BEFORE THE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OF THE STATE OF MONTANA

BOARD MEETING
March 21, 2014

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

Heard at Room 111 of the Metcalf Building

1520 East Sixth Avenue

Helena, Montana

March 21, 2014

9:00 a.m.

BEFORE CHAIRMAN ROBIN SHROPSHIRE,

BOARD MEMBERS LARRY MIRES; JOAN MILES,

JOSEPH RUSSELL, CHRIS TWEETEN,

and HEIDI KAISER (by telephone)

PREPARED BY: LAURIE CRUTCHER, RPR

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Page 2 WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had and testimony taken, to-wit: CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: It is 9:02 and I'll call this meeting of the Board of Environmental Review to order. We have got some people on the phone. Tom, can you do a roll call, please. MR. LIVERS: Members of the Board, for 10 the record, Tom Livers, Deputy Director. 11 Canty, who I believe is not available. 12 (No response) 13 MR. LIVERS: Ms. Kaiser. 14 MS. KAISER: Good morning. 15 MR. LIVERS: Ms. Miles. 16 MS. MILES: I'm here. 17 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Mires. 18 MR. MIRES: Here. 19 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Russell. 20 MR. RUSSELL: Here. 21 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Tweeten. 22 MR. TWEETEN: Present. 23 Chair Shropshire. MR. LIVERS: 24 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Present. The

first item on the agenda is review and approval of

25

- the minutes from our January meeting. Any
- ² comments, questions from the Board?
- MR. MIRES: There is a correction on the
- first page, the first paragraph. It reads that we
- 5 met on Friday, July 26th, 2013, and it should be
- Tuesday, January 25th, 2014.
- 7 MS. MILES: Good catch.
- 8 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Anything else?
- 9 MR. RUSSELL: I have one comment. Thank
- you for editing my terse comments to Mark out of
- the minutes.
- 12 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Is there a motion
- to approve with corrections?
- MR. MIRES: I would so move.
- 15 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: It's been moved by
- Larry. Is there a second?
- MS. MILES: I'll second. Joan.
- 18 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Seconded by Joan.
- ¹⁹ Any further discussion?
- (No response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: All those in
- favor, signify by saying aye.
- (Response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Opposed.
- (No response)

- 1 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Motion carries
- 2 unanimously. The next item are briefing items.
- ³ Katherine.
- MS. ORR: Ms. Chairwoman, members of the
- ⁵ Board. Good morning, everyone. There is really
- 6 nothing to add to the agenda, so it sort of speaks
- ⁷ for itself. If anyone has any questions, I'd be
- ⁸ glad to answer them.
- Signal Peak Energy is possibly going to
- be submitted and have disposition on summary
- judgment; and Western Energy and the Department
- are working out terms of the permit, so the
- proceedings will be suspended pending those
- attempts. And other than that, I don't have
- anything to add unless there is a question.
- 16 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Any questions from
- the Board?
- 18 (No response)
- 19 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Hearing none, I
- guess we will move on to action items.
- MR. LIVERS: Madam Chair, members of the
- Board, the first action item is a little bit
- different than a typical rulemaking. Periodically
- this Board will review changes on local air
- quality regs, and with that, I'd like to turn it

- over first to Eric Merchant from the Department to
- set the table a little bit, and explain the action
- 3 and what will be before the Board today.
- MR. MERCHANT: Madam Chair, members of
- 5 the Board, for the record, my name is Eric
- Merchant, and I'm with the Department's Air
- Resources Management Bureau, and we work very
- 8 closely with the county programs. I want to just
- start by introducing and providing the Board with
- some context regarding proposed revisions to the
- Missoula County Air Quality Program regulations.
- Several local programs in the state of
- Montana, including Missoula, implement air quality
- regulatory programs as approved by the Board under
- the Montana Code Annotated 75-2-301. The local
- air program's purpose and role is to protect and
- maintain local air resources. This is often more
- effectively done at the local level. An example
- of that, an obvious example of that, would be
- regulatory provisions for people's wood stoves,
- that type of thing, smoke in a given area. That's
- more effect effectively done at a local level.
- The Board role in this process: The
- Board may approve a local air pollution control
- program as an essential element in securing and

- ¹ maintaining air quality if the program is
- consistent with the applicable statutory
- ³ requirements.
- The Department's role: The Department
- 5 works very closely with the local air quality
- programs to ensure that their rules or rules
- 7 changes are consistent with the statute and
- ⁸ appropriate.
- Periodically these programs, as I said,
- or Tom suggested, these local county program
- regulations must be updated in response to
- changing local conditions, state and federal
- regulations, that kind of thing.
- In contrast, as Tom alluded to, in
- contrast to a typical Board rulemaking effort, and
- according to the requirements of 75-2-301, MCA,
- rule initiation and the associated public
- processes take place at the local level on the
- area impacted by the rules. So Missoula County
- went through a rigorous process that's identified
- in the statute as required under 75-2-301.
- The Department has determined in this
- case that Missoula's proposed rule revisions are
- procedurally and substantively consistent with the
- applicable statutory requirements for the adoption

- and implementation of, in this case, changes to a
- regulatory program.
- With that, I'm going to introduce Ben
- Schmidt, who is over from Missoula County -- he's
- in the Missoula County Air Quality Program -- and
- 6 he's going to talk about the proposal itself,
- ⁷ update to their existing Board approved program,
- 8 and request that the Board take final action to
- ⁹ approve these rule revisions. Do you have any
- questions?
- MS. MILES: Madam Chair, this is Joan.
- I just have one or two questions for Eric, if I
- 13 may.
- 14 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Go ahead.
- MS. MILES: Eric, I've been away from
- this for awhile, so just a little more background.
- Can you tell me, number one, how many local
- programs are there in the state; and number two,
- when a county takes over an air quality program,
- do they do it comprehensively, or is it sometimes
- just for certain types of particulate matter, or
- certain emissions. I don't recall how those
- operate. Thanks.
- MR. MERCHANT: Ms. Miles, Madam Chair,
- members of the Board. To answer the first

Page 8

- question, there are several local county programs
- 2 in the state that have air quality programs. And
- to expand on that and in answer to the second one,
- they're relatively specific to issues generally
- ⁵ speaking. Missoula County has a relatively
- 6 comprehensive air quality program. They do
- permitting, they do compliance, they do ambient
- ⁸ air quality monitoring. So they have more than
- ⁹ the typical program.
- Typically what we would be doing is
- there would be maybe some compliance inspections
- that are done in a given area, or there would be
- -- they would run ambient air quality monitors and
- support our monitoring section that way. In
- several cases, it is very specific to smoke
- management, and that would be issuance of permits
- for minor burners to conduct burning during
- appropriate seasons. So that's regulated through
- that type of a system.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Joan, do you have
- follow up?
- MS. MILES: No. That's great. Thank
- ²³ you.
- 24 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Any other
- ²⁵ questions?

Page 9

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1 (No response)
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- MR. MERCHANT: With that, I'll introduce
- ³ Ben.
- 4 MR. SCHMIDT: Ms. Chairperson, members
- 5 of the Board. Thank you for your time. I'm
- 6 Benjamin Schmidt with the Missoula City-County
- ⁷ Health Department.
- 8 Missoula City-County Health Department
- 9 -- which I'll just call it the Department -- is
- requesting that the Montana State Board of
- Environmental Review simultaneously approve two
- records of adoption for the Missoula City-County
- Air Pollution Control Program.
- On November 15th, 2012, the Missoula
- 15 City-County Air Pollution Control Board approved
- changes to Chapters 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 14 of the
- Missoula City-County Air Pollution Control
- Program. These changes were then approved by the
- 19 Missoula City Council and the Missoula Board of
- 20 County Commissioners on February 25th, 2013. You
- can see the November 2012 record of adoption for
- complete details on that process.
- After these rules were passed at the
- local level, the Department received comments that
- one of these rule changes may conflict with State

- law. It was also noticed that reference errors
- 2 were present in the proposed rule changes. To
- 3 correct a potential conflict with the State law
- and the reference errors, the Department started
- the local rulemaking process again with the intent
- to fix the conflict with State law and the
- reference errors found in the previous changes.
- At that time the Department requested
- that the rule changes approved earlier by the Air
- Board, the City Council, and the County
- 11 Commissioners, not be put before the Montana State
- Board of Environmental Review until a second
- Missoula City-County Air Pollution Control Program
- rulemaking process could be completed at the local
- level. That's why you have two records of
- adoption before you today.
- On October 17th, 2013, the Missoula
- City-County Air Pollution Control Board approved
- changes to Chapter 3, 6, 8, and 15 of the Air
- Pollution Control Program. These changes were
- then approved by the Missoula City Council and the
- Missoula Board of County Commissioners on December
- ²³ 9th, 2013.
- The second set of rule changes fixed a
- conflict with State law, corrects several

