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1	BEFORE THE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW		
2	OF THE STATE OF MONTANA		
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4	BOARD MEETING)		
5	JANUARY 22ND, 2010)		
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.7	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS		
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10	Heard at Room 111 of the Metcalf Building		
11	1520 East Sixth Avenue		
12	Helena, Montana		
13	January 22, 2010		
14	9:00 a.m.		
15			
16	BEFORE CHAIRMAN JOSEPH RUSSELL,		
17	BOARD MEMBERS LARRY MIRES, HEIDI KAISER,		
18	ROBIN SHROPSHIRE, JOE WHALEN, and MARVIN MILLER		
19	(all by telephone); and LARRY ANDERSON		
20			
21	PREPARED BY: LAURIE CRUTCHER, RPR		
22	COURT REPORTER, NOTARY PUBLIC		
23	P.O. BOX 1192, HELENA, MT 59624		
24	(406) 442-8262		
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Page 2 Page 4 WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were 1 1 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Hearing none, all 2 2 had and testimony taken, to-wit: those in favor, signify by saying aye. 3 3 * * * * * (Response) 4 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Opposed. 4 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It is approximately 5 5 9:02, and I'll call this regular meeting of the (No response) 6 Board of Environmental Review to order, and hand 6 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Motion carries. The 7 the com to Tom. Go ahead, Tom. 7 next item on the agenda are the procedural items, 8 8 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Chairman, members of Board's authority when a case is being dismissed 9 9 the Board, for the record, Tom Livers with under Rule 41(a). Tom. Department. I'll just go ahead and go down a roll 10 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Chairman, I think Ms. 10 11 call. Mr. Anderson. 11 Orr will lead us through that discussion. 12 MR. ANDERSON: Here. 12 MS. ORR: Mr. Chairman, members of the 13 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Mires. 13 Board, good morning. I was asked to give a little 14 MR. MIRES: Here. 14 explanation of 41(a), and the concepts of 15 MR. LIVERS: Ms. Shropshire. 15 dismissal with and without prejudice. MS. SHROPSHIRE: Here. 16 The 41(a) discussion arises in the 16 17 MR. LIVERS: Ms. Kaiser. 17 context of stipulations that are presented to the 18 MS. KAISER: Here. 18 Board fairly routinely by both parties, the 19 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Miller. 19 appellant and the Department usually, in these 20 MR. MILLER: Here. 20 appeals before the Board; and the question is what 21 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Whalen. 21 is 41(a), and what is its meaning. 22 22 MR. WHALEN: Here. 41(a) is a Rule of Civil Procedure --23 23 MR. LIVERS: Chairman Russell. and excuse me, Larry, if this is too 101 -- that 24 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Here. 24 provides for the ability of parties to get 25 25 together and jointly request a dismissal, and MR. LIVERS: We're here in Helena. Page 3 Page 5 1 We've got several members of DEQ staff, Board 1 that's in 41(a)(1)(ii); and also a plaintiff, an 2 secretary Joyce Wittenberg, and Court Reporter 2 appellant in these cases, could request a dismissal under 41(i) unilaterally if there had 3 3 Laurie Crutcher here. We have a couple members of 4 4 been no other action in the case; but generally we the public, Don Allen from WETA, and Jim Parker 5 from PPL. I don't think I've missed anybody. And 5 get a proposed stipulation by both parties. 6 it sounded like we might have someone else joining 6 And what that does is it requests that 7 us by phone -- I don't think he's on yet -- but 7 the Board divest itself of jurisdiction of the 8 8 case. And I have looked in Montana law to see if Joseph Kukowski (phonetic), he's the President of 9 Montana Rivers, but I don't believe he's on yet. 9 that Rule of Civil Procedure has been applied in 10 10 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: We were at 9:00 a.m. the administrative law context, and haven't really found anything, but it has in other jurisdictions. 11 immediately to hold a hearing. Since that Board 11 12 action was nullified on a previous Board meeting 12 The Board has adopted model rules, and 13 13 and Board action, we'll move towards the in those model rules, which are adopted as you recall partially by the Attorney General and 14 administrative items, and the review and approval 14 15 15

of the minutes from December 11th. Anything on the minutes that need to be modified? If not, I would entertain a motion to approve. MS. KAISER: This is Heidi. I will make the motion. CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been moved by Heidi. Is there a second? MR. MIRES: Larry Mires will second. CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been seconded by

partially by the Secretary of State, the agency incorporates by reference rules of discovery, but not necessarily the Rules of Civil Procedure, so

17 18 therein lies the rub.

