium	2000	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N001_020	CLARK FORK RIVER, aka Cabinet Gorge Reservoir, Noxon Dam to Idaho Border	Dissolved Gas Supersaturation	2006	Unassigned	L
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N001_020	CLARK FORK RIVER, aka Cabinet Gorge Reservoir, Noxon Dam to Idaho Border	Temperature, water	2006	Unassigned	L
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Little Blackfoot River	Arsenic	1996	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Little Blackfoot River	Copper	1996	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Little Blackfoot River	Lead	1996	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Little Blackfoot River	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Little Blackfoot River	Zinc	1996	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_030	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Little Blackfoot River to Cottonwood Creek	Copper	1990	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_030	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Little Blackfoot River to Cottonwood Creek	Lead	1990	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_030	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Little Blackfoot River to Cottonwood Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_030	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Little Blackfoot River to Cottonwood Creek	Zinc	1990	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_040	CLARK FORK RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to Warm Springs Creek	Arsenic	1990	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_040	CLARK FORK RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to Warm Springs Creek	Cadmium	1990	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_040	CLARK FORK RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to Warm Springs Creek	Copper	1990	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_040	CLARK FORK RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to Warm Springs Creek	Lead	1990	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_040	CLARK FORK RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to Warm Springs Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Blackfoot River	Arsenic	1992	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Blackfoot River	Cadmium	1992	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Blackfoot River	Copper	1992	In Progress	H

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Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Blackfoot River	Iron	2006	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Blackfoot River	Lead	1992	In Progress	H
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Blackfoot River	Zinc	1992	In Progress	H
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_011	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Bridger Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Ammonia (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_011	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Bridger Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Copper	1992	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_011	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Bridger Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Iron	1992	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_011	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Bridger Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Lead	1992	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_011	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Bridger Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Mercury	1992	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_011	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Bridger Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_011	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Bridger Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_011	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Bridger Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_011	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Bridger Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_011	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Bridger Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Temperature, water	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_010	ELBOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_010	ELBOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_010	ELBOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_010	ELBOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_020	BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Iron	1988	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_020	BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_020	BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_020	BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_031	BLUEWATER CREEK, mouth to 9 miles upstream (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_031	BLUEWATER CREEK, mouth to 9 miles upstream (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_031	BLUEWATER CREEK, mouth to 9 miles upstream (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_031	BLUEWATER CREEK, mouth to 9 miles upstream (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_060	RED LODGE CREEK, Cooney Reservoir to mouth (Rock Creek)	Organic Enrichment (Sewage) Biological Indicators	2000	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_070	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cooney Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_080	WEST RED LODGE CREEK, Absaroka-Beartooth Wilderness boundary to mouth (Red Lodge Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_100	SILVERTIP CREEK, state line to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_100	SILVERTIP CREEK, state line to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Oxygen, Dissolved	2006	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_100	SILVERTIP CREEK, state line to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_100	SILVERTIP CREEK, state line to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) (Aquatic Ecosystems)	2006	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_100	SILVERTIP CREEK, state line to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_100	SILVERTIP CREEK, state line to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Specific Conductance	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_100	SILVERTIP CREEK, state line to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Temperature, water	1996	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_100	SILVERTIP CREEK, state line to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Total Dissolved Solids	1990	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_100	SILVERTIP CREEK, state line to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Turbidity	2006	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_140	COTTONWOOD CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (Clarks Fork of Yellowstone), T3S R24E S24	Oxygen, Dissolved	2006	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_140	COTTONWOOD CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (Clarks Fork of Yellowstone), T3S R24E S24	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1992	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_180	SOUTH FORK BRIDGER CREEK, tributary to Bridger Creek	Arsenic	2006	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_180	SOUTH FORK BRIDGER CREEK, tributary to Bridger Creek	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_180	SOUTH FORK BRIDGER CREEK, tributary to Bridger Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	Unassigned	L
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030201	MT41M002_080	BIRCH CREEK, Blacktail Creek to mouth (Two Medicine River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030201	MT41M002_110	DUPUYER CREEK, confluence of South Fork Dupuyer Creek and Middle Fork Dupuyer Creek to the mouth (Birch Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030201	MT41M002_110	DUPUYER CREEK, confluence of South Fork Dupuyer Creek and Middle Fork Dupuyer Creek to the mouth (Birch Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	Unassigned	L
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030201	MT41M002_110	DUPUYER CREEK, confluence of South Fork Dupuyer Creek and Middle Fork Dupuyer Creek to the mouth (Birch Creek)	Temperature, water	1992	Unassigned	L
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030202	MT41L001_010	OLD MAIDS COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cutbank Creek)	Ammonia (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030202	MT41L001_010	OLD MAIDS COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cutbank Creek)	Chloride	1990	Unassigned	L
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030202	MT41L001_010	OLD MAIDS COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cutbank Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1990	Unassigned	L
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030202	MT41L001_010	OLD MAIDS COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cutbank Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030202	MT41L001_010	OLD MAIDS COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cutbank Creek)	Specific Conductance	1990	Unassigned	L
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030202	MT41L001_010	OLD MAIDS COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cutbank Creek)	Total Dissolved Solids	1990	Unassigned	L
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030202	MT41L001_040	CUT BANK CREEK, Blackfeet Reservation boundary to mouth (Marias River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1988	Unassigned	L
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030202	MT41L001_040	CUT BANK CREEK, Blackfeet Reservation boundary to mouth (Marias River)	Temperature, water	1990	Unassigned	L
Dearborn	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q003_010	DEARBORN RIVER, Falls Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Temperature, water	1990	Unassigned	L
Fisher	Kootenai	17010102	MT76C001_010	FISHER RIVER, the Silver Butte/Pleasant Valley junction to mouth (Kootenai River)	Lead	2000	In Progress	H
Fisher	Kootenai	17010102	MT76C001_020	WOLF CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fisher River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Fisher	Kootenai	17010102	MT76C001_020	WOLF CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fisher River)	Temperature, water	1990	In Progress	H
Fisher	Kootenai	17010102	MT76C001_030	RAVEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Pleasant Vally Fisher River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Fisher	Kootenai	17010102	MT76C001_030	RAVEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Pleasant Vally Fisher River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Fisher	Kootenai	17010102	MT76C001_030	RAVEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Pleasant Vally Fisher River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Fisher	Kootenai	17010102	MT76C001_030	RAVEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Pleasant Vally Fisher River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_010	ASHLEY CREEK, Ashley Lake to Smith Lake	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_010	ASHLEY CREEK, Ashley Lake to Smith Lake	Oxygen, Dissolved	2006	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_010	ASHLEY CREEK, Ashley Lake to Smith Lake	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_010	ASHLEY CREEK, Ashley Lake to Smith Lake	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_010	ASHLEY CREEK, Ashley Lake to Smith Lake	Temperature, water	1988	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_030	ASHLEY CREEK, Kalispell airport road to mouth (Flathead River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1990	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_030	ASHLEY CREEK, Kalispell airport road to mouth (Flathead River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_030	ASHLEY CREEK, Kalispell airport road to mouth (Flathead River)	Oxygen, Dissolved	1990	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_030	ASHLEY CREEK, Kalispell airport road to mouth (Flathead River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_030	ASHLEY CREEK, Kalispell airport road to mouth (Flathead River)	Temperature, water	2006	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_040	SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ashley Creek)	Arsenic	2006	Scheduled	M
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_040	SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ashley Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_040	SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ashley Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_040	SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ashley Creek)	Oxygen, Dissolved	1992	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_040	SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ashley Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_050	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ashley Lake)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_050	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ashley Lake)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_050	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ashley Lake)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1992	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P001_010	STILLWATER RIVER, Logan Creek to mouth	Lead	2010	Scheduled	M
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P001_010	STILLWATER RIVER, Logan Creek to mouth	Nitrates	1988	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P001_010	STILLWATER RIVER, Logan Creek to mouth	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P001_010	STILLWATER RIVER, Logan Creek to mouth	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P001_030	LOGAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tally Lake)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P001_050	SHEPPARD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Griffin Creek-Logan Creek-Talley Lake)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P001_050	SHEPPARD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Griffin Creek-Logan Creek-Talley Lake)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P001_050	SHEPPARD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Griffin Creek-Logan Creek-Talley Lake)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P003_010	WHITEFISH RIVER, Whitefish Lake to mouth (Stillwater River)	Copper	2000	Scheduled	M
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P003_010	WHITEFISH RIVER, Whitefish Lake to mouth (Stillwater River)	Lead	2000	Scheduled	M
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P003_010	WHITEFISH RIVER, Whitefish Lake to mouth (Stillwater River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P003_010	WHITEFISH RIVER, Whitefish Lake to mouth (Stillwater River)	Oil and Grease	2000	Unassigned	L
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P003_010	WHITEFISH RIVER, Whitefish Lake to mouth (Stillwater River)	PCB in Water Column	2000	Scheduled	M
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P003_010	WHITEFISH RIVER, Whitefish Lake to mouth (Stillwater River)	Temperature, water	1988	In Progress	H
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P004_010	WHITEFISH LAKE	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P004_010	WHITEFISH LAKE	Polychlorinated biphenyls	2000	Scheduled	M
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P004_010	WHITEFISH LAKE	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Flathead Headwaters	Flathead	17010207	MT76I002_040	CHALLENGE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Granite Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Flathead Lake	Flathead	17010208	MT76O003_010	FLATHEAD LAKE	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Flathead Lake	Flathead	17010208	MT76O003_010	FLATHEAD LAKE	Polychlorinated biphenyls	2000	Scheduled	M
Flathead Lake	Flathead	17010208	MT76O003_010	FLATHEAD LAKE	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040203	MT40B001_021	FLATWILLOW CREEK, headwaters to Highway 87 bridge	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	Unassigned	L
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040203	MT40B001_022	FLATWILLOW CREEK, Highway 87 bridge to mouth (Musselshell River)	Mercury	2004	Unassigned	L
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040203	MT40B001_022	FLATWILLOW CREEK, Highway 87 bridge to mouth (Musselshell River)	Nitrogen, Nitrate	2004	Unassigned	L
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040203	MT40B001_022	FLATWILLOW CREEK, Highway 87 bridge to mouth (Musselshell River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	Unassigned	L
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040203	MT40B001_040	NORTH FORK FLATWILLOW CREEK, headwaters to confluence with South Fork	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	Unassigned	L
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_010	McDONALD CREEK, North and South Forks to mouth (Box Elder Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_010	McDONALD CREEK, North and South Forks to mouth (Box Elder Creek)	Specific Conductance	2006	Unassigned	L
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_010	McDONALD CREEK, North and South Forks to mouth (Box Elder Creek)	Total Dissolved Solids	2006	Unassigned	L
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_020	CHICAGO GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Fords Creek)	Lead	1992	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_020	CHICAGO GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Fords Creek)	pH	1992	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_020	CHICAGO GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Fords Creek)	Zinc	1992	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_030	COLLAR GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Fords Creek)	Lead	1992	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_030	COLLAR GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Fords Creek)	pH	1992	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_030	COLLAR GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Fords Creek)	Zinc	1992	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_040	CHIPPEWA CREEK, headwaters to confluence with Manitoba Gulch	Antimony	1992	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_040	CHIPPEWA CREEK, headwaters to confluence with Manitoba Gulch	Arsenic	1992	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_040	CHIPPEWA CREEK, headwaters to confluence with Manitoba Gulch	Cyanide	1992	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_040	CHIPPEWA CREEK, headwaters to confluence with Manitoba Gulch	Iron	1992	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_040	CHIPPEWA CREEK, headwaters to confluence with Manitoba Gulch	Mercury	1992	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_040	CHIPPEWA CREEK, headwaters to confluence with Manitoba Gulch	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Flatwillow - Box Elder	Musselshell	10040204	MT40B002_040	CHIPPEWA CREEK, headwaters to confluence with Manitoba Gulch	Zinc	1992	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_011	FLINT CREEK, Georgetown Lake to confluence with Boulder Creek	Antimony	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_011	FLINT CREEK, Georgetown Lake to confluence with Boulder Creek	Arsenic	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_011	FLINT CREEK, Georgetown Lake to confluence with Boulder Creek	Cadmium	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_011	FLINT CREEK, Georgetown Lake to confluence with Boulder Creek	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_011	FLINT CREEK, Georgetown Lake to confluence with Boulder Creek	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_011	FLINT CREEK, Georgetown Lake to confluence with Boulder Creek	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_011	FLINT CREEK, Georgetown Lake to confluence with Boulder Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_012	FLINT CREEK, Boulder Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Arsenic	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_012	FLINT CREEK, Boulder Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Cadmium	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_012	FLINT CREEK, Boulder Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_012	FLINT CREEK, Boulder Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Iron	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_012	FLINT CREEK, Boulder Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_012	FLINT CREEK, Boulder Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_012	FLINT CREEK, Boulder Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_012	FLINT CREEK, Boulder Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Turbidity	2006	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_020	DOUGLAS CREEK, confluence of Middle and South Forks to mouth (Flint Creek), T9N R13W S10	Nitrogen, Nitrate	2000	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_030	NORTH FORK DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Middle Fork Douglas Creek)	Arsenic	1990	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_030	NORTH FORK DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Middle Fork Douglas Creek)	Cadmium	1990	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_030	NORTH FORK DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Middle Fork Douglas Creek)	Copper	1990	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_030	NORTH FORK DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Middle Fork Douglas Creek)	Sulfates	2000	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_030	NORTH FORK DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Middle Fork Douglas Creek)	Zinc	1990	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_040	FRED BURR CREEK, Fred Burr Lake to mouth (Flint Creek)	Arsenic	1990	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_040	FRED BURR CREEK, Fred Burr Lake to mouth (Flint Creek)	Lead	1990	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_040	FRED BURR CREEK, Fred Burr Lake to mouth (Flint Creek)	Mercury	1990	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_050	SOUTH FORK LOWER WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lower Willow Creek Reservoir)	Copper	1992	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_050	SOUTH FORK LOWER WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lower Willow Creek Reservoir)	Lead	1992	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_050	SOUTH FORK LOWER WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lower Willow Creek Reservoir)	Mercury	1992	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_060	BOULDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek)	Arsenic	2000	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_060	BOULDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek)	Lead	2000	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_060	BOULDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek)	Mercury	2000	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_060	BOULDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek)	Zinc	2000	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_070	BARNES CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek)	Iron	2006	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_070	BARNES CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_070	BARNES CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_070	BARNES CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_070	BARNES CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_090	PRINCETON GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Boulder Creek)	Nitrates	2000	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_100	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to where stream ends, T7N R14W S25	Arsenic	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_100	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to where stream ends, T7N R14W S25	Cadmium	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_100	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to where stream ends, T7N R14W S25	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_100	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to where stream ends, T7N R14W S25	Iron	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_100	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to where stream ends, T7N R14W S25	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_100	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to where stream ends, T7N R14W S25	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_100	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to where stream ends, T7N R14W S25	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_100	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to where stream ends, T7N R14W S25	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_110	SMART CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek), T9N R13W S21	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_110	SMART CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek), T9N R13W S21	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_130	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to terminus, T7N R14W S25	Arsenic	1992	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_130	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to terminus, T7N R14W S25	Copper	1992	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_130	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to terminus, T7N R14W S25	Lead	1992	In Progress	H
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_130	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to terminus, T7N R14W S25	Zinc	1992	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_022	ARMELLS CREEK, headwaters to Deer Creek	Cadmium	1992	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_022	ARMELLS CREEK, headwaters to Deer Creek	Copper	1992	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_022	ARMELLS CREEK, headwaters to Deer Creek	Mercury	1992	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_022	ARMELLS CREEK, headwaters to Deer Creek	pH	1992	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_022	ARMELLS CREEK, headwaters to Deer Creek	Zinc	1992	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_040	COW CREEK, Als Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Aluminum	1992	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_040	COW CREEK, Als Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Copper	1992	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_040	COW CREEK, Als Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Iron	1992	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_040	COW CREEK, Als Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Lead	1992	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_130	FARGO COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Armells Creek)	Aluminum	2006	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_130	FARGO COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Armells Creek)	Iron	2006	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_130	FARGO COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Armells Creek)	Lead	2006	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_130	FARGO COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Armells Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_130	FARGO COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Armells Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_011	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Bridge Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_011	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Bridge Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_012	BEAVER CREEK, Nelson to mouth (Missouri River below Hauser Dam)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_030	FALLS GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Holter Lake), T14N R3W S16	Mercury	1992	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_040	VIRGINIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Creek)	Copper	1988	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_040	VIRGINIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Creek)	Lead	1988	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_040	VIRGINIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Creek)	Zinc	1988	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_051	LITTLE PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, North and South Forks to Clark Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_051	LITTLE PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, North and South Forks to Clark Creek	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_052	LITTLE PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Clark Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_060	FOOL HEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Virgina Creek-Canyon Creek- Little Prickly Pear Creek)	Cadmium	1988	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_060	FOOL HEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Virgina Creek-Canyon Creek- Little Prickly Pear Creek)	Copper	1988	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_060	FOOL HEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Virgina Creek-Canyon Creek- Little Prickly Pear Creek)	Lead	1988	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_060	FOOL HEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Virgina Creek-Canyon Creek- Little Prickly Pear Creek)	Mercury	1988	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_060	FOOL HEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Virgina Creek-Canyon Creek- Little Prickly Pear Creek)	Silver	1988	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_060	FOOL HEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Virgina Creek-Canyon Creek- Little Prickly Pear Creek)	Zinc	2010	Unassigned	L
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_080	WOODSIDING GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Little Prickly Pear Creek), T13N R4W S33	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040102	MT41R001_010	COFFEE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Arrow Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1990	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040102	MT41R001_010	COFFEE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Arrow Creek)	Selenium	2006	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040102	MT41R001_010	COFFEE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Arrow Creek)	Total Dissolved Solids	2006	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040102	MT41R001_020	ARROW CREEK, Surprise Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S001_020	JUDITH RIVER, Ross Fork to Big Spring Creek	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1990	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S001_020	JUDITH RIVER, Ross Fork to Big Spring Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_010	DRY WOLF CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Wolf Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_010	DRY WOLF CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Wolf Creek)	Nitrogen, Nitrate	1990	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_010	DRY WOLF CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Wolf Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_010	DRY WOLF CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Wolf Creek)	Salinity	1988	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_020	WOLF CREEK, Dry Wolf Creek to mouth (Judith River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_020	WOLF CREEK, Dry Wolf Creek to mouth (Judith River)	Selenium	2006	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_020	WOLF CREEK, Dry Wolf Creek to mouth (Judith River)	Total Dissolved Solids	1992	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_030	WARM SPRING CREEK, 5 miles upstream to mouth (Judith River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_030	WARM SPRING CREEK, 5 miles upstream to mouth (Judith River)	Nitrogen, Nitrate	2000	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_030	WARM SPRING CREEK, 5 miles upstream to mouth (Judith River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_030	WARM SPRING CREEK, 5 miles upstream to mouth (Judith River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_050	SAGE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Judith River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_050	SAGE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Judith River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_050	SAGE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Judith River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_070	ROSS FORK JUDITH RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Judith River)	BOD, Biochemical oxygen demand	2006	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_070	ROSS FORK JUDITH RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Judith River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_070	ROSS FORK JUDITH RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Judith River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_080	SOUTH FORK JUDITH RIVER, headwaters to mouth	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_100	LAST CHANCE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Moccasin Creek)	Cyanide	2004	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_100	LAST CHANCE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Moccasin Creek)	Iron	2004	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_100	LAST CHANCE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Moccasin Creek)	Selenium	2004	Unassigned	L
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_100	LAST CHANCE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Moccasin Creek)	Thallium	2004	Unassigned	L
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76A001_010	KOOTENAI RIVER, confluence with Yaak River to Idaho border	Temperature, water	1992	Unassigned	L
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D001_010	KOOTENAI RIVER, Libby Dam to Yaak River	Temperature, water	1990	Unassigned	L
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_010	STANLEY CREEK, headwater to confluence with Fairway Creek	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_010	STANLEY CREEK, headwater to confluence with Fairway Creek	Nutrient/Eutrophication Biological Indicators	2000	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_040	SNOWSHOE CREEK, Cabinet Wilderness boundary to mouth (Big Cherry Creek)	Cadmium	1988	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_040	SNOWSHOE CREEK, Cabinet Wilderness boundary to mouth (Big Cherry Creek)	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_050	BIG CHERRY CREEK, Snowshoe Creek to Mouth (Libby Creek)	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_061	LIBBY CREEK, from 1 mi above Howard Creek to highway 2 bridge	Mercury	1996	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_062	LIBBY CREEK, from the highway 2 bridge to mouth (Kootenai River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_070	LAKE CREEK, Bull Lake outlet to mouth (Kootenai River)	Cadmium	1992	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_070	LAKE CREEK, Bull Lake outlet to mouth (Kootenai River)	Copper	1992	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_070	LAKE CREEK, Bull Lake outlet to mouth (Kootenai River)	Lead	1992	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_070	LAKE CREEK, Bull Lake outlet to mouth (Kootenai River)	Mercury in Water Column	1992	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_070	LAKE CREEK, Bull Lake outlet to mouth (Kootenai River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2000	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_070	LAKE CREEK, Bull Lake outlet to mouth (Kootenai River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_070	LAKE CREEK, Bull Lake outlet to mouth (Kootenai River)	Zinc	1992	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_090	QUARTZ CREEK, headwaters to confluence with the Kootenai River	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_110	BRISTOW CREEK, the headwaters to mouth at Lake Koocanusa	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_110	BRISTOW CREEK, the headwaters to mouth at Lake Koocanusa	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D003_010	LAKE KOOCANUSA	Selenium	2012	Unassigned	L
Lake Basin - Spidel	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43Q003_010	SPIDEL WATERFOWL PRODUCTION AREA, T5N R23E S33	Salinity	2000	Unassigned	L
Lake Basin - Spidel	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43Q003_010	SPIDEL WATERFOWL PRODUCTION AREA, T5N R23E S33	Selenium	2000	Unassigned	L
Lake Basin - Spidel	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F003_010	BIG LAKE	Salinity	2000	Unassigned	L
Lake Basin - Spidel	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F003_020	HAILSTONE LAKE, T3N R20E S13	Salinity	2000	Unassigned	L
Lake Basin - Spidel	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F003_030	HALFBREED LAKE, T3N R21E S33	Salinity	2002	Unassigned	L
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_020	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Helena WWTP Discharge Ditch to Lake Helena	Ammonia (Un-ionized)	1990	Unassigned	L
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_020	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Helena WWTP Discharge Ditch to Lake Helena	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_030	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Highway 433 (Wylie Dr.) Crossing to Helena WWTP Discharge	Ammonia (Un-ionized)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_030	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Highway 433 (Wylie Dr.) Crossing to Helena WWTP Discharge	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_040	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Lump Gulch to County Road Wylie Drive	Aluminum	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_040	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Lump Gulch to County Road Wylie Drive	Antimony	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_050	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Spring Creek to Lump Gulch	Arsenic	2000	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_050	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Spring Creek to Lump Gulch	Copper	2000	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_060	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, headwaters to Spring Creek	Cadmium	1992	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_070	GOLCONDA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek), T7N R3W S8	Copper	1992	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_070	GOLCONDA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek), T7N R3W S8	Zinc	1992	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_080	SPRING CREEK, Corbin Creek to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Aluminum	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_080	SPRING CREEK, Corbin Creek to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_080	SPRING CREEK, Corbin Creek to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Silver	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_090	CORBIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Spring Creek)	pH	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_090	CORBIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Spring Creek)	Silver	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_090	CORBIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Spring Creek)	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_100	MIDDLE FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek-Prickly Pear Creek)	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_100	MIDDLE FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek-Prickly Pear Creek)	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_120	CLANCY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_130	LUMP GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Mercury	1990	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_141	TENMILE CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Spring Creek	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_141	TENMILE CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Spring Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_143	TENMILE CREEK, Helena Water Treatment Plant to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_150	SILVER CREEK, headwaters to T11N R4W S30 / S31 to Lake Helena	DDE	1992	Unassigned	L
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_150	SILVER CREEK, headwaters to T11N R4W S30 / S31 to Lake Helena	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_160	SEVENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tenmile Creek)	Zinc	2002	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_180	NORTH FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek)	Organic Enrichment (Sewage) Biological Indicators	2002	Unassigned	L
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_190	JACKSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (McClellan Creek-Prickly Pear Creek)	Zinc	2006	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_210	JENNIES FORK, headwaters to mouth (Silver Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_210	JENNIES FORK, headwaters to mouth (Silver Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_220	SKELLY GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Greenhorn Creek/Sevenmile Creek), T10N R5W S2	Arsenic	2002	In Progress	H
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_230	GRANITE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sevenmile Creek)	Arsenic	2004	In Progress	H

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Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_230	GRANITE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sevenmile Creek)	Cadmium	2004	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_010	MONTANA GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Arsenic	1990	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_010	MONTANA GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Cadmium	1990	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_010	MONTANA GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Copper	1990	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_010	MONTANA GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	pH	2000	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_050	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby Creek), T26N R25E S16	Cadmium	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_050	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby Creek), T26N R25E S16	Copper	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_050	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby Creek), T26N R25E S16	Lead	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_050	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby Creek), T26N R25E S16	Mercury	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_050	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby Creek), T26N R25E S16	pH	1996	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_050	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby Creek), T26N R25E S16	Selenium	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_050	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby Creek), T26N R25E S16	Zinc	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_060	RUBY CREEK, Un-Named tributary T25N R25E S21 to mouth (CK Creek)	Aluminum	2000	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_060	RUBY CREEK, Un-Named tributary T25N R25E S21 to mouth (CK Creek)	Cadmium	2000	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_060	RUBY CREEK, Un-Named tributary T25N R25E S21 to mouth (CK Creek)	Copper	2000	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_060	RUBY CREEK, Un-Named tributary T25N R25E S21 to mouth (CK Creek)	Lead	2000	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_060	RUBY CREEK, Un-Named tributary T25N R25E S21 to mouth (CK Creek)	Mercury	2000	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_060	RUBY CREEK, Un-Named tributary T25N R25E S21 to mouth (CK Creek)	pH	2000	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_060	RUBY CREEK, Un-Named tributary T25N R25E S21 to mouth (CK Creek)	Selenium	2000	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_060	RUBY CREEK, Un-Named tributary T25N R25E S21 to mouth (CK Creek)	Zinc	2000	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_070	RUBY GULCH, headwaters to confluence of Alder Gulch, T25N R25E S21	Cadmium	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_070	RUBY GULCH, headwaters to confluence of Alder Gulch, T25N R25E S21	Chromium (total)	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_070	RUBY GULCH, headwaters to confluence of Alder Gulch, T25N R25E S21	Copper	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_070	RUBY GULCH, headwaters to confluence of Alder Gulch, T25N R25E S21	Lead	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_070	RUBY GULCH, headwaters to confluence of Alder Gulch, T25N R25E S21	Mercury	1994	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_070	RUBY GULCH, headwaters to confluence of Alder Gulch, T25N R25E S21	pH	1996	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_070	RUBY GULCH, headwaters to confluence of Alder Gulch, T25N R25E S21	Selenium	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_070	RUBY GULCH, headwaters to confluence of Alder Gulch, T25N R25E S21	Zinc	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_090	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Cadmium	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_090	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Copper	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_090	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Escherichia coli	2000	Unassigned	L
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_090	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Lead	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_090	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Mercury	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_090	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	pH	2000	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_090	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Selenium	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_090	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Zinc	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_100	MILL GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Copper	1996	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_100	MILL GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Lead	1996	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_100	MILL GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Mercury	1996	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_100	MILL GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Nitrates	2000	Unassigned	L
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_100	MILL GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	pH	1996	In Progress	H
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_100	MILL GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Selenium	1996	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I001_030	BIG HORN CREEK, Zortman Mine to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Aluminum	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I001_030	BIG HORN CREEK, Zortman Mine to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Arsenic	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I001_030	BIG HORN CREEK, Zortman Mine to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Cadmium	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I001_030	BIG HORN CREEK, Zortman Mine to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Nickel	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I001_030	BIG HORN CREEK, Zortman Mine to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Zinc	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I001_040	KING CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Selenium	1994	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I001_050	LODGE POLE CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Cadmium	2004	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I001_050	LODGE POLE CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Mercury	2004	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	Aluminum	2008	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	Arsenic	2008	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	Cadmium	2008	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	Copper	2008	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	Cyanide	2008	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	Iron	2008	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	Lead	2008	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	Nickel	2008	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	pH	2008	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	Selenium	2008	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	Thallium	2008	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050009	MT40I002_010	SWIFT GULCH CREEK, Headwaters to mouth (South Big Horn Creek), T25N R24E S10	Zinc	2008	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050014	MT40M001_011	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Cadmium	2006	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050014	MT40M001_011	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Iron	2006	In Progress	H
Landusky	Milk	10050014	MT40M001_011	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Lead	2006	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_010	LITTLE BLACKFOOT RIVER, Dog Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Copper	2000	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_010	LITTLE BLACKFOOT RIVER, Dog Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Lead	2000	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_010	LITTLE BLACKFOOT RIVER, Dog Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_010	LITTLE BLACKFOOT RIVER, Dog Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_020	LITTLE BLACKFOOT RIVER, the headwaters to Dog Creek	Arsenic	1990	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_020	LITTLE BLACKFOOT RIVER, the headwaters to Dog Creek	Cyanide	1990	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_020	LITTLE BLACKFOOT RIVER, the headwaters to Dog Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_032	SPOTTED DOG CREEK, forest boundary to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_032	SPOTTED DOG CREEK, forest boundary to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_051	TELEGRAPH CREEK, headwaters to Hahn Creek	Arsenic	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_051	TELEGRAPH CREEK, headwaters to Hahn Creek	Beryllium	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_051	TELEGRAPH CREEK, headwaters to Hahn Creek	Cadmium	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_051	TELEGRAPH CREEK, headwaters to Hahn Creek	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_051	TELEGRAPH CREEK, headwaters to Hahn Creek	Iron	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_051	TELEGRAPH CREEK, headwaters to Hahn Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_051	TELEGRAPH CREEK, headwaters to Hahn Creek	Zinc	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_052	TELEGRAPH CREEK, Hahn Creek to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_052	TELEGRAPH CREEK, Hahn Creek to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_060	MONARCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek)	Arsenic	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_060	MONARCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek)	Copper	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_060	MONARCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek)	Lead	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_060	MONARCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek)	Mercury	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_060	MONARCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek)	pH	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_060	MONARCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek)	Selenium	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_071	DOG CREEK, headwaters to Meadow Creek	Arsenic	2000	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_071	DOG CREEK, headwaters to Meadow Creek	Lead	2000	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_071	DOG CREEK, headwaters to Meadow Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_071	DOG CREEK, headwaters to Meadow Creek	Zinc	2000	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_072	DOG CREEK, Meadow Creek to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2000	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_072	DOG CREEK, Meadow Creek to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_080	SNOWSHOE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G004_080	SNOWSHOE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G006_010	UN-NAMED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek), T8N R6W S27	Arsenic	2000	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G006_010	UN-NAMED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek), T8N R6W S27	Cadmium	2000	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G006_010	UN-NAMED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek), T8N R6W S27	Copper	2000	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G006_010	UN-NAMED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek), T8N R6W S27	Lead	2000	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G006_010	UN-NAMED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek), T8N R6W S27	Mercury	2000	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G006_010	UN-NAMED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek), T8N R6W S27	pH	2000	In Progress	H
Little Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G006_010	UN-NAMED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ontario Creek), T8N R6W S27	Zinc	2000	In Progress	H
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_010	THOMPSON CREEK, Wyoming border to mouth (Little Missouri River)	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_010	THOMPSON CREEK, Wyoming border to mouth (Little Missouri River)	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_010	THOMPSON CREEK, Wyoming border to mouth (Little Missouri River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_010	THOMPSON CREEK, Wyoming border to mouth (Little Missouri River)	Zinc	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_021	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Highway 323 bridge to South Dakota border	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_021	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Highway 323 bridge to South Dakota border	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_021	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Highway 323 bridge to South Dakota border	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_021	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Highway 323 bridge to South Dakota border	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_021	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Highway 323 bridge to South Dakota border	Zinc	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_022	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Wyoming border to the Highway 323 bridge	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_022	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Wyoming border to the Highway 323 bridge	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_022	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Wyoming border to the Highway 323 bridge	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_022	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Wyoming border to the Highway 323 bridge	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_022	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Wyoming border to the Highway 323 bridge	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_022	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Wyoming border to the Highway 323 bridge	Zinc	2006	Unassigned	L
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110204	MT39G002_010	LAMESTEER NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE, T12N R60E S15	Other	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D001_010	BIG HOLE RIVER, Divide Creek to mouth (Jefferson River)	Cadmium	2000	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D001_010	BIG HOLE RIVER, Divide Creek to mouth (Jefferson River)	Copper	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D001_010	BIG HOLE RIVER, Divide Creek to mouth (Jefferson River)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D001_010	BIG HOLE RIVER, Divide Creek to mouth (Jefferson River)	Zinc	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_020	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Arsenic	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_070	SASSMAN GULCH, headwaters to the end of the stream reach in T4S R9W S9	Arsenic	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_120	WICKIUP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camp Creek), T2S R8W S1	Bottom Deposits	1994	Unassigned	L
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_120	WICKIUP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camp Creek), T2S R8W S1	Lead	1994	Unassigned	L
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_120	WICKIUP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camp Creek), T2S R8W S1	Mercury	1994	Unassigned	L
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_120	WICKIUP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camp Creek), T2S R8W S1	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_033	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Belmont Creek to mouth (Clark Fork)	Ammonia (Un-ionized)	2000	In Progress	H
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_010	UNION CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Arsenic	2000	In Progress	H
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_010	UNION CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Copper	2000	In Progress	H
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_010	UNION CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	In Progress	H
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_020	WEST FORK ASHBY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Fork Ashby Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_031	ELK CREEK, headwaters to Stinkwater Creek	Cadmium	2000	In Progress	H
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_031	ELK CREEK, headwaters to Stinkwater Creek	Nitrogen, Nitrate	2000	In Progress	H
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_050	EAST FORK ASHBY CREEK	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_050	EAST FORK ASHBY CREEK	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_060	CAMAS CREEK, 1 mile above mouth to mouth (Union Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_090	WASHOE CREEK, Headwater to mouth (Union Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_090	WASHOE CREEK, Headwater to mouth (Union Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_090	WASHOE CREEK, Headwater to mouth (Union Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_120	WHITE PINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	Temperature, water	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L001_010	FLATHEAD RIVER, Flathead Reservation boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2010	Scheduled	M
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L001_010	FLATHEAD RIVER, Flathead Reservation boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	Scheduled	M