- reference errors found in the rules, clarified
- some of the rules, and corrects reference errors
- in the November 8th, 2012 applicability of
- ⁴ 75-2-301 findings document, and corrects reference
- 5 errors in the November 15, 2012 75-2-301 written
- findings document.
- Because of the reference errors that we
- ⁸ had in the rules, the supporting documents
- basically follow along with these errors, so they
- were just corrected in one sweep. You can see the
- October 2013 record of adoption for complete
- details on this process.
- By approving both records of adoption at
- the same time, potential conflicts with State law
- are avoided, and several reference errors are
- fixed. All public notice requirements and
- processes were met in this rulemaking process. In
- the materials sent earlier to the Board,
- justification for rules more stringent than State
- rules were supplied. This meets the requirements
- of Montana Code Annotated 75-2-301, Sections 3 and
- ²² 4.
- I would like to say that as part of this
- process, Missoula does maintain an interested
- parties email list, and as these processes went

- 1 along, the first one and the second one, those
- groups were kept notified of the meetings that
- were coming up and the beginning of the whole
- 4 process with the Air Pollution Control Board and
- ⁵ Air Quality Advisory Council, which gives
- ⁶ recommendation to the Air Board.
- Another thing we did as part of this
- process is, for instance, our solid fuel burning
- device chapter put some labeling requirements in
- there, a change in labeling requirements for
- people who sell stoves in Missoula County. These
- label requirements basically say this stove can be
- sold in this area, or not in this area.
- It is just to make it more clear to the
- customer, and to make it a level playing field
- also with stove dealers, and people know up front
- where the requirements lie when they go to a
- vendor. A typical person isn't going to know our
- rules when they just go in shopping. And because
- of that, we did send to all of the businesses that
- sell wood stoves a notice of this rulemaking
- process.
- Only one of the vendors gave us a call
- asking if they would be affected by that, Trader
- Brothers specifically just south of Lolo, and

- 1 after that we heard no other comments. They just
- wanted clarification that they were involved in
- 3 that.
- Thank you, Chairperson, members of the
- ⁵ Board. I am available if you have any comments or
- ⁶ questions.
- 7 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Thank you. Any
- questions from the Board?
- 9 (No response)
- 10 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: I guess the motion
- would be to amend the Missoula County air quality
- regulations?
- MR. SCHMIDT: Yes.
- 14 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Is there a motion
- to amend.
- MS. MILES: I would move that. This is
- Joan.
- 18 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: It has been moved
- by Joan. Is there a second?
- MR. RUSSELL: Second, and then a
- question.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: It has been
- seconded by Joe. So let's open it up for your
- question, Joe.
- MR. RUSSELL: Well, as I recall, one of

- 1 the Board's duties here is to make sure that the
- ² process -- I just wonder if our motion should
- 3 state that we have reviewed the record of
- ⁴ adoptions, and the process in the statutes has
- been followed for adopting or amending local air
- 6 pollution control programs.
- 7 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: I don't know if
- 8 that's something that you want to address, just to
- ⁹ confirm that.
- MR. RUSSELL: We have one. And the
- thing is the BER -- I mean we are accepting their
- regulations, but they're local regulations. So
- what we're charged with is to make sure that the
- rulemaking process was followed at the local
- level, and DEQ's role is to make sure that the
- rule is -- I'll use the term -- congruent or
- consistent with the State -- the act in --
- 18 (inaudible) --
- 19 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Joe, I agree with
- what you're saying, but to me, that is assumed in
- this process. It would be unusual in a motion to
- say that we followed the process, but I understand
- what you're saying.
- MR. RUSSELL: I would differ, because we
- do it every time we adopt a rule. We always adopt

- 1 the Hearing Examiner's report, and we also adopt
- the 521 and 311 analysis, as part of our decision
- making process. So we're not really making a rule
- for the locals. We're making sure that they
- ⁵ follow due process.
- MR. LIVERS: Members of the Board, this
- is Tom. Let me throw something out, and then
- 8 maybe Eric or John might want to weigh in. I
- ⁹ wonder if a more precise wording might be
- something like, "Approve the amendment of Missoula"
- 11 City-County air quality regulations, and the
- amendment process," and I don't know that we'd
- have to go much more specific than that. But the
- amendments aren't final until the Board takes
- action, but it probably is a little more precise
- to say, "We are approving the local amendment, and
- the process by which those were taken."
- MS. MILES: This is Joan. I tend to
- agree with what Joe said, and what you're saying,
- that the motion should reflect particularly our
- role in this process. So I would modify that
- motion, and use the wording that you just used,
- 23 Tom.
- MR. RUSSELL: I would accept that to my
- second.

- 1 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So to approve the
- amended Missoula City-County air quality
- regulations and the process by which those
- amendments were adopted; is that acceptable?
- 5 MR. LIVERS: That sounds good.
- 6 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: It has been moved
- ⁷ and seconded.
- 8 MR. LIVERS: Before we take a vote, if
- you'd ask for public comment.
- 10 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: And is there any
- public comment?
- 12 (No response)
- 13 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Hearing none, all
- those in favor, signify by saying aye.
- (Response)
- 16 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Opposed.
- (No response)
- 18 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: The motion carries
- unanimously.
- MS. MILES: Madam Chair, this is Joan.
- ²¹ Can I deviate from the business at hand for just
- one second, and if Ben Schmidt is still there,
- just extend congratulations to the Missoula
- ²⁴ City-County Health Department. They were just
- yesterday awarded a national accreditation. There

- 1 are now 31 public health departments in the
- country that have gone through a voluntary
- accreditation process to ensure that they're
- operating at high performance, high quality, high
- level of services to their community, and Missoula
- was the first health department in Montana to
- receive accreditation, so I just wanted to extend
- 8 congratulations.
- MR. RUSSELL: I would echo that because
- it is a very difficult process, because we're in
- ¹¹ it.
- 12 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Congratulations.
- MR. SCHMIDT: Thank you. I will pass
- this on to Ellen Lahey. She'll like to hear that
- the BER gave that congratulations.
- MS. MILES: Please do. Thanks.
- 17 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Thanks, Joan. The
- next item on the agenda is initiation of
- rulemaking which relates to Title 17, Chapter 36,
- Subchapter 9, etc.
- MR. LIVERS: Madam Chair, members of the
- Board, Barb Kingery is going to walk us through
- this.
- MS. KINGERY: Good morning, Madam Chair,
- and members of the Board. As Tom said, I'm Barb

- ¹ Kingery. I'm with the Subdivisions Section here
- 2 at DEQ. And you have before you a package of
- rules that the Board has authority over. I want
- 4 to kind of frame this for you a little bit before
- ⁵ I hop into what we're doing here.
- In the last legislative session, and
- then through Circular DEQ4, which is a
- 8 construction standard for subsurface wastewater
- treatment systems, and initiation of rulemaking
- for Circulars DEQ1, 3, 10, and 16, which I think
- happened at the last Board meeting, we have found
- that we need to update our rules, and I'm going to
- walk you through this process a little bit here.
- And some of those rules are Board rules, and some
- of those rules are Department rules.
- And what you have before you today are
- the Board rules. And I just kind of wanted to
- sort of frame it in some sort of context for you,
- so you guys understood what was going on here.
- What I'd like to do, if I could, is kind of talk a
- little bit about what we're proposing, and I'll
- have to ask for your indulgence because we'll be
- flipping back and forth between pages, because I
- think that's the most logical way to approach
- this.

- So what I'd like to start with before
- are those changes we're proposing that had to do
- 3 with the circulars that we've been working on.
- ⁴ And if you could look at your package back on
- 5 page, I believe it is 22, we're going to talk
- first about some public water rules; and 17.38.106
- talks about fees for review of systems that relate
- 8 to the circulars I mentioned before -- Circular 1,
- ⁹ 3, 4, and then 10 and 16, which are the two new
- ones.
- What we found when we were doing a
- little hunting through our rules and the fees is
- that when we adopted Circular DEQ4 back in
- October, we didn't change the public water review
- fees that go with that document. And what we did
- -- we're not proposing to add any new fees, we're
- not proposing to change the fees that are out
- there right now, but when we adopted the new
- circular, we adopted new chapter headings and new
- chapter numbers.
- And so this is sort of a housekeeping
- exercise here to make sure that the fees that we
- previously were changing now match in rule the
- chapter numbers and the chapter headings, because
- that's how 17.38.106 is configured.