> As I say, other jurisdictions, though, have directly applied the Rule of Civil Procedure 41(a) in the administrative context; and also there are lots of cases in Montana where an administrative agency has applied other Rules of Civil Procedure not expressly adopted under the model rules.

Larry. Further discussion?

(No response)

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So I would say that that section does apply in the cases that are brought before the Board, and it means basically that the Board, after it grants the 41(a) dismissal, has no authority either to enforce a consent decree that may have been arrived at in the course of that agreement between the parties, and it really means that the Board doesn't have the authority to review the terms of the consent decree that may be before the Board, although as I understand it, the Department is very willing to let the Board see the individual consent decrees that are arrived at.

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One last thing to say about 41(a), this portion of 41(a), where the parties jointly provide a stipulation, is that they may request the Board to continue jurisdiction for the purpose of enforcing the consent decree. So that is an option for the Department. If the Department doesn't do that, in my opinion, it also has the ability to go in to District Court to enforce the consent decree. So those are its two options beyond the dismissal that the Board may grant.

Has anyone fallen asleep?

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: This is Joe. The

parties generally are asking, though, for the dismissal to be with prejudice under 41(a), which that could lead me to the next discussion of what is the difference.

A dismissal without prejudice is as if the rights of the parties had not been adjudicated or resolved. It's as if there is a clean slate. and the parties can go back, and for instance, a party could file an appeal if a new identical permit were issued, and that party wanted to challenge that permit, as in the SME case. So that is the impact of without prejudice.

If something has been dismissed with prejudice, it means that -- there is a term -- res judicata as to the rights of the parties, which means that the rights have been deemed to have been substantively resolved, and there may not be a filing of those same claims.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Katherine, the reason I bring that up is because actually Flathead County has been through one of these dismissals. which I have tried very, very hard to stay as far away as I could, but my bosses kept -- the Commissioners kept dragging me closer to it.

But if we have a stipulated dismissal,

Page 7

issue that would come up with a mutual agreement between the parties to dismiss a 41(a), you mentioned right near the end of your discussion about that, that there may be a time where they just ask the Board to not do anything, and take it up again. Let's say things aren't done the way they were stipulated.

MS. ORR: Right.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: So when we see those, it kind of rolls into the next one that those would be dismissed without prejudice or not?

MS. ORR: I'm not sure exactly. You're sort of asking two things, as I understand it. One is the situation where possibly the Board is asked to exercise its continuing jurisdiction to enforce the consent decree. That hasn't come up. The Department usually has decided to have the Board divest itself of jurisdiction. So the Board, in most of the cases where we get a 41(a) stipulation, is not asked to exercise its continuing jurisdiction.

The question of whether a case is dismissed with or without prejudice under 41(a) is a separate question. Unless otherwise specified, a 41(a) dismissal is without prejudice, and the

1 and it's between Flathead County -- just to keep 2 this example -- and the Department, if Flathead 3 County, even though that case was dismissed with

prejudice, if Flathead County doesn't do anything, doesn't do anything to correct why the case was

brought forward in the first place, then what

happens if it was dismissed?

MS. ORR: Well, then that's -- and not knowing a whole lot about the situation -- but then it was an error to have dismissed the case with prejudice.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: That was my point I was trying to bring up, that from a Board's perspective, we've been basically dismissed from any further action. And I guess it really doesn't matter because it's not like we're liable for some party not complying with the conditions of dismissal. I mean we were the Court, right?

MS. ORR: In which case?

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Any case that's brought in front of the Board that's dismissed.

MS. ORR: That's right.

23 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: So at some point we 24 basically were asked to give up our jurisdiction.

MS. ORR: Right.

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CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: So what happens if then a party fails to comply with the conditions of dismissal, and we basically said we're out of it?

MS. ORR: Well, we, as the adjudicatory body, don't then go forward with some further action on that failure to implement the terms of the dismissal. That's up to the parties.

And for instance -- if this is responsive to your question -- let's say a case is dismissed under 41(a)(1)(ii), which is generally the type of dismissal that happens before the Board, and there is a consent decree, and a party doesn't pay penalties, or the sufficient amount, or doesn't undertake the corrective action that's anticipated, then the Department would have the ability under a couple of its statutes to go to District Court to enforce that agreement.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: But they wouldn't come back to us.