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L001_010	FLATHEAD RIVER, Flathead Reservation boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2010	Scheduled	M
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L001_010	FLATHEAD RIVER, Flathead Reservation boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Scheduled	M
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L001_010	FLATHEAD RIVER, Flathead Reservation boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Temperature, water	1990	Scheduled	M
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L002_060	LITTLE BITTERROOT RIVER, Hubbart Reservoir to Flathead Reservation Boundary	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L002_060	LITTLE BITTERROOT RIVER, Hubbart Reservoir to Flathead Reservation Boundary	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L002_060	LITTLE BITTERROOT RIVER, Hubbart Reservoir to Flathead Reservation Boundary	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L002_060	LITTLE BITTERROOT RIVER, Hubbart Reservoir to Flathead Reservation Boundary	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L002_070	SULLIVAN CREEK, headwaters to Flathead Indian Reservation	Aluminum	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L002_070	SULLIVAN CREEK, headwaters to Flathead Indian Reservation	Cadmium	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L002_070	SULLIVAN CREEK, headwaters to Flathead Indian Reservation	Escherichia coli	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L002_070	SULLIVAN CREEK, headwaters to Flathead Indian Reservation	pH	2010	In Progress	H
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L002_070	SULLIVAN CREEK, headwaters to Flathead Indian Reservation	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L002_070	SULLIVAN CREEK, headwaters to Flathead Indian Reservation	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L002_070	SULLIVAN CREEK, headwaters to Flathead Indian Reservation	Zinc	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H002_010	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Gallatin River)	Escherichia coli	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H002_010	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Gallatin River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H002_010	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Gallatin River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H002_020	GODFREY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Moreland Ditch), T1S R3E S12	Escherichia coli	1996	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H002_020	GODFREY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Moreland Ditch), T1S R3E S12	Nitrogen (Total)	1996	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H002_020	GODFREY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Moreland Ditch), T1S R3E S12	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H002_020	GODFREY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Moreland Ditch), T1S R3E S12	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_010	EAST GALLATIN RIVER, confluence of Rocky and Bear Creeks to Bridger Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_010	EAST GALLATIN RIVER, confluence of Rocky and Bear Creeks to Bridger Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_020	EAST GALLATIN RIVER, Bridger Creek to Smith Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_020	EAST GALLATIN RIVER, Bridger Creek to Smith Creek	pH	1990	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_020	EAST GALLATIN RIVER, Bridger Creek to Smith Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_030	EAST GALLATIN RIVER, Smith Creek to mouth (Gallatin River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_030	EAST GALLATIN RIVER, Smith Creek to mouth (Gallatin River)	pH	1990	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_040	SOURDOUGH CREEK, confluence of Limestone Creek and Bozeman Creek to the mouth (East Gallatin River), T2S R6E S6	Escherichia coli	1990	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_040	SOURDOUGH CREEK, confluence of Limestone Creek and Bozeman Creek to the mouth (East Gallatin River), T2S R6E S6	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_040	SOURDOUGH CREEK, confluence of Limestone Creek and Bozeman Creek to the mouth (East Gallatin River), T2S R6E S6	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_040	SOURDOUGH CREEK, confluence of Limestone Creek and Bozeman Creek to the mouth (East Gallatin River), T2S R6E S6	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_050	JACKSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rocky Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_050	JACKSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rocky Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_060	SMITH CREEK, confluence of Ross and Reese Creeks to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Escherichia coli	2000	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_060	SMITH CREEK, confluence of Ross and Reese Creeks to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Nitrates	2000	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_060	SMITH CREEK, confluence of Ross and Reese Creeks to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_070	REESE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith Creek)	Escherichia coli	1988	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_070	REESE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith Creek)	Nitrates	2000	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_070	REESE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith Creek)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1990	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_080	ROCKY CREEK, confluence of Jackson and Timberline Creeks to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_081	BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rocky Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_081	BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rocky Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_081	BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rocky Creek)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_090	THOMPSON CREEK (Thompson Spring), headwaters to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_090	THOMPSON CREEK (Thompson Spring), headwaters to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_100	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_100	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	In Progress	H

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Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_100	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_110	BRIDGER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_110	BRIDGER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_120	STONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bridger Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_129	HYALITE CREEK, headwaters to the top of Hyalite Reservoir, T4S R6E S23	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_129	HYALITE CREEK, headwaters to the top of Hyalite Reservoir, T4S R6E S23	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_130	HYALITE CREEK, Hyalite Reservoir to the Bozeman water supply diversion ditch, T3S R5E S23	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_130	HYALITE CREEK, Hyalite Reservoir to the Bozeman water supply diversion ditch, T3S R5E S23	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G001_012	JEFFERSON RIVER, confluence of Jefferson Slough to mouth (Missouri River)	Copper	1990	In Progress	H
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G001_012	JEFFERSON RIVER, confluence of Jefferson Slough to mouth (Missouri River)	Lead	1990	In Progress	H
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G001_012	JEFFERSON RIVER, confluence of Jefferson Slough to mouth (Missouri River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G001_012	JEFFERSON RIVER, confluence of Jefferson Slough to mouth (Missouri River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G001_012	JEFFERSON RIVER, confluence of Jefferson Slough to mouth (Missouri River)	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_050	NORTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek)	Lead	1992	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_050	NORTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek)	Mercury	1992	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_060	SOUTH BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson River)	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_060	SOUTH BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson River)	Copper	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_060	SOUTH BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson River)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_060	SOUTH BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson River)	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_060	SOUTH BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_080	WILLOW CREEK, North and South Fork confluence to mouth (Jefferson River)	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_080	WILLOW CREEK, North and South Fork confluence to mouth (Jefferson River)	Zinc	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_090	NORWEGIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek Reservoir)	Arsenic	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_090	NORWEGIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek Reservoir)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L

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Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_090	NORWEGIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek Reservoir)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_090	NORWEGIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_090	NORWEGIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek Reservoir)	Temperature, water	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_130	SOUTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_130	SOUTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek)	Zinc	1992	Unassigned	L
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_150	CHARCOAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Pony Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	Unassigned	L
Lower Milk	Milk	10050012	MT40O001_010	MILK RIVER, Beaver Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Escherichia coli	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Milk	Milk	10050012	MT40O001_010	MILK RIVER, Beaver Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Milk	Milk	10050012	MT40O001_010	MILK RIVER, Beaver Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Milk	Milk	10050012	MT40O002_020	BUGGY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Milk River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Milk	Milk	10050012	MT40O002_031	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to Halfpint Reservoir, T25N R35E S26	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Lower Milk	Milk	10050012	MT40O002_033	WILLOW CREEK, Halfpint Reservoir to mouth (Milk River), T28N R40E S29	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Lower Milk	Milk	10050012	MT40O002_040	BEAVER CREEK, confluence of Little Beaver Creek and South Fork Beaver Creek to mouth (Willow Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Milk	Milk	10050012	MT40O002_040	BEAVER CREEK, confluence of Little Beaver Creek and South Fork Beaver Creek to mouth (Willow Creek)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Milk	Milk	10050016	MT40O003_010	PORCUPINE CREEK, confluence of West and Middle Forks to mouth (Milk River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1996	Unassigned	L
Lower Milk	Milk	10050016	MT40O003_010	PORCUPINE CREEK, confluence of West and Middle Forks to mouth (Milk River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	Unassigned	L
Lower Milk	Milk	10050016	MT40O003_010	PORCUPINE CREEK, confluence of West and Middle Forks to mouth (Milk River)	Salinity	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, Fort Peck Dam to Milk River	Temperature, water	2002	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S001_012	MISSOURI RIVER, Milk River to Poplar River	Temperature, water	2002	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q001_011	POPLAR RIVER, T35N R48E S17 to Fort Peck Reservation, T33N R48E S12	Escherichia coli	1990	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q001_011	POPLAR RIVER, T35N R48E S17 to Fort Peck Reservation, T33N R48E S12	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q001_011	POPLAR RIVER, T35N R48E S17 to Fort Peck Reservation, T33N R48E S12	Temperature, water	1990	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q001_012	MIDDLE FORK POPLAR RIVER, T37N R45E S6 to the mouth (Poplar River), T36N R48E S33	Escherichia coli	1990	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q001_012	MIDDLE FORK POPLAR RIVER, T37N R45E S6 to the mouth (Poplar River), T36N R48E S33	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q001_012	MIDDLE FORK POPLAR RIVER, T37N R45E S6 to the mouth (Poplar River), T36N R48E S33	Temperature, water	1990	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q002_010	BUTTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Poplar River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q002_010	BUTTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Poplar River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q002_010	BUTTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Poplar River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q002_010	BUTTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Poplar River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q002_010	BUTTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Poplar River)	Sodium	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q002_010	BUTTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Poplar River)	Specific Conductance	1990	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q002_020	EAST FORK POPLAR RIVER, Canada border to mouth (Poplar River)	Iron	1990	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060005	MT40S003_010	MISSOURI RIVER, Poplar River to North Dakota border	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060005	MT40S004_010	CHARLIE CREEK, East and Middle Charlie Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060005	MT40S004_010	CHARLIE CREEK, East and Middle Charlie Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060005	MT40S004_010	CHARLIE CREEK, East and Middle Charlie Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Specific Conductance	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060005	MT40S004_020	HARDSCRABBLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060005	MT40S004_020	HARDSCRABBLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Specific Conductance	1992	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060005	MT40S004_020	HARDSCRABBLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Total Dissolved Solids	1992	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R001_010	BIG MUDDY CREEK, north corner of Fort Peck Reservation boundary to mouth (Missouri River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R001_010	BIG MUDDY CREEK, north corner of Fort Peck Reservation boundary to mouth (Missouri River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R001_010	BIG MUDDY CREEK, north corner of Fort Peck Reservation boundary to mouth (Missouri River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R001_020	BIG MUDDY CREEK, Canadian border to northern boundary of Fort Peck Reservation	Copper	2002	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R001_020	BIG MUDDY CREEK, Canadian border to northern boundary of Fort Peck Reservation	Lead	2002	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R001_020	BIG MUDDY CREEK, Canadian border to northern boundary of Fort Peck Reservation	Mercury	2002	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R001_020	BIG MUDDY CREEK, Canadian border to northern boundary of Fort Peck Reservation	Nitrogen (Total)	1996	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R001_020	BIG MUDDY CREEK, Canadian border to northern boundary of Fort Peck Reservation	Organic Enrichment (Sewage) Biological Indicators	2000	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R001_020	BIG MUDDY CREEK, Canadian border to northern boundary of Fort Peck Reservation	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R001_020	BIG MUDDY CREEK, Canadian border to northern boundary of Fort Peck Reservation	Zinc	2002	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R003_010	MEDICINE LAKE	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R003_010	MEDICINE LAKE	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R003_010	MEDICINE LAKE	Mercury	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_020	FOURMILE CREEK, headwaters to North Dakota border	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_020	FOURMILE CREEK, headwaters to North Dakota border	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_020	FOURMILE CREEK, headwaters to North Dakota border	Total Dissolved Solids	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_030	FIRST HAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_030	FIRST HAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_030	FIRST HAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_030	FIRST HAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_030	FIRST HAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_030	FIRST HAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_030	FIRST HAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_030	FIRST HAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Total Dissolved Solids	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_040	LONE TREE CREEK, confluence of North Fork to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_040	LONE TREE CREEK, confluence of North Fork to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_040	LONE TREE CREEK, confluence of North Fork to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_051	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River), T22N R59E S19	Arsenic	1994	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_051	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River), T22N R59E S19	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_051	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River), T22N R59E S19	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_051	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River), T22N R59E S19	Mercury	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_051	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River), T22N R59E S19	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_051	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River), T22N R59E S19	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_051	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River), T22N R59E S19	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_051	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River), T22N R59E S19	Sulfates	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_051	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River), T22N R59E S19	Total Dissolved Solids	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_052	NORTH FORK FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fox Creek), T22N R58E S21	Arsenic	1994	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_052	NORTH FORK FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fox Creek), T22N R58E S21	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_052	NORTH FORK FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fox Creek), T22N R58E S21	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_052	NORTH FORK FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fox Creek), T22N R58E S21	Mercury	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_052	NORTH FORK FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fox Creek), T22N R58E S21	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_052	NORTH FORK FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fox Creek), T22N R58E S21	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_052	NORTH FORK FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fox Creek), T22N R58E S21	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_052	NORTH FORK FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fox Creek), T22N R58E S21	Sulfates	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_052	NORTH FORK FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fox Creek), T22N R58E S21	Total Dissolved Solids	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_060	O'BRIEN CREEK, state line to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_060	O'BRIEN CREEK, state line to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Selenium	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_070	CRANE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_100	COTTONWOOD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_100	COTTONWOOD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_110	BURNS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_110	BURNS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_110	BURNS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_110	BURNS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1992	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_130	GLENDIVE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_130	GLENDIVE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Chromium (total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_130	GLENDIVE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_130	GLENDIVE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_130	GLENDIVE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_130	GLENDIVE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nickel	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_130	GLENDIVE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Selenium	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_130	GLENDIVE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1990	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_130	GLENDIVE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Zinc	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_141	CEDAR CREEK, 26 miles upstream to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_141	CEDAR CREEK, 26 miles upstream to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Copper	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_141	CEDAR CREEK, 26 miles upstream to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Iron	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_141	CEDAR CREEK, 26 miles upstream to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_142	CEDAR CREEK, 26 to 45 miles above the mouth	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_142	CEDAR CREEK, 26 to 45 miles above the mouth	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_142	CEDAR CREEK, 26 to 45 miles above the mouth	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_142	CEDAR CREEK, 26 to 45 miles above the mouth	Selenium	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_150	CABIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_150	CABIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Oxygen, Dissolved	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_150	CABIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_180	SEARS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_180	SEARS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_180	SEARS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_180	SEARS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	2006	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F001_010	MADISON RIVER, Ennis Dam to mouth (Missouri River)	Copper	1990	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F001_010	MADISON RIVER, Ennis Dam to mouth (Missouri River)	Lead	1990	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F001_010	MADISON RIVER, Ennis Dam to mouth (Missouri River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F001_010	MADISON RIVER, Ennis Dam to mouth (Missouri River)	Temperature, water	1990	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F002_020	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Nitrates	2000	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F002_020	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F002_020	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F002_020	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F002_020	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Turbidity	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F002_030	HOT SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_010	BLAINE SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_010	BLAINE SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_010	BLAINE SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_020	O'DELL SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_050	JACK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_060	NORTH MEADOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Enis Lake)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_060	NORTH MEADOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Enis Lake)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_070	SOUTH MEADOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Enis Lake)	Lead	1994	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_100	WEST FORK MADISON RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_100	WEST FORK MADISON RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Cadmium	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_100	WEST FORK MADISON RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_100	WEST FORK MADISON RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_110	ELK RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Madison River)	Bottom Deposits	1992	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_130	MOORE CREEK, springs to mouth (Fletcher Channel), T5S R1W S15	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_130	MOORE CREEK, springs to mouth (Fletcher Channel), T5S R1W S15	Escherichia coli	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_140	ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cliff Lake)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_150	BUFORD CREEK, headwaters to confluence with West Fork Madison River	Arsenic	2006	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_150	BUFORD CREEK, headwaters to confluence with West Fork Madison River	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F005_030	ENNIS LAKE, to the Ennis Lake Dam, T4S R1E S20	Chromium (total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F006_010	SOUTH FORK MADISON RIVER, headwaters to Hebgen Lake	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L

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Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F006_020	RED CANYON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Hebgen Lake)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Marias - Willow	Marias	10030203	MT41P002_030	PONDERA COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Marias River)	Salinity	1988	Unassigned	L
Marias - Willow	Marias	10030203	MT41P002_050	CORRAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Marias - Willow	Marias	10030204	MT41P004_020	EAGLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tiber Reservoir)	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Marias - Willow	Marias	10030204	MT41P004_020	EAGLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tiber Reservoir)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Marias - Willow	Marias	10030204	MT41P005_010	OILMONT WETLAND, T35N R1W S31	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_150	CHARCOAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_150	CHARCOAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_150	CHARCOAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_020	JERRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_070	CALIFORNIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (French Creek-Deep Creek)	Iron	1992	Unassigned	L
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_080	OREGON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (California Creek-French Creek-Deep Creek)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_120	TWELVEMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_160	FISHTRAP CREEK, confluence of West & Middle Forks to mouth (Big Hole River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_170	PINTLAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_230	GOLD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Wise River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_230	SAWLOG CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_031	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Nevada Creek to Monture Creek	Temperature, water	2000	In Progress	H
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_032	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Monture Creek to Belmont Creek	Temperature, water	2000	In Progress	H
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_110	KLEINSCHMIDT CREEK, 1.5 miles upstream to mouth (North Fork Blackfoot River)	Arsenic	2000	In Progress	H
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_110	KLEINSCHMIDT CREEK, 1.5 miles upstream to mouth (North Fork Blackfoot River)	Copper	2000	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_020	CEDAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_020	CEDAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_050	TROUT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Turbidity	2002	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_090	PETTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_090	PETTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Temperature, water	2000	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_100	WEST FORK PETTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Petty Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_100	WEST FORK PETTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Petty Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_100	WEST FORK PETTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Petty Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_100	WEST FORK PETTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Petty Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_130	GRANT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_130	GRANT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_130	GRANT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Temperature, water	1990	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_160	NEMOTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (confluence Clark Fork River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_160	NEMOTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (confluence Clark Fork River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_160	NEMOTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (confluence Clark Fork River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_160	NEMOTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (confluence Clark Fork River)	Temperature, water	1992	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_170	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_170	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_180	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork)	Antimony	2002	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_180	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork)	Arsenic	2002	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_180	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork)	Cadmium	2002	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_180	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork)	Copper	2002	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_180	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork)	Lead	2002	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_180	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork)	Mercury	2002	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_180	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_010	LYNCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_010	LYNCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_010	LYNCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_010	LYNCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Temperature, water	2006	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_160	SWAMP CREEK, West Fork Swamp Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River), T20N R27W S3	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_160	SWAMP CREEK, West Fork Swamp Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River), T20N R27W S3	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_160	SWAMP CREEK, West Fork Swamp Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River), T20N R27W S3	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_160	SWAMP CREEK, West Fork Swamp Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River), T20N R27W S3	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_170	HENRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River), T19N R26W S1	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_170	HENRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River), T19N R26W S1	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_170	HENRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River), T19N R26W S1	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J001_011	MILK RIVER, Fresno Dam to Thirtymile Creek	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J001_012	MILK RIVER, Thirtymile Creek to Dobson Creek	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J001_013	MILK RIVER, Dobson Creek to Whitewater Creek	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J001_020	MILK RIVER, Whitewater Creek to Beaver Creek	Iron	2000	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J001_020	MILK RIVER, Whitewater Creek to Beaver Creek	Nitrates	1990	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_010	BEAVER CREEK, Beaver Creek Reservoir to mouth (Milk River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_010	BEAVER CREEK, Beaver Creek Reservoir to mouth (Milk River)	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_010	BEAVER CREEK, Beaver Creek Reservoir to mouth (Milk River)	Mercury	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_010	BEAVER CREEK, Beaver Creek Reservoir to mouth (Milk River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_010	BEAVER CREEK, Beaver Creek Reservoir to mouth (Milk River)	Temperature, water	1988	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_020	BULLHOOK CREEK, headwaters to the Bullhook Dam, T32N R16E S16	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1988	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_020	BULLHOOK CREEK, headwaters to the Bullhook Dam, T32N R16E S16	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_020	BULLHOOK CREEK, headwaters to the Bullhook Dam, T32N R16E S16	Temperature, water	1988	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_030	LITTLE BOXELDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Milk River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1988	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_030	LITTLE BOXELDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Milk River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_030	LITTLE BOXELDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Milk River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_030	LITTLE BOXELDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Milk River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_030	LITTLE BOXELDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Milk River)	Temperature, water	1988	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050007	MT40J003_010	LODGE CREEK, Canadian border to mouth (Milk River)	Mercury	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050007	MT40J003_010	LODGE CREEK, Canadian border to mouth (Milk River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1992	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050007	MT40J003_010	LODGE CREEK, Canadian border to mouth (Milk River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1992	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050007	MT40J003_010	LODGE CREEK, Canadian border to mouth (Milk River)	Oxygen, Dissolved	1992	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050007	MT40J003_010	LODGE CREEK, Canadian border to mouth (Milk River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1992	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050008	MT40J004_010	BATTLE CREEK, Canadian border to mouth (Milk River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050009	MT40I001_020	PEOPLES CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Mercury	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050009	MT40I001_020	PEOPLES CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050009	MT40I001_020	PEOPLES CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050009	MT40I001_020	PEOPLES CREEK, headwaters to Fort Belknap Reservation boundary	Temperature, water	1988	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050010	MT40J005_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, Black Coulee to mouth (Milk River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050010	MT40J005_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, Black Coulee to mouth (Milk River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050011	MT40K001_010	WHITEWATER CREEK, Canadian border to mouth (Milk River)	Mercury	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_020	HARRIS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_020	HARRIS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1992	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_030	SUNDAY CREEK, the North and South Forks to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_030	SUNDAY CREEK, the North and South Forks to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_030	SUNDAY CREEK, the North and South Forks to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_030	SUNDAY CREEK, the North and South Forks to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1990	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_030	SUNDAY CREEK, the North and South Forks to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_030	SUNDAY CREEK, the North and South Forks to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_030	SUNDAY CREEK, the North and South Forks to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	1990	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_040	MUSTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1992	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_040	MUSTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1992	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_040	MUSTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1992	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_060	DEADMAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Sunday Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_060	DEADMAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Sunday Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_070	STELLAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Porcupine Creek)	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_070	STELLAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Porcupine Creek)	pH	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_070	STELLAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Porcupine Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_080	NORTH FORK SUNDAY CREEK, Custer/Rosebud County border to mouth (Sunday Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_080	NORTH FORK SUNDAY CREEK, Custer/Rosebud County border to mouth (Sunday Creek)	Sodium	1994	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_080	NORTH FORK SUNDAY CREEK, Custer/Rosebud County border to mouth (Sunday Creek)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1994	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_080	NORTH FORK SUNDAY CREEK, Custer/Rosebud County border to mouth (Sunday Creek)	Specific Conductance	1994	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_080	NORTH FORK SUNDAY CREEK, Custer/Rosebud County border to mouth (Sunday Creek)	Total Dissolved Solids	1994	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_090	SARPY CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation Boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_090	SARPY CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation Boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_090	SARPY CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation Boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_090	SARPY CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation Boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	2006	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_110	EAST FORK ARMELLS CREEK, Colstrip to mouth (Armells Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1994	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_110	EAST FORK ARMELLS CREEK, Colstrip to mouth (Armells Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	1994	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_110	EAST FORK ARMELLS CREEK, Colstrip to mouth (Armells Creek)	Specific Conductance	1990	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_110	EAST FORK ARMELLS CREEK, Colstrip to mouth (Armells Creek)	Total Dissolved Solids	1990	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_160	LITTLE PORCUPINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1990	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_160	LITTLE PORCUPINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_160	LITTLE PORCUPINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Middle Yellowstone Tributaries	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_160	LITTLE PORCUPINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Total Dissolved Solids	1990	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_030	NUMBER FIVE COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	Lead	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_040	SAND COULEE CREEK, confluence with Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Missouri River)	Lead	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_040	SAND COULEE CREEK, confluence with Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Missouri River)	Salinity	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_040	SAND COULEE CREEK, confluence with Cottonwood Creek to the mouth (Missouri River)	Zinc	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri Choteau	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_050	BOX ELDER CREEK, Spring Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Missouri Choteau	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_050	BOX ELDER CREEK, Spring Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Middle Missouri	10040101	MT41T001_010	MISSOURI RIVER, the Marias River to Bullwhacker Creek	Copper	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Middle Missouri	10040101	MT41T001_010	MISSOURI RIVER, the Marias River to Bullwhacker Creek	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E001_010	MISSOURI RIVER, Bullwhacker Creek to Fort Peck Reservoir	Arsenic	1990	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E001_010	MISSOURI RIVER, Bullwhacker Creek to Fort Peck Reservoir	Copper	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E004_010	FORT PECK RESERVOIR	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E004_010	FORT PECK RESERVOIR	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, headwaters to Toston Dam	Arsenic	2006	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, headwaters to Toston Dam	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, headwaters to Toston Dam	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I001_012	MISSOURI RIVER, Toston Dam to Canyon Ferry Reservoir	Cadmium	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I001_012	MISSOURI RIVER, Toston Dam to Canyon Ferry Reservoir	Copper	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I001_012	MISSOURI RIVER, Toston Dam to Canyon Ferry Reservoir	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I001_012	MISSOURI RIVER, Toston Dam to Canyon Ferry Reservoir	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I003_010	CANYON FERRY RESERVOIR	Ammonia (Un-ionized)	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I003_010	CANYON FERRY RESERVOIR	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I003_010	CANYON FERRY RESERVOIR	Thallium	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I004_030	MISSOURI RIVER, Holter Dam to Little Prickly Pear Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I004_030	MISSOURI RIVER, Holter Dam to Little Prickly Pear Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I004_030	MISSOURI RIVER, Holter Dam to Little Prickly Pear Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I007_020	HOLTER LAKE Hauser Dam to Holter Lake Spillway	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I007_040	HAUSER LAKE	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I007_040	HAUSER LAKE	DDT	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I007_040	HAUSER LAKE	Endosulfan sulfate	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I007_040	HAUSER LAKE	Endrin aldehyde	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I007_040	HAUSER LAKE	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I007_040	HAUSER LAKE	Nitrogen, Nitrate	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I007_040	HAUSER LAKE	Oxygen, Dissolved	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I007_040	HAUSER LAKE	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, Sun River to Rainbow Dam	Chromium (total)	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, Sun River to Rainbow Dam	Mercury	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, Sun River to Rainbow Dam	Polychlorinated biphenyls	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, Sun River to Rainbow Dam	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, Sun River to Rainbow Dam	Selenium	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, Sun River to Rainbow Dam	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_011	MISSOURI RIVER, Sun River to Rainbow Dam	Turbidity	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_013	MISSOURI RIVER, Rainbow Dam to Morony Dam	Arsenic	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_013	MISSOURI RIVER, Rainbow Dam to Morony Dam	Copper	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_013	MISSOURI RIVER, Rainbow Dam to Morony Dam	Polychlorinated biphenyls	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_013	MISSOURI RIVER, Rainbow Dam to Morony Dam	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_013	MISSOURI RIVER, Rainbow Dam to Morony Dam	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_013	MISSOURI RIVER, Rainbow Dam to Morony Dam	Turbidity	2000	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_014	MISSOURI RIVER, Morony Dam to Marias River	Aluminum	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_014	MISSOURI RIVER, Morony Dam to Marias River	Arsenic	1992	Unassigned	L

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Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_014	MISSOURI RIVER, Morony Dam to Marias River	Cadmium	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_014	MISSOURI RIVER, Morony Dam to Marias River	Copper	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_014	MISSOURI RIVER, Morony Dam to Marias River	Iron	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_014	MISSOURI RIVER, Morony Dam to Marias River	Lead	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_014	MISSOURI RIVER, Morony Dam to Marias River	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_014	MISSOURI RIVER, Morony Dam to Marias River	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_014	MISSOURI RIVER, Morony Dam to Marias River	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_014	MISSOURI RIVER, Morony Dam to Marias River	Zinc	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_021	MISSOURI RIVER, Little Prickly Pear Creek to Sheep Creek	Arsenic	1992	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_021	MISSOURI RIVER, Little Prickly Pear Creek to Sheep Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_021	MISSOURI RIVER, Little Prickly Pear Creek to Sheep Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q001_022	MISSOURI RIVER, Sheep Creek to Sun River	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_011	NEVADA CREEK, headwaters to Nevada Lake	Cadmium	2000	In Progress	H
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_011	NEVADA CREEK, headwaters to Nevada Lake	Mercury	2000	In Progress	H
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_081	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to Murray Creek	Arsenic	2006	In Progress	H
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_082	DOUGLAS CREEK, Murray Creek to mouth (Nevada-Cottonwood Creeks)	Arsenic	2006	In Progress	H
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_120	MURRAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Douglas Creek), T12N R12W S6	Arsenic	2006	In Progress	H
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F007_020	NEVADA LAKE, reservoir of Nevada Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H
Ninemile	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M004_020	STONY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_020	MUSSIGBROD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_030	JOHNSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_040	SCHULTZ CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Johnson Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_060	TIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_090	JOSEPH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Trail Creek)	Copper	2002	Unassigned	L
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_090	JOSEPH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Trail Creek)	Lead	2002	Unassigned	L

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O' Fallon	Lower Yellowstone	10100005	MT42L001_010	PENNEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (O'Fallon Creek)	Total Dissolved Solids	1988	Unassigned	L
O' Fallon	Lower Yellowstone	10100005	MT42L001_020	SANDSTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (O'Fallon Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
O' Fallon	Lower Yellowstone	10100005	MT42L001_020	SANDSTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (O'Fallon Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Paradise	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_021	BEAR CREEK, 1/2 mile below Jardine Mine to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Temperature, water	2002	Unassigned	L
Paradise	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_051	BILLMAN CREEK, 1.3 miles upstream to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Paradise	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_051	BILLMAN CREEK, 1.3 miles upstream to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Paradise	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_052	BILLMAN CREEK, headwaters to 1.3 miles above mouth (Yellowstone River)	Combined Biota/Habitat Bioassessments	2006	Unassigned	L
Paradise	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_052	BILLMAN CREEK, headwaters to 1.3 miles above mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Paradise	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_052	BILLMAN CREEK, headwaters to 1.3 miles above mouth (Yellowstone River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Paradise	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_061	TOM MINER CREEK, Tepee Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Temperature, water	2002	Unassigned	L
Paradise	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_102	SIX MILE CREEK, Absaroka-Beartooth Wilderness boundary to National Forest boundary	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	Unassigned	L
Powder	Lower Yellowstone	10090207	MT42J001_010	POWDER RIVER, Wyoming border to Little Powder River	Salinity	2008	Scheduled	M
Powder	Lower Yellowstone	10090208	MT42I001_010	LITTLE POWDER RIVER, the border to mouth (Powder River)	Salinity	1996	Scheduled	M
Powder	Lower Yellowstone	10090209	MT42J003_011	POWDER RIVER, Little Powder River to Mizpah Creek	Salinity	1996	Scheduled	M
Powder	Lower Yellowstone	10090209	MT42J003_012	POWDER RIVER, Mizpah Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Salinity	1996	Scheduled	M
Powder	Lower Yellowstone	10090209	MT42J004_010	STUMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Powder River)	Salinity	2008	Scheduled	M
Powder	Lower Yellowstone	10090210	MT42J005_011	MIZPAH CREEK, headwaters to Corral Creek	Salinity	2008	Scheduled	M
Powder	Lower Yellowstone	10090210	MT42J005_012	MIZPAH CREEK, Corral Creek to the mouth (Powder River)	Salinity	2010	Scheduled	M
Prospect Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_022	COX GULCH headwaters to mouth (Prospect Creek)	Zinc	2004	In Progress	H
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A001_010	RED ROCK RIVER, Lima Dam to Clark Canyon Reservoir	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A001_010	RED ROCK RIVER, Lima Dam to Clark Canyon Reservoir	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A001_010	RED ROCK RIVER, Lima Dam to Clark Canyon Reservoir	Temperature, water	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A001_010	RED ROCK RIVER, Lima Dam to Clark Canyon Reservoir	Zinc	2000	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A001_020	RED ROCK RIVER, Lower Red Rock Lake to Lima Dam	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L