- When we found that out, we thought, "Oh,
- 2 shoot. We just initiated one, three, ten, and
- 3 sixteen. We need to make that correction there,
- too." So I want to emphasize that the changes to
- ⁵ 106 are not an increase in fees, it is nothing new
- that has been changed. It is just a nomenclature,
- numbering, that kind of a thing, chapter names.
- 8 So those are the proposed changes that we're doing
- in 106, and that's on Page 22.
- MR. LIVERS: Barb, if I could, Madam
- 11 Chair. I apologize for the interruption.
- (Recess taken)
- 13 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: I think we're
- ready to reconvene. Is everybody on the phone?
- Joe? Joan? Heidi? Chris? Everybody there?
- Let's reconvene. Barb, take it away.
- MS. KINGERY: We'll pick up again with
- another of the public water rules that we're
- proposing for you, and it's found on Page 21 of
- your packet, and it is 17.38.101. And here we're
- going to start -- I'm going to start taking you
- down kind of a twisty path of rules.
- So 17.38.101 is where we talk about the
- design of public water systems and our review
- procedures there; and under (d), 4(d), the public

- 1 water rules adopt the Department subdivision
- ² rules. So there is 17.36.320 through 320 --
- UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Now joining name not
- ⁴ recorded.
- ⁵ MR. LIVERS: Chris?
- MR. TWEETEN: Yes, it is Chris.
- 7 MS. KINGERY: So we're on 17.38.101 is
- where we are. We're talking about 4(d).
- 9 MR. LIVERS: It's on Page 21 of the rule
- packet.
- MS. KINGERY: And what this one does is
- these public water rules adopt the Department
- subdivision rules. And as I mentioned before,
- through legislation, we had to update, we wanted
- to update our subdivision rules. So these are the
- ones you guys pick up and adopt by reference. So
- we're proposing a couple of changes here in
- ¹⁸ 17.38.101.
- One of the things we're going to do is
- we're going to walk through the subdivision ones
- in just a moment here that you adopt by reference.
- But currently you adopt 17.36.327. 327 is a
- subdivision, a Department rule that talks about
- existing systems. And under public water reviews,
- we want a different procedure for reviewing of

- public sewer systems that are existing than the
- subdivision rules. There is a little different
- 3 level of review that we would require under that,
- 4 under the public water rules.
- 5 So we are proposing to strike adoption
- by reference 17.36.327 out of these public water
- rules. We already have the provisions to review
- 8 those under this Section 101. And so it just made
- things confusing for applicants who were proposing
- existing public sewer systems that needed to be
- reviewed. So that's sort of a cleanup item again,
- ¹² too.
- The other thing that we're doing here is
- this 17.38.101 talks about requirements for
- professional engineer designs; and under our
- current regulations, we would require a public
- sewer system that is over 2,500 gallons per day to
- be submitted and reviewed by a professional
- engineer. Those changes we're proposing to clean
- up and put into 101. They're still in the
- subdivision rules, but we felt that this
- reference, having all of the PE requirements being
- in one place, made more sense when we're talking
- about public sewer systems. So that's the other
- change we're proposing here.

- We're deleting one section that isn't
- applicable as far as review goes because it's sort
- of contradictory, to be honest with you, and we're
- ⁴ adding this one.
- ⁵ MR. MIRES: Why the change from
- registered engineer to just professional engineer?
- ⁷ Is there a reasoning for that?
- 8 MS. KINGERY: A professional engineer --
- ⁹ We want the professional engineering designs to
- come in for people who are registered in the State
- of Montana. We don't want a Florida engineer to
- be submitting plans. So our definitions, our
- reference to the definition calls it a registered
- engineer, and so we wanted to make definitions and
- language in the rule consistent.
- MR. MIRES: I thought I read in here --
- I was looking for it -- I thought it would scratch
- the registered part to simply professional, or did
- 19 I misread that?
- MS. KINGERY: Maybe I'm confusing the
- two. We tried to make the language or the syntax
- consistent with the definitions, is what we did.
- 23 And the definitions -- and I don't have that in
- front of me right here, so I should get back to
- you with that.

- MR. MIRES: I'll keep looking and see if
- ² I can find it. Thank you.
- MS. KINGERY: Please do. So those are
- 4 the big changes we made there. Now, like I said,
- 5 I'm going to have you flip pages for me, and we're
- going to talk about the Department rules that you
- ⁷ guys adopt by reference.
- 8 MR. RUSSELL: Since I've been working in
- DEQ4, as Barb knows, for our own county, DEQ4
- defines it as a professional engineer licensed or
- otherwise authorized to practice engineering in
- Montana, pursuant to Title 37, Chapter 67, MCA.
- MR. MIRES: Thank you, Joe.
- 14 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So for
- clarification, that will be the new -- it will be
- professional engineer in Montana, will be the
- change.
- MS. KINGERY: It is. That's our intent
- here. Rachel, she's with our Public Water
- Section, she brought up for me. It is
- professional engineer.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Thank you.
- MS. KINGERY: So moving forward. We're
- going to talk a little bit about these rules that
- are Department rules that the Board adopts by

- 1 reference, and if I could have you flip now to
- Page 1, we'll talk about these rules quickly here.
- There is just a few of them on here.
- ⁴ 17.36.320, and quite a bit of this is
- 5 clean up and syntax to try and clarify that there
- may be -- these are the design and construction
- ⁷ standards for all sewage systems. And like I
- said, we tried to clean things up a little bit
- 9 here.
- I want to reference something for you.
- I just mention that we moved this section into
- 17.38, but No. 2 under this talks about
- information that has to do with --
- UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Now joining. Joan.
- MS. MILES: Sorry. I guess --
- 16 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Is that you, Joan?
- (No response)
- 18 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Sorry to
- interrupt, Barb. I just want to check. Chris,
- are you on the line?
- MR. TWEETEN: Yes, I am.
- 22 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Joe.
- MR. RUSSELL: Present and accounted for.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Joan?
- ²⁵ (No response)

- 1 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Maybe Joan is
- having some technical difficulties. Heidi, are
- you there?
- 4 (No response)
- MR. RUSSELL: Before we go any further,
- Robin, this confusion. Well, I'm deep in it.
- What page numbers are we using? When you went
- back to Page 1, is this 17.36.320?
- MS. KINGERY: It is. That's correct,
- 10 Joe.
- 11 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Sorry, Joe. Just
- one second. I just wanted to see if --
- UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Now joining. Joan.
- 14 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Joe, can you ask
- your question again?
- MR. RUSSELL: In my state of confusion,
- I was having trouble following what page number.
- So I think I'm on the right track now. We're on
- 19 Page 1 that's actually citing the ARM 17.36.320?
- MS. KINGERY: That's correct. Do you
- want to go forward?
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Let's go ahead. I
- don't know if Heidi is on, but let's continue.
- MS. KINGERY: So it is correct. When I
- looked here, we did strike registered, and we did

- put in professional. You're correct. So that's
- why I wanted to bring out No. 2 here.
- As part of the Department rules, we're
- 4 proposing some criteria for these professional
- ⁵ engineers also, and we wanted to keep the
- Department requirement separate from the public
- water one. So that's a good clarifying point you
- ⁸ bring there.
- One of the other things that we're
- proposing in 17.36.320 is clarification from
- 11 Circular 4, this is under No. 4, regarding
- replacement areas; and this is to provide
- consistency between Circular 4 and these rules.
- What we are allowing here is if you have a sand
- mound you may -- and it is a "may" -- use that
- same footprint as part of your replacement area --
- some counties allow that, some counties do not --
- and a little bit of discussion about size
- reductions. So that's some information we added
- here under 17.36.320.
- MR. RUSSELL: Robin, I have a question
- for Barb. So without further testing, usually
- sand mounds fail up in the sand interface. But
- what if literally you really had saturated
- conditions at that affected absorption area, in

- 1 the basal area. Is there any way to preclude
- moving forward with that?
- MS. KINGERY: Mr. Russell and Madam
- Chair, yes, there is. Because it is a "may," the
- 5 counties can look at how that failure happened and
- for require a separate replacement area. You don't
- always know that that happens in -- so that's why
- 8 some counties have required separate replacement
- ⁹ areas at the time of review. This was one of
- those cases where we thought we would give the
- discretion to the local reviewing authority.
- MR. RUSSELL: And oftentimes it is the
- only site left.
- MS. KINGERY: Sometimes -- you're
- correct -- we need to have some flexibility with
- the replacement area.
- 17 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Any follow up?
- MR. RUSSELL: No. Thank you.
- MS. KINGERY: The other thing I just
- want to point out on this 320 is that we had a
- table here before, this Table 2, and we're
- proposing to eliminate that. All of the
- information that is in this table has now been put
- in narrative, and we feel it is a lot cleaner way
- to deal with it.

- So moving forward here. I'll go to the
- next one that you guys adopt by reference, and it
- 3 is on Page 5 of this packet here, and it is
- ⁴ 17.36.321. Again, we were working through some
- ⁵ syntax changes and just clarification.
- But the big ones I want to point out to
- you on 17.36.321 is that we now have a provision
- in here to allow pursuant to a waiver holding
- tanks for -- I'll call it -- residential systems
- that would be used for replacement. And this is a
- tool that we felt we needed to add.
- There are places that permit holding
- tanks and places that do not, and up until this
- point we have not had this ability to allow a
- holding tank. One of the things -- as replacement
- only, not as a primary system, but only as a
- replacement. One of the provisions to this waiver
- process would be concurrence with the local health
- department, so it is going to be fairly isolated
- situations.
- MR. RUSSELL: Robin, just a comment.
- From a local perspective, that concurrence is
- really nice. Thanks for putting that in there.
- MS. KINGERY: Sure. We rely on our
- local sanitarians to help us through this process

¹ for sure.