MS. ORR: Not unless that's specified in the dismissal, which I was interested to see in my research that they can ask the Board to have continuing jurisdiction to enforce the terms of the agreement.

not the majority, but that's an option we might want to consider. But I think for a lot of the simple appeals of penalties and fees, we typically wouldn't see that. And that does make up a fairly large amount of the caseload.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: And once again, I have my own example, and basically the consent decree or the stipulations that we agreed to actually had a couple years of activities that we've said we would do to basically dismiss the case. So what happens if we don't file an annual report the next year?

MR. LIVERS: We know where you live. CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I only say that

because we just did -- "we," the royal "we." I
had nothing to do with it, but I do have a copy of
it. But you know, at some point, what if the
commissioners decide, "Screw it. We're not going
to comply," and it's a couple years worth of
compliance activity that we've agreed to? That's

to your point, Tom, is maybe it would be betternot to just fully take the Board out of those

22 not to just rully take the Boa 23 actions.

MR. LIVERS: That's my thought off the top of my head. I think John Arrigo may have some

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MR. LIVERS: Mr. Chairman, this is Tom. I might offer a few thoughts maybe from the Department's perspective on this, based on the discussion we've had.

We have a lot of cases that come on the Board's agenda and then settle out, and I think a lot of times that's because the appellants, they want to preserve their ability to appeal, and so they will file, and then we'll begin entering settlement discussions; and a large percentage of these typically involve payment of fees or penalties.

So it's fairly common that when a case settles out, we'll have received a payment in question, or an agreed upon amount, or at least have entered into a formal payment plan. I think in those cases, we would then bring forward our recommendation to dismiss with a lot of assurance that our terms have been met.

It sounds to me that for those cases that might be more involved, where the resolution isn't quite so straight forward, we might want to consider requesting that the Board retain jurisdiction. I think that will be a relatively small amount of those cases, at least certainly

thoughts on this as well, Mr. Chairman.

MR. ARRIGO: Mr. Chairman, members of the Board, this is John Arrigo, Administrator of the Enforcement Division, and I'd like just to give you a non-legal management view.

We issue compliance and penalty orders for violations of permits, law, and rule. If they're dismissed with an order on consent with prejudice, the Board divests itself of authority in the case; and if it's with prejudice, the original violations have been adjudicated. Is that correct, Katherine? She's nodding her head.

MS. ORR: That's right.

MR. ARRIGO: So that's my legal terminology. Under most of these orders on consent, we agree to a settlement penalty or some sort of corrective action.

And in the Flathead County case, in lieu of paying a penalty, the County agreed to do a broad, extensive, multi-year dust mitigation program. If they fail to comply with the terms of the Order on Consent, those would be new violations, and would not be considered adjudicated.

And if we have a party that violates an

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Order on Consent, we conclude that further enforcement in the administrative venue would not be successful, and so we typically go to District Court, and seek penalties or injunctive relief for violations of the order. Those are my comments.

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too.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Thanks, John. We're fully compliant up here, John. I got a little -my gut started to turn a little bit with the way you described that, but I think we're okay, John, really.

MR. LIVERS: The hypothetical was useful. Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It became unhypothetical when John cited our case.

MR. ANDERSON: Let me just finish that up a little bit. It seems to me that it's really better to have the Department go straight to District Court in those situations where the entity that's violating the consent decree, is violating the consent decree, because if the

20 Department goes back to the Board, then the entity 21

22 that's violating the consent decree then probably has appellate rights from a Board decision to the 23

24 District Court. And so it's more efficient for

25 the Department to enforce the consent decree via a just so the Board knows. And that's all.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Another way of putting that is you're acting on our behalf.

MS. ORR: Right.

5 MR. LIVERS: And if I could underscore 6 one of Katherine's points from earlier, Mr. 7 Chairman, I think we were interested in seeing 8 this discussion, since there was a request to put

9 the settlement documents, to share that with the

10 Board members, which we have absolutely no problem doing. I just wanted to make sure there was a 11

clear understanding of expectations in terms of 12 13

the Board's role in these settlements.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Or lack of role. MR. LIVERS: Correct.

MS. ORR: I have been in Federal

17 District Court when I was Chief Counsel over here 18 at the Department in the Butte water case, and we

19 actually spent years negotiating the terms of that

20 consent decree, and wanted the same entity that 21 approved of the consent decree to then have

enforcement responsibility for it. So I just 22

23 throw that out. That's a situation where you

.24 might have the same body reviewing the terms of

25 the consent decree.