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Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A001_020	RED ROCK RIVER, Lower Red Rock Lake to Lima Dam	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A001_020	RED ROCK RIVER, Lower Red Rock Lake to Lima Dam	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A001_020	RED ROCK RIVER, Lower Red Rock Lake to Lima Dam	Temperature, water	1992	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_010	MEDICINE LODGE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Horse Prairie Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_010	MEDICINE LODGE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Horse Prairie Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_010	MEDICINE LODGE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Horse Prairie Creek)	Temperature, water	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_020	MUDDY CREEK, confluence of Sourdough and Wilson Creek to mouth (Big Sheep Creek), T14S R10W S10	Turbidity	2000	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_090	HORSE PRAIRIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Canyon Res)	Arsenic	2000	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_090	HORSE PRAIRIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Canyon Res)	Cadmium	2000	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_090	HORSE PRAIRIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Canyon Res)	Copper	2000	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_090	HORSE PRAIRIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Canyon Res)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_090	HORSE PRAIRIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Canyon Res)	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_090	HORSE PRAIRIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Canyon Res)	Zinc	2000	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_100	BLOODY DICK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Horse Prairie Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_100	BLOODY DICK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Horse Prairie Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_150	SHEEP CREEK, Muddy Creek to mouth (Red Rock River)	Nonnative Fish, Shellfish, or Zooplankton	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_150	SHEEP CREEK, Muddy Creek to mouth (Red Rock River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_010	PRICE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_030	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Metzel Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_040	CORRAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_040	CORRAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_050	EAST FORK CLOVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clover Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_050	EAST FORK CLOVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clover Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_070	LONG CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L

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Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_080	O'DELL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lower Red Rock Lake)	Turbidity	2000	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_090	PEET CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_090	PEET CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_090	PEET CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_100	TOM CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Upper Red Rock Lake)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_110	RED ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Upper Red Rock Lake)	Turbidity	2000	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_130	JONES CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Winslow Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_130	JONES CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Winslow Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_140	BEAN CREEK, headwaters to Mouth (Red Rock River), T14S R3E S7	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A005_020	LOWER RED ROCK LAKE	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	Unassigned	L
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A005_030	UPPER RED ROCK LAKE	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_030	SAND CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_020	EAST FORK ROCK CREEK, East Fork Reservoir to mouth (Middle Fork Rock Creek)	Nitrogen, Nitrate	2006	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_020	EAST FORK ROCK CREEK, East Fork Reservoir to mouth (Middle Fork Rock Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_020	EAST FORK ROCK CREEK, East Fork Reservoir to mouth (Middle Fork Rock Creek)	Temperature, water	1992	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_030	WEST FORK ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Mercury	2000	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_050	BREWSTER CREEK, East Fork to mouth (Rock Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_050	BREWSTER CREEK, East Fork to mouth (Rock Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_060	SOUTH FORK ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Antelope Creek), T6N R15W S22	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1994	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_060	SOUTH FORK ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Antelope Creek), T6N R15W S22	Phosphorus (Total)	1994	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_060	SOUTH FORK ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Antelope Creek), T6N R15W S22	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	In Progress	H

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Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_060	SOUTH FORK ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Antelope Creek), T6N R15W S22	Temperature, water	1994	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_070	QUARTZ GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Eureka Gulch)	Mercury	2006	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_070	QUARTZ GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Eureka Gulch)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_090	EUREKA GULCH, confluence of Quartz Gulch and Basin Gulch to mouth (Un-Named Ditch)	Arsenic	2006	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_090	EUREKA GULCH, confluence of Quartz Gulch and Basin Gulch to mouth (Un-Named Ditch)	Mercury	2006	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_090	EUREKA GULCH, confluence of Quartz Gulch and Basin Gulch to mouth (Un-Named Ditch)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_090	EUREKA GULCH, confluence of Quartz Gulch and Basin Gulch to mouth (Un-Named Ditch)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1992	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_100	SCOTCHMAN GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Upper Willow Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_100	SCOTCHMAN GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Upper Willow Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_110	SLUICE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Arsenic	1996	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_110	SLUICE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_110	SLUICE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_120	FLAT GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_120	FLAT GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_120	FLAT GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_160	MINERS GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Upper Willow Creek), T8N R15W S23	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	In Progress	H
Rosebud	Middle Yellowstone	10100003	MT42A001_012	ROSEBUD CREEK, Northern Cheyenne Reservation boundary to an irrigation dam 3.8 mi above the mouth	Other	2000	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C001_010	RUBY RIVER, Ruby Dam to mouth (Beaverhead River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C001_020	RUBY RIVER, confluence of East, West, and Middle Forks to Ruby Reservoir	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_010	WISCONSIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Arsenic	2002	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_010	WISCONSIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Copper	2002	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_010	WISCONSIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Lead	2002	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_010	WISCONSIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Mercury	2002	Unassigned	L

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Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_020	MILL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_020	MILL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_040	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Lead	2000	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_040	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Manganese	2000	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_040	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Mercury	2000	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_040	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_050	RAMSHORN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_060	CURRENT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ramshorn Creek), T4S R4W S35	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_060	CURRENT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ramshorn Creek), T4S R4W S35	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_060	CURRENT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ramshorn Creek), T4S R4W S35	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_060	CURRENT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ramshorn Creek), T4S R4W S35	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_090	CALIFORNIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T5S R4W S30	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_100	GARDEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby Reservoir)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_100	GARDEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby Reservoir)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_110	MORMON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Upper end of Ruby River Reservoir )	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_030	COTTONWOOD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_040	EAST FORK RUBY RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_040	EAST FORK RUBY RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_060	SWEETWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Temperature, water	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_090	MIDDLE FORK RUBY RIVER, Divide Creek to mouth (Ruby River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_090	MIDDLE FORK RUBY RIVER, Divide Creek to mouth (Ruby River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_110	POISON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T11S R3W S18	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_110	POISON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T11S R3W S18	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_110	POISON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T11S R3W S18	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_110	POISON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T11S R3W S18	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_120	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T11S R3W S20	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_120	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T11S R3W S20	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_130	BURNT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T10S R3W S21	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_130	BURNT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T10S R3W S21	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_140	HAWKEYE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Middle Fork Ruby River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Shields	Upper Yellowstone	10070003	MT43A002_020	ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Shields River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1992	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J001_010	SMITH RIVER, North and South Forks to Hound Creek	Escherichia coli	2000	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J001_010	SMITH RIVER, North and South Forks to Hound Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J001_020	SMITH RIVER, Hound Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J001_020	SMITH RIVER, Hound Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Temperature, water	1988	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_011	NORTH FORK SMITH RIVER, Lake Sutherlin to mouth (Smith River), T9N R6E S21	Escherichia coli	2000	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_011	NORTH FORK SMITH RIVER, Lake Sutherlin to mouth (Smith River), T9N R6E S21	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_011	NORTH FORK SMITH RIVER, Lake Sutherlin to mouth (Smith River), T9N R6E S21	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_020	HOUND CREEK, Spring Creek to mouth (Smith River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_030	SHEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Aluminum	2012	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_030	SHEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Escherichia coli	2000	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_030	SHEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Iron	2012	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_040	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_040	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_040	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_050	BENTON GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Escherichia coli	2000	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_060	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camas Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_060	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camas Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_060	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camas Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_060	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camas Creek)	Temperature, water	1988	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_070	THOMPSON GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_070	THOMPSON GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_081	NEWLAN CREEK, Newlan Reservoir to mouth (Smith River)	Escherichia coli	2000	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_081	NEWLAN CREEK, Newlan Reservoir to mouth (Smith River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_081	NEWLAN CREEK, Newlan Reservoir to mouth (Smith River)	Temperature, water	2006	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_082	NEWLAN CREEK, headwaters to Newlan Reservoir	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_082	NEWLAN CREEK, headwaters to Newlan Reservoir	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_082	NEWLAN CREEK, headwaters to Newlan Reservoir	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_082	NEWLAN CREEK, headwaters to Newlan Reservoir	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_082	NEWLAN CREEK, headwaters to Newlan Reservoir	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1990	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_100	LITTLE CAMAS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camas Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_100	LITTLE CAMAS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camas Creek)	Temperature, water	1990	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_110	CAMAS CREEK, junction of Big and Little Camas Creeks to mouth (Smith River)	Escherichia coli	2000	Unassigned	L
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_120	MOOSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sheep Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C001_020	STILLWATER RIVER, Forest Service Boundary to the mouth (Yellowstone River), T2S R20E S20	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C001_020	STILLWATER RIVER, Forest Service Boundary to the mouth (Yellowstone River), T2S R20E S20	Chromium (total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C001_020	STILLWATER RIVER, Forest Service Boundary to the mouth (Yellowstone River), T2S R20E S20	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C001_020	STILLWATER RIVER, Forest Service Boundary to the mouth (Yellowstone River), T2S R20E S20	Cyanide	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C001_020	STILLWATER RIVER, Forest Service Boundary to the mouth (Yellowstone River), T2S R20E S20	Mercury	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C001_020	STILLWATER RIVER, Forest Service Boundary to the mouth (Yellowstone River), T2S R20E S20	Nickel	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C001_020	STILLWATER RIVER, Forest Service Boundary to the mouth (Yellowstone River), T2S R20E S20	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_010	LOGGEPOLLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Castle Creek)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_030	CASTLE CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (Limestone Creek), T4S R15E S29	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_041	GROVE CREEK, confluence of South Fork Grove Creek, T4S R18E S13 to the mouth (Stillwater River), T3S R18E S34	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_041	GROVE CREEK, confluence of South Fork Grove Creek, T4S R18E S13 to the mouth (Stillwater River), T3S R18E S34	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_050	FISHTAIL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Rosebud Creek)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_050	FISHTAIL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Rosebud Creek)	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_070	JOE HILL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_081	BUTCHER CREEK, highway 78 to mouth (Rosebud Creek)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1996	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_082	BUTCHER CREEK, headwaters to highway 78	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_082	BUTCHER CREEK, headwaters to highway 78	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_082	BUTCHER CREEK, headwaters to highway 78	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1996	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_090	WEST ROSEBUD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Rosebud Creek)	Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments	2006	Unassigned	L
Stillwater - Columbus	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_100	ROSEBUD CREEK, East and West Branches to mouth (Stillwater River)	Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments	2006	Unassigned	L
Sun	Marias	10030205	MT41K004_030	FREEZEOUT LAKE	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K002_040	HUBER COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sun River Valley Ditch)	Escherichia coli	2012	Unassigned	L
Thompson	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N005_030	McGREGOR CREEK, McGregor Lale to mouth (Thompson River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Thompson	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N005_030	McGREGOR CREEK, McGregor Lale to mouth (Thompson River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Thompson	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N005_030	McGREGOR CREEK, McGregor Lale to mouth (Thompson River)	Temperature, water	2006	In Progress	H
Thompson	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N005_040	LITTLE THOMPSON RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Thompson River), T22N R25W S8	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Thompson	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N005_040	LITTLE THOMPSON RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Thompson River), T22N R25W S8	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Thompson	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N005_060	LAZIER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Thompson River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Thompson	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N005_060	LAZIER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Thompson River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Thompson	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N005_060	LAZIER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Thompson River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Thompson	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N005_060	LAZIER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Thompson River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Thompson	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N005_070	MCGINNIS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Thompson River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H

L = Low M = Medium H = High

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Thompson	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N005_070	MCGINNIS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Thompson River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	In Progress	H
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_020	FORTINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grave Creek)	Temperature, water	2006	In Progress	H
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_050	LIME CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Arsenic	2006	In Progress	H
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_050	LIME CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_050	LIME CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090101	MT42B001_010	TONGUE RIVER, Wyoming border to Tongue River Reservoir	Iron	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090101	MT42B002_031	HANGING WOMAN CREEK, Stroud Creek to mouth (Tongue River)	Iron	1996	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090101	MT42B002_031	HANGING WOMAN CREEK, Stroud Creek to mouth (Tongue River)	Salinity	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090101	MT42B002_031	HANGING WOMAN CREEK, Stroud Creek to mouth (Tongue River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090101	MT42B002_032	HANGING WOMAN CREEK, Wyoming border to Stroud Creek	Salinity	1996	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090101	MT42B003_010	TONGUE RIVER RESERVOIR	Oxygen, Dissolved	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090101	MT42B003_010	TONGUE RIVER RESERVOIR	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_011	TONGUE RIVER, Twelve Mile Dam to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Cadmium	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_011	TONGUE RIVER, Twelve Mile Dam to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Copper	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_011	TONGUE RIVER, Twelve Mile Dam to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Iron	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_011	TONGUE RIVER, Twelve Mile Dam to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Lead	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_011	TONGUE RIVER, Twelve Mile Dam to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nickel	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_011	TONGUE RIVER, Twelve Mile Dam to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Salinity	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_011	TONGUE RIVER, Twelve Mile Dam to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_011	TONGUE RIVER, Twelve Mile Dam to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Sulfates	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_011	TONGUE RIVER, Twelve Mile Dam to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Zinc	2008	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_013	TONGUE RIVER, Hanging Woman Creek to Beaver Creek	Iron	1996	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_013	TONGUE RIVER, Hanging Woman Creek to Beaver Creek	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1996	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_014	TONGUE RIVER, Beaver Creek to Twelve Mile Dam, T6N R48E S29	Iron	1996	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C001_014	TONGUE RIVER, Beaver Creek to Twelve Mile Dam, T6N R48E S29	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1996	Scheduled	M

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C002_020	OTTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tongue River)	Iron	1996	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C002_020	OTTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tongue River)	Salinity	1996	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C002_020	OTTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tongue River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1996	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C002_061	PUMPKIN CREEK, headwaters to Little Pumpkin Creek	Salinity	1996	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C002_061	PUMPKIN CREEK, headwaters to Little Pumpkin Creek	Temperature, water	1996	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C002_062	PUMPKIN CREEK, Little Pumpkin Creek to the mouth (Tongue River)	Salinity	1996	Scheduled	M
Tongue	Middle Yellowstone	10090102	MT42C002_062	PUMPKIN CREEK, Little Pumpkin Creek to the mouth (Tongue River)	Temperature, water	1996	Scheduled	M
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_110	SWAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_110	SWAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_120	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2002	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_120	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2002	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_150	GOVERNOR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek)	Copper	2000	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_160	PINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Andrus Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_170	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Governor Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_180	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_180	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_180	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_190	STEEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Cadmium	2000	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_190	STEEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Copper	2000	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_210	McVEY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_210	McVEY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_051	MILL CREEK, headwaters to section line between Sec 27 and 28, T4N, R11W	Chromium (total)	1988	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_052	MILL CREEK, line between sections 27-28 T4N R11W to Mill-Willow Bypass diversion	Aluminum	1988	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_061	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to T4N R10W S30	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_072	LOST CREEK, the south State Park boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Iron	2000	In Progress	H

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_072	LOST CREEK, the south State Park boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Manganese	2000	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_072	LOST CREEK, the south State Park boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1990	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_072	LOST CREEK, the south State Park boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sulfates	1996	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_100	DEMPSEY CREEK, the national forest boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2000	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_131	PETERSON CREEK, headwaters to Jack Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_131	PETERSON CREEK, headwaters to Jack Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_131	PETERSON CREEK, headwaters to Jack Creek	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	2006	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_020	SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Aluminum	1996	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_020	SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Arsenic	1996	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_020	SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Copper	1996	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_020	SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Iron	1996	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_020	SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Lead	1996	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_020	SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Manganese	1996	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_020	SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrates	1996	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_020	SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_020	SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Silver	1996	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_020	SILVER BOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Zinc	1996	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_072	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, T9N R12W S2 to mouth (Un-named Canal), T10N R11W S30	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_082	HOOVER CREEK, Miller Lake to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_092	GOLD CREEK, the forest boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	In Progress	H
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_111	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to line between R9W and R10W	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	In Progress	H
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_010	STORM CASTLE CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (Gallatin River), T4S R4E S33	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_020	TAYLOR FORK, Lee Metcalf Wilderness boundary to mouth (Gallatin River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	Unassigned	L
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_020	TAYLOR FORK, Lee Metcalf Wilderness boundary to mouth (Gallatin River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	2000	Unassigned	L
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_030	CACHE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Taylor Fork)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_030	CACHE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Taylor Fork)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	Unassigned	L
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_040	WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, confluence Middle and North Forks to mouth (Gallatin River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_060	SOUTH FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G001_011	JEFFERSON RIVER, headwaters to confluence of Jefferson Slough	Copper	1990	In Progress	H
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G001_011	JEFFERSON RIVER, headwaters to confluence of Jefferson Slough	Lead	1990	In Progress	H
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G001_011	JEFFERSON RIVER, headwaters to confluence of Jefferson Slough	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G001_011	JEFFERSON RIVER, headwaters to confluence of Jefferson Slough	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G001_011	JEFFERSON RIVER, headwaters to confluence of Jefferson Slough	Temperature, water	2000	In Progress	H
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_010	BIG PIPESTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R4W S11	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_010	BIG PIPESTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R4W S11	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_010	BIG PIPESTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R4W S11	Temperature, water	2000	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_020	HALFWAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Pipestone Creek-Jefferson River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_040	LITTLE PIPESTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Pipestone Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_040	LITTLE PIPESTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Pipestone Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_110	CHERRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson River)	Zinc	2006	In Progress	H
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_140	WHITETAIL CREEK, Whitetail Reservoir to mouth (Jefferson Slough)	Aluminum	2006	In Progress	H
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_140	WHITETAIL CREEK, Whitetail Reservoir to mouth (Jefferson Slough)	Ammonia (Un-ionized)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_140	WHITETAIL CREEK, Whitetail Reservoir to mouth (Jefferson Slough)	Copper	2006	In Progress	H
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_140	WHITETAIL CREEK, Whitetail Reservoir to mouth (Jefferson Slough)	Lead	2006	In Progress	H
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_140	WHITETAIL CREEK, Whitetail Reservoir to mouth (Jefferson Slough)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1994	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_140	WHITETAIL CREEK, Whitetail Reservoir to mouth (Jefferson Slough)	Nitrogen (Total)	1994	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_140	WHITETAIL CREEK, Whitetail Reservoir to mouth (Jefferson Slough)	Phosphorus (Total)	1994	Unassigned	L
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_140	WHITETAIL CREEK, Whitetail Reservoir to mouth (Jefferson Slough)	Silver	2006	In Progress	H
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_160	FITZ CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Whitetail Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_160	FITZ CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Whitetail Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	Unassigned	L
Upper Milk	Milk	10050002	MT40F003_010	MILK RIVER, Eastern, Canada border to Fresno Reservoir	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Milk	Milk	10050002	MT40F003_010	MILK RIVER, Eastern, Canada border to Fresno Reservoir	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper Milk	Milk	10050002	MT40F003_010	MILK RIVER, Eastern, Canada border to Fresno Reservoir	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A001_010	MUSSELSHELL RIVER, North & South Fork confluence to Deadmans Basin Diversion Canal	Nitrogen (Total)	1996	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A001_010	MUSSELSHELL RIVER, North & South Fork confluence to Deadmans Basin Diversion Canal	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A001_010	MUSSELSHELL RIVER, North & South Fork confluence to Deadmans Basin Diversion Canal	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A001_020	MUSSELSHELL RIVER, Deadmans Basin Supply Canal to HUC boundary near Roundup	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A001_020	MUSSELSHELL RIVER, Deadmans Basin Supply Canal to HUC boundary near Roundup	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A001_020	MUSSELSHELL RIVER, Deadmans Basin Supply Canal to HUC boundary near Roundup	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_030	TRAIL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Musselshell River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_040	MILL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Musselshell River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_070	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_070	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_070	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_080	PAINTED ROBE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1994	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_080	PAINTED ROBE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Salinity	1994	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_090	HALF BREED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1992	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_090	HALF BREED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1992	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_090	HALF BREED CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	1992	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A005_010	DEADMANS BASIN RESERVOIR	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A005_010	DEADMANS BASIN RESERVOIR	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A005_010	DEADMANS BASIN RESERVOIR	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040202	MT40C002_010	NORTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040202	MT40C002_010	NORTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040202	MT40C002_010	NORTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040202	MT40C002_010	NORTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040202	MT40C002_010	NORTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1994	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040202	MT40C002_010	NORTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Specific Conductance	2006	Unassigned	L
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040202	MT40C002_010	NORTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Sulfates	2006	Unassigned	L
Yaak	Kootenai	17010103	MT76B002_010	SEVENTEEN MILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Yaak	Kootenai	17010103	MT76B002_020	LAP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Yaak	Kootenai	17010103	MT76B002_060	SPREAD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2010	In Progress	H
Yaak	Kootenai	17010103	MT76B002_070	PETE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Yaak	Kootenai	17010103	MT76B002_090	WEST FORK YAAK RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Yaak	Kootenai	17010103	MT76B002_100	EAST FORK YAAK RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	In Progress	H
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43Q002_010	FLY CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43Q002_010	FLY CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43Q002_010	FLY CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Oxygen, Dissolved	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10070008	MT43E001_010	PRYOR CREEK, Interstate 90 bridge to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10070008	MT43E001_011	PRYOR CREEK, Crow Reservation Boundary to Interstate 90 bridge	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10080015	MT43R001_010	BIGHORN RIVER, Crow Indian Res. Boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Lead	1996	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10080015	MT43R001_010	BIGHORN RIVER, Crow Indian Res. Boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Mercury	1996	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10080015	MT43R002_010	TULLOCK CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation Boundary to mouth (Bighorn River)	Iron	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10080015	MT43R002_010	TULLOCK CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation Boundary to mouth (Bighorn River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10080015	MT43R002_010	TULLOCK CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation Boundary to mouth (Bighorn River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10080015	MT43R002_010	TULLOCK CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation Boundary to mouth (Bighorn River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_012	OTTER CREEK, headwaters to 2 mi downstream of Highway 191 bridge	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	Unassigned	L

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_022	BIG TIMBER CREEK, headwaters downstream to Swamp Creek	Arsenic	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_022	BIG TIMBER CREEK, headwaters downstream to Swamp Creek	Cadmium	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_022	BIG TIMBER CREEK, headwaters downstream to Swamp Creek	Copper	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_022	BIG TIMBER CREEK, headwaters downstream to Swamp Creek	Iron	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_022	BIG TIMBER CREEK, headwaters downstream to Swamp Creek	Lead	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_022	BIG TIMBER CREEK, headwaters downstream to Swamp Creek	Manganese	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_022	BIG TIMBER CREEK, headwaters downstream to Swamp Creek	Nickel	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_022	BIG TIMBER CREEK, headwaters downstream to Swamp Creek	Sedimentation/Sittation	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_022	BIG TIMBER CREEK, headwaters downstream to Swamp Creek	Selenium	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_022	BIG TIMBER CREEK, headwaters downstream to Swamp Creek	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_042	UPPER DEER CREEK, headwaters to Cartwright Gulch	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1996	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F002_010	DUCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Sedimentation/Sittation	1996	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F002_022	CANYON CREEK, headwaters to highway 532	Oxygen, Dissolved	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F002_022	CANYON CREEK, headwaters to highway 532	Sedimentation/Sittation	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F002_040	VALLEY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F002_040	VALLEY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Oxygen, Dissolved	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F002_040	VALLEY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Sedimentation/Sittation	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, the Cartersville Diversion Dam to Powder River	Copper	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, the Cartersville Diversion Dam to Powder River	Lead	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, the Cartersville Diversion Dam to Powder River	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, the Cartersville Diversion Dam to Powder River	pH	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, the Cartersville Diversion Dam to Powder River	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, the Cartersville Diversion Dam to Powder River	Total Dissolved Solids	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, the Cartersville Diversion Dam to Powder River	Zinc	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Lower Yellowstone Diversion Dam to North Dakota border	Chromium (total)	1992	Unassigned	L

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Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Lower Yellowstone Diversion Dam to North Dakota border	Copper	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Lower Yellowstone Diversion Dam to North Dakota border	Lead	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Lower Yellowstone Diversion Dam to North Dakota border	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Lower Yellowstone Diversion Dam to North Dakota border	pH	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Lower Yellowstone Diversion Dam to North Dakota border	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Lower Yellowstone Diversion Dam to North Dakota border	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Lower Yellowstone Diversion Dam to North Dakota border	Total Dissolved Solids	1988	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43F001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Billings PWS to Huntley Diversion Dam	Arsenic	2008	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43F001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Billings PWS to Huntley Diversion Dam	Benthic-Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments	2008	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43F001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Billings PWS to Huntley Diversion Dam	Dissolved oxygen saturation	2008	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43F001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Billings PWS to Huntley Diversion Dam	Nutrient/Eutrophication Biological Indicators	2008	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43F001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Billings PWS to Huntley Diversion Dam	Oil and Grease	2012	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43F001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Billings PWS to Huntley Diversion Dam	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	2008	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43Q001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Huntley Diversion Dam to mouth of Big Horn River	Ammonia (Un-ionized)	1996	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43Q001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Huntley Diversion Dam to mouth of Big Horn River	Oil and Grease	2012	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43Q001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Huntley Diversion Dam to mouth of Big Horn River	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43Q001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Huntley Diversion Dam to mouth of Big Horn River	Total Dissolved Solids	1988	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Yellowstone Park Boundary to Reese Creek	Ammonia (Total)	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Yellowstone Park Boundary to Reese Creek	Arsenic	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Yellowstone Park Boundary to Reese Creek	Copper	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Yellowstone Park Boundary to Reese Creek	Lead	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Yellowstone Park Boundary to Reese Creek	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Yellowstone Park Boundary to Reese Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Montana State border to Yellowstone Park Boundary	Ammonia (Un-ionized)	2006	Unassigned	L

## Appendix B: Waters in need of TMDLs [303(d) list] and TMDL Priority Schedule

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	WaterbodyName/Location	Pollutant	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Status	TMDL Priority (2012-2014)
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Montana State border to Yellowstone Park Boundary	Arsenic	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Montana State border to Yellowstone Park Boundary	Copper	1992	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Montana State border to Yellowstone Park Boundary	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1988	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Montana State border to Yellowstone Park Boundary	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Laurel PWS to City of Billings PWS	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	Unassigned	L
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Laurel PWS to City of Billings PWS	Oil and Grease	2012	Unassigned	L

## Appendix C: Waters with Use Support Assessments during the 2012 Reporting Cycle

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location
Big Creek (Columbia)	Flathead	17010206	MT76Q002_050	BIG CREEK, tributary to North Fork of the Flathead River
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P003_020	SWIFT CREEK, headwaters (East and West Forks) to mouth (Whitefish Lake)
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D003_010	LAKE KOOCANUSA
Missouri River	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E004_010	FORT PECK RESERVOIR
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_030	SHEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K002_040	HUBER COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sun River Valley Ditch)
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43F001_010	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Billings PWS to Huntley Diversion Dam
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43Q001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Huntley Diversion Dam to mouth of Big Horn River
Yellowstone River	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, City of Laurel PWS to City of Billings PWS



## Appendix D: Impairment Causes De-Listed from the 2010 303(d) List (Category 5)

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Delisting Reason	Delisting Date
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_010	FLAT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek), T27N R32E S35	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Beaver	Milk	10050014	MT40M002_020	LARB CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_070	WEST FORK DYCE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dyce Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_120	RESERVOIR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_140	DYCE CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to Grasshopper Creek	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Beaverhead	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020002	MT41B002_170	TAYLOR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grasshopper Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Arsenic	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Cadmium	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Copper	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Lead	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Zinc	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Arsenic	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Cadmium	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Iron	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Lead	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Salinity	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Zinc	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Arsenic	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Cadmium	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Copper	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Iron	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Lead	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Silver	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Zinc	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Arsenic	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Cadmium	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011

## Appendix D: Impairment Causes De-Listed from the 2010 303(d) List (Category 5)

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Delisting Reason	Delisting Date
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Copper	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Iron	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Lead	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Zinc	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Arsenic	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Cadmium	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Copper	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Iron	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Lead	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Zinc	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_040	LITTLE BELT CREEK, three miles upstream to mouth (Belt Creek)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Big and Little Dry	Middle Missouri	10040105	MT40D001_010	BIG DRY CREEK, Steves Fork to mouth (Fort Peck Reservoir)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/11/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_020	BITTERROOT RIVER, Skalkaho Creek to Eightmile Creek	Temperature, water	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_030	BITTERROOT RIVER, Eightmile Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Temperature, water	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_010	BASS CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (un-named channel of Bitterroot River), T9N R20W S3	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_010	BASS CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (un-named channel of Bitterroot River), T9N R20W S3	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/14/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_080	TIN CUP CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_090	SLEEPING CHILD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_090	SLEEPING CHILD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Temperature, water	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_110	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_110	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Temperature, water	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_110	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/14/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_120	AMBROSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Threemile Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_130	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011

## Appendix D: Impairment Causes De-Listed from the 2010 303(d) List (Category 5)

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Delisting Reason	Delisting Date
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_130	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Temperature, water	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_140	THREEMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_150	McCLAIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sin-tin-tin-em-ska Creek), T11N R20W S23	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_170	LICK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_170	LICK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/14/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_180	MUDDY SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Gold Creek) T7N R19W S2	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_190	RYE CREEK, North Fork to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_200	NORTH BURNT FORK CREEK, confluence with South Burnt Fork Creek to Mouth (Bitterroot River)	Bottom Deposits	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_200	NORTH BURNT FORK CREEK, confluence with South Burnt Fork Creek to Mouth (Bitterroot River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/14/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_210	SWEATHOUSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H005_011	LOLO CREEK, Mormon Creek to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H005_012	LOLO CREEK, Sheldon Creek to Mormon Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H005_013	LOLO CREEK, headwaters to Sheldon Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	8/17/2011
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_132	BOULDER RIVER, Natural Bridge and Falls in T3S R12E S26 to 5 miles above the mouth, T1N R14E S34	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_133	BOULDER RIVER, confluence of the East Fork boulder River to Natural bridge and Falls	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/9/2011
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_090	NORTH FORK LITTLE BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Little Boulder)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Boulder - Elkhorn	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020006	MT41E002_130	NURSERY CREEK, headwaters (east branch) to mouth (Muskrat Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411002_110	MAGPIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/8/2011
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411002_120	SIXTEENMILE CREEK, Lost Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Canyon Ferry	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411002_150	CAVE GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Canyon Ferry Reservoir)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Clark Fork - Drummond	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E004_070	DEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek, which is a tributary to Clark Fork River near Bearmouth)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_011	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Bridger Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_010	ELBOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Delisting Reason	Delisting Date
Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_100	SILVERTIP CREEK, state line to mouth (Clarks Fork)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Fisher	Kootenai	17010102	MT76C001_030	RAVEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Pleasant Vally Fisher River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_010	ASHLEY CREEK, Ashley Lake to Smith Lake	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_030	ASHLEY CREEK, Kalispell airport road to mouth (Flathead River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/11/2011
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010208	MT76O002_040	SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ashley Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P003_020	SWIFT CREEK, headwaters (East and West Forks) to mouth (Whitefish Lake)	Phosphorus (Total)	State Determines water quality standard is being met	10/20/2011
Flint	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E003_070	BARNES CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Flint Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Fort Peck Area Tributaries	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_130	FARGO COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Armells Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Holter	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I005_011	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Bridge Creek	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_010	DRY WOLF CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Wolf Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Judith - Arrow	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S002_030	WARM SPRING CREEK, 5 miles upstream to mouth (Judith River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_110	BRISTOW CREEK, the headwaters to mouth at Lake Koocanusa	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Landusky	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E002_090	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Missouri River)	Fecal Coliform	Other	11/7/2011
Little Missouri	Little Missouri	10110201	MT39F001_022	LITTLE MISSOURI RIVER, Wyoming border to the Highway 323 bridge	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_090	WASHOE CREEK, Headwater to mouth (Union Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_040	BULL RIVER, the North Fork to mouth (Cabinet Gorge Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/21/2010
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_090	MARTEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Noxon Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/21/2010
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_120	WHITE PINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/21/2010
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_140	SWAMP CREEK, Cabinet Mountains Wilderness boundary to mouth (Noxon Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/21/2010
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_180	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bull River), T28N R33W S32	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/21/2010
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L001_010	FLATHEAD RIVER, Flathead Reservation boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Flathead	Lower Clark Fork	17010212	MT76L002_060	LITTLE BITTERROOT RIVER, Hubbart Reservoir to Flathead Reservation Boundary	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H002_010	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Gallatin River)	Fecal Coliform	Other	11/9/2011
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H002_020	GODFREY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Moreland Ditch), T1S R3E S12	Fecal Coliform	Other	11/7/2011