I'm going to just kind of walk through this one.

This is under sewage system siting, and what we are proposing is kind of a three-tiered system to siting. If you are 15 percent or less of your slope of your drainfield, we're going to allow you to have a gravity fed system; anywhere between five and 25 percent, you're allowed to have a pressure dosed system, not gravity; between 25 and pressure dosed system, but only through a waiver.

And how this changes is right now -- I want you guys to understand how it works now -- if you are between zero and 15 percent, you're good to go; if you are between 15 and 25 percent, you have a waiver. And it has been Department policy to only grant that waiver if you're pressure dosed. We want you to form distribution of these systems on steep slopes.

We feel that you can construct, given a good design, up to 35 percent if you're pressured dosed and uniform distributed on there. We're still asking for information about slope stability and that kind of a thing, and soils; but this is a

- change. This is sort of broadening the amount of
- ² area that would be available for development.
- UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Now joining. Heidi.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Go ahead, Joe.
- MR. RUSSELL: Just for clarification,
- and I'm going back to the definitions. When the
- Department calls pressure dose, do you mean the
- ⁸ use of a pump, or do you mean uniform pressure
- ⁹ distribution?
- MS. KINGERY: I'm going to go back to
- the definitions in Circular DEQ4, and pressure
- dose actually there is uniform distribution. So
- we talk about dosing, but when we talk about
- pressure dosing, we talk about uniform
- distribution.
- MR. RUSSELL: Because it gets a little
- gray when you actually get into the section where
- you have all of the pictures of the different "D"
- boxes, because technically pressure dosed -- I get
- 20 it, but I just want to make sure that -- and I
- know I'm on the same page with you -- but we try
- to use the terminology "uniform pressure
- distribution."
- UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Now joining name not
- recorded.

- MS. KINGERY: I'll just double check
- 2 that, but my memory from DEQ4 is that we talk
- about dosing, and dosing can be either pressure
- dosing or gravity fed dosing. The pressure dosing
- is the uniform distribution, and the other is
- where you use a pump to get up to a "D" box, and
- ⁷ then it trickles out.
- 8 MR. RUSSELL: Which is not much better
- ⁹ than gravity.
- MS. KINGERY: I concur. Not much better
- than gravity.
- MR. RUSSELL: I digress, but I remember
- my first just "D" box dose system, and I was so
- excited, and I ran to the end, opened four inch
- perforated pipe just waiting for that fluid to get
- to the end, to be so discouraged that in a 100
- foot lateral, it got about ten feet. It is not
- pressure distribution.
- MS. KINGERY: You're right there. The
- other thing I want to bring forward here, just for
- your understanding, is under the same rule, No. 6
- now, we are proposing that for lots that are two
- acres or less in size, that the location of the
- system be physically identified, and that can be
- either through staking, or through GPS

- 1 coordinates, or something like that.
- For lots that are greater than two
- acres, we want to have the provision to require
- that, knowing that not every large lot has a large
- ⁵ area available for development. So that's another
- 6 change that we're moving -- it was one, and we're
- 7 moving to two. We want to make sure that we
- 8 certainly have enough space for what we're
- ⁹ approving here.
- I'll move on to Page 8, which is
- 17.36.323, and these are setbacks. And I want to
- call to your attention under No. 1. This is
- another place where public water rules and
- subdivision rules have a tie -- we want to make
- sure this tie-in is very clear to people out
- there. Under the public water rules, they are
- allowed to deviate from any of these rules -- and
- I should have clarified that up front -- but they
- have the provision to deviate.
- And this setback Table 2 that's listed
- before you here, we wanted to make sure. There
- are provisions in here for waivers, but the public
- water rules can deviate from any of these setbacks
- that we have proposed here, even the ones that
- don't specifically call out that provision. So

- this setback table that we've configured here is
- one that we try to clarify things with.
- One of the sort of subtle changes that
- we're making here has to do with well isolation
- 5 zones, and this is under current law or current
- 6 rules. A well isolation zone can't cross the
- 7 mixing zone -- let me say that again -- an
- 8 existing well isolation zone can't cross a mixing
- ⁹ zone. We're proposing to make that for both
- existing wells and proposed wells, so that's sort
- of a subtle change in here.
- We've added provisions for waivers where
- we feel like waivers are helpful; but like I said,
- under the public water rules, that has always been
- an option for you guys.
- MR. RUSSELL: Robin, question for Barb.
- Barb, you still use the citation for five, unless
- it is somewhere else. It is actually X'd out in
- the footnote.
- MS. KINGERY: Well, let me think. Let
- me look at that real quick. Three remains the
- same, but is renumbered five.
- MR. RUSSELL: Oh, okay. I got it.
- ²⁴ (Inaudible)
- MS. KINGERY: These are kind of

- difficult. You actually need two sets in front of
- you, the existing ones and the new proposed ones,
- often to get through these.
- MR. RUSSELL: What was three? Because
- ⁵ it is not actually here.
- 6 MS. KINGERY: What was three?
- MR. RUSSELL: It doesn't have to be
- 8 verbatim. Just kind of give me the Cliff note
- ⁹ version.
- MS. KINGERY: "Sewer lines and sewer
- mains may be located in roadways and on steep
- slopes if the lines and mains are safeguarded
- against damage."
- MR. RUSSELL: That makes -- from where I
- see the footnoting.
- Second thing. "A waiver may be granted
- pursuant," so three is still -- three is the
- process of getting a waiver. Do you think it is
- okay for -- I mean most wells are drawing water
- out of an aquifer that a waiver would be granted
- to reduce the setback from 100 feet to something
- 22 less.
- And then I guess I have a more global
- question. This administrative rule is used by the
- Department, and it is also used in a subdivision

- review process by locals that are contracted to do
- the work, right?
- MS. KINGERY: That's correct.
- MR. RUSSELL: So that clearly would
- 5 conflict with our local regulations. We wouldn't
- want a drainfield unless -- The concept of a
- ⁷ waiver is completely necessary at the DEQ level
- because you don't have a board that grants
- ⁹ variances, so I get that part. But what's the
- applicability at the local level with this? Is
- this only -- This is only to be used during the
- subdivision process and we would throw those
- waivers towards you to conduct, or are some
- counties going to have to adopt these setbacks
- because they're not really cited in DEQ4?
- MS. KINGERY: I'm not sure I quite got
- your question, but let me see if I answer it, and
- then let's see if I get there.
- These rules will be used by the
- Department, and any of our contracted agents,
- contracted counties to review subdivisions. And
- those subdivisions, anytime there is a waiver, it
- is reviewed at the Department level. So if
- Flathead County sends those to us, and then we do
- ²⁵ a review here, and then we send back the results

- of the committee decision to her. So I think that
- 2 -- is that what you were going for there?
- MR. RUSSELL: Most county regulations --
- I shouldn't say that. Barb, we've talked about
- our regulations. We have two documents. We have
- 6 what really is DEQ4 as a construction standard,
- 7 and then we have a regulation, because every
- 8 county has got to address these setbacks. They
- have to have setback requirements adopted as
- regulation, and I think that was -- and Joan may
- recall -- that was the requirement in 1993 when
- all counties had to adopt septic system
- regulations.
- MS. KINGERY: That's correct. And Joe,
- I might bring you forward to another section here
- real quick that might answer your question, and
- 17 I'm going to have you guys flip to Page No. 19.
- And I'm going to back up just a little bit so you
- guys understand, put in these in reference for
- you.
- I believe what Mr. Russell is talking
- about is the State minimum standards, and the
- Board has authority over the State minimum
- standards for septic systems. And we have a
- setback table here that mirrors the one we're

- looking at right now under 17.36.918. These are
- the minimum standards that every county has to
- adopt. And in this one, we don't have a provision
- for waivers because we know that it can go through
- the local variance process.
- MR. RUSSELL: And if you don't mind,
- ⁷ Robin. That's where wells and springs, there is
- 8 100 foot setback to absorption systems on that?
- 9 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Was that a
- question?
- MR. RUSSELL: Well, I'm still a little
- confused, because we have that one table where you
- could grant a waiver to the setback to a well or
- spring, or other wells, the third substantive row;
- but in the other site you say that a waiver could
- be granted to that.
- 17 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So I have a
- question, and it is sort of related to this, but
- more process related. Can someone help me
- understand. Some of this is under the purview of
- the Board, and some is under the purview of the
- Department, and are we mixing those two a little
- bit?
- MS. KINGERY: What you have before you
- are the ones that the Board is going to be looking