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breach of contract claim or whatever in District Court.

MR. LIVERS: Mr. Chairman, I think that the Department generally agrees with Mr. Anderson's statement. I think that's a good way to go.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It sounds logical,

MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman, I didn't understand during the roll call if we have a recorder who is going to be putting together some transcripts of this meeting. I'm assuming that there is; is that correct?

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I think Laurie is reporting.

MR. LIVERS: That's correct.

MR. WHALEN: Thank you, Tom. Thanks, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: All right. Katherine, do you have anything else to add? MS. ORR: One thing that I should add, I think, is the discussion about 41(a) is the very

same in the case that an administrative case is referred to a Hearing Officer, me, or if the Board

reserves unto itself its adjudication of a case,

Page 17 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Okay. All right. Board members, do you have any other questions regarding these two procedural items?

(No response)

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Hearing none, the next item on the agenda are the briefing items. Katherine.

MS. ORR: I'll try to be brief with these briefing items. The ASARCO case in A(1)(b), you can see the date, that it was stayed in 2006. The last sort of act that needs to be done to get 12 this off of our plate, so to speak, is there needs to be a trustee for -- I guess now it's not even ASARCO. It's another company that will sign off on the dismissal. And that's what's happening there, is the companies and the Department are trying to see who that would be.

And in Item (c), the Department and the Appellant have proposed another schedule for hearing, and I'll be reviewing that.

In Item (e), this is a case where there is some non-responsiveness on the part of the Appellant, and the Department filed a motion for sanctions, and I issued an order granting motions for sanctions.

And this is interesting to me because it gets into what sanctions are available to an administrative body such as the Board, and now we're going to be waiting for Sheep Mountain to comply with some of the discovery components of the case, and a term of an order, which was a scheduling order that was issued earlier.

 Also some of these cases raise the issue of what happens when a party is not represented by Counsel, when a company is not represented by Counsel, and that issue is raised in that case.

In Item (f), there was a motion recently filed by the Department for a more definite statement, and that is another issue that has been surfacing, as you know, which is sometimes these appeals are so scant that you can't tell what the claims are really.

On Item (g), there is a request, a recent request to alter some of the dates in the scheduling order.

In Item (h) and (j), this is a case involving Fort Yellowstone Subdivision. There has been a request to consolidate those cases. And that's all that I have to report on those.

Cases in litigation, the Thompson River

MR. ANDERSON: That's good.
 MS. ORR: It would constitute the
 unauthorized practice of law.
 MR. ANDERSON: Right.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Good response, Katherine.

MS. ORR: And that language has filtered into some of the orders that the Board has issued.

9 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: All right. Any 10 questions for Katherine before we move on? 11 MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman, question

MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman, question for Katherine. Katherine, you referred to Items (h) and (j) as there was a request to consolidate those two. Did that request come from the Appellants or did it come from the Department?

15 Appellants or did it come from the Department? 16 MS. ORR: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Whalen, that 17 was a joint request.

MR. WHALEN: Okay. Thank you.
CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: All right. Thank
you, Katherine. The next item on the agenda is
initiation of rulemaking and appointment of a
Hearing Officer possibly. Item (1), amend ARM
17.30.617, to designate the mainstream of the
Gallatin River from the Yellowstone National Park

25 boundary to the confluence of Spanish Creek as an

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Co-Gen case, the status hasn't changed in the Supreme Court.

And now we're at the rulemaking section.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: All right. You made

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: All right. You made a comment back on the Item (f). In some parts of the rules, it's very specific what needs to accompany a request for a contested case, right?

MS. ORR: That's right.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: And in some others like -- this is probably water quality -- there isn't.

MS. ORR: That's right. Like the State statute enforcing the Clean Air Act is very specific about filing an affidavit and detailing the parameters of an appeal, and this one is not so specific. So it's a problem.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It is a problem. There ought to be a way to stop it being a problem.

MR. ANDERSON: Does this problem -- Is some of the source of this problem the fact that the Department allows inanimate entities to be represented by non-lawyers?

MS. ORR: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Anderson, we do not.

ORW, and to amend 17.30.338, and add a new subsection clarifying the discharges to groundwater with the direct hydrologic connection to an ORW are within statutory mandates. I won't read the rest. Tom.