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Delisting Reason	Delisting Date
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_040	SOURDOUGH CREEK, confluence of Limestone Creek and Bozeman Creek to the mouth (East Gallatin River), T2S R6E S6	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_060	SMITH CREEK, confluence of Ross and Reese Creeks to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Fecal Coliform	Other	11/8/2011
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_070	REESE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith Creek)	Fecal Coliform	Other	11/8/2011
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_110	BRIDGER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Gallatin River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_129	HYALITE CREEK, headwaters to the top of Hyalite Reservoir, T4S R6E S23	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H003_130	HYALITE CREEK, Hyalite Reservoir to the Bozeman water supply diversion ditch, T3S R5E S23	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_090	NORWEGIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Willow Creek Reservoir)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Milk	Milk	10050012	MT40O001_010	MILK RIVER, Beaver Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Fecal Coliform	Other	11/8/2011
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060003	MT40Q002_010	BUTTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Poplar River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060005	MT40S004_010	CHARLIE CREEK, East and Middle Charlie Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Missouri	Lower Missouri	10060006	MT40R001_020	BIG MUDDY CREEK, Canadian border to northern boundary of Fort Peck Reservation	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_020	FOURMILE CREEK, headwaters to North Dakota border	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_030	FIRST HAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_051	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River), T22N R59E S19	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_052	NORTH FORK FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fox Creek), T22N R58E S21	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_110	BURNS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_150	CABIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_010	BLAINE SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Madison River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_130	MOORE CREEK, springs to mouth (Fletcher Channel), T5S R1W S15	Fecal Coliform	Other	11/8/2011
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_020	CEDAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_100	WEST FORK PETTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Petty Creek)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_160	NEMOTE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (confluence Clark Fork River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_170	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_010	LYNCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011

## Appendix D: Impairment Causes De-Listed from the 2010 303(d) List (Category 5)

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Delisting Reason	Delisting Date
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_160	SWAMP CREEK, West Fork Swamp Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River), T20N R27W S3	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_170	HENRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River), T19N R26W S1	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050004	MT40J002_030	LITTLE BOXELDER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Milk River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Middle Milk and Tributaries	Milk	10050007	MT40J003_010	LODGE CREEK, Canadian border to mouth (Milk River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Middle Yellowstone Tributarie	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_060	DEADMAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Sunday Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/9/2011
Middle Yellowstone Tributarie	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_110	EAST FORK ARMELLS CREEK, Colstrip to mouth (Armells Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Middle Yellowstone Tributarie	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K002_160	LITTLE PORCUPINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 1 mile above Stockett to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek-Missouri River)	Aluminum	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 1 mile above Stockett to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek-Missouri River)	Cadmium	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 1 mile above Stockett to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek-Missouri River)	Iron	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 1 mile above Stockett to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek-Missouri River)	Nickel	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 1 mile above Stockett to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek-Missouri River)	Zinc	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_030	NUMBER FIVE COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	Aluminum	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_030	NUMBER FIVE COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	Cadmium	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_030	NUMBER FIVE COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	Iron	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_030	NUMBER FIVE COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	Nickel	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_030	NUMBER FIVE COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	Zinc	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Aluminum	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Cadmium	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Copper	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Iron	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Nickel	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Salinity	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Delisting Reason	Delisting Date
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Zinc	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	1/24/2011
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411004_030	MISSOURI RIVER, Holter Dam to Little Prickly Pear Creek	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_030	JOHNSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
O' Fallon	Lower Yellowstone	10100005	MT42L001_020	SANDSTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (O'Fallon Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A001_020	RED ROCK RIVER, Lower Red Rock Lake to Lima Dam	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A003_100	BLOODY DICK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Horse Prairie Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Red Rock	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020001	MT41A004_090	PEET CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Red Rock River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_010	PRAIRIE ELK CREEK, East and Middle Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Nitrogen (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_010	PRAIRIE ELK CREEK, East and Middle Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Phosphorus (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_010	PRAIRIE ELK CREEK, East and Middle Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_030	SAND CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Nitrogen (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_030	SAND CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Phosphorus (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_030	SAND CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P001_012	REDWATER RIVER, Hell Creek to Buffalo Springs Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P001_012	REDWATER RIVER, Hell Creek to Buffalo Springs Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Nitrogen (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Phosphorus (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Specific Conductance	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Sulfates	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Total Dissolved Solids	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_020	HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Redwater River near town of Circle	Nitrogen (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_020	HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Redwater River near town of Circle	Phosphorus (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_020	HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Redwater River near town of Circle	Salinity	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_030	PASTURE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Redwater River	Nitrogen (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Delisting Reason	Delisting Date
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_030	PASTURE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Redwater River	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_010	TIMBER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Nitrogen (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_010	TIMBER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Phosphorus (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_010	TIMBER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Nitrates	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Nitrogen (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Phosphorus (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Sulfates	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Total Dissolved Solids	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	12/29/2010
Rock	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E002_120	FLAT GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Rock Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_020	MILL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_040	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_030	COTTONWOOD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_040	EAST FORK RUBY RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_090	MIDDLE FORK RUBY RIVER, Divide Creek to mouth (Ruby River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_120	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T11S R3W S20	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_130	BURNT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T10S R3W S21	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J001_010	SMITH RIVER, North and South Forks to Hound Creek	Fecal Coliform	Other	11/8/2011
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_011	NORTH FORK SMITH RIVER, Lake Sutherlin to mouth (Smith River), T9N R6E S21	Fecal Coliform	Other	11/8/2011
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_020	HOUND CREEK, Spring Creek to mouth (Smith River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_030	SHEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Fecal Coliform	Other	11/8/2011
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_030	SHEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Mercury	State Determines water quality standard is being met	3/13/2012
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_040	BEAVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_050	BENTON GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Fecal Coliform	Other	11/8/2011
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_060	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camas Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Delisting Reason	Delisting Date
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_070	THOMPSON GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_082	NEWLAN CREEK, headwaters to Newlan Reservoir	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_110	CAMAS CREEK, junction of Big and Little Camas Creeks to mouth (Smith River)	Fecal Coliform	Other	11/8/2011
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_120	MOOSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sheep Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Thompson	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N005_060	LAZIER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Thompson River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_010	TOBACCO RIVER, confluence of Grave Creek & Fortine Creek to mouth (Lake Koocanusa)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/9/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_020	FORTINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grave Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/9/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_030	EDNA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/9/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_040	SWAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/9/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_050	LIME CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/9/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_050	LIME CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/14/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_070	THERRIAULT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tobacco River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/9/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_080	DEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/9/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_091	SINCLAIR CREEK, confluence of un-named tributary, Lat -114.945 Long 48.908 to mouth (Tobacco River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/9/2011
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_180	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_040	WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, confluence Middle and North Forks to mouth (Gallatin River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_040	WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, confluence Middle and North Forks to mouth (Gallatin River)	Nitrogen (Total)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_040	WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, confluence Middle and North Forks to mouth (Gallatin River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_050	MIDDLE FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Escherichia coli	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_050	MIDDLE FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Fecal Coliform	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_050	MIDDLE FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_050	MIDDLE FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/30/2010

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Delisting Reason	Delisting Date
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_060	SOUTH FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_060	SOUTH FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	EPA approval of TMDL (4A)	9/30/2010
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_140	WHITETAIL CREEK, Whitetail Reservoir to mouth (Jeferson Slough)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_070	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_080	PAINTED ROBE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040202	MT40C002_010	NORTH WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43Q002_010	FLY CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation boundary to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011
Yellowstone - Lower Bighorn	Middle Yellowstone	10080015	MT43R002_010	TULLOCK CREEK, Crow Indian Reservation Boundary to mouth (Bighorn River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Other	11/10/2011

## Appendix E: Beneficial Use Support Changes during the 2012 Reporting Cycle

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Beneficial Use	2010	2012
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_020	BITTERROOT RIVER, Skalkaho Creek to Eightmile Creek	Aquatic Life	P	N
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_020	BITTERROOT RIVER, Skalkaho Creek to Eightmile Creek	Primary Contact Recreation	P	N
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_030	BITTERROOT RIVER, Eightmile Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Aquatic Life	P	N
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_040	MILL CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to the mouth (Fred Burr Creek), T7N R20W S19	Aquatic Life	X	P
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_130	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Aquatic Life	P	N
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_130	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Primary Contact Recreation	P	N
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H003_020	NEZ PERCE FORK BITTERROOT RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Bitterroot River)	Aquatic Life	F	P
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Flathead River to Noxon Reservoir	Aquatic Life	F	P
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_040	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Soda Butte Creek)	Aquatic Life	X	N
Cut Bank - Two Medicine	Marias	10030201	MT41M001_010	TWO MEDICINE RIVER, Birch Creek to mouth (Marias River)	Aquatic Life	F	I
Elk Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_060	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cabinet Gorge Reservoir)	Aquatic Life	F	N
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P003_020	SWIFT CREEK, headwaters (East and West Forks) to mouth (Whitefish Lake)	Aquatic Life	P	F
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P003_020	SWIFT CREEK, headwaters (East and West Forks) to mouth (Whitefish Lake)	Drinking Water	I	F
Flathead - Stillwater	Flathead	17010210	MT76P003_020	SWIFT CREEK, headwaters (East and West Forks) to mouth (Whitefish Lake)	Primary Contact Recreation	I	F
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_020	DRY CREEK, 1 mile upstream from State Highway 56 to mouth (Lake Creek)	Aquatic Life	F	P
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_030	KEELER CREEK, headwaters to Lake Creek	Aquatic Life	F	P
Kootenai	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_100	CRIPPLE HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lake Koocanusa)	Aquatic Life	F	P
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_180	NORTH FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek)	Aquatic Life	F	P
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_140	SWAMP CREEK, Cabinet Mountains Wilderness boundary to mouth (Noxon Reservoir)	Aquatic Life	X	N
Lower Milk	Milk	10050012	MT40O001_010	MILK RIVER, Beaver Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Agricultural	P	F
Lower Milk	Milk	10050012	MT40O001_010	MILK RIVER, Beaver Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Primary Contact Recreation	T	N
Lower Yellowstone	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M002_080	SMITH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Aquatic Life	F	P
Madison	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020007	MT41F004_120	GAZELLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Madison River)	Aquatic Life	F	P
Marias - Willow	Marias	10030203	MT41P001_022	MARIAS RIVER, county road at T29N R6E S17 to mouth (Missouri River)	Aquatic Life	F	I
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F005_030	DEER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Seeley Lake)	Aquatic Life	F	P

## Appendix E: Beneficial Use Support Changes during the 2012 Reporting Cycle

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Beneficial Use	2010	2012
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_010	TAMARACK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Aquatic Life	X	P
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_060	FISH CREEK, West and South Forks to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Aquatic Life	F	P
Middle Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M002_120	RATTLESNAKE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Aquatic Life	F	P
Missouri River	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E004_010	FORT PECK RESERVOIR	Aquatic Life	I	N
Missouri River	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E004_010	FORT PECK RESERVOIR	Primary Contact Recreation	P	F
Missouri River	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I007_040	HAUSER LAKE	Drinking Water	X	N
Paradise	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_010	REESE CREEK, border to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Aquatic Life	F	P
Rosebud	Middle Yellowstone	10100003	MT42A001_012	ROSEBUD CREEK, Northern Cheyenne Reservation boundary to an irrigation dam 3.8 mi above the mouth	Aquatic Life	X	P
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_080	WEST FORK RUBY RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Aquatic Life	F	P
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_150	SHOVEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cabin Creek)	Aquatic Life	F	P
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_030	SHEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Aquatic Life	X	N
Smith	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030103	MT41J002_030	SHEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Smith River)	Drinking Water	N	F
St. Regis	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M003_030	SILVER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (St. Regis River)	Aquatic Life	F	P
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_091	SINCLAIR CREEK, confluence of un-named tributary, Lat -114.945 Long 48.908 to mouth (Tobacco River)	Aquatic Life	X	N
Upper/Middle Musselshell	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_020	ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Musselshell River)	Aquatic Life	F	I
Yellowstone - Sweet Grass	Upper Yellowstone	10070004	MT43F002_030	KEYSER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Aquatic Life	F	I
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100001	MT42K001_020	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, the Big Horn to Cartersville Diversion Dam	Aquatic Life	X	P
Yellowstone River	Lower Yellowstone	10100004	MT42M001_012	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Powder River to Lower Yellowstone Diversion Dam	Aquatic Life	X	P
Yellowstone River	Middle Yellowstone	10070007	MT43Q001_011	YELLOWSTONE RIVER, Huntley Diversion Dam to mouth of Big Horn River	Primary Contact Recreation	I	N

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Arsenic	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Cadmium	2012	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Copper	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Lead	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_011	BELT CREEK, headwaters to Big Otter Creek	Zinc	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Arsenic	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Cadmium	2012	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Iron	2012	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Lead	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Salinity	2006	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U001_012	BELT CREEK, Big Otter Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Zinc	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Arsenic	2012	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Cadmium	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Copper	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Iron	2012	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Lead	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Silver	2012	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_010	CARPENTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Zinc	2012	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Arsenic	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Cadmium	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Copper	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Iron	2012	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Lead	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_020	GALENA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Dry Fork Belt Creek)	Zinc	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Arsenic	2012	1/24/2011

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Cadmium	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Copper	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Iron	2012	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Lead	1988	1/24/2011
Belt	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030105	MT41U002_030	DRY FORK BELT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Belt Creek)	Zinc	1988	1/24/2011
Big Creek (Columbia)	Flathead	17010206	MT76Q002_050	BIG CREEK, tributary to North Fork of the Flathead River	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	6/9/2003
Big Sandy - Sage	Milk	10050005	MT40H001_010	BIG SANDY CREEK, Lonesome Lake Coulee to mouth (Milk River)	Salinity	1988	4/23/2002
Big Sandy - Sage	Milk	10050005	MT40H001_010	BIG SANDY CREEK, Lonesome Lake Coulee to mouth (Milk River)	Sulfates	1988	4/23/2002
Big Sandy - Sage	Milk	10050005	MT40H001_010	BIG SANDY CREEK, Lonesome Lake Coulee to mouth (Milk River)	Total Dissolved Solids	1988	4/23/2002
Big Sandy - Sage	Milk	10050006	MT40G001_011	SAGE CREEK, Laird Creek to the confluence of Russell Creek, T36N R9E S32	Salinity	1988	4/23/2002
Big Sandy - Sage	Milk	10050006	MT40G001_011	SAGE CREEK, Laird Creek to the confluence of Russell Creek, T36N R9E S32	Sulfates	1988	4/23/2002
Big Sandy - Sage	Milk	10050006	MT40G001_011	SAGE CREEK, Laird Creek to the confluence of Russell Creek, T36N R9E S32	Total Dissolved Solids	1988	4/23/2002
Big Sandy - Sage	Milk	10050006	MT40G001_012	SAGE CREEK, the section line between 1 & 12 T36N R6E to the mouth	Salinity	1988	4/23/2002
Big Sandy - Sage	Milk	10050006	MT40G001_012	SAGE CREEK, the section line between 1 & 12 T36N R6E to the mouth	Sulfates	1988	4/23/2002
Big Sandy - Sage	Milk	10050006	MT40G001_012	SAGE CREEK, the section line between 1 & 12 T36N R6E to the mouth	Total Dissolved Solids	1988	4/23/2002
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_010	BIG SPRING CREEK, East Fork Big Spring Creek to Casino Creek	Polychlorinated biphenyls	2004	9/29/2005
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_020	BIG SPRING CREEK, confluence of Casino Creek to mouth (Judith River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2008	9/29/2005
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_020	BIG SPRING CREEK, confluence of Casino Creek to mouth (Judith River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	9/29/2005
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_020	BIG SPRING CREEK, confluence of Casino Creek to mouth (Judith River)	Polychlorinated biphenyls	2000	9/29/2005
Big Springs	Middle Missouri	10040103	MT41S004_020	BIG SPRING CREEK, confluence of Casino Creek to mouth (Judith River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	9/29/2005
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_020	BITTERROOT RIVER, Skalkaho Creek to Eightmile Creek	Temperature, water	1988	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H001_030	BITTERROOT RIVER, Eightmile Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Temperature, water	2012	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_010	BASS CREEK, Selway-Bitterroot Wilderness boundary to mouth (un-named channel of Bitterroot River), T9N R20W S3	Sedimentation/Siltation	2012	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_090	SLEEPING CHILD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_090	SLEEPING CHILD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Temperature, water	1990	8/17/2011

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_110	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_110	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Temperature, water	2006	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_120	AMBROSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Threemile Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2012	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_130	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_130	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Temperature, water	1992	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_140	THREEMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_150	McCLAIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sin-tin-tin-em-ska Creek), T11N R20W S23	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_170	LICK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_180	MUDDY SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Gold Creek) T7N R19W S2	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_190	RYE CREEK, North Fork to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_200	NORTH BURNT FORK CREEK, confluence with South Burnt Fork Creek to Mouth (Bitterroot River)	Bottom Deposits	2002	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H004_210	SWEATHOUSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2012	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H005_011	LOLO CREEK, Mormon Creek to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H005_012	LOLO CREEK, Sheldon Creek to Mormon Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	8/17/2011
Bitterroot	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H005_013	LOLO CREEK, headwaters to Sheldon Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	8/17/2011
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H002_010	EAST FORK BITTERROOT RIVER, Anaconda-Pintlar Wilderness boundary to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	4/12/2006
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H002_010	EAST FORK BITTERROOT RIVER, Anaconda-Pintlar Wilderness boundary to mouth (Bitterroot River)	Temperature, water	2006	4/12/2006
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H002_020	REIMEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Fork Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	4/12/2006
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H002_070	LAIRD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Fork Bitterroot River), T2N R20 S35	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	4/12/2006
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H002_080	GILBERT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Laird Creek), T1N R20W S10	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	4/12/2006
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H003_010	WEST FORK BITTERROOT RIVER, headwaters to mouth	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	4/12/2006
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H003_010	WEST FORK BITTERROOT RIVER, headwaters to mouth	Temperature, water	2008	4/12/2006
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H003_020	NEZ PERCE FORK BITTERROOT RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Bitterroot River)	Temperature, water	1996	4/12/2006
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H003_040	HUGHES CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (West Fork Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	4/12/2006

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H003_040	HUGHES CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (West Fork Bitterroot River)	Temperature, water	1990	4/12/2006
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H003_050	OVERWHICH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Bitterroot River)	Temperature, water	1992	4/12/2006
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H003_060	DITCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Bitterroot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	4/12/2006
Bitterroot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H003_070	BUCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Bitterroot), T1N R22W S36	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	4/12/2006
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_010	BLACKFOOT RIVER, headwaters to Landers Fork	Cadmium	1996	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_010	BLACKFOOT RIVER, headwaters to Landers Fork	Copper	1996	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_010	BLACKFOOT RIVER, headwaters to Landers Fork	Iron	1996	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_010	BLACKFOOT RIVER, headwaters to Landers Fork	Lead	1996	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_010	BLACKFOOT RIVER, headwaters to Landers Fork	Manganese	1996	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_010	BLACKFOOT RIVER, headwaters to Landers Fork	Zinc	1996	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_020	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Landers Fork to Nevada Creek	Aluminum	1996	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_020	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Landers Fork to Nevada Creek	Cadmium	1996	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_020	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Landers Fork to Nevada Creek	Iron	1996	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_020	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Landers Fork to Nevada Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	5/19/2004
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_020	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Landers Fork to Nevada Creek	Zinc	1996	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_020	WILLOW CREEK, Sandbar Creek to mouth (Blackfoot River), T15N R7W S34	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	5/19/2004
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_030	POORMAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Cadmium	1990	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_030	POORMAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Copper	1990	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_030	POORMAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Lead	1990	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_030	POORMAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	5/19/2004
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_040	BEARTRAP CREEK, Mike Horse Creek to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Cadmium	1988	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_040	BEARTRAP CREEK, Mike Horse Creek to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Copper	1988	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_040	BEARTRAP CREEK, Mike Horse Creek to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Iron	1988	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_040	BEARTRAP CREEK, Mike Horse Creek to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Lead	1988	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_040	BEARTRAP CREEK, Mike Horse Creek to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Manganese	1988	10/10/2003

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_040	BEARTRAP CREEK, Mike Horse Creek to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Zinc	1988	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_060	SANDBAR CREEK, forks to mouth (Willow Creek)	Aluminum	1990	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_060	SANDBAR CREEK, forks to mouth (Willow Creek)	Copper	1990	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_060	SANDBAR CREEK, forks to mouth (Willow Creek)	Iron	1990	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_060	SANDBAR CREEK, forks to mouth (Willow Creek)	Manganese	1990	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F002_070	ARRASTRA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	5/19/2004
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_010	MIKE HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beartrap Creek)	Aluminum	2006	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_010	MIKE HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beartrap Creek)	Cadmium	2006	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_010	MIKE HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beartrap Creek)	Copper	2006	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_010	MIKE HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beartrap Creek)	Iron	2006	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_010	MIKE HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beartrap Creek)	Lead	2006	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_010	MIKE HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beartrap Creek)	Manganese	2006	10/10/2003
Blackfoot Headwaters	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_010	MIKE HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beartrap Creek)	Zinc	2006	10/10/2003
Bobtail Creek	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_080	BOBTAIL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Kootenai River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	4/27/2005
Bobtail Creek	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D002_080	BOBTAIL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Kootenai River)	Turbidity	2000	4/27/2005
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_131	BOULDER RIVER, five miles upstream of mouth (Yellowstone River)	Copper	2004	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_131	BOULDER RIVER, five miles upstream of mouth (Yellowstone River)	Iron	2004	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_131	BOULDER RIVER, five miles upstream of mouth (Yellowstone River)	Lead	2004	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_132	BOULDER RIVER, Natural Bridge and Falls in T3S R12E S26 to 5 miles above the mouth, T1N R14E S34	Copper	2010	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_132	BOULDER RIVER, Natural Bridge and Falls in T3S R12E S26 to 5 miles above the mouth, T1N R14E S34	Iron	2010	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_132	BOULDER RIVER, Natural Bridge and Falls in T3S R12E S26 to 5 miles above the mouth, T1N R14E S34	Lead	2010	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_133	BOULDER RIVER, confluence of the East Fork boulder River to Natural bridge and Falls	Copper	2010	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_133	BOULDER RIVER, confluence of the East Fork boulder River to Natural bridge and Falls	Iron	2010	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_133	BOULDER RIVER, confluence of the East Fork boulder River to Natural bridge and Falls	Lead	2010	9/11/2009

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Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_134	BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to confluence of East Fork Boulder River	Copper	2006	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_134	BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to confluence of East Fork Boulder River	Iron	2010	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B004_134	BOULDER RIVER, headwaters to confluence of East Fork Boulder River	Lead	2006	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B005_010	BASIN CREEK, headwater to mouth (Boulder River)	Copper	2010	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B005_010	BASIN CREEK, headwater to mouth (Boulder River)	Iron	2010	9/11/2009
Boulder - Big Timber	Upper Yellowstone	10070002	MT43B005_010	BASIN CREEK, headwater to mouth (Boulder River)	Lead	2010	9/11/2009
Careless Creek	Musselshell	10040201	MT40A002_050	CARELESS CREEK, confluence with Deadmans Basin Canal to mouth (Musselshell River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	12/21/2001
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Flathead River to Fish Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Flathead River to Fish Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_020	CLARK FORK RIVER, Fish Creek to Rattlesnake Creek	Chlorophyll-a	1988	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_020	CLARK FORK RIVER, Fish Creek to Rattlesnake Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_020	CLARK FORK RIVER, Fish Creek to Rattlesnake Creek	Organic Enrichment (Sewage) Biological Indicators	1990	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_020	CLARK FORK RIVER, Fish Creek to Rattlesnake Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M001_030	CLARK FORK RIVER, Rattlesnake Creek to Blackfoot River	Nutrient/Eutrophication Biological Indicators	2000	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Little Blackfoot River	Nitrogen (Total)	1996	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Little Blackfoot River	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_030	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Little Blackfoot River to Cottonwood Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_030	CLARK FORK RIVER, the Little Blackfoot River to Cottonwood Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_040	CLARK FORK RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to Warm Springs Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	1990	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G001_040	CLARK FORK RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to Warm Springs Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Blackfoot River	Nitrogen (Total)	1994	10/21/1998
Clark Fork River	Upper Clark Fork	17010202	MT76E001_010	CLARK FORK RIVER, Flint Creek to Blackfoot River	Phosphorus (Total)	1994	10/21/1998
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_031	SODA BUTTE CREEK, McLaren Tailings to Montana Border	Copper	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_031	SODA BUTTE CREEK, McLaren Tailings to Montana Border	Iron	1996	1/6/2003

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Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_031	SODA BUTTE CREEK, McLaren Tailings to Montana Border	Lead	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_031	SODA BUTTE CREEK, McLaren Tailings to Montana Border	Manganese	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_040	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Soda Butte Creek)	Aluminum	2006	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_040	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Soda Butte Creek)	Cadmium	2006	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_040	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Soda Butte Creek)	Copper	2006	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_040	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Soda Butte Creek)	Iron	2006	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_040	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Soda Butte Creek)	Lead	2006	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_040	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Soda Butte Creek)	Manganese	2006	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070001	MT43B002_040	MILLER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Soda Butte Creek)	Zinc	2006	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C001_010	STILLWATER RIVER, headwaters to Flood Creek	Copper	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C001_010	STILLWATER RIVER, headwaters to Flood Creek	Iron	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C001_010	STILLWATER RIVER, headwaters to Flood Creek	Manganese	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C001_010	STILLWATER RIVER, headwaters to Flood Creek	pH	2002	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C001_010	STILLWATER RIVER, headwaters to Flood Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_140	DAISY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	Aluminum	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_140	DAISY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	Cadmium	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_140	DAISY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	Copper	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_140	DAISY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	Iron	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_140	DAISY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	Lead	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_140	DAISY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	Manganese	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_140	DAISY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	pH	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_140	DAISY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070005	MT43C002_140	DAISY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Stillwater River)	Zinc	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_020	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, headwaters to Montana Border	Cadmium	1992	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_020	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, headwaters to Montana Border	Copper	1992	1/6/2003

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Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_020	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, headwaters to Montana Border	Lead	1992	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_020	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, headwaters to Montana Border	pH	1992	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_020	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, headwaters to Montana Border	Silver	1992	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D001_020	CLARKS FORK YELLOWSTONE RIVER, headwaters to Montana Border	Zinc	1992	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_110	FISHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Aluminum	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_110	FISHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Cadmium	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_110	FISHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Copper	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_110	FISHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Iron	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_110	FISHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Lead	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_110	FISHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Manganese	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_110	FISHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	pH	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_110	FISHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_110	FISHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Silver	1996	1/6/2003
Cooke City	Upper Yellowstone	10070006	MT43D002_110	FISHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clarks Fork Yellowstone River)	Zinc	1996	1/6/2003
Dearborn	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q003_020	MIDDLE FORK DEARBORN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Dearborn River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	5/25/2005
Dearborn	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q003_030	SOUTH FORK DEARBORN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Dearborn River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	5/25/2005
Dearborn	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q003_040	FLAT CREEK, Henry Creek to mouth (Dearborn River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	5/25/2005
Deep Creek	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411002_070	DEEP CREEK, National Forest Boundary to mouth (Missouri River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	10/16/1997
Elk Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_060	ELK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cabinet Gorge Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	12/8/1998
Flathead Headwaters	Flathead	17010206	MT76Q002_080	COAL CREEK, South Fork to mouth (North Fork Flathead)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	5/24/2005
Flathead Lake	Flathead	17010208	MT76O003_010	FLATHEAD LAKE	Nitrogen (Total)	1996	3/31/2002
Flathead Lake	Flathead	17010208	MT76O003_010	FLATHEAD LAKE	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	3/31/2002
Grave Creek	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_060	GRAVE CREEK, Foundation Creek to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	5/10/2005
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_020	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Helena WWTP Discharge Ditch to Lake Helena	Arsenic	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_020	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Helena WWTP Discharge Ditch to Lake Helena	Cadmium	1988	10/2/2006

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Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_020	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Helena WWTP Discharge Ditch to Lake Helena	Copper	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_020	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Helena WWTP Discharge Ditch to Lake Helena	Lead	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_020	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Helena WWTP Discharge Ditch to Lake Helena	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1990	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_020	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Helena WWTP Discharge Ditch to Lake Helena	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_020	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Helena WWTP Discharge Ditch to Lake Helena	Phosphorus (Total)	2008	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_020	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Helena WWTP Discharge Ditch to Lake Helena	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_020	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Helena WWTP Discharge Ditch to Lake Helena	Zinc	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_030	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Highway 433 (Wylie Dr.) Crossing to Helena WWTP Discharge	Arsenic	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_030	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Highway 433 (Wylie Dr.) Crossing to Helena WWTP Discharge	Cadmium	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_030	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Highway 433 (Wylie Dr.) Crossing to Helena WWTP Discharge	Copper	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_030	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Highway 433 (Wylie Dr.) Crossing to Helena WWTP Discharge	Lead	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_030	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Highway 433 (Wylie Dr.) Crossing to Helena WWTP Discharge	Nitrogen (Total)	2008	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_030	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Highway 433 (Wylie Dr.) Crossing to Helena WWTP Discharge	Phosphorus (Total)	2008	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_030	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Highway 433 (Wylie Dr.) Crossing to Helena WWTP Discharge	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_030	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Highway 433 (Wylie Dr.) Crossing to Helena WWTP Discharge	Zinc	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_040	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Lump Gulch to County Road Wylie Drive	Arsenic	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_040	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Lump Gulch to County Road Wylie Drive	Cadmium	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_040	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Lump Gulch to County Road Wylie Drive	Copper	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_040	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Lump Gulch to County Road Wylie Drive	Lead	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_040	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Lump Gulch to County Road Wylie Drive	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_040	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Lump Gulch to County Road Wylie Drive	Temperature, water	2010	9/27/2009
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_040	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Lump Gulch to County Road Wylie Drive	Zinc	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_050	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Spring Creek to Lump Gulch	Cadmium	2000	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_050	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Spring Creek to Lump Gulch	Lead	2000	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_050	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Spring Creek to Lump Gulch	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	9/27/2006

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Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_050	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, Spring Creek to Lump Gulch	Zinc	2000	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_060	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, headwaters to Spring Creek	Lead	1992	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_060	PRICKLY PEAR CREEK, headwaters to Spring Creek	Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	2008	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_070	GOLCONDA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek), T7N R3W S8	Cadmium	1992	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_070	GOLCONDA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek), T7N R3W S8	Lead	1992	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_080	SPRING CREEK, Corbin Creek to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Arsenic	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_080	SPRING CREEK, Corbin Creek to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Cadmium	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_080	SPRING CREEK, Corbin Creek to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Copper	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_080	SPRING CREEK, Corbin Creek to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Lead	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_080	SPRING CREEK, Corbin Creek to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2008	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_080	SPRING CREEK, Corbin Creek to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2008	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_080	SPRING CREEK, Corbin Creek to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	2008	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_080	SPRING CREEK, Corbin Creek to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Zinc	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_090	CORBIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Spring Creek)	Arsenic	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_090	CORBIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Spring Creek)	Cadmium	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_090	CORBIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Spring Creek)	Copper	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_090	CORBIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Spring Creek)	Lead	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_090	CORBIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Spring Creek)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_090	CORBIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Spring Creek)	Zinc	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_100	MIDDLE FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek-Prickly Pear Creek)	Arsenic	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_100	MIDDLE FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek-Prickly Pear Creek)	Cadmium	2008	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_100	MIDDLE FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek-Prickly Pear Creek)	Lead	2008	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_100	MIDDLE FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek-Prickly Pear Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	10/2/2006

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Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_100	MIDDLE FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek-Prickly Pear Creek)	Zinc	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_110	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, the Middle Fork to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Arsenic	1990	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_110	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, the Middle Fork to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Cadmium	1990	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_110	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, the Middle Fork to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Lead	1990	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_110	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, the Middle Fork to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_110	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, the Middle Fork to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Zinc	2008	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_120	CLANCY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Arsenic	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_120	CLANCY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Cadmium	2008	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_120	CLANCY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Copper	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_120	CLANCY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Lead	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_120	CLANCY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_120	CLANCY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Zinc	2008	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_130	LUMP GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Cadmium	1990	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_130	LUMP GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Copper	1990	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_130	LUMP GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Lead	1990	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_130	LUMP GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	2008	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_130	LUMP GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Zinc	1990	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_141	TENMILE CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Spring Creek	Arsenic	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_141	TENMILE CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Spring Creek	Cadmium	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_141	TENMILE CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Spring Creek	Copper	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_141	TENMILE CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Spring Creek	Lead	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_141	TENMILE CREEK, headwaters to confluence of Spring Creek	Zinc	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_142	TENMILE CREEK, Spring Creek to Helena Water Treatment Plant, Lat 46.573 Long - 112.214	Arsenic	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_142	TENMILE CREEK, Spring Creek to Helena Water Treatment Plant, Lat 46.573 Long - 112.214	Cadmium	1988	9/27/2006