- 1 -- that you have authority to look at, and it is
- because you have adopted the Department rules by
- ³ reference.
- And so when we talk about this, there
- 5 are other rules out there -- and I was going to
- 6 get to that in a little bit here -- but the
- ⁷ subdivision rules, which is a package which we've
- ⁸ pulled these particular ones that you, the Board,
- have authority over. These are the ones that you
- guys are going to be reviewing and adopting.
- 11 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: In the discussion
- of the waiver, is that within our purview or is
- that not?
- MS. KINGERY: Like I said before, public
- water can waive from any of these requirements,
- the provisions for the Department to grant a
- waiver, because these are under your scrutiny as a
- member of the Board. We are also asking you to
- look at these rules, too, as they relate to a
- subdivision. We're not going to have a separate
- 21 -- pull these out and have a separate review of
- them.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: And Joe, I guess
- this is for you. Do you feel like the scope as it
- is now allows us to incorporate changes, or do you

- think that the scope needs to be modified? Does
- that make sense? I'm kind of jumping ahead, but
- I'm just trying to understand sort of the line of
- ⁴ your questioning.
- MR. RUSSELL: Over time this parallel
- rulemaking comes up. When it comes to pure
- ⁷ subdivision activity, that's a Department
- 8 rulemaking process. The problem is there is some
- 9 crossover stuff, like the setback stuff, that
- comes up.
- Mine was actually not minutiae, but the
- fact that the Department could grant a waiver for
- an absorption system setback to a well or spring,
- which as I recall -- and I think Barbara confirmed
- that -- that we adopted minimum standards based on
- a law change in 1993 that said all counties will
- have septic system regulations that meet these
- minimum standards, and one of the minimum
- standards that can be varied at the local level is
- setbacks to wells.
- MS. KINGERY: Chairman Russell, if I
- could just hop in here to just sort of give you an
- idea of what our waivers look like. So let's just
- say for example we have a waiver from a setback
- between a well and a drainfield that is before the

- Department as part of the waiver committee
- ² process.
- We always ask for local comment on
- those, even the ones that don't specifically say
- 5 so on here. As a procedural thing we always ask
- for that because we, the Department, do not want
- to approve a system for construction that can't
- 8 then go and be permitted at the local level. So
- whenever a waiver comes in, we always get a
- comment from the local health department. And
- often we'll say, "If this is one that would
- require a variance, please go through the variance
- process first before we grant ours."
- MR. RUSSELL: I think that clears up my
- concern about where waivers could be granted, but
- it really comes down to procedure.
- MS. KINGERY: We try and kind of keep
- that in mind. We know we don't want to approve
- something from a Department perspective that a
- homeowner can't go out and construct.
- MR. RUSSELL: Because the county comes
- in and says, "No, you can't do that."
- MS. KINGERY: Exactly. It doesn't make
- sense. But like we mentioned before, some of
- these waivers we specifically want Department

- 1 approval on before we even go forward on.
- Interestingly enough, sometimes on these waivers
- we get comments from the counties where perhaps it
- is not disallowed as part of the local rules, but
- 5 they don't like it. And so in that case we try
- and work with both the developer, the owner, the
- county, and try and resolve those conflicts.
- 8 That's what the waiver process is for.
- ⁹ It is not an automatic green light. It is a way
- that we can look at things, and slow down and make
- sure that it's done correctly.
- 12 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Joe, do you have
- any more comments?
- MR. RUSSELL: No. That's good. Thank
- you.
- MS. MILES: This is Joan. I'm glad to
- hear that conversation because I was sort of
- thinking the same thing where Joe is going, that I
- didn't want to see the counties superseded if they
- would not be granting a variance. So I think the
- way that you've described that process now is a
- little bit more comfortable.
- MR. RUSSELL: Can I bring up the word
- "Skinner"?
- MS. KINGERY: Yes, we learned our

- $^{
 m l}$ lessons there. So that's the setback table as it
- relates in the Department rules, which again, like
- I said, you guys have purview over and authority
- ⁴ over.
- I'm going to move on now I believe to
- Page 13, and it's 17.36.325, and this is the site
- evaluation component. And to be very honest with
- ⁸ you, nothing really is changing in this section.
- ⁹ We're cleaning things up, moving things around,
- trying to make it consistent with Circular DEQ4,
- and just trying to make it read a little better,
- put a few tags in there. Not every system that
- comes through a subdivision review is a Circular 4
- section system; sometimes they're Circular 2,
- which are municipal systems essentially -- to just
- kind of put a real simple label on it.
- So these are the four Department rules
- you guys are looking at. And like I said, they
- ¹⁹ are adopted by reference.
- The last type of rule you guys are going
- to be looking at today are the State Minimum
- Standard Rules, and these begin on Page 15 under
- 17.36.912. And there is two sections to the State
- Minimum Standards, and we kind of just went over
- this again, but I'll just refresh your memory.

- These are the rules that every county in
- the state have to adopt as part of their local
- permitting process and their local review process.
- And we are proposing under 17.36.912 some
- 5 definition changes. These are two fold. One is
- to comply with the current definitions within
- 7 Circular DEQ4, and the other is to sort of
- 8 correlate these minimum standard definitions with
- the proposed Department subdivision definitions.
- And I won't go too far into details there, but if
- you have any questions, let me know.
- The other change we're proposing to the
- State minimum standards, that we sort of touched
- on already, is on Page 19, and that's that
- 17.36.918. This is the setback table.
- MR. RUSSELL: Just another question.
- Because we're going through this process -- It is
- not like this stuff just races through my head all
- the time, but it's only when I throw it in there.
- But just so you know, this isn't an inconsistent
- flood plain definition, but I went to the DNRC
- site, and got the flood plain definition. I think
- that it is good if you take out the flood of the
- 100 year frequency, and get the once every 100
- years, or one percent chance of flooding every

- year. And maybe it is good not to get this
- ² specific.
- But if you look -- We put in there also
- zones A and AE on the FIRM map, Flood Insurance
- 5 Rate Maps, Federal Emergency Management Agency,
- and that could be -- they don't change them that
- often, but we felt it was important to put that in
- 8 there in areas that were mapped.
- 9 MS. KINGERY: I'll speak to that just
- real briefly. This did reference those FIRM maps,
- and the FIRM maps are created by FEMA primarily
- for flood insurance purposes. And what we found
- was those areas that you mentioned, when you dig
- into the definition of what FEMA calls a flood
- plain, and what they map as a flood plain, could
- have up to one foot of water on that property.
- And so we wanted to make sure that -- We don't
- like any kind of situation where there could be
- standing water on top of a drainfield, and that's
- kind of why we went to this more general
- definition here. It wasn't always clear to
- everybody that there could be standing water there
- up to a foot in depth.
- MR. RUSSELL: Actually I think FEMA took
- that one foot out of their definition because a

- $^{
 m l}$ lot of what we used to call Zone B or 500 year
- flood plain is now mapped in, but now they don't
- 3 require -- they just covered it. So that's why I
- felt comfortable about putting it back in.
- But I understand keeping it generic.
- ⁶ That's fine.
- ⁷ MS. KINGERY: Like I said, we didn't
- want to be tied to the flood insurance maps
- either. We felt like septic systems and flood
- insurance are two different beasts out there.
- So those are the rules. I thank you for
- being so indulgent of me. I tried to sort of hit
- the topic highlights here. It is a complicated
- rule package as far as who is responsible for
- what. What we would propose to you guys, and like
- you to contemplate if you don't mind, is to
- initiate rulemaking on this package you have
- before you.
- And what we would like to do is do a
- concurrent joint announcement also, and do a
- concurrent public comment period, and maybe a
- joint public hearing on both, because as you can
- see, they both tie together very closely. And
- then I think that the public would best be served
- by seeing both before them at the same time. So

- I'm available for questions.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Just in terms of
- the joint rulemaking process in mind, does anybody
- 4 have any problem with that?
- MS. MILES: This is Joan. I think that
- 6 that is a good idea, but I do think there needs to
- be a pretty clear maybe executive summary or
- 8 overview of why this is going on together, and how
- they relate to each other, because we really had
- to get talked through that today. So I think that
- maybe that needs to be in writing so people can
- understand that.
- 13 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: I quess the
- question I have, too, is would we initiate
- rulemaking jointly, or do we just simply initiate
- rulemaking and you guys can coordinate the joint
- portion of it?
- MR. LIVERS: It would be the latter.
- 19 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So the motion
- wouldn't be to initiate joint rulemaking, it's
- just to initiate rulemaking on the portions that
- we have purview?
- MR. LIVERS: Correct, and then we would
- work to coordinate the timing on the public
- comment process and the hearing.