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MR. LIVERS: Mr. Chairman, this is a request to issue a notice of supplemental rulemaking, to extend the comment period, and Bob Bukantis will speak to this.

MR. BUKANTIS: Mr. Chairman, members of the Board, for the record, my name is Bob Bukantis, and I head the Water Quality Standards

13 Section for the Department of Environmental

14 Quality. And I plan to be very brief this

morning, especially given that we provided you a more in-depth briefing on this item in your recent

17 December 11th meeting.

But first I'll start with just bringing your attention to the materials in preparation for this item, executive summary, the draft

supplemental administrative register that Tom justspoke to briefly, and comment letter received from

23 Greater Yellowstone Coalition requesting this

24 extension. And I'll just really hit the

25 highlights on this just to refresh everyone's

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Basically the ORW designation is done as part of Montana water quality standards to provide the greatest protection to a water body feasible under State law. And this issue first came to this body brought by a petition from American Wildlands in December of 2001. This has since been more recently handed off to the Greater Yellowstone Coalition as environmental group or petition lead.

And as a result of the petition, the Board and the Department took a series of actions including an EIS, public hearing in Gallatin Gateway, and the Department drafted the rule which identified this segment of the Gallatin as an ORW.

The intent of the rule is to also clarify that the Department has authority to regulate all new and increased sources of pollution with direct hydrologic connection to the Gallatin River, and clarified that new restrictions would not apply to prior issued permits by DEQ or local governments.

The initial public comment period closed in November of 2006, and at that point, we received quite a bit of comment that objected to

for the local process to work out. And I'll end 2 it there, and be happy to respond to any questions 3 you might have. 4

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Thanks, Bob.

5 Questions for Bob?

6 MR. MILLER: Mr. Chairman, a question 7 for Bob. This is Miller. How long is the 8 extension for?

MR. BUKANTIS: This extension would be until April 23rd, I believe -- yes, April 23rd, later this year.

MR. MILLER: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Actually how long does that extend the process?

MR. BUKANTIS: About six months.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: How many times have 16 17 we actually extended this process? Does anyone know? 18

MR. BUKANTIS: I have this summarized here someplace. Well, I'm going to tell you off the top of my head. I think it's been about six times.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: -- Board members didn't hear the initial public hearing.

MR. BUKANTIS: Correct.

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the ORW designation because it would render some of the Big Sky area properties undevelopable.

Since that time, Petitioners and members of the development community have banded together to develop a wastewater solutions forum, and have been working towards alternatives to Outstanding Resource Water designation that they feel would be more effective in protecting the Gallatin, while trying to eliminate having properties become undevelopable under their plan. So they're seeking kind of a win-win solution, where they expect to provide protection that would be equivalent or better than ORW designation.

So what you've seen has been a series of extensions to the public comment period to try to allow time to work this out, which is consistent with the direction we have under State law on ORW designation; which just to refresh your memory on that point, is that one of the stipulations is that there is not a more effective process to achieve the necessary protection, and that seems to be what the locals are trying to do.

So in this regard, the Department recommends that the Board extend the public comment period to continue to allow for some time CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: All but one.

2 MR. BUKANTIS: You and Robin, I think. 3 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Robin, did you hear

the initial public hearing?

MS. SHROPSHIRE: Yes. CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: At Gallatin Gateway?

MS. SHROPSHIRE: Yes.

MS. KAISER: I also did, I believe.

This is Heidi.

10 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Chairman, that's 11 correct. Heidi was there as well.

> CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Questions for Bob? (No response)

MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman. For review and clarification, Mr. Bukantis, it seems counter

15 intuitive to developing properties in Big Sky 16 17 would contribute to the water quality of the

18 Gallatin. And in your previous presentation, it

19 seems that the argument that both groups were

20 making was that by centralizing wastewater 21 treatment as opposed to having individual lots

22 draining into the river, that water quality is

23 improved. Is that basically the logic behind

24 extending the comment period and trying to arrive 25

at consensus between the Greater Yellowstone

Coalition and the development community?

MR. BUKANTIS: I guess I'm not sure if I could give you a clear yes or no on that, Mr. Whalen. I think part of the logic is they're looking for -- What I'm going to do is I'm going to pass this one to Eric Regensburger who is here, and a little bit more conversant with the details of this piece.

MR. REGENSBURGER: Mr. Chairman, members of the Board, my name is Eric Regensburger, I work with the Subdivision Program at DEQ, and I'll try to respond to your question.