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_142	TENMILE CREEK, Spring Creek to Helena Water Treatment Plant, Lat 46.573 Long - 112.214	Copper	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_142	TENMILE CREEK, Spring Creek to Helena Water Treatment Plant, Lat 46.573 Long - 112.214	Lead	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_142	TENMILE CREEK, Spring Creek to Helena Water Treatment Plant, Lat 46.573 Long - 112.214	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_142	TENMILE CREEK, Spring Creek to Helena Water Treatment Plant, Lat 46.573 Long - 112.214	Zinc	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_143	TENMILE CREEK, Helena Water Treatment Plant to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Arsenic	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_143	TENMILE CREEK, Helena Water Treatment Plant to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Cadmium	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_143	TENMILE CREEK, Helena Water Treatment Plant to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Copper	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_143	TENMILE CREEK, Helena Water Treatment Plant to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Lead	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_143	TENMILE CREEK, Helena Water Treatment Plant to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2008	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_143	TENMILE CREEK, Helena Water Treatment Plant to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Nutrient/Eutrophication Biological Indicators	2002	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_143	TENMILE CREEK, Helena Water Treatment Plant to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2008	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_143	TENMILE CREEK, Helena Water Treatment Plant to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_143	TENMILE CREEK, Helena Water Treatment Plant to mouth (Prickly Pear Creek)	Zinc	1988	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_150	SILVER CREEK, headwaters to T11N R4W S30 / S31 to Lake Helena	Arsenic	1988	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_160	SEVENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tenmile Creek)	Arsenic	2008	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_160	SEVENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tenmile Creek)	Copper	2008	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_160	SEVENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tenmile Creek)	Lead	2002	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_160	SEVENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tenmile Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2008	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_160	SEVENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tenmile Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2002	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_160	SEVENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tenmile Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_180	NORTH FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warmsprings Creek)	Arsenic	2002	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_180	NORTH FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warmsprings Creek)	Cadmium	2008	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT41I006_180	NORTH FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warmsprings Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	10/2/2006

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_180	NORTH FORK WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek)	Zinc	2008	10/2/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_210	JENNIES FORK, headwaters to mouth (Silver Creek)	Lead	1994	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_210	JENNIES FORK, headwaters to mouth (Silver Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411006_220	SKELLY GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Greenhorn Creek/Sevenmile Creek), T10N R5W S2	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411007_010	LAKE HELENA	Arsenic	1994	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411007_010	LAKE HELENA	Lead	1994	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411007_010	LAKE HELENA	Nitrogen (Total)	2008	9/27/2006
Lake Helena	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030101	MT411007_010	LAKE HELENA	Phosphorus (Total)	2008	9/27/2006
Lone Tree Creek	Milk	10050012	MT400002_050	LONE TREE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Willow Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	9/21/2001
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D001_010	BIG HOLE RIVER, Divide Creek to mouth (Jefferson River)	Temperature, water	2000	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_010	TRAPPER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Arsenic	2010	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_010	TRAPPER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Cadmium	2010	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_010	TRAPPER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Copper	1990	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_010	TRAPPER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Lead	1990	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_010	TRAPPER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_010	TRAPPER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Zinc	1990	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_020	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_020	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_020	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_020	CAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	2006	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_040	DIVIDE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_040	DIVIDE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_040	DIVIDE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_040	DIVIDE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Temperature, water	2006	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_040	DIVIDE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	2006	9/3/2009

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_050	MOOSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River at Maiden Rock)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_060	GROSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_060	GROSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_060	GROSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_090	BIRCH CREEK, headwaters to National Forest Boundary	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_100	BIRCH CREEK, National Forest Boundary to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_120	WICKIUP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Camp Creek), T2S R8W S1	Copper	1994	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_140	SOAP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River), T2S R9W S10	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_140	SOAP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River), T2S R9W S10	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_140	SOAP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River), T2S R9W S10	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_160	ROCHESTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River), T3S R6W S29	Arsenic	2000	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_160	ROCHESTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River), T3S R6W S29	Copper	2000	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_160	ROCHESTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River), T3S R6W S29	Lead	2000	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_160	ROCHESTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River), T3S R6W S29	Mercury	2000	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_160	ROCHESTER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River), T3S R6W S29	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_180	LOST CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lost Creek Canal/Ditch), T4S R9W S15	Arsenic	2006	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_180	LOST CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lost Creek Canal/Ditch), T4S R9W S15	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_180	LOST CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lost Creek Canal/Ditch), T4S R9W S15	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/3/2009
Lower Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D002_180	LOST CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lost Creek Canal/Ditch), T4S R9W S15	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	9/3/2009
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_010	UNION CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Iron	2010	12/23/2009
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_010	UNION CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1990	12/23/2009
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_010	UNION CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Temperature, water	1990	12/23/2009
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_020	WEST FORK ASHBY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (East Fork Ashby Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	12/23/2009
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_031	ELK CREEK, headwaters to Stinkwater Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	12/23/2009
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_032	ELK CREEK, Stinkwater Creek to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	12/23/2009

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_032	ELK CREEK, Stinkwater Creek to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Temperature, water	2000	12/23/2009
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_040	KENO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Elk Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	12/23/2009
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_050	EAST FORK ASHBY CREEK	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	12/23/2009
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_060	CAMAS CREEK, 1 mile above mouth to mouth (Union Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	12/23/2009
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_070	BELMONT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	12/23/2009
Lower Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F006_090	WASHOE CREEK, Headwater to mouth (Union Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	12/23/2009
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_040	BULL RIVER, the North Fork to mouth (Cabinet Gorge Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	12/21/2010
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_090	MARTEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Noxon Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	12/21/2010
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_120	WHITE PINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Beaver Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	12/21/2010
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_140	SWAMP CREEK, Cabinet Mountains Wilderness boundary to mouth (Noxon Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2012	12/21/2010
Lower Clark Fork Tributaries	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_180	DRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bull River), T28N R33W S32	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	12/21/2010
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D001_020	BIG HOLE RIVER, Divide Creek to Pintlar Creek	Copper	2000	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D001_020	BIG HOLE RIVER, Divide Creek to Pintlar Creek	Lead	2000	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D001_020	BIG HOLE RIVER, Divide Creek to Pintlar Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D001_020	BIG HOLE RIVER, Divide Creek to Pintlar Creek	Temperature, water	2000	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_020	JERRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Copper	2000	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_020	JERRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_030	DELANO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jerry Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_040	DEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_050	FRENCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	Arsenic	1990	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_050	FRENCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	Copper	2010	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_050	FRENCH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_070	CALIFORNIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (French Creek-Deep Creek)	Arsenic	1992	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_070	CALIFORNIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (French Creek-Deep Creek)	Copper	2010	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_070	CALIFORNIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (French Creek-Deep Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/3/2009

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_070	CALIFORNIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (French Creek-Deep Creek)	Turbidity	2006	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_080	OREGON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (California Creek-French Creek-Deep Creek)	Arsenic	2000	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_080	OREGON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (California Creek-French Creek-Deep Creek)	Copper	2000	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_080	OREGON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (California Creek-French Creek-Deep Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_090	SIXMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (California Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_110	SEVENMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_130	CORRAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_160	FISHTRAP CREEK, confluence of West & Middle Forks to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_200	WISE RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Cadmium	2010	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_200	WISE RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Copper	2010	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_200	WISE RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Lead	2010	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_200	WISE RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_210	PATTENGAIL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Wise River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_220	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jacobson Creek)	Arsenic	1996	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_220	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jacobson Creek)	Cadmium	1996	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_220	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jacobson Creek)	Copper	1996	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_220	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jacobson Creek)	Lead	1996	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_220	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jacobson Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_220	ELKHORN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jacobson Creek)	Zinc	1996	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D003_230	GOLD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Wise River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/3/2009
Middle Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_230	SAWLOG CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	9/3/2009
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_031	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Nevada Creek to Monture Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	1996	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_031	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Nevada Creek to Monture Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_031	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Nevada Creek to Monture Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_032	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Monture Creek to Belmont Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	1996	9/22/2008

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_032	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Monture Creek to Belmont Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F001_032	BLACKFOOT RIVER, Monture Creek to Belmont Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_010	FRAZIER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River), T14N R12W S28	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_010	FRAZIER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River), T14N R12W S28	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_010	FRAZIER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River), T14N R12W S28	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_010	FRAZIER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River), T14N R12W S28	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	2006	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_040	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 10 miles upstream to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_050	WALES CREEK, reservoir outlet to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_050	WALES CREEK, reservoir outlet to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_050	WALES CREEK, reservoir outlet to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_050	WALES CREEK, reservoir outlet to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_060	WARD CREEK, headwaters to Browns Lake	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_070	WARREN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_080	YOURNAME CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_080	YOURNAME CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_080	YOURNAME CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_090	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_100	MONTURE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_110	KLEINSCHMIDT CREEK, 1.5 miles upstream to mouth (North Fork Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F004_110	KLEINSCHMIDT CREEK, 1.5 miles upstream to mouth (North Fork Blackfoot River)	Temperature, water	2000	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F005_020	RICHMOND CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lake Alva)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F005_030	DEER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Seeley Lake)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F005_040	WEST FORK CLEARWATER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Clearwater River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F005_040	WEST FORK CLEARWATER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Clearwater River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F005_040	WEST FORK CLEARWATER RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Clearwater River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/22/2008

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Middle Blackfoot	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F005_060	BLANCHARD CREEK, North Fork to mouth (Clearwater River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/22/2008
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 1 mile above Stockett to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek-Missouri River)	Aluminum	2012	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 1 mile above Stockett to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek-Missouri River)	Cadmium	1988	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 1 mile above Stockett to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek-Missouri River)	Iron	2012	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 1 mile above Stockett to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek-Missouri River)	Nickel	1988	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_020	COTTONWOOD CREEK, 1 mile above Stockett to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek-Missouri River)	Zinc	1988	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_030	NUMBER FIVE COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	Aluminum	1988	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_030	NUMBER FIVE COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	Cadmium	1988	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_030	NUMBER FIVE COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	Iron	2012	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_030	NUMBER FIVE COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	Nickel	1988	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_030	NUMBER FIVE COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Cottonwood Creek)	Zinc	1988	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Aluminum	1992	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Cadmium	1992	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Copper	2012	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Iron	2012	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Nickel	1992	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Salinity	2000	1/24/2011
Missouri Cascade	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030102	MT41Q002_060	SAND COULEE, headwaters to mouth (Sand Coulee Creek)	Zinc	1992	1/24/2011
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_011	NEVADA CREEK, headwaters to Nevada Lake	Copper	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_011	NEVADA CREEK, headwaters to Nevada Lake	Iron	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_011	NEVADA CREEK, headwaters to Nevada Lake	Lead	2000	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_011	NEVADA CREEK, headwaters to Nevada Lake	Nitrogen (Total)	1992	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_011	NEVADA CREEK, headwaters to Nevada Lake	Phosphorus (Total)	2010	9/22/2008

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_011	NEVADA CREEK, headwaters to Nevada Lake	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1996	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_011	NEVADA CREEK, headwaters to Nevada Lake	Temperature, water	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_011	NEVADA CREEK, headwaters to Nevada Lake	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	1996	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_012	NEVADA CREEK, Nevada Lake to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_012	NEVADA CREEK, Nevada Lake to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_012	NEVADA CREEK, Nevada Lake to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_012	NEVADA CREEK, Nevada Lake to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Temperature, water	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_012	NEVADA CREEK, Nevada Lake to mouth (Blackfoot River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	1996	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_021	JEFFERSON CREEK, headwaters to 1 mile above confluence with Madison Gulch	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_022	JEFFERSON CREEK, 1 mile above Madison Gulch to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Aluminum	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_022	JEFFERSON CREEK, 1 mile above Madison Gulch to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Iron	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_022	JEFFERSON CREEK, 1 mile above Madison Gulch to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_022	JEFFERSON CREEK, 1 mile above Madison Gulch to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_022	JEFFERSON CREEK, 1 mile above Madison Gulch to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_022	JEFFERSON CREEK, 1 mile above Madison Gulch to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_030	GALLAGHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_030	GALLAGHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_030	GALLAGHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_030	GALLAGHER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_040	BRAZIEL CREEK, 2.8 miles upstream from mouth (Nevada Creek), T12N R10W S22	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_040	BRAZIEL CREEK, 2.8 miles upstream from mouth (Nevada Creek), T12N R10W S22	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_040	BRAZIEL CREEK, 2.8 miles upstream from mouth (Nevada Creek), T12N R10W S22	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_050	MCCELWAIN CREEK, diversion of Company Ditch to mouth (Nevada Creek), T13N R11W S18	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_050	MCCELWAIN CREEK, diversion of Company Ditch to mouth (Nevada Creek), T13N R11W S18	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_050	MCELWAIN CREEK, diversion of Company Ditch to mouth (Nevada Creek), T13N R11W S18	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_050	MCELWAIN CREEK, diversion of Company Ditch to mouth (Nevada Creek), T13N R11W S18	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_060	BLACK BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek), T12N R12W S22	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_060	BLACK BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek), T12N R12W S22	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_060	BLACK BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek), T12N R12W S22	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_060	BLACK BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek), T12N R12W S22	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_060	BLACK BEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Bear Creek), T12N R12W S22	Total Kjehdahl Nitrogen (TKN)	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_071	WASHINGTON CREEK, headwaters to Cow Gulch	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_072	WASHINGTON CREEK, Cow Gulch to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Iron	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_072	WASHINGTON CREEK, Cow Gulch to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_081	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to Murray Creek	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	1990	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_081	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to Murray Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_081	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to Murray Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_081	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to Murray Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_081	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to Murray Creek	Temperature, water	1990	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_081	DOUGLAS CREEK, headwaters to Murray Creek	Total Kjehdahl Nitrogen (TKN)	1990	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_082	DOUGLAS CREEK, Murray Creek to mouth (Nevada-Cottonwood Creeks)	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_082	DOUGLAS CREEK, Murray Creek to mouth (Nevada-Cottonwood Creeks)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_082	DOUGLAS CREEK, Murray Creek to mouth (Nevada-Cottonwood Creeks)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_082	DOUGLAS CREEK, Murray Creek to mouth (Nevada-Cottonwood Creeks)	Temperature, water	1990	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_082	DOUGLAS CREEK, Murray Creek to mouth (Nevada-Cottonwood Creeks)	Total Kjehdahl Nitrogen (TKN)	1990	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_090	COTTONWOOD CREEK, South Fork Cottonwood Creek to mouth (Douglas Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/2/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_090	COTTONWOOD CREEK, South Fork Cottonwood Creek to mouth (Douglas Creek)	Temperature, water	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_100	NEVADA SPRING CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/22/2008

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_120	MURRAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Douglas Creek), T12N R12W S6	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_120	MURRAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Douglas Creek), T12N R12W S6	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_120	MURRAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Douglas Creek), T12N R12W S6	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_120	MURRAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Douglas Creek), T12N R12W S6	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_120	MURRAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Douglas Creek), T12N R12W S6	Temperature, water	1994	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_120	MURRAY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Douglas Creek), T12N R12W S6	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	2006	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F003_130	BUFFALO GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Nevada Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F007_020	NEVADA LAKE, reservoir of Nevada Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F007_020	NEVADA LAKE, reservoir of Nevada Creek	Oxygen, Dissolved	1996	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F007_020	NEVADA LAKE, reservoir of Nevada Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	1996	9/22/2008
Nevada Creek	Upper Clark Fork	17010203	MT76F007_020	NEVADA LAKE, reservoir of Nevada Creek	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	1996	9/22/2008
Ninemile	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M004_010	NINEMILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	7/26/2003
Ninemile	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M004_020	STONY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	7/26/2005
Ninemile	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M004_040	JOSEPHINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	7/26/2005
Ninemile	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M004_060	CEDAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	7/26/2005
Ninemile	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M004_070	KENNEDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	Copper	1988	7/26/2005
Ninemile	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M004_070	KENNEDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	Lead	1988	7/26/2005
Ninemile	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M004_070	KENNEDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	Mercury	1988	7/26/2005
Ninemile	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M004_070	KENNEDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	7/26/2005
Ninemile	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M004_070	KENNEDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ninemile Creek)	Zinc	1988	7/26/2005
Ninemile	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M004_080	LITTLE MCCORMICK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (McCormick Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	7/26/2005
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_010	NORTH FORK BIG HOLE RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	6/30/2009
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_020	MUSSIGBROD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/3/2009
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_030	JOHNSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	6/30/2009
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_060	TIE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	6/30/2009

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_070	TRAIL CREEK, headwaters to Joseph Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	6/30/2009
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_080	TRAIL CREEK, Joseph Creek to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	6/30/2009
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_090	JOSEPH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Trail Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	6/30/2009
North Fork Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_100	RUBY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (North Fork Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	6/30/2009
Prospect Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_020	PROSPECT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Antimony	2000	12/27/2006
Prospect Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_020	PROSPECT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Lead	2000	12/27/2006
Prospect Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_020	PROSPECT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	1/21/2009
Prospect Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_020	PROSPECT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Zinc	2000	12/27/2006
Prospect Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_021	ANTIMONY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prospect Creek)	Antimony	2008	12/27/2006
Prospect Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_021	ANTIMONY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prospect Creek)	Arsenic	2004	12/27/2006
Prospect Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_021	ANTIMONY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prospect Creek)	Lead	2004	12/27/2006
Prospect Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_022	COX GULCH headwaters to mouth (Prospect Creek)	Antimony	2010	12/27/2006
Prospect Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_022	COX GULCH headwaters to mouth (Prospect Creek)	Lead	2004	12/27/2006
Prospect Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_050	CLEAR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Prospect Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	1/21/2009
Prospect Creek	Lower Clark Fork	17010213	MT76N003_070	DRY CREEK, headwaters (confluence of East and West Forks) to mouth (Prospect Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	1/21/2009
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_010	PRAIRIE ELK CREEK, East and Middle Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2012	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_010	PRAIRIE ELK CREEK, East and Middle Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_010	PRAIRIE ELK CREEK, East and Middle Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	1990	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_030	SAND CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2012	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_030	SAND CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1990	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060001	MT40S002_030	SAND CREEK, confluence of East and West Forks to mouth (Missouri River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	1990	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P001_012	REDWATER RIVER, Hell Creek to Buffalo Springs Creek	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P001_012	REDWATER RIVER, Hell Creek to Buffalo Springs Creek	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2006	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2012	12/29/2010

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Specific Conductance	1992	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Sulfates	1992	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Total Dissolved Solids	1992	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_010	EAST REDWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Redwater River)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	2006	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_020	HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Redwater River near town of Circle	Nitrogen (Total)	2012	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_020	HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Redwater River near town of Circle	Phosphorus (Total)	2012	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_020	HORSE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Redwater River near town of Circle	Salinity	2000	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_030	PASTURE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Redwater River	Nitrogen (Total)	2012	12/29/2010
Redwater	Lower Missouri	10060002	MT40P002_030	PASTURE CREEK, headwaters to mouth at Redwater River	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	2006	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_010	TIMBER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Nitrogen (Total)	2012	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_010	TIMBER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_010	TIMBER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Total Kjehldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	2006	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Nitrates	2000	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Nitrogen (Total)	2012	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Phosphorus (Total)	2012	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Sulfates	2006	12/29/2010
Redwater	Middle Missouri	10040104	MT40E003_020	NELSON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Dry Creek arm of Fort Peck Res)	Total Dissolved Solids	2012	12/29/2010
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C001_010	RUBY RIVER, Ruby Dam to mouth (Beaverhead River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C001_010	RUBY RIVER, Ruby Dam to mouth (Beaverhead River)	Temperature, water	2000	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C001_020	RUBY RIVER, confluence of East, West, and Middle Forks to Ruby Reservoir	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_010	WISCONSIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	5/15/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_020	MILL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	5/15/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_020	MILL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Temperature, water	1990	5/15/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_030	INDIAN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Leonard Slough)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	5/9/2007

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_040	ALDER GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	5/15/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_050	RAMSHORN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Lead	1988	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_050	RAMSHORN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2004	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_060	CURRENT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ramshorn Creek), T4S R4W S35	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_090	CALIFORNIA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T5S R4W S30	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_100	GARDEN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby Reservoir)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C002_110	MORMON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Upper end of Ruby River Reservoir )	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_020	COAL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Middle Fork Ruby River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_030	COTTONWOOD CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	5/15/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_040	EAST FORK RUBY RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	5/15/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_050	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_060	SWEETWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Chlorophyll-a	2002	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_060	SWEETWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2002	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_060	SWEETWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2002	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_060	SWEETWATER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_080	WEST FORK RUBY RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_090	MIDDLE FORK RUBY RIVER, Divide Creek to mouth (Ruby River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	5/15/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_110	POISON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T11S R3W S18	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	5/9/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_120	BASIN CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T11S R3W S20	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	5/15/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_130	BURNT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Ruby River), T10S R3W S21	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	5/15/2007
Ruby	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020003	MT41C003_150	SHOVEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Cabin Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	5/9/2007
Shields	Upper Yellowstone	10070003	MT43A001_011	SHIELDS RIVER, Cottonwood Creek to mouth (Yellowstone River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	6/30/2009
Shields	Upper Yellowstone	10070003	MT43A001_012	SHIELDS RIVER, headwaters to Cottonwood Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	6/30/2009
Shields	Upper Yellowstone	10070003	MT43A002_010	POTTER CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (Flathead Creek), T3N R9E S18	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	6/30/2009
Shields	Upper Yellowstone	10070003	MT43A002_010	POTTER CREEK, headwaters to the mouth (Flathead Creek), T3N R9E S18	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1988	6/30/2009

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
St. Regis	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M003_010	ST. REGIS RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/10/2008
St. Regis	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M003_010	ST. REGIS RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Temperature, water	2002	9/10/2008
St. Regis	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M003_020	TWELVE MILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (St. Regis River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/10/2008
St. Regis	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M003_020	TWELVE MILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (St. Regis River)	Temperature, water	2002	9/10/2008
St. Regis	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M003_040	BIG CREEK, the East and Middle Forks to mouth (St. Regis River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	9/10/2008
St. Regis	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M003_040	BIG CREEK, the East and Middle Forks to mouth (St. Regis River)	Temperature, water	1992	9/10/2008
St. Regis	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M003_070	LITTLE JOE CREEK, North Fork to mouth (St. Regis River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/10/2008
St. Regis	Lower Clark Fork	17010204	MT76M003_080	NORTH FORK LITTLE JOE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Little Joe Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/10/2008
Sun	Marias	10030205	MT41K004_030	FREEZEOUT LAKE	Selenium	1988	2/22/2005
Sun	Marias	10030205	MT41K004_030	FREEZEOUT LAKE	Sulfates	1990	2/22/2005
Sun	Marias	10030205	MT41K004_030	FREEZEOUT LAKE	Total Dissolved Solids	1988	2/22/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K001_010	SUN RIVER, Gibson Dam to Muddy Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K001_010	SUN RIVER, Gibson Dam to Muddy Creek	Temperature, water	1990	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K001_020	SUN RIVER, Muddy Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K001_020	SUN RIVER, Muddy Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K001_020	SUN RIVER, Muddy Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K001_020	SUN RIVER, Muddy Creek to mouth (Missouri River)	Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	1988	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K002_010	MUDDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sun River)	Nitrogen (Total)	1988	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K002_010	MUDDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sun River)	Phosphorus (Total)	1988	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K002_010	MUDDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sun River)	Salinity	1990	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K002_010	MUDDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sun River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K002_010	MUDDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sun River)	Selenium	2006	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K002_010	MUDDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sun River)	Sulfates	1990	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K002_010	MUDDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sun River)	Temperature, water	1990	2/23/2005
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K002_010	MUDDY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Sun River)	Total Dissolved Solids	1990	2/23/2005

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Sun	Missouri-Sun-Smith	10030104	MT41K002_020	FORD CREEK, from mouth 2 miles upstream (Smith Creek-Elk Creek-Sun River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2000	2/22/2005
Swan	Flathead	17010211	MT76K002_010	SWAN LAKE	BOD, sediment load (Sediment Oxygen Demand)	2008	8/31/2004
Swan	Flathead	17010211	MT76K002_010	SWAN LAKE	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	8/31/2004
Swan	Flathead	17010211	MT76K002_010	SWAN LAKE	Phosphorus (Total)	2010	8/31/2004
Swan	Flathead	17010211	MT76K002_010	SWAN LAKE	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	8/31/2004
Swan	Flathead	17010211	MT76K003_010	JIM CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Swan River), T21 R18W S8	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	8/31/2004
Swan	Flathead	17010211	MT76K003_031	GOAT CREEK, headwaters to Squeezer Creek	Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	1992	8/31/2004
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O001_010	TETON RIVER, Muddy Creek to mouth (Marias River)	Salinity	1996	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O001_010	TETON RIVER, Muddy Creek to mouth (Marias River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O001_010	TETON RIVER, Muddy Creek to mouth (Marias River)	Sulfates	1996	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O001_010	TETON RIVER, Muddy Creek to mouth (Marias River)	Total Dissolved Solids	1996	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O001_020	TETON RIVER, Deep Creek to Muddy Creek	Salinity	2000	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O001_020	TETON RIVER, Deep Creek to Muddy Creek	Sulfates	2000	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O001_020	TETON RIVER, Deep Creek to Muddy Creek	Temperature, water	2000	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O001_020	TETON RIVER, Deep Creek to Muddy Creek	Total Dissolved Solids	2000	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O001_020	TETON RIVER, Deep Creek to Muddy Creek	Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	1988	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O002_010	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Deep Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O002_020	DEEP CREEK, Willow Creek to mouth (Teton River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2002	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O002_020	DEEP CREEK, Willow Creek to mouth (Teton River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2002	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O002_020	DEEP CREEK, Willow Creek to mouth (Teton River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O002_060	TETON SPRING CREEK, the city of Choteau to mouth (Teton River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2002	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O002_060	TETON SPRING CREEK, the city of Choteau to mouth (Teton River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O002_070	TETON SPRING CREEK, headwaters to city of Choteau	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O002_070	TETON SPRING CREEK, headwaters to city of Choteau	Temperature, water	2002	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O004_020	PRIEST BUTTE LAKE	Salinity	1988	11/26/2003

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O004_020	PRIEST BUTTE LAKE	Selenium	1988	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O004_020	PRIEST BUTTE LAKE	Sulfates	1988	11/26/2003
Teton	Marias	10030205	MT41O004_020	PRIEST BUTTE LAKE	Total Dissolved Solids	1988	11/26/2003
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_010	TOBACCO RIVER, confluence of Grave Creek & Fortine Creek to mouth (Lake Koocanusa)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	9/16/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_020	FORTINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Grave Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/16/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_030	EDNA CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/16/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_040	SWAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/16/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_050	LIME CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	9/16/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_070	THERRIAULT CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Tobacco River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	9/16/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_080	DEEP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Fortine Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	9/16/2011
Tobacco	Kootenai	17010101	MT76D004_091	SINCLAIR CREEK, confluence of un-named tributary, Lat -114.945 Long 48.908 to mouth (Tobacco River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2012	9/16/2011
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D001_030	BIG HOLE RIVER, headwaters to Pintlar Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	6/30/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D001_030	BIG HOLE RIVER, headwaters to Pintlar Creek	Temperature, water	2000	6/30/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_110	SWAMP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	6/30/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_120	ROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	6/30/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_140	MINER CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	6/30/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_150	GOVERNOR CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/3/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_160	PINE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Andrus Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/3/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_170	FOX CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Governor Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/3/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_190	STEEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2010	6/30/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_190	STEEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Phosphorus (Total)	2000	6/30/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_190	STEEL CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	6/30/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_200	FRANCIS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Steel Creek)	Nitrogen (Total)	2006	6/30/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_200	FRANCIS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Steel Creek)	Phosphorus (Total)	2006	6/30/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_200	FRANCIS CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Steel Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	6/30/2009

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TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_210	McVEY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	6/30/2009
Upper Big Hole	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020004	MT41D004_220	DOOLITTLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Hole River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	6/30/2009
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_012	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, Meyers Dam T5N R12W S25 to mouth (Clark Fork), T6N R9W S6	Arsenic	1996	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_012	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, Meyers Dam T5N R12W S25 to mouth (Clark Fork), T6N R9W S6	Cadmium	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_012	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, Meyers Dam T5N R12W S25 to mouth (Clark Fork), T6N R9W S6	Copper	1996	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_012	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, Meyers Dam T5N R12W S25 to mouth (Clark Fork), T6N R9W S6	Iron	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_012	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, Meyers Dam T5N R12W S25 to mouth (Clark Fork), T6N R9W S6	Lead	1996	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_012	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, Meyers Dam T5N R12W S25 to mouth (Clark Fork), T6N R9W S6	Zinc	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_030	CABLE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Warm Springs Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_040	STORM LAKE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Un-Named canal/Ditch)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_051	MILL CREEK, headwaters to section line between Sec 27 and 28, T4N, R11W	Arsenic	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_051	MILL CREEK, headwaters to section line between Sec 27 and 28, T4N, R11W	Cadmium	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_051	MILL CREEK, headwaters to section line between Sec 27 and 28, T4N, R11W	Copper	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_051	MILL CREEK, headwaters to section line between Sec 27 and 28, T4N, R11W	Lead	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_051	MILL CREEK, headwaters to section line between Sec 27 and 28, T4N, R11W	Zinc	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_052	MILL CREEK, line between sections 27-28 T4N R11W to Mill-Willow Bypass diversion	Arsenic	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_052	MILL CREEK, line between sections 27-28 T4N R11W to Mill-Willow Bypass diversion	Cadmium	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_052	MILL CREEK, line between sections 27-28 T4N R11W to Mill-Willow Bypass diversion	Copper	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_052	MILL CREEK, line between sections 27-28 T4N R11W to Mill-Willow Bypass diversion	Iron	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_052	MILL CREEK, line between sections 27-28 T4N R11W to Mill-Willow Bypass diversion	Lead	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_052	MILL CREEK, line between sections 27-28 T4N R11W to Mill-Willow Bypass diversion	Zinc	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_061	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to T4N R10W S30	Arsenic	2006	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_061	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to T4N R10W S30	Cadmium	2006	3/4/2010

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_061	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to T4N R10W S30	Copper	2006	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_061	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to T4N R10W S30	Iron	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_061	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to T4N R10W S30	Lead	2006	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_061	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to T4N R10W S30	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_061	WILLOW CREEK, headwaters to T4N R10W S30	Zinc	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_062	WILLOW CREEK, T4N R10W S30 to mouth (Mill Creek), T4N R10W S11	Arsenic	2000	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_062	WILLOW CREEK, T4N R10W S30 to mouth (Mill Creek), T4N R10W S11	Cadmium	2000	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_062	WILLOW CREEK, T4N R10W S30 to mouth (Mill Creek), T4N R10W S11	Copper	2000	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_062	WILLOW CREEK, T4N R10W S30 to mouth (Mill Creek), T4N R10W S11	Iron	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_062	WILLOW CREEK, T4N R10W S30 to mouth (Mill Creek), T4N R10W S11	Lead	2000	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_062	WILLOW CREEK, T4N R10W S30 to mouth (Mill Creek), T4N R10W S11	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_062	WILLOW CREEK, T4N R10W S30 to mouth (Mill Creek), T4N R10W S11	Zinc	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_072	LOST CREEK, the south State Park boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Arsenic	2000	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_072	LOST CREEK, the south State Park boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Copper	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_072	LOST CREEK, the south State Park boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Lead	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_080	MODESTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Arsenic	2000	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_080	MODESTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Cadmium	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_080	MODESTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Copper	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_080	MODESTY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Lead	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_100	DEMPSEY CREEK, the national forest boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_110	TIN CUP JOE CREEK, Tin Cup Lake to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_120	MILL-WILLOW BYPASS, Mill and Willow Creek diversion to Silver Bow Creek (below ponds)	Arsenic	1996	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_120	MILL-WILLOW BYPASS, Mill and Willow Creek diversion to Silver Bow Creek (below ponds)	Cadmium	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_120	MILL-WILLOW BYPASS, Mill and Willow Creek diversion to Silver Bow Creek (below ponds)	Copper	1996	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_120	MILL-WILLOW BYPASS, Mill and Willow Creek diversion to Silver Bow Creek (below ponds)	Lead	1996	3/4/2010