- MR. RUSSELL: This is Joe again, Robin.
- We've done this a couple times, and in times past,
- we saw the whole revision, and not just the Board
- side of it. But this has worked well in the past.
- ⁵ We've done several of these where the Board has
- some rulemaking authority and the Department has
- 7 some.
- 8 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Any other
- ⁹ discussion?
- 10 (No response)
- 11 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Any comments from
- the public?
- (No response)
- 14 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: I'm going to
- attempt to frame a motion for somebody to move.
- I'll use this as a draft here because I'm not
- entirely sure that this is correct. So the motion
- that I guess would propose is to initiate
- rulemaking to amend the sewage system
- requirements, subdivision rules, and onsite --
- hold on. Let me go back.
- Katherine, are you available to do this?
- MS. ORR: Yes.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: To be the Hearing
- 25 Examiner?

- MS. ORR: Yes.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: -- to appoint
- Katherine as the permanent Hearings Examiner, and
- to initiate rulemaking to amend sewage system
- ⁵ requirements, subdivision rules, and onsite
- subsurface water rules. Does that sound right?
- Did I forget anything?
- 8 MS. KINGERY: And the public water
- ⁹ rules.
- 10 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Okay. Thank you.
- MR. RUSSELL: I was just looking at the
- dates, and I'm guessing those are acceptable to
- the Department, too, right?
- 14 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Can you elaborate
- on that? Do you understand his question?
- MR. RUSSELL: Like the dates for the
- comment period.
- MR. LIVERS: Yes, the Department can
- coordinate those dates.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So are you okay,
- Joe? Any more questions, comments?
- (No response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: I'll entertain a
- motion to appoint Katherine as the permanent
- Hearing Examiner, and to initiate rulemaking to

- amend the sewage system requirements, subdivision
- rules, onsite surface wastewater and public water
- ³ rules.
- 4 MS. KAISER: I will move.
- ⁵ CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: It's been moved by
- 6 Heidi.
- ⁷ MR. MIRES: Second.
- 8 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Seconded by Larry.
- ⁹ Any further discussion?
- (No response)
- 11 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: All those in
- favor, signify by saying aye.
- (Response)
- 14 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Opposed.
- 15 (No response)
- 16 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Motion carries
- unanimously. Thanks, Barb.
- MR. LIVERS: The next action item, pinch
- hitting for Bob Smith will be Ed Coleman.
- MR. COLEMAN: Madam Chair, members of
- the Board, my name is Ed Coleman, and I'm the
- Bureau Chief over the Department's Coal and
- Uranium Program. I'm requesting the adoption of
- the proposed amendment to the rules that implement
- Montana's Strip and Underground Mine Reclamation

 1 Act.

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As proposed, the rulemaking includes modifications to ARM Title 17, Chapter 24, Subchapter 9, which are the rules under which the Department regulates in situ coal and uranium mining. The initial rulemaking was required by Senate Bill 292 of the 2011 legislative session, which required the Board to adopt rules necessary to regulate underground mining using in situ coal 10 gasification by October 1st, 2011, which we 11 successfully accomplished. The bill also stated 12 that the rule regulating in situ coal gasification 13 may not be more stringent than the comparable 14 federal regulations or guidelines.

Prior to the passage of Senate Bill 292, two rules existed specifically regulating in situ coal gasification. ARM 17.24.902 provides permit application requirements, and ARM 17.24.903 provides general performance standards for in situ coal gasification. Both of these rules provide that appropriate provisions of Subchapters 3 through 8, and 10 through 13, are applicable to in situ coal permit applications and operations. ARM 17.24.902 and 903 are substantially similar to comparable federal regulations which are contained

- in 30 CFR 785.2(2), and 30 CFR Part 828.
- Following the passage of Senate Bill
- ³ 292, the Department has reviewed Subchapters 3
- through 8, and 10 through 13, to identify which
- ⁵ rules within those subchapters apply to in situ
- operations. The Department determined that most
- rules would apply to those operations. Rather
- 8 than adopting rules that duplicate existing rules,
- the Department recommended and the Board adopted a
- rule ARM 17.24.905 which lists those rules that
- would never apply to in situ operations.
- However, during its review of the
- adopted rules, the Office of Surface Mining, which
- is our federal counterpart, determined that ARM
- 17.24.905(1)(b), which eliminates ARM 17.24.320,
- which is the plans for disposal of excess soil,
- was less stringent than the federal law which
- currently requires applications for in situ coal
- mining to include plans for disposal of excess
- soil.
- This rulemaking is a housekeeping effort
- to conform application requirements for in situ
- coal operations to federal law, thereby responding
- to OSM's concerns. Because there were no public
- comments made during the comment period, the

- Department recommends that the Board adopt the
- 2 proposed rule change. Thank you for your time.
- I'm available if you have any questions.
- 4 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Thanks, Ed. Any
- ⁵ questions from the Board?
- (No response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: I'll entertain a
- 8 motion to adopt the amendment of ARM 17.24.905 as
- 9 set forth in the attached draft notice of
- amendment.
- MS. MILES: So moved. This is Joan.
- 12 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: It's been moved by
- Joan. Do I have a second?
- MR. RUSSELL: You may need to adopt the
- 311 and 521 analysis. Is there a 521 in this one?
- 16 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Can I change that?
- So it's a motion to adopt the amendment and the
- attached enclosures. Joe, one of the enclosures
- is the 311 checklist.
- MR. LIVERS: Madam Chair, on this one
- there is a 311 analysis, but not a 521. So it
- would be adopting the 311 analysis.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So it would be to
- adopt the amendment and the 311 analysis. So it
- has been moved by Joan. Are you okay with that?

- MS. MILES: Yes, that's fine. However
- 2 you need to word that properly.
- 3 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Was that Joan or
- 4 Heidi?
- 5 MS. MILES: That was Joan.
- 6 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: All right. So it
- 7 has been moved by Joan. Do I have a second?
- 8 MR. RUSSELL: I'll second that. This is
- ⁹ Joe.
- 10 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Seconded by Joe.
- MS. KAISER: Robin, this is Heidi. I
- need to recuse myself from participating in taking
- action on this issue.
- 14 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Thanks, Heidi.
- Any public comment?
- (No response)
- 17 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: All those in
- favor, signify by saying aye.
- (Response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Opposed.
- (No response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Motion carries.
- Here is a question. Does it carry unanimously if
- Heidi recuses herself? Is that still unanimous?
- MS. ORR: I would say yes.

- 1 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Motion carries
- ² unanimously.
- MR. LIVERS: The second to the last one
- will be adoption of rule for limited opencut
- operations following some statute changes. We
- have Chris Cronin from our Opencut Program.
- 7 MR. CRONIN: Good morning, Madam Chair,
- 8 members of the Board. My name is Chris Cronin,
- and I'm the supervisor of the Department's Opencut
- Mining Program.
- Today I'm requesting the adoption of New
- Rule I with one noncontroversial wording change.
- This rule pertains to the administrative
- requirements and procedures for limited opencut
- operations. If adopted, the new rule will be
- added at ARM Title 17, Chapter 24, Subchapter 2,
- which are the rules under which the Department
- regulates opencut mining of sand, gravel, scoria,
- soil, clay, bentonite, and peat.
- The new rule is necessary to implement
- the provisions for limited opencut operations in
- Section 5 of Senate Bill 332, which was approved
- during the 2013 session, and is now codified in
- 82-4-431, Subchapter 2, MCA.
- Under the 2013 Act Revisions, an

- operator who holds an opencut mining permit may
- conduct a limited opencut operation without
- obtaining an additional permit or amending an
- 4 existing permit if the criteria in 82-4-431,
- ⁵ Subchapter 2, MCA are met.
- To do so, the operator must submit
- ⁷ appropriate site and operation information on a
- form provided by the Department. New Rule I would
- 9 clarify the procedure for submitting the site and
- operation information to the Department, the time
- limits for reclamation of a limited opencut site,
- and the time limits for submittal of an
- application to continue or expand a limited
- opencut operation.
- Finally, New Rule I provides that 10,000
- cubic yard limitation for limited opencut
- operation does not include the volume of soil and
- overburden that is stripped and stockpiled on the
- site for reclamation purposes. This clarification
- is needed to uphold the intent of a limited
- opencut operation, which is to allow operators to
- conduct smaller, short term projects, without
- having to complete the full opencut permitting
- 24 process.
- The new rule was proposed in the Montana

- 1 Administrative Register as Notice 17-351. No
- 2 hearing was held, and no public comments were
- received. The Department submitted one
- 4 noncontroversial wording change, and emailed it to
- 5 the opencut stakeholder group.
- Receiving no objection, the Department
- proposes to strike the words "required by" and
- 8 replace them with "acceptable to" in Paragraph
- ⁹ 2(b) of the rule. This change would make uniform
- the language used in Paragraphs 2(b) and (2)(d)
- regarding the format of location information
- provided to the Department. It would not alter
- the meaning of the rule. The resulting consistent
- use of the term "acceptable to" in the rule will
- avoid confusion, and allow more flexibility in the
- event of future changes in computer technology.
- New Rule I sets forth administrative
- procedures necessary to implement Section 5 of
- Senate Bill 332, and the Department believes that
- the adoption of New Rule I with the one
- noncontroversial wording change directly supports
- the intent of the 2013 act revisions.
- Thank you for considering this request.
- I'd be happy to answer any questions.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Any questions from