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_120	MILL-WILLOW BYPASS, Mill and Willow Creek diversion to Silver Bow Creek (below ponds)	Zinc	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_131	PETERSON CREEK, headwaters to Jack Creek	Copper	2006	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_131	PETERSON CREEK, headwaters to Jack Creek	Iron	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_131	PETERSON CREEK, headwaters to Jack Creek	Lead	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_131	PETERSON CREEK, headwaters to Jack Creek	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_132	PETERSON CREEK, Jack Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Iron	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_132	PETERSON CREEK, Jack Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_132	PETERSON CREEK, Jack Creek to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Temperature, water	2000	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G002_140	ANTELOPE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Gardner Ditch)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_030	GERMAN GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Silver Bow Creek)	Arsenic	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_030	GERMAN GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Silver Bow Creek)	Cyanide	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_030	GERMAN GULCH, headwaters to mouth (Silver Bow Creek)	Selenium	2002	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G003_031	BEEFSTRAIGHT CREEK, Minnesota Gulch to mouth (German Gulch)	Cyanide	2004	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_071	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, headwaters to T9N R12W S2 SW	Arsenic	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_071	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, headwaters to T9N R12W S2 SW	Cadmium	1990	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_071	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, headwaters to T9N R12W S2 SW	Copper	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_071	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, headwaters to T9N R12W S2 SW	Iron	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_071	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, headwaters to T9N R12W S2 SW	Lead	1990	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_071	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, headwaters to T9N R12W S2 SW	Zinc	1990	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_072	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, T9N R12W S2 to mouth (Un-named Canal), T10N R11W S30	Arsenic	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_072	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, T9N R12W S2 to mouth (Un-named Canal), T10N R11W S30	Cadmium	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_072	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, T9N R12W S2 to mouth (Un-named Canal), T10N R11W S30	Copper	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_072	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, T9N R12W S2 to mouth (Un-named Canal), T10N R11W S30	Iron	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_072	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, T9N R12W S2 to mouth (Un-named Canal), T10N R11W S30	Lead	1990	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_072	DUNKLEBERG CREEK, T9N R12W S2 to mouth (Un-named Canal), T10N R11W S30	Zinc	2010	3/4/2010

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_081	HOOVER CREEK, headwaters to Miller Lake	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_081	HOOVER CREEK, headwaters to Miller Lake	Turbidity	2000	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_082	HOOVER CREEK, Miller Lake to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_091	GOLD CREEK, headwaters to National Forest boundary	Lead	2000	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_092	GOLD CREEK, the forest boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Iron	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_092	GOLD CREEK, the forest boundary to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Lead	2010	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_100	BROCK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Clark Fork	Upper Clark Fork	17010201	MT76G005_112	WARM SPRINGS CREEK, from line between R9W and R10W to mouth (Clark Fork River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	3/4/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_040	WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, confluence Middle and North Forks to mouth (Gallatin River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2012	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_040	WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, confluence Middle and North Forks to mouth (Gallatin River)	Nitrogen (Total)	2000	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_040	WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, confluence Middle and North Forks to mouth (Gallatin River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_050	MIDDLE FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Escherichia coli	2012	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_050	MIDDLE FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Fecal Coliform	2000	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_050	MIDDLE FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2000	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_050	MIDDLE FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Solids (Suspended/Bedload)	1990	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_060	SOUTH FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Nitrate/Nitrite (Nitrite + Nitrate as N)	2000	9/30/2010
Upper Gallatin	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020008	MT41H005_060	SOUTH FORK WEST FORK GALLATIN RIVER, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Gallatin River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/30/2010
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_010	BIG PIPESTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R4W S11	Sedimentation/Siltation	2010	9/22/2009
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_010	BIG PIPESTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson Slough), T1N R4W S11	Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	1996	9/22/2009
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_030	HELLS CANYON CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/22/2009
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_040	LITTLE PIPESTONE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Big Pipestone Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	9/22/2009
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_100	FISH CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson Canal), T1S R5W S12	Sedimentation/Siltation	1996	9/22/2009

## Appendix F: EPA-Approved TMDLs

TMDL Planning Area	Watershed	HUC	ID305B	Waterbody Name/Location	Cause of Impairment	Cycle First Listed	TMDL Completion Date
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_110	CHERRY CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Jefferson River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	9/22/2009
Upper Jefferson	Upper Missouri Tribs.	10020005	MT41G002_140	WHITETAIL CREEK, Whitetail Reservoir to mouth (Jeferson Slough)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1994	9/22/2009
Upper Lolo	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H005_030	GRANITE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lolo Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1988	6/24/2003
Upper Lolo	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H005_040	EAST FORK LOLO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Confluence with Lolo Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1990	6/24/2003
Upper Lolo	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H005_050	WEST FORK LOLO CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Lolo Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	6/24/2003
Upper Lolo	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H005_060	LOST PARK CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Confluence with East Fork Lolo Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	6/24/2003
Upper Lolo	Upper Clark Fork	17010205	MT76H005_070	LEE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (West Fork Lolo Creek)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2002	6/24/2003
Yaak	Kootenai	17010103	MT76B002_010	SEVENTEEN MILE CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/10/2008
Yaak	Kootenai	17010103	MT76B002_020	LAP CREEK, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	2006	9/10/2008
Yaak	Kootenai	17010103	MT76B002_080	SOUTH FORK YAAK RIVER, headwaters to mouth (Yaak River)	Sedimentation/Siltation	1992	9/10/2008

## Appendix G: Monitoring Schedule for 2011 - 2014

The following areas are scheduled to be monitored and/or assessed during the period of 2012 through 2014 for the purposes indicated. This list is not necessarily inclusive and plans may change due to unforeseen circumstances

Basin	HUC	Huc Name	Waterbody Name	Monitoring Objectives			
				Standards Development	Ambient (305b)	TMDL Development	Restoration Effectiveness
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Big Cherry Creek			X	
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Bristow Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Deep Creek			X	
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Edna Creek			X	
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Fortine Creek			X	
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Lake Creek			X	
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Libby Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Lime Creek			X	
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Quartz Creek			X	
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Snowshoe Creek			X	
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Stanley Creek (Fairway)		X		
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Swamp Creek			X	
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Therriault Creek			X	
Columbia	17010101	Upper Kootenai	Tobacco River			X	
Columbia	17010102	Fisher	Fisher River			X	
Columbia	17010102	Fisher	Raven Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010102	Fisher	Wolf Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010103	Yaak	East Fork Yaak River			X	
Columbia	17010103	Yaak	Lap Creek			X	
Columbia	17010103	Yaak	Pete Creek			X	
Columbia	17010103	Yaak	Seventeen Mile Creek			X	
Columbia	17010103	Yaak	Spread Creek			X	
Columbia	17010103	Yaak	West Fork Yaak River			X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Dempsey Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Dog Creek			X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Dunkleberg Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Gold Creek		X	X	

## Appendix G: Monitoring Schedule for 2011 - 2014

The following areas are scheduled to be monitored and/or assessed during the period of 2012 through 2014 for the purposes indicated. This list is not necessarily inclusive and plans may change due to unforeseen circumstances

Basin	HUC	Huc Name	Waterbody Name	Monitoring Objectives			Restoration Effectiveness
				Standards Development	Ambient (305b)	TMDL Development	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Hoover Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Little Blackfoot River			X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Lost Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Mill Creek			X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Monarch Creek			X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Peterson Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Silver Bow Creek			X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Snowshoe Creek			X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Spotted Dog Creek			X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Storm Lake Creek		X		
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Telegraph Creek			X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Un-Named Creek			X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Warm Springs Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010201	Upper Clark Fork	Willow Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Antelope Creek		X		
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Barnes Creek			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Basin Gulch		X		
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Boulder Creek			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Brewster Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Camp Creek			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Cramer Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Deep Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Douglas Creek			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	East Fork Rock Creek			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Eureka Gulch			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Flat Gulch			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Flint Creek			X	

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The following areas are scheduled to be monitored and/or assessed during the period of 2012 through 2014 for the purposes indicated. This list is not necessarily inclusive and plans may change due to unforeseen circumstances

Basin	HUC	Huc Name	Waterbody Name	Monitoring Objectives			
				Standards Development	Ambient (305b)	TMDL Development	Restoration Effectiveness
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Fred Burr Creek			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Miners Gulch			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Mulkey Creek			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	North Fork Douglas Creek			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Princeton Gulch			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Quartz Gulch		X	X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Rattler Gulch		X	X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Scotchman Gulch			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Sluice Gulch		X	X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Smart Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	South Fork Antelope Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	South Fork Lower Willow Creek			X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Tenmile Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Upper Willow Creek		X		
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Wallace Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	Welcome Creek		X		
Columbia	17010202	Flint-Rock	West Fork Rock Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Arrastra Creek				X
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Beartrap Creek				X
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Blackfoot River			X	X
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Braziel Creek			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Camas Creek			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Day Gulch			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Douglas Creek			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	East Fork Ashby Creek			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Elk Creek			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Kleinschmidt Creek			X	

## Appendix G: Monitoring Schedule for 2011 - 2014

The following areas are scheduled to be monitored and/or assessed during the period of 2012 through 2014 for the purposes indicated. This list is not necessarily inclusive and plans may change due to unforeseen circumstances

Basin	HUC	Huc Name	Waterbody Name	Monitoring Objectives			
				Standards Development	Ambient (305b)	TMDL Development	Restoration Effectiveness
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Mike Horse Creek				X
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Murray Creek			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Nevada Creek			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Nevada Lake			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Poorman Creek			X	X
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Sandbar Creek			X	X
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Shingle Mill Creek			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Union Creek			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Washoe Creek			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	West Fork Ashby Creek			X	
Columbia	17010203	Blackfoot	Willow Creek				X
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	Cache Creek		X		
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	Cedar Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	Dry Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	Flat Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	Grant Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	Hall Gulch		X		
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	Nemote Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	Ninemile Creek		X		
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	North Fork Fish Creek		X		
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	Petty Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	Stony Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	Straight Creek		X		
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	Trout Creek			X	
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	West Fork Petty Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010204	Middle Clark Fork	White Creek		X		
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Ambrose Creek			X	

## Appendix G: Monitoring Schedule for 2011 - 2014

The following areas are scheduled to be monitored and/or assessed during the period of 2012 through 2014 for the purposes indicated. This list is not necessarily inclusive and plans may change due to unforeseen circumstances

Basin	HUC	Huc Name	Waterbody Name	Monitoring Objectives			Restoration Effectiveness
				Standards Development	Ambient (305b)	TMDL Development	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Bass Creek			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Bitterroot River		X	X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Burnt Fork		X		
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	East Fork Bitterroot River			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Eight Mile Creek		X		
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Lick Creek			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Lolo Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	McClain Creek			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Meadow Creek			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Mill Creek			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Miller Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Muddy Spring Creek			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	North Burnt Fork Creek			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	North Fork Rye Creek			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Overwhich Creek			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Rye Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Skalkaho Creek			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Sleeping Child Creek			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Sweathouse Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Three Mile Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Tin Cup Creek			X	
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Unnamed Stream		X		
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Willoughby Creek		X		
Columbia	17010205	Bitterroot	Willow Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010207	Middle Fork Flathead	Challenge Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010208	Flathead Lake	Ashley Creek			X	
Columbia	17010208	Flathead Lake	Fish Creek			X	

## Appendix G: Monitoring Schedule for 2011 - 2014

The following areas are scheduled to be monitored and/or assessed during the period of 2012 through 2014 for the purposes indicated. This list is not necessarily inclusive and plans may change due to unforeseen circumstances

Basin	HUC	Huc Name	Waterbody Name	Monitoring Objectives			
				Standards Development	Ambient (305b)	TMDL Development	Restoration Effectiveness
Columbia	17010208	Flathead Lake	Flathead Lake			X	
Columbia	17010208	Flathead Lake	Spring Creek			X	
Columbia	17010210	Stillwater	East Fork Swift Creek			X	
Columbia	17010210	Stillwater	Logan Creek			X	
Columbia	17010210	Stillwater	Sheppard Creek			X	
Columbia	17010210	Stillwater	Stillwater River			X	
Columbia	17010210	Stillwater	Swift Creek			X	
Columbia	17010210	Stillwater	West Fork Swift Creek			X	
Columbia	17010210	Stillwater	Whitefish Lake			X	
Columbia	17010210	Stillwater	Whitefish River			X	
Columbia	17010211	Swan	Goat Creek				X
Columbia	17010211	Swan	Jim Creek				X
Columbia	17010211	Swan	Swan Lake				X
Columbia	17010212	Lower Flathead	Little Bitterroot River		X	X	
Columbia	17010212	Lower Flathead	Sullivan Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010213	Lower Clark Fork	Cox Gulch			X	
Columbia	17010213	Lower Clark Fork	Elk Creek				X
Columbia	17010213	Lower Clark Fork	Henry Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010213	Lower Clark Fork	Lazier Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010213	Lower Clark Fork	Little Thompson River		X	X	
Columbia	17010213	Lower Clark Fork	Lynch Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010213	Lower Clark Fork	McGinnis Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010213	Lower Clark Fork	McGregor Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010213	Lower Clark Fork	Swamp Creek		X	X	
Columbia	17010213	Lower Clark Fork	White Pine Creek			X	
Columbia	Multiple	Multiple HUCS	Clark Fork River		X	X	
Columbia	Multiple	Multiple HUCS	Flathead River			X	

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Basin	HUC	Huc Name	Waterbody Name	Monitoring Objectives			
				Standards Development	Ambient (305b)	TMDL Development	Restoration Effectiveness
Lower Missouri	10030104	Judith	Huber Coulee		X		
Lower Missouri	10030205	Teton	North Fork Teton River		X		
Lower Missouri	10030205	Teton	Waldron Creek		X		
Lower Missouri	10040103	Judith	Big Spring Creek				X
Lower Missouri	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir	Alder Gulch			X	
Lower Missouri	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir	Armells Creek			X	
Lower Missouri	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir	Cow Creek	X		X	
Lower Missouri	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir	Fargo Coulee			X	
Lower Missouri	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir	Hart Creek	X			
Lower Missouri	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir	Hell Creek	X			
Lower Missouri	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir	Mill Gulch			X	
Lower Missouri	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir	Montana Gulch			X	
Lower Missouri	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir	Rock Creek			X	
Lower Missouri	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir	Ruby Creek			X	
Lower Missouri	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir	Ruby Gulch			X	
Lower Missouri	10040104	Fort Peck Reservoir	Snap Creek	X			
Lower Missouri	10040106	Little Dry	Little Dry Creek	X			
Lower Missouri	10040201	Upper Musselshell	Careless Creek				X
Lower Missouri	10050009	Peoples	Big Horn Creek			X	
Lower Missouri	10050009	Peoples	King Creek			X	
Lower Missouri	10050009	Peoples	Lodge Pole Creek			X	
Lower Missouri	10050009	Peoples	Swift Gulch Creek			X	
Lower Missouri	10050010	Cottonwood	Woody Island Coulee	X			
Lower Missouri	10050012	Lower Milk	Willow Creek	X			
Lower Missouri	10050014	Beaver	Beaver Creek			X	
Lower Missouri	10050015	Rock	Bitter Creek	X			
Lower Missouri	10050015	Rock	Rock Creek	X			

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The following areas are scheduled to be monitored and/or assessed during the period of 2012 through 2014 for the purposes indicated. This list is not necessarily inclusive and plans may change due to unforeseen circumstances

Basin	HUC	Huc Name	Waterbody Name	Monitoring Objectives			
				Standards Development	Ambient (305b)	TMDL Development	Restoration Effectiveness
Lower Missouri	10050015	Rock	Willow Creek	X			
Lower Missouri	10060003	Poplar	East Fork Poplar River		X		
Lower Missouri	10060003	Poplar	Lower Middle Fork Poplar River		X		
Lower Missouri	10060003	Poplar	Middle Fork Poplar River		X		
Lower Missouri	10060003	Poplar	Poplar River		X		
Lower Missouri	10060004	West Fork Poplar	West Fork Poplar River		X		
Upper Missouri	10020001	Red Rock	Bloody Dick Creek	X			
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Beaverhead River			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Blacktail Deer Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Clark Canyon Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Dyce Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Farlin Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	French Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Price Creek	X			
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Rattlesnake Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Reservoir Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Scudder Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Spring Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Steel Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Stone Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	Taylor Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	West Fork Blacktail Deer Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020002	Beaverhead	West Fork Dyce Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	Basin Creek				X
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	Burnt Creek				X
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	Coal Creek				X
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	Cottonwood Creek				X

## Appendix G: Monitoring Schedule for 2011 - 2014

The following areas are scheduled to be monitored and/or assessed during the period of 2012 through 2014 for the purposes indicated. This list is not necessarily inclusive and plans may change due to unforeseen circumstances

Basin	HUC	Huc Name	Waterbody Name	Monitoring Objectives			
				Standards Development	Ambient (305b)	TMDL Development	Restoration Effectiveness
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	East Fork Ruby River				X
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	Garden Creek				X
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	Middle Fork Ruby River				X
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	Mormon Creek				X
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	North Fork Greenhorn Creek	X			
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	Poison Creek				X
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	Ruby River				X
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	Shovel Creek				X
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	Sweetwater Creek				X
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	Warm Springs Creek				X
Upper Missouri	10020003	Ruby	West Fork Ruby River				X
Upper Missouri	10020004	Big Hole	Johnson Creek		X		
Upper Missouri	10020004	Big Hole	LaMarche Creek		X		
Upper Missouri	10020004	Big Hole	Seymour Creek		X		
Upper Missouri	10020004	Big Hole	Tie Creek		X		
Upper Missouri	10020004	Big Hole	Trail Creek		X		
Upper Missouri	10020004	Big Hole	Willow Creek	X	X		
Upper Missouri	10020005	Jefferson	Cherry Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020005	Jefferson	Fish Creek		X		
Upper Missouri	10020005	Jefferson	Jefferson River			X	
Upper Missouri	10020005	Jefferson	Whitetail Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020005	Jefferson	Willow Creek South Fork	X			
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	Basin Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	Big Limber Gulch			X	
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	Bison Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	Boulder River			X	
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	Cataract Creek		X	X	

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The following areas are scheduled to be monitored and/or assessed during the period of 2012 through 2014 for the purposes indicated. This list is not necessarily inclusive and plans may change due to unforeseen circumstances

Basin	HUC	Huc Name	Waterbody Name	Monitoring Objectives			
				Standards Development	Ambient (305b)	TMDL Development	Restoration Effectiveness
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	Elkhorn Creek		X	X	
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	High Ore Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	Little Boulder River			X	
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	Lowland Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	McCarthy Creek		X	X	
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	Muskrat Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	North Fork Little Boulder River			X	
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	Nursery Creek		X	X	
Upper Missouri	10020006	Boulder	Uncle Sam Gulch		X	X	
Upper Missouri	10020007	Madison	numerous waters: basin-scale monitoring		X		
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Bear Creek		X	X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Bridger Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Camp Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Dry Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	East Gallatin River			X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Godfrey Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Hyalite Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Jackson Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Reese Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Rocky Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Smith Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Sourdough Creek (Bozeman Creek)			X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Stone Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10020008	Gallatin	Thompson Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Beaver Creek		X		
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Big Springs		X		
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Broadwater/Missouri Canal		X		

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Basin	HUC	Huc Name	Waterbody Name	Monitoring Objectives			
				Standards Development	Ambient (305b)	TMDL Development	Restoration Effectiveness
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Canyon Ferry Reservoir		X		
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Clancy Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Corbin Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Crow Creek		X		
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Deep Creek				X
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Dry Creek		X	X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Golconda Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Granite Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Grayson Creek		X		
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Hauser Lake		X		
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Holcim WWTP		X		
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Jackson Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Lump Gulch			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Middle Fork Warm Springs Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Montana Ditch		X		
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Prickly Pear Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Sevenmile Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Silver Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Sixteenmile Creek		X		
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Skelly Gulch			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Spring Creek			X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Tenmile Creek		X	X	
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	Trout Creek		X		
Upper Missouri	10030101	Upper Missouri	White's Gulch		X		
Upper Missouri	10030102	Upper Missouri-Dearborn	Middle Fork Dearborn River	X			
Upper Missouri	Multiple	Multiple HUCS	Missouri River		X		
Yellowstone	10070002	Upper Yellowstone	Boulder River	X			

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Basin	HUC	Huc Name	Waterbody Name	Monitoring Objectives			
				Standards Development	Ambient (305b)	TMDL Development	Restoration Effectiveness
Yellowstone	10070002	Upper Yellowstone	Sweet Grass Creek	X			
Yellowstone	10070003	Shields	Shields River	X			
Yellowstone	10070005	Stillwater	Stillwater River	X			
Yellowstone	10070006	Clarks Fork Yellowstone	Clarks Fork Yellowstone River	X			
Yellowstone	10070008	Pryor	Pryor Creek	X			
Yellowstone	10090208	Little Powder	Little Powder River	X			
Yellowstone	10090209	Lower Powder	Crow Creek	X			
Yellowstone	10100001	Lower Yellowstone-Sunday	Armells Creek	X			
Yellowstone	10100001	Lower Yellowstone-Sunday	Custer Creek	X			
Yellowstone	10100004	Lower Yellowstone	Cedar Creek	X			
Yellowstone	10100004	Lower Yellowstone	Lost Boy Creek	X			
Yellowstone	10100005	O'Fallon	O'Fallon Creek	X			
Yellowstone	10110201	Upper Little Missouri	Little Beaver Creek	X			
Yellowstone	10110202	Box Elder	Box Elder Creek	X	X		
Yellowstone	10110202	Box Elder	Chicago Gulch			X	
Yellowstone	10110202	Box Elder	Chippewa Creek			X	
Yellowstone	10110202	Box Elder	Collar Gulch			X	
Yellowstone	Multiple	Multiple HUCS	Little Missouri River	X		X	
Yellowstone	Multiple	Multiple HUCS	Yellowstone River	X			

## **ATTACHMENT 1: MONTANA WATER QUALITY ASSESSMENT METHOD**

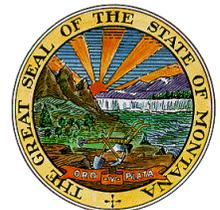




# Water Quality Assessment Method

**November 28, 2011**

**Prepared by:**  
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#### REVISION HISTORY

Revision No.	Date	Modified By	Sections Modified	Description of Changes
3.0	June 2011	M. McCarthy	All	Major revision to provide a structured and consistent approach for assessing Montana's waters. The most significant changes to the process are the incorporation of pollutant-specific methods to assess water quality and a specific process for evaluating data used for assessments.
4.0	Nov 2011	M. McCarthy	All	Minor revision in response to public comments. Temperature was removed as one of the pollutant groups. Tables were removed from Section 6.

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## ACRONYMS

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Definition</b>
AFDW	Ash Free Dry Weight
ARM	Administrative Rules of Montana
AU	Assessment Unit
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CFL	Cycle First Listed
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CWA	Clean Water Act
DEQ	Department of Environmental Quality (Montana)
DO	Dissolved Oxygen
DQA	Data Quality Assessment
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency (US)
HBI	Hilsenhoff Biotic Index
MCA	Montana Code Annotated
MWQA	Montana Water Quality Act
NHD	National Hydrography Data(set)
QA	Quality Assurance
QAPP	Quality Assurance Project Plan
QC	Quality Control
RPD	Residual Pool Depth
RSI	Riffle Stability Index
SAP	Sampling and Analysis Plan
SCD	Sufficient Credible Data
TMDL	Total Maximum Daily Load
TN	Total Nitrogen
TP	Total Phosphorus
USGS	United States Geological Survey
WARD	Water quality Assessment, Reporting, and Documentation system
WQS	Water Quality Standards



## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This update of the Montana Department of Environmental Quality's (DEQ) Water Quality Assessment Method includes a substantial change in the process. The ultimate goal is to provide a structured and consistent approach for assessing Montana's waters. DEQ's assessment method is built to the goals and concepts of Montana's Water Quality Act and better aligns the assessment process with the water quality goals expressed in Montana's water quality standards.

At present, DEQ has developed assessment methods for nutrients, sediment, and metals pollutant groups, which represent the most common pollutants impairing Montana's surface waters. Each pollutant method provides for sound and consistent water quality assessments, which will allow DEQ to make reproducible and defensible decisions about beneficial-use support.

This new method differs from the Water Quality Assessment Process and Method that was used in previous listing cycles and includes two significant changes: (1) the incorporation of pollutant-specific methods to assess water quality; (2) a specific process for evaluating data used for assessments.

Under the new assessment method, determinations of beneficial-use support are specific to the pollutant groups. Each pollutant group has specific core indicators that have spatial and temporal requirements, defined index periods, and a minimum sample size. Each pollutant-specific method has a clear decision framework and uses statistical analysis for making decisions of beneficial use support or non-support.

The nutrient and sediment methods have two levels of assessment. Core indicators are collected in the first level of assessment to evaluate whether water quality standards have been met or not. When clear decisions cannot be made, a Level II assessment is performed. This often requires another year of data collection and may require supplemental indicators to help support the decisions.

Previous versions of the state's assessment method (for the period 2000–2008) used a process called Sufficient Credible Data (SCD) to determine the validity and reliability of data used in assessments. SCD considered the technical, representative, currency, quality, and spatial and temporal components of readily available data and information for each data type (biological, chemical, and physical/habitat). It also established a measure of rigor for each data type. The sum of all data types were then translated into a qualitative statement of confidence for the beneficial-use assessment.

The new pollutant-based assessment method also has specific objectives and decision-making criteria for determining the validity and reliability of data used in making assessments. Rather than using SCD, the new method uses a process called Data Quality Assessment (DQA). DQA considers most of the same technical, spatial, temporal, quality, and age components as the SCD process; however, a DQA is conducted individually per beneficial use and pollutant group (e.g., aquatic life – nutrients). Further, this process considers Montana's large size, the number of waterbodies within the state's jurisdiction, current water quality management goals, and limited resources for monitoring.

Montana's new Water Quality Assessment Method will provide a consistent process that the entire water quality management program can use—each for its specific program need—when evaluating water quality. The new method also provides DEQ with a transparent and repeatable process for making use-support decisions and, moreover, it will improve the level of certainty in assessment decisions.

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Montana Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) is the state agency responsible for implementing components of the Montana Water Quality Act (MWQA). The MWQA reflects the federal Water Pollution Control Act, commonly referred to as the “Clean Water Act” (CWA), for waters under state jurisdiction. DEQ assesses water quality based on established standards, using available data, and reports its findings on the status and trends of water quality in Montana’s biennial Integrated Report.

This document describes the assessment methods DEQ uses to make decisions about beneficial-use support (i.e., whether surface water quality standards have been met). Additionally, this document describes for the public how assessment decisions about water quality are made.

This new method differs from the Water Quality Assessment Process and Method that was used in previous listing cycles and includes two significant changes: (1) the incorporation of pollutant-specific methods to assess water quality; (2) a specific process for evaluating data used for assessments.

### 1.1 METHODS OVERVIEW

At present, DEQ has developed individual assessment methods for nutrients, sediment, and metals pollutant groups, which represent the most common pollutants impairing Montana’s surface waters. The assessment method for each pollutant group is based on the best available science and techniques for making consistent use-support decisions. DEQ recognizes that each method may be adjusted, or new methods may be developed, as more tools and information become available and as science improves. Additional methods will be phased in over time as they are developed. In addition, DEQ will establish a general process as needed that will apply to other pollutants (e.g., *E. Coli*, pesticides, organics) numeric standards.

DEQ’s use-support decisions to list or not list a waterbody are based on the frameworks provided in this Assessment Method document. These decisions are based on scientifically valid and representative data that meet the requirements specified in this document. The methods provide continuity and consistency for assessors to make sound decisions, which in turn will allow DEQ to make reproducible and defensible listing decisions.

Each method requires collecting specific data. A standard protocol allows data sets to be compared. In addition, each method has specific requirements for assessing data quality in order to determine that data’s validity and reliability. Each method also has rules for making decisions about use support or non-support.

### 1.2 EVALUATION OVERVIEW

In order to make decisions about whether a waterbody supports its beneficial uses, the assessment methods include two basic levels of rigor for evaluating data. In the first level of assessment core indicators are collected to evaluate support of beneficial use. In some cases, clear decisions cannot be made, requiring a second level of assessment. During a Level II assessment additional data (more core indicators) are collected, along with supplemental indicators, if available, to help make a decision.

For example, for evaluating use support for aquatic life, both the nutrients and sediment methods consider how different data types relate. To the degree practicable, they also consider all applicable data and information. Chemical or physical core indicator data can be considered together with biological core indicator data to determine use support or non-support. Greater weight is given to the core indicators that provide direct indication of impairment, and individual decisions are made by applying both narrative and numeric criteria for the data. When the data types agree in Level I assessments, use-support determinations can be made. When measures do not agree, a Level II assessment is required. If conclusions remain unclear after a Level II assessment, best professional judgment is applied, and management is consulted to determine an outcome; the methods clearly describe the cases in which this should occur.

Because a one-size-fits-all monitoring program—which would apply a broad suite of parameters to every waterbody—is resource intensive, DEQ currently uses a pragmatic, focused approach to monitoring. In order to make the right water quality use-support decisions, DEQ is moving toward risk-based assessments that align with EPA’s Watershed Risk Assessment ideas. This version of the assessment method is deliberately focused on the most prevailing causes of impairment. DEQ will monitor and assess for the parameter group(s) identified as likely to cause impairment for that waterbody. Although DEQ is focusing on the pollutant-specific assessments described in this document, other pollutants and pollution will be considered when there is an identified risk. This will be addressed when planning and developing the monitoring design.

## 2.0 WATER QUALITY STANDARDS

Water quality standards define the water quality goals of a waterbody by designating the uses it is expected to support. Standards set the criteria that define the water quality necessary to protect the designated beneficial uses and prevent degradation through nondegradation provisions. Thus, water quality standards are a triad comprising beneficial uses, criteria, and nondegradation. States adopt water quality standards to protect beneficial uses, enhance the quality of water, and meet MWQA requirements. This assessment methodology is consistent with Montana’s water quality standards and forms the basis for assessing water quality conditions.

### 2.1 BENEFICIAL USES

Montana classifies its waterbodies according to the present and future beneficial uses they should be capable of supporting. Beneficial uses are the desirable uses of surface waters that should be supported and protected for all that use or benefit from it (e.g., drinking water, recreation, aquatic life, and irrigation). The surface water quality standards and procedures, located in the Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM) Subchapter 6, begin with a policy statement identifying the general beneficial uses of Montana’s waters:

#### ARM 17.30.601 – POLICY

*(1) The following standards are adopted to conserve water by protecting, maintaining, and improving the quality and potability of water for public water supplies, wildlife, fish and aquatic life, agriculture, industry, recreation, and other beneficial uses.*

For the purposes of this assessment method, the beneficial uses to be evaluated are summarized into the following categories: drinking water, aquatic life (coldwater or warmwater fish), recreation, and

agriculture. Generally, if a waterbody supports drinking water, culinary and food processing, recreation, and aquatic life beneficial uses, the state assumes it will also support agricultural and industrial uses. However, additional salinity and toxicity information may be required to determine suitability for agricultural use.

In ARM, the beneficial uses are further grouped into classes (e.g., A-closed, A-1, B-1, B-2, etc.) based on ecological factors related to the waterbody's location and potential to support its uses<sup>1</sup>. These classes are primarily based on water temperature, the fish and associated aquatic life expected to be found, and the treatment required for potable water. **Table 1-1** describes the beneficial uses expressed per use class.

**Table 1-1. Beneficial Uses Described in Use Classification**

Beneficial Uses	Use Classification							
	A Closed	A-1	B-1	B-2	B-3	C-1	C-2	C-3
Drinking, culinary, and food processing (simple disinfection)	X							
Drinking, culinary, and food processing (conventional treatment of naturally present impurities)		X						
Drinking, culinary, and food processing (conventional treatment)			X	X	X			M
Fishes (salmonid) & assoc. aquatic life (growth)	X <sup>2</sup>	X	X	X		X	X	
Fishes (salmonid) & assoc. aquatic life (propagation)		X	X	M		X	M	
Fishes (non-salmonid) & assoc. aquatic life (growth)					X			X
Fishes (non-salmonid) & assoc. aquatic life (propagation)					X			X
Bathing, swimming, recreation (plus aesthetics via general prohibitions)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Agriculture water supply		X	X	X	X	X	X	M
Industrial water supply		X	X	X	X	X	X	M
X = Beneficial Use    M = Marginal Use								

A waterbody supports its beneficial uses when it meets the water quality standards (WQS) established to protect those uses. A waterbody is impaired when any one of its WQS is not met. Determining whether a specific use is supported is independent of all other beneficial uses for that same waterbody. For example, a waterbody may not support aquatic life and primary recreations because of excess nutrients, but support drinking water and agriculture uses. In addition, under rulemaking by the Montana Board of Environmental Review and subsequent approval by EPA, beneficial uses cannot be removed from a waterbody without carrying out a formal use-attainability analysis. The current assessment methods allow DEQ to determine whether each waterbody fully supports each of its beneficial uses regarding specific pollutants. In future revisions of the assessment method DEQ will address how to apply the "threatened" status.

<sup>1</sup> ARM 17.30.621- 629 and 17.30.650-658

<sup>2</sup> The A-Closed class does not distinguish between salmonid and non-salmonid fishes.

## 2.2 WATER QUALITY CRITERIA

The second major component of water quality standards is the criteria used to protect the beneficial uses of all surface waters. Water quality criteria can be expressed in either numeric or narrative form.

**NOTE:** In Montana, common usage of the word “standards” is often applied to both numeric and narrative criteria. Waters must protect the most sensitive use; therefore, when more than one use is associated with a pollutant group, the most stringent criteria should be used to assess beneficial use support.

### 2.2.1 Numeric Criteria

Criteria expressed as constituent concentrations, or levels, are commonly referred to as numeric criteria. States may adopt numeric criteria based upon EPA’s CWA 304(a) guidance values or develop state- or site-specific criteria, per CWA 303(c). In either case, numeric criteria (1) are use specific, (2) must be based on sound scientific rationale, and (3) must contain sufficient constituents, or parameters, to protect the beneficial use.

Montana has established numeric criteria for:

- chronic and acute levels of constituents affecting fishes and associated aquatic life (Circular DEQ-7)
- human health risks from constituents through drinking, culinary, and food processing uses (Circular DEQ-7)
- human health risks from *Escherichia coli* levels via recreation in and on the water (ARM 17.30.620-629)
- aesthetic qualities from excess algal biomass and nutrient levels in the Clark Fork River (ARM 17.30.631)
- risks to agriculture from excessive dissolved salts—expressed as electrical conductivity and sodium absorption ratio—in the Powder, Tongue, Rosebud, and Little Powder rivers (ARM 17.30.670)

Numeric criteria are more than simple expressions of the allowable concentration (i.e., magnitude) of a pollutant; aquatic life criteria also take into consideration the duration of exposure to the pollutant (averaging period) and frequency (how often the criteria can be exceeded). Acute criteria are based on a 1-hour exposure event and can be exceeded only once, on average, in a 3-year period. Chronic criteria are based on a 96-hour exposure and can be exceeded only once, on average, in a 3-year period. Human health standards have a frequency and duration of zero and are expressed as “may not exceed.” Magnitude, duration, and frequency combined provide the context for applying numeric criteria in use-support decision-making.

### 2.2.2 Narrative Criteria

Narrative criteria are expressed as statements of the desired water quality goal. Unlike numeric criteria, they are qualitative descriptions without definitive expressions of magnitude, duration, or frequency. Narrative criteria are used for pollutants for which numeric criteria are difficult to specify, such as color and odor, or where natural occurrence and variability would make definitive numerical limits overly complex, such as with sediment. Instead, narrative criteria rely upon an understanding of what constitutes harm to the uses they are intended to protect. Uses must be considered individually. Harm-

to-use determinations may rely upon more generalized criteria to interpret harmful conditions, or upon best professional judgment.

### **Natural or Naturally Occurring**

Some of Montana's water quality standards are defined as a relative change from what would naturally exist, such as "no increases are allowed above naturally occurring condition" or "no change from natural". Because all of our criteria are prefaced with "no person may," DEQ will make assessment decisions only when human-caused sources are identified. If no human-caused sources are found, DEQ will make no beneficial-use support decisions.

## **2.3 NONDEGRADATION**

The final component of a state's water quality standards is the nondegradation provision, which is used in conjunction with other elements of water quality standards to form a comprehensive approach to protect and enhance water quality. Montana nondegradation provisions maintain and protect existing water quality conditions. In essence, the nondegradation provisions are intended to protect surface waters whose quality is currently superior to the water quality criteria. In Montana, nondegradation is applied using a pollutant-specific approach as they affect the individual uses that are fully supported. For example, when a waterbody is impaired for nutrients, it is not supporting all of its applicable beneficial uses. The goal is to maintain the other uses that are supported by the existing water quality.

The Administrative Rules of Montana describe the requirements for what constitutes non-significant degradation and the conditions under which authorizations to degrade (i.e., discharge permits) are allowed (ARM 17.30.701–718).

## **3.0 IDENTIFYING AVAILABLE WATER QUALITY DATA**

DEQ is required by state and federal law to assemble and evaluate all existing and readily available data and information for assessing surface water quality in Montana. DEQ must ensure that the data used for assessments are valid and reliable. Data submitted from outside sources must be defensible and the quality of that data known before being considered for assessments.

In preparation of the state's water quality Integrated Report, DEQ solicits water quality data biennially during its Call for Data. During the Call for Data, DEQ notifies interested parties via an automatic mailing list service comprised of individuals, agencies, and other entities involved in water quality monitoring and management. Outside data and information may be submitted from other local, state, and federal agencies; volunteer monitoring groups; private entities; nonprofit organizations; and individuals involved in water quality monitoring and management. The data and information obtained from outside sources are combined with the results of DEQ's ongoing monitoring efforts to provide the basis for water quality assessments. In addition, DEQ obtains data that are housed in different databases (e.g., NWIS, STORET, GWAIC, MFISH) for data quality assessments.

Minimum data requirements have been established and are published in Montana's call for existing and readily available data (**Section 3.1**). DEQ may decide not to use particular data or information that does not meet data quality requirements. Because data may be submitted by entities without a known quality program, DEQ requests that a Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) and/or Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) are included so that DEQ can assess the quality of the data. DEQ may use data from

universities and other agencies with known quality programs, even if a SAP or QAPP is not included with the data submission. DEQ may contact the agency to ensure that the data collection followed established protocols and will also ensure that the appropriate metadata is included.

DEQ will review chemical, biological, and physical/habitat data to determine if its rigor is adequate for use in decision-making. In addition, to be useful for assessing the waterbody, data must be representative of the ambient water quality conditions. If data are of sufficient quality, they are incorporated into the water quality assessments.

### 3.1 MINIMUM DATA REQUIREMENTS

In order for DEQ to use data for decision-making, the data must be of documented quality and must include the minimum requirements listed below (this also applies to data submitted by outside sources). Data that does not meet DEQ quality objectives will not be included formally in the assessment but may be used to supplement the assessment determination.

- Data must be <10 years old. Data >10 years old may be considered for historical reference or if conditions are known not to have changed.
- Data must be linked to a particular site on a particular waterbody and include location information (e.g., latitude/longitude).
- Data must be submitted to DEQ in the specific MT-eWQX format using the data submittal process described in “MT-eWQX Guidance Manual - Call for Data” available at <http://deq.mt.gov/wqinfo/datamgmt/MTEWQX.mcp>. MT-eWQX is DEQ’s main repository for storing water quality monitoring data, which includes physical, chemical, biological, and habitat data from a variety of projects across the state.
- Data must include written documentation, such as a Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) and/or Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) that clearly describes the following:
  - monitoring objective
  - data quality objectives
  - study design, including the rationale for the selection of sampling sites, water quality parameters, and sampling frequency, as well as the project controls that assured the actual sampling met the intended design
  - field and laboratory sample collection and analytical methods
  - Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) requirements
  - data analysis, including the verification and validation processes
- Data must include written assurance or QA/QC documentation demonstrating that procedures and methods in the QAPP and SAP were followed to support reproducible results and meet data requirements.
- Data must include field notes, laboratory notations, or summaries that indicate deviations from the QAPP or SAP and their potential impact on the data quality and objective outcome.

### 3.2 DATA QUALITY ASSESSMENTS

The Montana Water Quality Act directs DEQ to “develop and maintain a data management system that can be used to assess the validity and reliability of the data used in the listing and priority ranking process.” DEQ’s data management system permits the assessor to document all the measures of data rigor. This assessment record allows users to understand an assessor’s basis (i.e., level of underlying information) for his/her use-support decisions. Data quality assessments (DQA) are conducted for each waterbody per each beneficial use and pollutant group (e.g., aquatic life – nutrients). Previous versions

of the state’s assessment method (for the period 2000–2008) used a process called Sufficient Credible Data (SCD) to determine the validity and reliability of data used in assessments.

Data are evaluated for validity and reliability for use in assessment decisions. The DQA reviews physical, chemical, and biological data, as well as information about the technical, spatial/temporal, quality, and age of the data. The process allows DEQ to make decisions for individual beneficial uses when sufficient data is available for specific pollutants identified as likely to impair a particular use. DQAs are completed when performing the assessment in accordance to the pollutant-specific assessment method. Each pollutant-based method has specific data quality requirements, and in order to assess the data, these requirements must be met. For these other pollutants where a method has not yet been fully developed, the DQA review process in these cases will consider the specific standard that is applied, as well as, all steps of the data collection and analysis process.

## 4.0 ASSESSMENT UNITS

Water quality assessments are made on waterbody segments (stream reaches, lakes, or reservoirs) called Assessment Units (AUs). AUs are delineated using various factors, such as by minimum and maximum length (streams only); along hydrologic or watershed boundaries; or by use classification, geomorphology, or surrounding land use. AUs are intended to represent relatively homogeneous segments and have endpoint criteria to keep them manageable for reporting.

An AU’s geographic location is based on the U.S. Geological Survey’s (USGS) high resolution 1:24,000 National Hydrographic Dataset (NHD). The high resolution NHD provides the best representation of the state’s surface waters and is generally equivalent to USGS 1:24,000 topographic maps.

DEQ assigns a unique identification (ID) number to each AU. **Table 4-1** describes the ID naming convention used in AU assessments.

**Table 4-1. AUID Naming Convention**

Example: MT41B001_010 – Beaverhead River, Clark Canyon Dam to Grasshopper Creek		
MT41B	001	010
<b>Location:</b> This identifier (41B) signifies one of Montana’s 86 minor basins.	<b>Predominance Sequence:</b> The 3-digit number (001, 002, etc.) begins the predominance sequencing of the waterbodies within the minor basin. Generally, “001” indicates the mainstem river of the minor basin.	<b>Individual Segments:</b> The last three digits identify the individual segments occurring within the predominance level.

### 4.1 MANAGING THE ASSESSMENT RECORD DATA

Detailed records of water quality assessments are maintained in DEQ’s Water Quality Assessment, Reporting, and Documentation information management system (WARD). The assessment record includes (a) citations of all underlying data and information used in the assessment, (b) a record of the data quality assessment, (c) a data matrix highlighting key data and information from each citation, (d) summary information on the listing history and overall condition of the waterbody, and (e) specific use-support details, including causes and sources of impairment where identified, and (f) pollutant delistings including delisting reason and date. This information provides the basis for the state’s list of impaired waters in need of TMDL development.

## 5.0 REPORTING THE STATUS OF MONTANA'S WATER QUALITY

Waters under state jurisdiction are assessed to determine whether they support their beneficial uses and meet water quality standards. As required under the MWQA, DEQ assesses water quality based on established standards, using available data, and reports its findings on the status and trends of water quality. Montana's biennial Integrated Report describes the quality of Montana's waters and provides an overall assessment on the status of water quality conditions in the state and lists the impaired waters not meeting state water quality standards and that require a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL). This report also satisfies the requirements of CWA sections 303(d) and 305(b). Per section 305(b), the Integrated Report describes general water quality conditions of the state's water resources. Per section 303(d), the Integrated Report lists waters known to not be meeting state water quality standards and that require a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL).

### 5.1 LISTING CATEGORIES FOR SURFACE WATERS

For the Integrated Report, AUs are assigned to a listing category based on assessment results (**Table 5.1**). There are five core categories based on EPA listing guidance and rules; Category 4 has three subcategories. Also, the state has added two user-defined, or custom, categories to Category 2. Categories range from fully supporting all uses (Category 1) to one or more impaired uses, which requires a TMDL (Category 5). Waters in Categories 4A, 4B, 4C and 5 represent the state's entire catalogue of known impaired waters.

**Table 5-1. Integrated Report Federal Listing Categories**

Integrated Report Category	Description
Category 1	All applicable beneficial uses have been assessed and all uses are determined to be fully supported.
Category 2	Available data and/or information indicate that some, but not all, of the beneficial uses are supported.
Category 2A <sup>1</sup>	<i>Available data and/or information indicate that some, but not all, of the beneficial uses are supported (i.e., all assessed uses are fully supported but not all uses have been assessed).</i>
Category 2B <sup>1</sup>	<i>Available data and/or information indicate that a water quality standard is exceeded due to an apparent natural source in the absence of any identified anthropogenic (human-caused) sources.</i>
Category 3	There is insufficient data to assess the use-support of any applicable beneficial use; no use-support determinations have been made.
Category 4A	All TMDLs needed to rectify all identified threats or impairments have been completed and approved (i.e., all necessary TMDLs have been completed).
Category 4B	"Other pollution control requirements required by local, state, or federal authority" [see 40 CFR 130.7(b)(1)(iii)] are in place, are expected to address all waterbody-pollutant combinations, and are expected to attain all WQS in a reasonable period of time. These control requirements act "in lieu of" a TMDL, thus no actual TMDLs are required.
Category 4C	Identified threats or impairments result from pollution categories such as dewatering or habitat modification and, thus, a TMDL is not required (i.e., TMDLs are not required since no pollutant-related use impairment is identified).
Category 5	One or more applicable beneficial uses are impaired or threatened and a TMDL is required to address the factors causing the impairment or threat.

<sup>1</sup>Categories 2A and 2B are state-defined categories.

## 5.2 CHANGING REPORTING CATEGORIES

A waterbody in a particular category may change categories during a reporting cycle if new data or information indicates that the previous assessment should be updated and causes are added (listed) or removed (delisted). However, reporting categories are assigned by the database based on the “worst case” listing. For example, if one of two pollutants is delisted because a TMDL is approved, the reporting category remains as 5, but if both causes have approved TMDLs, the category changes to 4A. This waterbody will not move to category 1 until all uses are fully supported and all causes are delisted because water quality standards are now met.

## 5.3 DELISTING FROM CATEGORY 5

The Montana Water Quality Act contemplates that listings may be revised when new monitoring data becomes available (75-5-702(1) MCA.) This is implied to be both new listings and removal of existing listings (delisting). The act is less specific about the delisting mechanism. For consistency and to assure that lists submitted to EPA for approval meet both the needs of the Montana Water Quality Act and federal Clean Water Act, the specific reasons for delisting used in this version of the assessment method are the “good cause” provisions provided in 40 CFR Part 130.7(b)(6)(iv). Pollutants may be removed from the impaired waters in need of TMDLs if any of the conditions in **Table 5-2** are met.

If all impairment causes for a waterbody are delisted and all beneficial uses attained, the water will be moved to Category 1.

**Table 5-2. Delisting Process Used by Montana**

Delist Reason	Delist Result
New data or information indicates full support of beneficial uses because water quality has been restored and water quality standards are being met.	The waterbody-pollutant combination is moved from Category 5 to Category 1.
Flaws in the original analysis of data and information led to the cause being incorrectly listed.	The waterbody-pollutant combination is removed from Category 5, and the AU moves to the listing category as defined by the status of those remaining listings.
Other point source or nonpoint source controls are expected to meet water quality standards.	The waterbody-pollutant combination is moved from Category 5 to Category 4B.
The impairment is due to a non-pollutant.	The waterbody-pollutant combination is moved from Category 5 to Category 4C if no other pollutant cause remains listed.
A TMDL was completed and approved by EPA.	The waterbody-pollutant combination is moved from Category 5 to Category 4A if all pollutant causes have approved TMDLs.
The waterbody is not in the state’s jurisdiction.	The waterbody-pollutant combination is removed from Category 5, and the waterbody AU is removed (retired) from the state’s data system.
Other	The waterbody-pollutant combination is removed from Category 5, and the AU moves to the listing category as defined by the status of those remaining listings.

## 6.0 METHODS FOR ASSESSING POLLUTANT GROUPS

Metals, nutrients, and sediment will each be evaluated independently in order to determine beneficial-use support. The method for each parameter provides a consistent and defensible approach for

assessing whether the pollutant is impairing a waterbody's ability to support its beneficial uses. Based on the decision frameworks provided in this Assessment Method document, DEQ will determine whether to list or not list a cause on the assessed waterbody.

Study boundaries or assessment reaches consist of an AU or various reaches of a defined AU. Based on assessment method requirements, the assessor develops a sampling design to define the assessment reach and determine when stratification is warranted. For example, an AU can be stratified when one of its reach's condition differs substantially from other parts of the AU (i.e., it is not homogeneous).

**Appendix A** includes templates that summarize each assessment method. Each template describes:

- beneficial uses relevant to the pollutant group
- applicable surface waters
- core indicators
- specific data requirements
- requirements for data quality assessment
- decision rules and analytical tools

**Appendix B** includes listing decision-making matrices for nutrients.

## 6.1 METALS

**Beneficial Uses:** Aquatic Life/Fishes & Drinking Water

**Applicability:** All Montana Surface Waters

**Level I Core Indicators:** Metals Concentrations

**Method Overview:** Using numeric WQS for metals, a single-level process determines whether beneficial uses are being supported. The total recoverable fraction is considered for all metals except aluminum (which is analyzed for the dissolved fraction).

For aquatic life/fishes, a Level I assessment evaluates metals concentration data against acute and chronic aquatic life WQS, using a fixed allowable exceedance rate of 10%. If any of the following conditions are met within the dataset, the waterbody is not attaining water quality standards for a particular metal: (1) aquatic life WQS exceedance rate > 10%; (2) at least one sample exceeds twice the acute aquatic life WQS; or (3) silver has a single exceedance of the acute aquatic life standard.

For drinking water, a Level I assessment evaluates metals concentration data against human health WQS. The waterbody is not attaining water quality standards if any sample exceeds the human health WQS.

If aquatic life or human health standards are exceeded but no human-caused metals sources are located in the waterbody, the assessor should consult management for a case-by-case review.

Tables A-3 and A-4 in Appendix A provide more details about the specific requirements and decision rules for metals assessments.

## 6.2 NUTRIENTS – MOUNTAINOUS AND TRANSITIONAL STREAMS

<b>Beneficial Uses:</b>	Aquatic Life/Fishes & Primary Contact Recreation
<b>Applicability:</b>	Wadeable Streams (perennial or intermittent; Strahler Order $\leq 6$ )
<b>Level I Core Indicators:</b>	Nutrients [Total Nitrogen (TN), Total Phosphorus (TP)], Benthic Algal Chlorophyll- <i>a</i> /Ash-Free Dry Weight, Diatoms (if available data exists)
<b>Level II Core Indicators:</b>	Nutrients (TN, TP), Benthic Algal Chlorophyll- <i>a</i> /Ash-Free Dry Weight, Diatoms, Macroinvertebrates
<b>Method Overview:</b>	Using ecoregion-specific nutrient criteria, a two-level process determines whether beneficial uses are being supported. The Level I assessment considers together the results from two nutrient statistical tests, benthic algal chlorophyll- <i>a</i> and ash-free dry weight, and diatom metric results, if available (except in the Middle Rockies ecoregion for which there are no validated diatom increaser metrics). The Level II assessment requires both diatom metric results and macroinvertebrate metric results. A Level II assessment is performed only when the Level I assessment conclusions are unclear. When a conclusion for a Level II assessment is unclear, consult management to determine the outcome. The decision matrices that are used to arrive at impairment determinations are included in <b>Appendix B</b> .

Table A-1 in Appendix A provides more details about the specific requirements and decision rules for nutrients assessments for mountainous and transitional streams.

## 6.3 NUTRIENTS – PRAIRIE STREAMS

<b>Beneficial Uses:</b>	Aquatic Life/Fishes & Primary Contact Recreation
<b>Applicability:</b>	Wadeable Streams (perennial or intermittent; Strahler Order $\leq 6$ )
<b>Level I Core Indicators:</b>	Nutrients [Total Nitrogen (TN), Total Phosphorus (TP)], Diatoms, Instantaneous Dawn Dissolved Oxygen (DO) Minimum and Afternoon DO Maximum or Long-term DO
<b>Level II Core Indicators:</b>	Nutrients (TN, TP), Diatoms, Instantaneous Dawn DO Minimum and Afternoon DO Maximum or Long-term DO, Mean Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD), Visual Field Assessment
<b>Method Overview:</b>	Using ecoregion-specific nutrient criteria, a two-level process determines whether beneficial uses are being supported. The Level I assessment considers together the results from two nutrient statistical tests, diatom metric results, and dissolved oxygen delta values (either instantaneous or

long term). The Level II assessment incorporates biochemical oxygen demand and visual field assessments (Fish Cover/Other Form). A Level II assessment is performed only when the Level I assessment conclusions are unclear. When a conclusion for a Level II assessment is unclear, consult management to determine the outcome. The decision matrices that are used to arrive at impairment determinations are included in **Appendix B**.

**Table A-2 in Appendix A** provides more detail about the specific requirements and decision rules for nutrients assessments for prairie streams.

## 6.4 SEDIMENT

<b>Beneficial Uses:</b>	Aquatic Life/Fishes
<b>Applicability:</b>	Western Montana Streams (perennial or intermittent; Strahler Order $\leq 4$ ) in Northern, Middle, Canadian Rockies, Idaho Batholith Level III Ecoregions
<b>Level I Core Indicators:</b>	Riffle Percent Fines (<5.7 mm and <2 mm), Pool Tail Fines (<6 mm), Mean Residual Pool Depth, Pool Frequency, Width/Depth Ratio
<b>Level II Core Indicators:</b>	Riffle Stability Index (RSI), Subsurface Fines, Intragravel Dissolved Oxygen and Flow, Residual Pool Volume, Diatoms, Macroinvertebrates
<b>Method Summary:</b>	Using narrative WQS for sediment, a two-level process determines whether beneficial uses are being supported. The Level I assessment includes percent riffle fines (<5.7mm and <2mm), percent pool tail fines (<6mm), residual pool depth, width/depth ratio and pool frequency data. If all physical parameters are within the acceptable range of reference, then the waterbody will be considered "not impaired". Fine sediment parameters (riffle and pool fines) and pool filling parameters (pool depth and frequency) along with width/depth ratio are evaluated separately to determine attainment. When one or more physical parameter values are outside the reference range, a Level II assessment is performed unless a majority of the physical parameters are out of range which would indicate impairment. The Level II assessment incorporates additional data collected for each core indicator and biological measures, diatoms and macroinvertebrates, may be evaluated; additional parameters are optional. When Level II assessments are unclear, consult management and a local biologist (if feasible) to determine the outcome.

**Table A-5 in Appendix A** provides more detail about the specific requirements and decision rules for sediment assessments.

## 7.0 PRIORITIZING TMDL DEVELOPMENT FOR LISTED WATERS

When a waterbody is placed on the Category 5 list of impaired waters in need of TMDLs, state and federal law requires all necessary TMDLs to be developed. Considerations for prioritizing waterbodies

for TMDL development are outlined in (75-5-702(7) MCA). DEQ's TMDL development priority is based on several factors with focus on completing TMDLs in high priority watersheds or TMDL Planning Areas. A description of the TMDL prioritization process and the factors for selecting TMDL Planning Areas can be found in the most recent Integrated Report.

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## APPENDIX A – ASSESSMENT METHOD TEMPLATES

Table A-1. Nutrients – Mountainous and Transitional Streams

Pollutant Group		Determining Assessment Reaches				
NUTRIENTS - Mountainous & Transitional Streams		The assessor develops the Sampling and Analysis Plan using best professional judgment to define the assessment reach and determine when stratification is warranted (e.g., stratify when one reach of the total segment can be isolated and its condition is substantially different from other parts of the segment).				
Beneficial Uses						
Aquatic Life/Fishes (Cold Water) & Primary Contact Recreation						
Applicability		Overwhelming Evidence of impairment				
Wadeable Montana streams (perennial or intermittent; Strahler Order ≤ 6) in western mountainous and transitional ecoregions		Rigorous data collection is unnecessary if the following are evident: (1) fish kills involving massive growths of senescent algae mats that are attached to the bottom or floating (with DO at dawn likely < 1 mg/L); or (2) filamentous algal growth covers the entire bottom from bank to bank and extends continuously for a substantial longitudinal distance (> 150m).				
Computations Using Non-Detect Data						
Convert non-detects in the dataset to 50% of reported detection limit; if >> 15% of dataset is non-detect, consult WQPB Standards Section.						
Assessment Method Overview: Using Core Indicators			Very Large Datasets			
<p>Method considers together nutrient concentration data and biological core indicator data to determine attainment of ecoregion-specific nutrient criteria using a two-level process. <b>Level I assessment</b> considers the results from two nutrient statistical tests, benthic algal chlorophyll-<i>a</i> (Chl <i>a</i>) or ash-free dry weight (AFDW), and diatom metric results (if available). <b>Level II assessment</b> requires diatom metric results (except in the Middle Rockies ecoregion for which, at present, there are no validated diatom increaser metrics) and macroinvertebrate metric results. Perform Level II assessment only when Level I assessment conclusions are "unclear"; when Level II is "unclear," consult management to determine final outcome. Appendix B contains the decision matrix for attainment determinations.</p>			Assess using nutrient concentrations alone if a very large nutrient dataset exists [n ≥ 90 (listed streams); n ≥ 50 (unlisted streams)]			
			Statistical Analyses for Nutrient Concentration Data			
			Methods		Limits on Decision Errors	
			Exact Binomial Test		α = 0.25 (25%); β = 0.14 - 0.35 (14% - 35%) critical exceedance rate (p) = 0.2 (20%); effect size (p2) = 0.15 (15%)	
			One-Sample Student's T-test for the Mean		α = 0.25 (25%); critical exceedance rate (p) = 0.2 (20%)	
Level I	Core Indicators	Analysis of Core Indicators	Index Period	Minimum Sample Size	Data Independence	
	Nutrient Concentration (TN, TP)	Data (mg/L) are evaluated against nutrient criteria using two statistical tests. One of two Excel spreadsheets is used to determine exceedances, depending on current listing status.	Ecoregion-Specific Growing Season (July 1-Sept. 30 except for the Northwestern Glaciated Plains which is June 16-Sept. 30)	n ≥ 13 (listed); n ≥ 12 (unlisted); n = 7 (with ≥ 4 exceedances)	≥ 30 days; ≥ 1 stream mile	
	Benthic Algal Chlorophyll- <i>a</i> /Ash-Free Dry Weight (AFDW)	Data are evaluated against recommended criteria (threshold values: 120 mg Chl <i>a</i> /m <sup>2</sup> or 35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup> ).		n ≥ 3		
	Diatoms (must be included if data is available)	Data are evaluated using an "increaser taxa probability of impairment" metric value (threshold value: 51%).		n ≥ 2 (n = 0 in Middle Rockies ecoregion)		
Level II	Nutrient Concentration (TN, TP)	If additional data are collected, re-evaluate using analyses described in Level I prior to incorporating diatoms and macroinvertebrates.	Ecoregion-Specific Growing Season (July 1-Sept. 30 except for the Northwestern Glaciated Plains which is June 16-Sept. 30)	n ≥ 13 (listed); n ≥ 12 (unlisted); n = 7 (with ≥ 4 exceedances)	≥ 30 days; ≥ 1 stream mile	
	Benthic Algae Chlorophyll- <i>a</i> /Ash-Free Dry Weight (AFDW)			n ≥ 3		
	Diatoms	If additional data are collected, re-evaluate using Level I Analysis described above. Diatoms are required for Level II assessment.		n ≥ 2 (n = 0 in Middle Rockies ecoregion)		
	Macroinvertebrates	Data are evaluated using the Hilsenhoff Biotic Index (HBI) score (threshold value: 4).		n ≥ 2 (n ≥ 3 in Middle Rockies ecoregion)		

**Table A-2. Nutrients – Prairie Streams**

Pollutant Group		Determining Assessment Reaches				
NUTRIENTS - Prairie Streams		The assessor develops the Sampling and Analysis Plan using best professional judgment to define the assessment reach and determine when stratification is warranted (e.g., stratify when one reach of the total segment can be isolated and its condition is substantially different from other parts of the segment).				
Beneficial Uses						
Aquatic Life/Fishes (Warm Water) & Primary Contact Recreation						
Applicability		Overwhelming Evidence of impairment				
Wadeable Montana streams (perennial or intermittent; Strahler Order ≤ 6) in eastern prairie ecoregions		Rigorous data collection is unnecessary if the following are evident: (1) fish kills involving massive growths of senescent algae mats that are attached to the bottom or floating (DO at dawn likely <1 mg/L); or (2) filamentous algal growth covers the entire bottom from bank to bank and extends continuously for a substantial longitudinal distance (>150m).				
Computations Using Non-Detect Data						
Convert non-detects in the dataset to 50% of reported detection limit; if >> 15% of dataset is non-detect, consult WQPB Standards Section.						
Assessment Method Overview: Using Core Indicators			Very Large Datasets			
Method considers together nutrient concentration data and other water chemistry core indicators to determine attainment of ecoregion-specific nutrient criteria using a two-level process. <b>Level I assessment</b> considers together the results from two nutrient statistical tests, diatom metric results, and dissolved oxygen delta values (i.e., the daily DO maximum minus the daily DO minimum). <b>Level II assessment</b> incorporates biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) and visual field assessments (Fish Cover/Other Form). Perform Level II assessment only when Level I assessment conclusions are "unclear"; when Level II is "unclear," consult management to determine final outcome. Appendix B contains the decision matrix for attainment determinations.			Assess using nutrient concentrations alone if a very large nutrient dataset exists [n ≥ 90 (listed streams); n ≥ 50 (unlisted streams)]			
			Statistical Analyses for Nutrient Concentration Data			
			Methods		Limits on Decision Errors	
			Exact Binomial Test		α = 0.25 (25%); β = 0.14 - 0.35 (14% - 35%) critical exceedance rate (p) = 0.2 (20%); effect size (p2) = 0.15 (15%)	
			One-Sample Student's T-test for the Mean		α = 0.25 (25%); critical exceedance rate (p) = 0.2 (20%)	
Level I	Core Indicators	Analysis of Core Indicators		Index Period	Minimum Sample Size	Data Independence
	Nutrient Concentration (TN, TP)	Data (mg/L) are evaluated against nutrient criteria using two statistical tests. One of two Excel spreadsheets is used to determine exceedances, depending on current listing status.		Ecoregion-Specific Growing Season  (July 1-Sept. 30 except for the Northwestern Glaciated Plains which is June 16-Sept. 30)	n ≥ 13 (listed); n ≥ 12 (unlisted); n = 7 (with ≥ 4 exceed.)	≥ 30 days; ≥ 1 stream mile
	Diatoms	Data are evaluated using an "increaser taxa probability of impairment" metric value (threshold value: 51%)			n ≥ 2	
	Dissolved Oxygen (DO) Deltas	Deltas (i.e., the daily DO maximum minus the daily DO minimum) are evaluated against a concentration threshold (threshold value: 5.3 mg/L)			n ≥ 3	Instantaneous: ≥ 1 day (daily min. pre-dawn to 8:00 am; daily max. usually 2:30 pm - 5:00 pm); Continuous: ≥ 1 day (15-min. time step)
Level II	Nutrient Concentration (TN, TP)	If additional data are collected, re-evaluate using analyses described in Level I prior to incorporating BOD and visual assessment	Ecoregion-Specific Growing Season  (July 1-Sept. 30 except for the Northwestern Glaciated Plains which is June 16-Sept. 30)	n ≥ 13 (listed); n ≥ 12 (unlisted); n = 7 (with ≥ 4 exceed.)	≥ 30 days; ≥ 1 stream mile	
	Diatoms			n ≥ 2		
	Dissolved Oxygen (DO) Deltas			n ≥ 3	Instantaneous: ≥ 1 day (daily min. pre-dawn to 8:00 am; daily max. usually 2:30 pm - 5:00 pm); Continuous: ≥ 1 day (15-min. time step)	
	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	Data are evaluated against a concentration threshold (threshold value: 8 mg/L).	n ≥ 3	Standard 5-day BOD test		
	Visual Field Assessments	Observations of high levels of benthic algae or macrophytes may indicate nitrogen or phosphorus pollution (i.e., excess nutrients)	n ≥ 2 (during diatom sampling and at least once per site per reach)			

**Table A-3. Metals – Aquatic Life/Fishes (Cold and Warm Water)**

<b>Pollutant Group</b>		<b>Determining Assessment Reaches</b>			
METALS		The assessor develops the Sampling and Analysis Plan using best professional judgment to define the assessment reach and determine when stratification is warranted (e.g., stratify when one reach of the total segment can be isolated and its condition is substantially different from other parts of the segment).			
<b>Beneficial Uses</b>					
Aquatic Life/Fishes (Cold and Warm Water)					
<b>Applicability</b>		<b>Overwhelming Evidence of impairment</b>			
Montana surface waters		Rigorous data collection is unnecessary if either of the following are evident: (1) $\geq 1$ sample exceeds twice the acute aquatic life water quality standards (WQS), <b>or</b> (2) $\geq 2$ exceedances of aquatic life WQS within an existing sample size of $n = 3$ to $7$ .			
<b>Computations Using Non-Detect Data</b>					
Include non-detects in the dataset if the water quality standard (WQS) is higher than the laboratory detection limit for that metal parameter.					
<b>Computations Using J-Flagged Data</b>					
Data are flagged "J" when the empirical data result falls between the Reporting Limit (RL) and the Method Detection Limit (MDL). J flagged data must not be included in the dataset when the associated WQS lies <i>between</i> the RL and the MDL. Include J flagged data when the RL and the MDL are either both above or both below the WQS.				<b>Very Large Datasets</b>	
				A method for how to select independent samples and deal with larger data sets is being developed and will be addressed at a future date.	
<b>Assessment Method Overview: Using Core Indicators</b>					
Method considers metals concentration data to determine attainment of water quality standards (WQS) documented in the current Circular DEQ-7 using a single-level process. <b>Level I assessment</b> evaluates metals concentration data against acute and chronic aquatic life WQS; the total recoverable fraction is considered for all metals except aluminum (which is analyzed for the dissolved fraction). If any of the following conditions are met within the dataset, the waterbody is not attaining WQS for a particular metal: (1) aquatic life WQS exceedance rate $> 10\%$ , or (2) $\geq 1$ sample exceeds twice the acute aquatic life WQS, or (3) silver has a single exceedance of the acute aquatic life standard. If aquatic life standards are exceeded but no human-caused metals sources are located in the waterbody, the assessor should consult management for a case-by-case review.					
				<b>Methods</b>	<b>Limits on Decision Errors</b>
				Percent exceedance rate	$\alpha$ and $\beta =$ approximately 0.35 (35%)
<b>Level I</b>	<b>Core Indicators</b>	<b>Analysis of Core Indicators</b>	<b>Index Period</b>	<b>Minimum Sample Size</b>	<b>Data Independence</b>
	Metals Concentration (includes hardness for the hardness-based aquatic life standards)	Data ( $\mu\text{g/L}$ ) are evaluated against both acute and chronic aquatic life WQS using an allowable exceedance rate of 10%	Year-round	$n \geq 8$ ; <b>or</b> $n = 3-7$ with $\geq 2$ exceedances, where necessary	DEQ will assess sample sets where at least 33% are collected during high flow and the remaining collected during baseflow; $\geq 30$ days during baseflow; temporal independence is evaluated on a case-by-case basis during high flow; $\geq 1$ stream mile or $> 1$ acre