- ¹ the Board?
- (No response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: All right. I have
- ⁴ a question. The public comment, where is that
- supposed to -- where is that supposed to be asked
- ⁶ properly?
- 7 MR. LIVERS: Madam Chair, the public
- 8 comment just has to happen before the final action
- is taken. So it could happen before or after the
- motion is made.
- 11 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Does it matter?
- MR. LIVERS: I don't think it matters.
- 13 It's just required to happen before the vote is
- 14 taken.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So I could ask for
- 16 it now?
- MR. LIVERS: Yes.
- 18 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Is there any
- public comment?
- (No response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: There was a 311
- analysis done on this, but not a 521?
- MR. LIVERS: Correct.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: I just wanted to
- clarify that. I will entertain a motion to adopt

- New Rule I as set forth in the attached notice of
- ² adoption, and incorporate the 311 checklist.
- MS. KAISER: So moved. This is Heidi.
- 4 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: It's been moved by
- ⁵ Heidi.
- MR. MIRES: Seconded.
- ⁷ CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Seconded by Larry.
- 8 Any discussion?
- 9 (No response)
- 10 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: All those in
- 11 favor, signify by saying aye.
- (Response)
- 13 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Opposed.
- (No response)
- 15 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Thank you. Motion
- carries unanimously. Moving on.
- MR. LIVERS: Now we're at final action
- on rulemaking for Temporary Water Quality
- 19 Standards, New World Mining District, Eric Urban.
- MR. URBAN: Good morning, Madam Chair,
- members of the Board. My name is Eric Urban. I'm
- the Program Manager for the Department's Water
- ²³ Quality Standards Section.
- On January 21st, the Board initiated
- rulemaking to amend the Temporary Water Quality

- Standards for the streams associated with the New
- World Mining District. On February 20th,
- ³ Katherine Orr conducted a public hearing on those
- ⁴ proposed amendments. The proposed amendments
- ⁵ modify the effective time frame for the temporary
- water quality standards. This time frame is set
- to expire on June 4th of this year. The proposed
- amendment extends the temporary standards to June
- ⁹ 4th, 2019.
- A single comment was received during the
- comment period, and it was in favor of the
- proposed amendments. So to keep it brief, I would
- propose -- the Department recommends adoption as
- proposed in the MAR Notice 17-352. So if there is
- any questions.
- 16 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Any questions?
- (No response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Any public
- 19 comment?
- (No response)
- 21 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So I will
- entertain a motion for the Board to adopt the
- proposed amendments to Title 17, Chapter 30,
- Subchapter 6, Temporary Water Quality Standards
- for the New World Mining District as noticed in

- 1 MAR 17-352, and also adopt the 521 and 311
- notices, checklists.
- MR. RUSSELL: Robin, you also have a
- ⁴ Hearing Examiner report that we received this
- 5 morning.
- 6 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Thanks, Joe. And
- adopt the Hearing Examiner report.
- MR. MIRES: So moved.
- 9 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: It's been moved by
- Larry.
- MR. RUSSELL: Seconded by Joe.
- 12 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Seconded by Joe.
- Any other questions, comments?
- (No response)
- 15 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: All those in
- favor, signify by saying aye.
- (Response)
- 18 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Opposed.
- (No response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Motion carries
- unanimously. The next item on the agenda is final
- action on contested cases. Tom.
- MR. LIVERS: Madam Chair, members of the
- Board, this settlement was reached under Rule
- 41(a) of the Rules of Civil Procedure, so the

- Board does not have authority to condition the
- 2 settlement terms. So I wanted to make that clear.
- But given the fact that there was a lot of
- interest here, the Board had opted to hear these
- 5 cases itself, we wanted to give a little bit of a
- briefing, both procedurally what occurred, and
- then technically what the significant pieces of
- the settlement are. So with that, I'd like to
- turn it over to our attorney, Norman Mullen, who
- is DEQ's attorney on these two cases.
- MR. MULLEN: Good morning, Madam Chair,
- members of the Board. My name is Norm Mullen,
- staff attorney for the Department of Environmental
- Quality. My main area of responsibility is air
- quality. I represent the Department on the
- contested cases that are now being addressed, and
- 17 I'd like to address both of the cases for brevity
- hopefully. The settlements are very similar, and
- the process and the mediation that took place were
- basically joint, so I'd like to cover both BER
- 2013-01-AQ and 2013-02-AQ together.
- I'll focus on the legal aspects of the
- cases that led to the parties stipulating to
- dismiss the appeals with that stipulation and a
- proposed order before the Board now. Dave Klemp,

- the Air Resource Management Bureau Chief, is here
- to talk about more of the substantive aspects and
- the implications of the settlement.
- As the Board is aware, the appeals were
- bought by the Montana Environmental Information
- 6 Center and the Sierra Club in January of 2013
- 7 after the Department had issued an operating
- 8 permit for each of the Colstrip and Corette
- ⁹ facilities. The appeals challenged the
- Department's issuance of those permits for those
- electrical generating plants. The operating
- permits, as the Board is probably aware, are also
- referred to as Title V permits because that's the
- 14 Federal title in the Clean Air Act that deals with
- operating permits.
- The appeals challenged, among other
- things, how the permits disclosed certain federal
- requirements and adequacy of the frequency of
- particulate monitoring. The Board originally
- assigned the case to Hearing Examiner Orr for
- resolution of preliminary matters, but as Mr.
- Livers mentioned, the Board retained the case for
- itself, so the full Board would hear the
- evidentiary issues and eventually rule on the case
- after a contested case hearing, which is like a

 1 trial.

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After many months of discovery and motions, the civil procedure process which goes along with a contested case, three days of depositions, a full day almost of oral arguments before the Hearing Examiner, and significant work by the parties and the Hearing Examiner on motions and orders, the parties had reached agreement on many issues; some of the issues had dropped out 10 because of stipulations to dismiss, or --11 generally many issues had dropped out on 12 stipulations to dismiss because the parties 13 resolved them. The Department, for instance, 14 issued amended modified permits to address some of 15 the issues raised.

So the only remaining issue had to do with the frequency of monitoring, and especially the parties had come very close, but still had issues on continuous monitoring for particulate matter at both facilities, and they disagreed on the technical aspects concerning calibration, correlation of the monitors to the particulate -- because it is not a direct measurement, it has to be calibrated and correlated to give a relationship between opacity, which is what the

- monitors look at, and particulate -- and also how
 the data from the monitoring would be obtained by
 the Department and released to the public.
- Of course, once the Department obtains

 data, generally it is going to be open to the

 public through public records requests, so that is

 important to the environmental groups; and the

 other party, the company, wanted to make sure that

 it got to generate data that was necessary, but

 not have to give it out all the time, other than

 through normal processes.

A contested case hearing on both matters was scheduled after the Board meeting on January 21st, and it was projected to last much of the week; but because the parties were close to agreement, they requested, and the Hearing Examiner ordered, that the hearing be postponed for mediation so that the parties could try to address these last issues on installation, and calibration, and data concerning the continuous monitors for particulate.

Mediation was held on February 12th of this year, and lasted about 15 hours. It went from 9:00 in the morning until midnight. And the parties signed a settlement agreement at the end

- of the mediation to have continuous particulate
- monitors installed, calibrated, and operated as
- compliance assurance monitoring indicators, and
- 4 have the Department request and receive data from
- 5 PPL Montana at least quarterly.
- The parties used that stipulation and
- drafted a proposed settlement agreement, and then
- 8 drafted a stipulation to dismiss the contested
- general cases before the Board. And part of the packet
- that was submitted to you includes the settlement
- agreements for each case, the stipulations to
- dismiss, and proposed orders for the Board for the
- ¹³ Chair's signature.
- So the parties request that the Board
- direct the Chair to sign the proposed orders, and
- Dave Klemp, as I mentioned, Chief of the
- Department's Air Resources Management Bureau, will
- talk about the settlement and its implications in
- more detail. If anyone has questions about what
- I've just mentioned, I'm available.
- (No response)
- MR. MULLEN: Thank you.
- MR. KLEMP: Good morning, Madam Chair,
- members of the Board. For the record, my name is
- David Klemp, and as Norm mentioned, I'm the Bureau