**Table A-4. Metals – Drinking Water**

<b>Pollutant Group</b>		<b>Determining Assessment Reaches</b>			
METALS		The assessor develops the Sampling and Analysis Plan using best professional judgment to define the assessment reach and determine when stratification is warranted (e.g., stratify when one reach of the total segment can be isolated and its condition is substantially different from other parts of the segment).			
<b>Beneficial Uses</b>					
Drinking Water					
<b>Applicability</b>		<b>Overwhelming Evidence of impairment</b>			
Montana surface waters		Rigorous data collection is unnecessary if the following is evident: ≥ 1 sample exceeds the human health standard.			
<b>Computations Using Non-Detect Data</b>					
Include non-detects in the dataset if the water quality standards (WQS) is higher than the laboratory detection limit for that metal parameter.					
<b>Computations Using J-Flagged Data</b>					
Data are flagged "J" when the empirical data result falls between the Reporting Limit (RL) and the Method Detection Limit (MDL). J flagged data must not be included in the dataset when the associated WQS lies <i>between</i> the RL and the MDL. Include J flagged data when the RL and the MDL are either both above or both below the WQS.				<b>Very Large Datasets</b>	
A method for how to select independent samples and deal with larger data sets is being developed and will be addressed at a future date.					
<b>Assessment Method Overview: Using Core Indicators</b>					
Method considers metals concentration data to determine attainment of water quality standards (WQS) documented in the current Circular DEQ-7 using a single-level process. <b>Level I assessment</b> evaluates metals concentration data against human health WQS; the total recoverable fraction is considered for all metals except aluminum (which is analyzed for the dissolved fraction). If the following condition is met within the dataset, the waterbody is not attaining WQS for a particular metal: ≥ 1 sample exceeds the human health WQS. If human health exceedances exist but no human-caused metals sources are located in the waterbody, the assessor should consult management for a case-by-case review.					
		Percent exceedance rate		n/a	
<b>Level I</b>	<b>Core Indicators</b>	<b>Analysis of Core Indicators</b>	<b>Index Period</b>	<b>Minimum Sample Size</b>	<b>Data Independence</b>
	Metals Concentration	Data (µg/L) are evaluated against human health WQS using an allowable exceedance rate of 0%	Year-round	n ≥ 8; <b>or</b> n ≥ 1 with ≥ 1 exceedances, where necessary	DEQ will assess sample sets where at least 33% are collected during high flow and the remaining collected during baseflow; ≥ 30 days during baseflow; temporal independence is evaluated on a case-by-case basis during high flow; ≥ 1 stream mile or > 1 acre

**Table A-5. Sedimentation/Siltation and Bedload Solids**

<b>Pollutant Group</b>		<b>Determining Assessment Reaches</b>			
SEDIMENT (Sedimentation/Siltation and Bedload Solids)		Physical data must be collected from a minimum of 1 representative site per stream segment. If the segment is homogeneous, 1 site must be sampled per 5 miles. The assessor will use best professional judgment to determine whether data from multiple sites may be combined; the combined reaches must be relatively homogeneous (i.e., no transition between two channel types). The site length considered sufficient to effectively describe habitats can vary depending on the heterogeneity of the stream, but must be ≥ 20 times the bankfull width.			
<b>Beneficial Uses</b>					
Aquatic Life/Fishes (Cold Water)					
<b>Applicability</b>					
Western Montana streams (perennial or intermittent) that are: (1) Strahler Order ≤ 4 (order 1 only when appropriate), (2) perennial or intermittent (as appropriate), and (3) contained within the Northern, Middle, and Canadian Rockies or Idaho Batholith level III ecoregions.		<b>Overwhelming Evidence of impairment</b>			
<b>Computations Using Non-Detect Data</b>		Rigorous data collection is unnecessary if both of the following criteria are met: (1) known sources of sediment have been identified and documented, and, (2) for the stream segment being assessed, the average value for a parameter is equal to or greater than the maximum value plus the median value for the same parameter from the applicable reference dataset. Only percent fine core indicators (derived from pebble count and grid toss) will be used in overwhelming evidence-based decisions.			
n/a					
<b>Assessment Method Overview: Using Core Indicators</b>			<b>Statistical Analyses for Sediment Data</b>		
Method considers together physical and biological core indicator data to determine attainment of water quality standards for sediment using a two-level process. <b>Level 1 assessment</b> includes percent riffle fines (<5.7mm and <2mm), percent pool tail fines (< 6mm), residual pool depth (RPD), width/depth ratio and pool frequency data. Fine sediment parameters (riffle and pool fines) and pool filling parameters (pool depth and frequency) along with width/depth ratio are evaluated separately to determine attainment. If all physical parameters are within the acceptable range of reference, then the waterbody will be considered “not impaired”. When one or more physical parameter values are outside the reference range, a Level II assessment is performed unless a majority of the physical parameters are out of range which would indicate impairment. The <b>Level II assessment</b> incorporates additional data collected for each core indicator and biological measures, diatoms and macroinvertebrates, may be evaluated; additional parameters are optional. When Level II assessments are unclear, consult management and a local biologist (if feasible) to determine the outcome.			<b>Methods</b>		<b>Limits on Decision Errors</b>
			1-Sample Wilcoxon Signed Rank Test		Mann-Whitney U test
	<b>Core Indicators</b>	<b>Analysis of Core Indicators</b>	<b>Index Period</b>	<b>Minimum Sample Size</b>	<b>Data Independence</b>
<b>Level I and Level II</b>	Riffle Fines (< 5.7mm)	Data are evaluated against a reference dataset or literature/TMDL target values using one of two statistical tests. During Level II assessment, both years' data will be combined unless conditions have changed sufficiently since first year.	Baseflow	$n \geq 1$ site (reference) or 3 sites (literature); $\leq 4$ riffles; 400 particles $n \geq 1$ site (reference) or 3 sites (literature); $\leq 10$ scour pool tails; 3 grid tosses per pool tail $n \geq 1$ site (reference) or 3 sites (literature); $\leq 20$ scour pools $n \geq 1$ site (reference) or 3 sites (literature) $n \geq 1$ site (reference) or 3 sites (literature)	Hydrologic water year; $\geq 1$ site per 5 stream miles if segment is homogeneous or $\geq 1$ site per channel type transition if heterogeneous
	Riffle Fines (< 2mm)				
	Pool Tail Grid Fines (< 6mm)				
	Mean Residual Pool Depth (RPD)				
	Pool Frequency				
	Width/Depth Ratio				
	Diatoms	Data are evaluated using a sediment "increaser taxa probability of impairment" metric value	Ecoregion-Specific Growing Season (July 1-Sept. 30 except for the Northwestern Glaciated Plains which is June 16-Sept. 30)	$n \geq 2$ (for each metric)	$\geq 30$ days; $\geq 1$ stream mile
Macroinvertebrates	Data are evaluated using Observed/Expected (O/E) metric values				
<b>Level II</b>	Riffle Stability Index (RSI)	These additional parameters may be (but are not required to be) collected only during Level II when core indicators do not yield a straightforward sediment impairment determination. When planning the second year of data collection, a local biologist and/or hydrologist should be contacted (if feasible), to determine which of these additional parameters should be collected to appropriately address particular issues.			
	Subsurface Fines				
	Intragravel Dissolved Oxygen and Flow				
	Residual Pool Volume (V*)				

## APPENDIX B – DECISION MATRICES FOR NUTRIENTS

Table B-1. Nutrients – Mountain and Transitional Level I Decision Matrix

Scenario	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	Benthic Algae	Diatom Increaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment (OPTIONAL)*	Resulting Decision	Further Sampling?	If you have collected the data for, or have the data for, a level II assessment:
1	PASS	PASS	≤120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or ≤35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	≤51%	Waterbody <u>is not</u> nutrient impaired. All indications show that the stream is in compliance.	No	
2	PASS	PASS	≤120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or ≤35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	>51%	Waterbody <u>is not</u> nutrient impaired. Most indications show that the stream is in compliance. If diatom metric used, may be giving a false positive.	No	
3	PASS	FAIL	≤120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or ≤35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	≤51%	Waterbody <u>might</u> be nutrient impaired. If diatom metric and benthic Chl <sub>a</sub> data were both used, waterbody <u>is not</u> nutrient impaired. Suggests pulsed nutrient loads occur but magnitude and durations is not sufficient to manifest problems instream, as shown by in-compliance Chl <sub>a</sub> and diatom metric. If diatom data not used, impairment unclear, so carry out level II assessment.	Maybe. Do level II assessment if required, which includes macroinvertebrates rates and diatom samples	Go to "Mountains & transitional 2" tab
4	PASS	FAIL	≤120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or ≤35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	>51%	Waterbody <u>might</u> be nutrient impaired. If diatom metric and benthic Chl <sub>a</sub> data were both used, waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Suggests pulsed nutrient loads occur but may have missed peak benthic algae biomass, but diatoms indicate there is a nutrient problem. If diatom data not used, impairment unclear, so carry out level II assessment.	Maybe. Do level II assessment if required, which includes macroinvertebrates rates and diatom samples	Go to "Mountains & transitional 2" tab

**Table B-1. Nutrients – Mountain and Transitional Level I Decision Matrix**

Scenario	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	Benthic Algae	Diatom Increaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment (OPTIONAL)*	Resulting Decision	Further Sampling?	If you have collected the data for, or have the data for, a level II assessment:
5	FAIL	PASS	≤120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or ≤35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	≤51%	Waterbody <u>might</u> be nutrient impaired. If diatom metric and benthic Chl <sub>a</sub> data were both used, waterbody <u>is not</u> nutrient impaired. Nutrient concentrations are in excess of the allowable exceedance rate, but there is no indication of concentrations greatly elevated above the criteria (i.e., passed t-test). No excess algal growth, and increaser taxa impairment-probability is below threshold. If only benthic Chl <sub>a</sub> data were used (no diatom data), unclear; do a level II assessment.	Maybe. Do level II assessment if required, which includes macroinvertebrate rates and diatom samples	Go to "Mountains & transitional 2" tab
6	FAIL	PASS	≤120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or ≤35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	>51%	Waterbody <u>might</u> be nutrient impaired. If diatom metric and benthic Chl <sub>a</sub> were both used, waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Diatom metric confirms results of the nutrient concentration data (failed binomial, thus elevated nutrients). Timing may have missed peak Chl <sub>a</sub> biomass. If only benthic Chl <sub>a</sub> were used (no diatom data), do a level II assessment.	Maybe. Do level II assessment if required, which includes macroinvertebrate rates and diatom samples	Go to "Mountains & transitional 2" tab
7	FAIL	FAIL	≤120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or ≤35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	≤51%	Unclear — Nutrient concentrations are in excess of the exceedance rate and there is indication of concentrations much in excess of the criteria (failed t-test). Likely that waterbody sometimes has excess benthic algae biomass, algae sampling timing may have missed peaks. Do a level II assessment to complete decision. Further algae and nutrient sampling is justified.	Yes. Do level II assessment which includes macroinvertebrate rates and diatom samples	Go to "Mountains & transitional 2" tab

**Table B-1. Nutrients – Mountain and Transitional Level I Decision Matrix**

Scenario	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	Benthic Algae	Diatom Increaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment (OPTIONAL)*	Resulting Decision	Further Sampling?	If you have collected the data for, or have the data for, a level II assessment:
8	FAIL	FAIL	≤120 mg Chla/m <sup>2</sup> or ≤35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	>51%	Waterbody <u>might</u> be nutrient impaired. If diatom metric and benthic Chla were both used, waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Both assessments of nutrient concentrations indicate elevated concentrations, and the diatom increaser taxa metric shows high probability of impairment. Timing of benthic algae sampling may have missed peaks. If only Chla data was used, unclear; do a level II assessment.	Maybe. Do level II assessment if required, which includes macroinvertebrates rates and diatom samples	Go to "Mountains & transitional 2" tab
9	PASS	PASS	>120 mg Chla/m <sup>2</sup> or >35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	≤51%	Unclear — Algae might be taking up nutrients and leading to lower instream nutrient concentrations with concurrent high benthic algae biomass; however, diatom metric (if available) contradicts Chla data. Normally in this scenario TP and/or TN would be expected to exceed criteria. Do a level II assessment to complete decision.	Yes. Do level II assessment which includes macroinvertebrates rates and diatom samples	Go to "Mountains & transitional 2" tab
10	PASS	PASS	>120 mg Chla/m <sup>2</sup> or >35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	>51%	Unclear — Algae may be taking up nutrients and leading to low instream nutrient concentrations with concurrent high benthic algae biomass; diatom metric (if available) supports this idea. Normally in this scenario TP and/or TN would be expected to exceed their criteria. Do a level II assessment to complete decision.	Yes. Do level II assessment which includes macroinvertebrates rates and diatom samples	Go to "Mountains & transitional 2" tab
11	PASS	FAIL	>120 mg Chla/m <sup>2</sup> or >35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	≤51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Non-compliance with the T-test suggests that pulsed nutrient loads are allowing high algae biomass to be maintained via luxury uptake. Diatoms may be giving a false negative.	No	

**Table B-1. Nutrients – Mountain and Transitional Level I Decision Matrix**

Scenario	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	Benthic Algae	Diatom Increaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment (OPTIONAL)*	Resulting Decision	Further Sampling?	If you have collected the data for, or have the data for, a level II assessment:
12	PASS	FAIL	>120 mg Chla/m <sup>2</sup> or >35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	>51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Non-compliance with the T-test suggests that pulsed nutrient loads are allowing high algae biomass to be maintained via luxury uptake. Diatoms confirm enrichment finding.	No	
13	FAIL	PASS	>120 mg Chla/m <sup>2</sup> or >35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	≤51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Suggests sustained nutrient values above the standard but not necessarily pulsed nutrient loading. Diatoms may be giving a false negative.	No	
14	FAIL	PASS	>120 mg Chla/m <sup>2</sup> or >35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	>51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Suggests sustained nutrient values above the standard but not necessarily pulsed nutrient loading.	No	
15	FAIL	FAIL	>120 mg Chla/m <sup>2</sup> or >35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	≤51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Most indicators show that the stream is not in compliance. Diatoms could be giving a false negative.	No	
16	FAIL	FAIL	>120 mg Chla/m <sup>2</sup> or >35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	>51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. All indicators show that the stream is not in compliance.	No	

\* However, if the data minima are available for this data category, they must be used in the decision framework. No diatom increaser taxa metrics are available for the Middle Rockies.

**Table B-2. Nutrients – Mountain and Transitional Level II Decision Matrix**

READ FIRST: You should be on this sheet due to an "unclear" result from the level I assessment. If you have collected new data as part of your level II work, you should take your entire dataset and first go back to the "Mountain & transitional 1" tab to see if you can now come to an unambiguous conclusion there. If you get an "unclear" result again, return here and follow the decision rules on this tab.

Scenario(s)	Scenario subclass	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	Benthic Algae	Diatom Increaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment	Macroinvertebrate HBI Score	Resulting Decision	Other Considerations
5,6	5/6a	FAIL	PASS	≤120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or ≤35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	n/a	>4	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Nutrients are elevated, according to Binomial, and HBI score suggests nutrients are the cause. Sampling timing may have missed algal peak .	This scenario will apply in the Middle Rockies where there is no diatom increaser metrics available
5,6	5/6b	FAIL	PASS	≤120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or ≤35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	n/a	≤4	Waterbody <u>is not</u> nutrient impaired. Nutrients are elevated, according to Binomial, but acceptable algal growth and acceptable HBI score suggests nutrients are not causing a serious problem. Stream may have characteristics that prevent somewhat elevated nutrients from impacting uses (high shade, for example).	This scenario will apply in the Middle Rockies where there is no diatom increaser metrics available
7,8	7/8a	FAIL	FAIL	≤120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or ≤35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	≤51%	>4	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Nutrients are elevated, and HBI score suggests nutrients are the cause. Sampling timing may have missed algal peak; cause of acceptable diatom metric result not clear (possible false negative, or close the decision threshold?).	

**Table B-2. Nutrients – Mountain and Transitional Level II Decision Matrix**

READ FIRST: You should be on this sheet due to an "unclear" result from the level I assessment. If you have collected new data as part of your level II work, you should take your entire dataset and first go back to the "Mountain & transitional 1" tab to see if you can now come to an unambiguous conclusion there. If you get an "unclear" result again, return here and follow the decision rules on this tab.

Scenario(s)	Scenario subclass	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	Benthic Algae	Diatom Increaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment	Macroinvertebrate HBI Score	Resulting Decision	Other Considerations
7,8	7/8b	FAIL	FAIL	≤120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or ≤35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	≤51%	≤4	Borderline still. <b>Consult management and discuss process to determine final outcome.</b>	Is the macroinvertebrate O/E score > 1.0? Suggest increased macroinvertebrate diversity resulting from increased primary productivity.
9	9a	PASS	PASS	>120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or >35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	≤51%	>4	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Algae may be taking up nutrients and leading to low instream nutrient concentrations with concurrent high benthic algae biomass. Eutrophication is supported by high HBI score. Diatoms may be giving a false negative or may be near the decision threshold.	
9	9b	PASS	PASS	>120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or >35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	≤51%	≤4	Mixed signals; nutrient concentration acceptable, diatom metric and HBI show no problems, but high benthic algal biomass. <b>Consult management and discuss process to determine final outcome.</b>	Is the macroinvertebrate O/E score > 1.0? Suggest increased macroinvertebrate diversity resulting from increased primary productivity.

**Table B-2. Nutrients – Mountain and Transitional Level II Decision Matrix**

READ FIRST: You should be on this sheet due to an "unclear" result from the level I assessment. If you have collected new data as part of your level II work, you should take your entire dataset and first go back to the "Mountain & transitional 1" tab to see if you can now come to an unambiguous conclusion there. If you get an "unclear" result again, return here and follow the decision rules on this tab.

Scenario(s)	Scenario subclass	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	Benthic Algae	Diatom Increaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment	Macroinvertebrate HBI Score	Resulting Decision	Other Considerations
10	10a	PASS	PASS	>120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or >35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	>51%	>4	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Algae may be taking up nutrients and leading to low instream nutrient concentrations with concurrent high benthic algae biomass. Diatoms and HBI score suggests nutrients are the cause.	
10	10b	PASS	PASS	>120 mg Chl <sub>a</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> or >35 g AFDW/m <sup>2</sup>	>51%	≤4	Mixed signals; nutrient concentration acceptable, diatom metric and HBI show contradictory results, and there is elevated benthic algal biomass. <b>Consult management and discuss process to determine final outcome.</b>	Is the macroinvertebrate O/E score > 1.0? Suggest increased macroinvertebrate diversity resulting from increased primary productivity.

**Table B-3. Nutrients – Plains Level I Decision Matrix**

Scenario	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	DO delta	Plains Region Diatom Inreaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment	Resulting Decision	Further Sampling?	If you have collected the data for, or have the data for, a level II assessment:	Notes
1	PASS	PASS	≤ 5.3 mg/L	≤51%	Waterbody <u>is not</u> nutrient impaired. All indications show that the stream is in compliance.	No		
2	PASS	PASS	≤ 5.3 mg/L	>51%	Unclear — Algae & plants might be taking up nutrients and leading to lower instream nutrient concentrations concurrent with high algae and plant biomass; however, diatom metric contradicts DO delta results. Normally in this scenario TP and/or TN would be expected to exceed criteria. Do a level II assessment to complete decision.	Yes. Do level II assessment. For this scenario this means a required 2 <sup>nd</sup> summer of data collection. Collect BOD data.		
3	PASS	FAIL	≤ 5.3 mg/L	≤51%	Waterbody <u>is not</u> nutrient impaired. Suggests pulsed nutrient loads occur but magnitude and durations is not sufficient to manifest problems instream, as shown by compliance with DO delta and diatom metric.	No		
4	PASS	FAIL	≤ 5.3 mg/L	>51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Suggests pulsed nutrient loads occur but DO delta may have given false negative; diatoms however indicate there is a nutrient problem.	No		

**Table B-3. Nutrients – Plains Level I Decision Matrix**

Scenario	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	DO delta	Plains Region Diatom Inreaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment	Resulting Decision	Further Sampling?	If you have collected the data for, or have the data for, a level II assessment:	Notes
5	FAIL	PASS	≤ 5.3 mg/L	≤51%	Unclear—Nutrient concentrations are in excess of the allowable exceedance rate, but there is no indication of concentrations greatly elevated above the criteria (i.e., passed t-test). No exceedance of DO delta, and diatom increaser taxa in compliance. Inherently high false-negative rates of the response variables could be leading to their outcomes. Do a level II assessment to complete decision.	Yes. Do level II assessment. For this scenario this means a required 2 <sup>nd</sup> summer of data collection. <b>SEE NOTES TO RIGHT.</b>		If you suspect problem may be manifested via very high phytoplankton concentrations, collect phytoplankton Chla as well.
6	FAIL	PASS	≤ 5.3 mg/L	>51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Diatom metric confirms results of the nutrient concentration data (failed binomial, thus elevated nutrients). False negative likely for the DO delta result.	No		
7	FAIL	FAIL	≤ 5.3 mg/L	≤51%	Unclear — Nutrient concentrations are in excess of the exceedance rate and there is indication of concentrations much in excess of the criteria (failed t-test). Inherent high false negative rates of both the diatom metric and DO delta may be why they do not indicate a problem. Do a level II assessment to complete decision. Further nutrient, DO delta, and diatom data sampling is justified.	Yes. Do level II assessment. For this scenario this means a required 2 <sup>nd</sup> summer of data collection. <b>SEE NOTES TO RIGHT.</b>	Go to "Plains 2" tab	If you suspect problem may be manifested via very high phytoplankton concentrations, collect phytoplankton Chla as well.

**Table B-3. Nutrients – Plains Level I Decision Matrix**

Scenario	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	DO delta	Plains Region Diatom Inreaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment	Resulting Decision	Further Sampling?	If you have collected the data for, or have the data for, a level II assessment:	Notes
8	FAIL	FAIL	≤ 5.3 mg/L	>51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Both assessments of nutrient concentrations indicate elevated concentrations, and the diatom increaser taxa metric shows a nutrient impact. DO delta measurements may have missed high values (i.e., false negative).	No		
9	PASS	PASS	> 5.3 mg/L	≤51%	Unclear — Algae & plants might be taking up nutrients and leading to lower instream nutrient concentrations concurrent with high algae and plant biomass; however, diatom metric contradicts DO delta results. Normally in this scenario TP and/or TN would be expected to exceed criteria. Do a level II assessment to complete decision.	Yes. Do level II assessment. For this scenario this means a required 2 <sup>nd</sup> summer of data collection. Collect BOD data. <b>SEE NOTES TO RIGHT.</b>	Go to "Plains 2" tab	If you suspect problem may be manifested via very high phytoplankton concentrations, collect phytoplankton Chla as well.
10	PASS	PASS	> 5.3 mg/L	>51%	Unclear — Algae may be taking up nutrients and leading to low instream nutrient concentrations with concurrent high algae and plant biomass; diatom metric supports this idea as do the DO delta results. Normally in this scenario TP and/or TN would be expected to exceed their criteria. Do a level II assessment to complete decision.	Yes. Do level II assessment. For this scenario this means a required 2 <sup>nd</sup> summer of data collection. Collect BOD data. <b>SEE NOTES TO RIGHT.</b>	Go to "Plains 2" tab	If you suspect problem may be manifested via very high phytoplankton concentrations, collect phytoplankton Chla as well.

**Table B-3. Nutrients – Plains Level I Decision Matrix**

Scenario	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	DO delta	Plains Region Diatom Inreaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment	Resulting Decision	Further Sampling?	If you have collected the data for, or have the data for, a level II assessment:	Notes
11	PASS	FAIL	> 5.3 mg/L	≤51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Non-compliance with the T-test suggests that pulsed nutrient loads are allowing high algae and plant biomass to be maintained, Diatoms may be giving a false negative.	No		
12	PASS	FAIL	> 5.3 mg/L	>51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Non-compliance with the T-test suggests that pulsed nutrient loads are allowing high algae and plant biomass to be maintained, Diatoms confirm enrichment finding.	No		
13	FAIL	PASS	> 5.3 mg/L	≤51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Suggests sustained nutrient values above the standard but not necessarily pulsed nutrient loading. Diatom metrics may be giving a false negative.	No		
14	FAIL	PASS	> 5.3 mg/L	>51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Suggests sustained nutrient values above the standard but not necessarily pulsed nutrient loading.	No		
15	FAIL	FAIL	> 5.3 mg/L	≤51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Most indicators show that the stream is not in compliance. Diatoms probably giving a false negative.	No		
16	FAIL	FAIL	> 5.3 mg/L	>51%	Waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. All indicators show that the stream is not in compliance.	No		

**Table B-4. Nutrients – Plains Level II Decision Matrix**

READ FIRST: You should be on this sheet due to an "unclear" result from the level I assessment. If you have collected new data as part of your level II work, you should take your entire dataset and first go back to the "Plains 1" tab to see if you can now come to an unambiguous conclusion there. If you get an "unclear" result again, return here and follow the decision rules on this tab.

Scenario	Scenario Subclass	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	DO delta	Plains Region Diatom Inreaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment	BOD	Resulting Decision	Notes
2	2a	PASS	PASS	≤ 5.3 mg/L	>51%	> 8.0 mg/L	Waterbody <u>may be</u> nutrient impaired, <b>BUT SEE NOTE TO RIGHT TO MAKE FINAL CALL.</b> Possible BOD problem; if DEQ-7 DO standards (1-Day Minimum; use your dawn DO measurements) have not been exceeded, <u>do not</u> list for BOD. If they have, <u>do</u> list for BOD. Consult with your manager on BOD listing details.	Consider diatom samples for which impairment probability is >51%. If magnitudes are >>> 51% <u>and</u> a high proportion (50%+) of the diatom sampling event are > 51%, nutrient listing <u>is likely</u> justified; <b>consult management and discuss final outcome.</b>
2	2b	PASS	PASS	≤ 5.3 mg/L	>51%	≤ 8.0 mg/L	Waterbody <u>may be</u> nutrient impaired. (1) If the assessment reach meets the conditions in the Notes box to right, waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. (2) If waterbody does not meet the conditions in the Notes box to right, waterbody <u>is not</u> nutrient impaired.	Consider diatom samples for which impairment probability is >51%. If magnitudes are >>> 51% <u>and</u> a high proportion (50%+) of the diatom sampling event are > 51%, nutrient listing <u>is likely</u> justified; <b>consult management and discuss final outcome.</b>

**Table B-4. Nutrients – Plains Level II Decision Matrix**

READ FIRST: You should be on this sheet due to an "unclear" result from the level I assessment. If you have collected new data as part of your level II work, you should take your entire dataset and first go back to the "Plains 1" tab to see if you can now come to an unambiguous conclusion there. If you get an "unclear" result again, return here and follow the decision rules on this tab.

Scenario	Scenario Subclass	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	DO delta	Plains Region Diatom Increaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment	BOD	Resulting Decision	Notes
5	n/a	FAIL	PASS	≤ 5.3 mg/L	≤51%	n/a	(1) If visual assessment methods (Fish Cover/Other form) indicate very high levels of algae and/or macrophytes, or phytoplankton density is very high, waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Consistent failure of the binomial indicates elevated nutrients. The inherently high false-negative rates of the diatom metrics and DO delta may have prevented those parameters from indicating a problem. (2) If visual assessment does not show very high levels of algae and/or macrophytes, nor are phytoplankton densities high, borderline still. <b>For (2), consult management and discuss process to determine final outcome.</b>	
7	n/a	FAIL	FAIL	≤ 5.3 mg/L	≤51%	n/a	(1) If visual assessment methods (Fish Cover/Other form) indicate very high levels of algae and/or macrophytes, or very high phytoplankton density, waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. The inherently high false-negative rates of the diatom metrics and DO delta have likely prevented those parameters from indicating a problem. (2) If visual assessment does not show high levels of algae and/or plants, and phytoplankton densities are not high, borderline still. <b>For (2), consult management and discuss process to determine final outcome.</b>	
9	9a	PASS	PASS	> 5.3 mg/L	≤51%	> 8.0 mg/L	Waterbody is <u>not</u> nutrient impaired. Problem is likely related to BOD, which is an organic enrichment problem. Waterbody should be listed for BOD; consult with your manager on BOD listing details.	

**Table B-4. Nutrients – Plains Level II Decision Matrix**

READ FIRST: You should be on this sheet due to an "unclear" result from the level I assessment. If you have collected new data as part of your level II work, you should take your entire dataset and first go back to the "Plains 1" tab to see if you can now come to an unambiguous conclusion there. If you get an "unclear" result again, return here and follow the decision rules on this tab.

Scenario	Scenario Subclass	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	DO delta	Plains Region Diatom Increaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment	BOD	Resulting Decision	Notes
9	9b	PASS	PASS	> 5.3 mg/L	≤51%	≤ 8.0 mg/L	(1) If visual assessment methods (Fish Cover/Other form) indicate very high levels of algae and/or macrophytes, especially if Coontail ( <i>Ceratophyllum</i> spp.) dominates, or alternatively, waterbody has very high phytoplankton density, waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Algae and/or macrophytes are probably taking up the nutrients. (2) If visual assessment does not show excessive high levels of algae and/or plants, and phytoplankton density is not high, waterbody <u>is probably not</u> nutrient impaired. <b>SEE NOTE AT RIGHT TO MAKE FINAL CALL.</b>	Consider in this scenario how close DO deltas are to the threshold, and how many. If >> 5.3 mg/L <u>and</u> many deltas exceed, nutrient listing is likely justified. If not, site <u>is not</u> nutrient impaired. <b>Consult management and discuss final outcome.</b>
10	10a	PASS	PASS	> 5.3 mg/L	>51%	> 8.0 mg/L	(1) If visual assessment methods (Fish Cover/Other form) indicate high levels of algae and/or macrophytes, or alternatively, waterbody has very high phytoplankton density, waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Algae and/or macrophytes are probably taking up the nutrients. Problem is also related to BOD, and should be listed for BOD as well. (2) If visual assessment methods (Fish Cover/Other form) does not indicate high levels of algae and/or macrophytes, nor is there high phytoplankton density, waterbody should be listed for BOD. <b>For (2), consult with your manager on final nutrient listing decision.</b>	

**Table B-4. Nutrients – Plains Level II Decision Matrix**

READ FIRST: You should be on this sheet due to an "unclear" result from the level I assessment. If you have collected new data as part of your level II work, you should take your entire dataset and first go back to the "Plains 1" tab to see if you can now come to an unambiguous conclusion there. If you get an "unclear" result again, return here and follow the decision rules on this tab.

Scenario	Scenario Subclass	Nutrient Binomial Test	Nutrient T-test	DO delta	Plains Region Diatom Increaser Taxa-Probability of Impairment	BOD	Resulting Decision	Notes
10	10b	PASS	PASS	> 5.3 mg/L	>51%	≤ 8.0 mg/L	(1) If visual assessment methods (Fish Cover/Other form) indicate high levels of algae and/or macrophytes, or alternatively, waterbody has very high phytoplankton density, waterbody <u>is</u> nutrient impaired. Algae and/or macrophytes are probably taking up the nutrients. (2) If visual assessment does not show high levels of algae and/or plants, nor is there high phytoplankton density, borderline still. <b>For (2), consult management and discuss process to determine final outcome.</b>	