- $^{
 m 1}$ Chief of the Air Resources Management Bureau. I
- did want to talk a little bit about the technical
- aspects of this settlement, and I'll try not to
- ⁴ repeat some of the stuff that Norm went over.
- ⁵ I'll hit it at a fairly high level, so certainly
- if there are any questions, I'd be more than happy
- ⁷ to attempt an answer.
- Before I explain some of this stuff, I
- do want to express that we're very excited about
- this settlement, not only because it is a
- settlement of a contested case in front of this
- Board of Environmental Review, but it also
- resolves two petitions that were filed to EPA
- against the two Title V permits that were issued,
- and that's really important.
- The main reason is because of the
- commitments that are expressed in the settlement,
- and basically it is a commitment for PPL to
- install some monitors that will be correlated to
- measure particulate matter on a real time basis.
- And we certainly think that all of the parties --
- PPL, EarthJustice, Sierra Club, Montana
- Environmental Information Center, Norm Mullen,
- Julie Merkel of the Department --
- Norm mentioned the amount of time that

- 1 they put into this, and I really want to thank
- them and commend them for their efforts, because
- in essence what we have is another indication that
- these facilities -- Colstrip Units 1 through 4, as
- 5 well as the Corette facility -- will remain in
- 6 compliance with their applicable requirements.
- More specifically, as a result of this
- 8 settlement, PPL has agreed to install these
- 9 monitors on Units 1 and 3 within six months of the
- execution of this settlement, which was February
- 12th, 2014, and within 12 months on Units 2 and 4.
- The settlement for Corette is a little
- bit different. It depends on the operating status
- of Corette. They have agreed that within six
- months of April 15th, 2015 -- which is the
- compliance date for the mercury air toxic
- standard, the Federal EPA regulations -- so within
- six months of that, if that facility is
- operational, they will have those monitors
- installed at the Corette facility.
- So as Norm kind of mentioned, these
- monitors for both of the facilities will serve as
- an additional indicator of compliance for the
- compliance assurance monitoring plan that is
- required under Title V of the Federal Clean Air

- Act for these facilities.
- The settlement also contains -- if
- you've read it -- the initial correlation
- requirements, as well as the ongoing correlation
- ⁵ requirements. What we are going to do, as
- specified in the settlement, is amend the
- ⁷ facilities' Title V permits to include the
- ⁸ provisions of these settlements.
- And really what this offers us as a
- Department, company, the public, is really some
- special insight into these monitors. We've been
- talking about particulate matter monitors for
- many, many years, and really don't know how viable
- these monitors are for a given facility. So this
- is the opportunity that I'm so excited about, is
- for us to see first hand really how these work,
- how valuable they may or may not be in the world
- of air quality, which as most of you know, is
- rapidly changing.
- So one of the questions that we get most
- often is, "Now what? Does every facility in the
- state now need to put on a monitor and correlate
- it to particulate matter?, " and the answer to that
- question is we don't know. We still need to
- learn. We still need to issue our Title V

- permits, our preconstruction permits, in
- accordance with the regulations; we need to make
- demonstrations; we need to accept comment from the
- ⁴ public and other groups on how well we've hit the
- 5 mark.
- And so we are going to look at this;
- we're going to apply what we learn to each and
- 8 every facility Title V permit that will be issued.
- And Title V permits are a little different. They
- get issued every five years. And so there is
- opportunities for us to review the previous
- compliance demonstrations to ensure that they
- either remain adequate or become more adequate as
- we move forward issuing permits.
- So I've kind of hit that at a very high
- level, and I didn't want to repeat everything that
- is in the settlement. I'm certainly available to
- attempt to provide an answer should the Board have
- any questions. Thank you.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: I'll probably have
- a few questions, but do any Board members have
- ²² questions?
- (No response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So in terms of the
- correlation you were talking about, can you

- 1 elaborate on the correlations that you'll be
- looking at? Does that clear it up?
- MR. KLEMP: Yes, Madam Chair. I think
- so. And it specifies in the briefing. What I
- 5 believe the Chair is talking about is Section 2,
- and I just have Colstrip's 2(c), and that
- basically the facility is going to install the
- 8 monitors in accordance with the manufacturer's
- ⁹ specifications.
- And as Norm mentioned, these monitors -
- this is not like a sulphur dioxide monitor or a
- carbon monoxide. You don't calibrate these
- monitors and compare it against a set of
- standards. What this is is basically an opacity
- monitor, and they're installing an opacity
- monitor, and they're conducting a series of
- Reference Method 5, EPA Reference Method 5 source
- tests, and they're taking the value that they
- gather from that source test, and establishing a
- correlation between the opacity measurement and
- the particulate matter.
- And some of the issues is how rigorous
- does that need to be, and you'll see that EPA
- Performance Specification 11 is not required, and
- basically what that required was 15 pairs, so 30

- Reference Method 5 tests, to establish an initial
- 2 correlation at various operating levels. And it
- is not nearly that robust. However, I do want to
- 4 say for the ongoing calibration, it is going to be
- ⁵ done on a quarterly basis.
- So there is a series of initial
- correlations, as well as ongoing, so we will have
- 8 data constantly added to the correlation between
- ⁹ the monitor and the particulate matter standard.
- 10 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So will that
- include start-up and shut-down?
- MR. KLEMP: Madam Chair, I'm not sure
- that we would correlate a monitor for conditions
- under start-up and shut-down. I'm not sure unless
- you were in start-up or shut-down that you could
- actually establish a correlation that could be
- used. So I think that would be very difficult.
- I do want to point out, Madam Chair,
- that start-up and shut-down does not provide an
- excuse or a reason not to be in compliance with
- the limits that apply.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: I'm not as fluent
- in Method 5 as I probably should be. In terms of
- particulate, does that break it apart into 2.5,
- and how are the different particulates broken

- 1 apart in that? Do you look at PM2.5 separately
- from PM10, or is it total particulates?
- MR. KLEMP: Madam Chair, Reference
- 4 Method 5 is basically the filter catch, so that's
- 5 what we call the front half, which should not have
- a lot of the smaller particulate. What you have
- ⁷ with a lot of these facilities is particulate
- 8 matter limits that go back 20, 30 years, and the
- 9 PM10 standard came out in the late 1980's, and the
- PM2.5 standard came out in the late 1990s.
- So the limitation that is on these
- facilities is the front half or the larger
- particulate. They do not have a separate PM2.5 or
- PM10 limits. So the Reference Method 5 is used
- for larger particulate.
- 16 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Any other
- questions?
- MS. KAISER: Robin, this is Heidi again.
- 19 I also need to recuse myself on this matter, and
- actually the next one on the agenda also.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Thanks, Heidi. So
- I have in front of me an order to dismiss this
- case with prejudice, or just dismiss the case?
- MS. ORR: Madam Chair, I think the
- wording of the dismissal would be that it would be

- with prejudice.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So I would
- 3 entertain a motion to authorize the Board Chair to
- sign the order.
- MS. MILES: This is Joan. I'll move
- 6 that.
- 7 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: It's been moved by
- ⁸ Joan.
- 9 MR. RUSSELL: I'll second that.
- 10 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Seconded by Joe.
- All those in favor, signify by saying aye.
- MS. MILES: Discussion?
- (Response)
- 14 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Maybe I was
- jumping ahead. I felt like I gave lots of
- opportunity for discussions. Any discussion?
- Joan, do you have any questions?
- MS. MILES: I just want to say that I
- also commend and appreciate the parties for their
- work to bring this to a resolution, so I just
- wanted to put that on the record.
- 22 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Thank you. All
- those in favor, signify by saying aye.
- (Response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Opposed.

- 1 (No response)
- ² CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Motion carries
- 3 unanimously.
- We have another final action on a
- 5 contested case, and is there going to be briefing
- 6 on that?
- MR. LIVERS: Madam Chair, the briefing
- 8 covered both of the cases, but you'll need to take
- ⁹ action on this.
- 10 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So there is no
- more updates.
- MR. LIVERS: Correct.
- 13 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: So I will
- entertain a motion to authorize the Board Chair to
- sign the order on the matter with prejudice.
- MR. MIRES: So moved.
- 17 CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: It's been moved by
- Larry.
- MR. RUSSELL: I'll second it. Joe.
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Second by Joe.
- 21 Any discussion?
- (No response)
- CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Hearing none, all
- those in favor, signify by saying aye.
- ²⁵ (Response)

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Page 76
               CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Opposed.
                (No response)
                                      Motion carries
               CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE:
     unanimously.
               I think that we're on to the general
     public comment. Any member of the audience or on
     the phone care to discuss anything or comment to
     the Board?
                (No response)
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               CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Hearing none, I
11
     guess I'll entertain a motion to adjourn.
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               MR. MIRES:
                            So moved.
13
               CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: It's been moved by
14
     Larry.
15
                            Second by Joan.
               MS. MILES:
16
               CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE:
                                       Seconded by Joan.
17
     All those in favor, signify by saying aye.
18
                (Response)
19
               CHAIRMAN SHROPSHIRE: Motion carries
20
     unanimously.
21
               (The proceedings were concluded
22
                       at 10:58 a.m. )
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