The developers and the Petitioners for ORW are trying to work out a system where they could take the wastewater from down along the main stem of the Gallatin, and possibly pitch it up to the Big Sky Village area, where they have a treatment system, and they also discharge their wastewater via land application.

Between the elevated amount of treatment that occurs in centralized wastewater system for Big Sky and discharge in the summer months during the growing season to the golf courses and such, the amount of nutrients and other contaminants that would get into the Gallatin would be greatly

of the Board. As far as the quantity issue of how much water is going, I think the septic system takes the water out of the same aquifer that it discharges to, so there is no net gain/loss there. Irrigation obviously has some uptake to the plants and rapid transpiration, so there is some use of water quantity there.

As far as the quality of irrigation and fertilizer use, yes, you're correct. The more fertilizer you use, the potential for more of it to actually get through, and percolate down, and get into the river. However, that's a nonpoint source of contaminants, the irrigation and the fertilizer use, so that type of discharge activity would not be regulated under ORW because ORW is only for point source discharges. Does that answer your question, Mr. Chairman?

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Did you answer my question?

MR. REGENSBURGER: Well, if -CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: There is numerous studies on the nutrients that come off of golf courses near surface water. It's a tremendous amount. And I know that in the -- and Eric, I know you know this, because in the subdivision

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reduced over any kind of discharge through a septic system that occurred down closer to the Gallatin River.

So the thought is that by going through a centralized system, and either discharging to the golf course, or possibly they were talking about doing what's called snow effluent, where they would discharge as snow in the winter, and treat it that way, the thought was that that would be as good or better a solution to protecting the Gallatin as compared to the recommendations in the ORW document.

MR. WHALEN: Thanks, Mr. Regensburger. I appreciate the explanation.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Eric, I've got one for you. I have a one acre lot I'm going to get to develop on the Gallatin. You're going to make me pump my wastewater out of the ORW designated area, but I'm going to put a half an acre of lawn in, and I'm going to irrigate it 25 minutes per zone per day. What is putting more water into the zone than either a septic system waste, or that type of irrigation? And I'd like to put a lot of fertilizer on my yard.

MR. REGENSBURGER: Mr. Chairman, members

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activity, basically around some lakes, especially
in northwest Montana, you try to put a no -- just

3 try to keep a primitive -- your setbacks to

4 surface water, you try to leave primitive, so

you're not developing golf course like lawns. And
 I know you may not be able to regulate it, but it

6 I know you may not be able to regulate it, but it 7 can be a great issue when you're trying to protect 8 surface water.

MR. REGENSBURGER: Mr. Chairman, members of the Board. You are correct as far as lawn irrigation for an individual home like the one acre lot like you were talking about. That's a nonpoint source, and is not regulated under ORW. With regards to the golf course irrigation, that is currently regulated under the permit that Big Sky Water and Sewer District has with the Department.

And if it's done correctly, you avoid irrigating close to streams, you avoid runoff, and therefore the fertilizer should sink down into the ground, be taken up better than running off into the creek. But correct. There is probably going to be some amount of fertilizer that is going to leak through just because you can't be always be perfect with your application to be exactly right

Page 32 Page 30 Larry. Further discussion? on with the water needs of the soil. So there is 1 1 2 (No response) 2 some issue there. However, if the wastewater is treated 3 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Hearing none, all 3 better by the Big Sky Water and Sewer District 4 those in favor, signify by saying aye. 4 5 system than what is discharged down below through 5 (Response) a septic system, you have some reduction up front 6 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Opposed. 6 7 7 there before you discharge to the golf course or (No response) 8 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Motion carries. The 8 to a lawn. 9 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I'm just being 9 next item on the agenda is actually Item 2, and it 10 10 argumentative. is --MR. REGENSBURGER: I appreciate that. 11 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Chairman, I can speak 11 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I certainly don't 12 to this item if you want. 12 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I would love that. disagree with what you're trying to do, Eric. It 13 13 14 14 is just there are other sources that you just MR. LIVERS: Sure. And I want to 15 apologize to the Board for some kind of last 15 can't get to. MR. REGENSBURGER: Mr. Chairman, members 16 minute changes here. The Department is 16 17 withdrawing this rulemaking request at this time. of the Board. I think the parties that are 17 working on the agreement were looking at that snow 18 and it came up fairly late, so I do apologize for 18 effluent process I mentioned earlier as a way to 19 any time that you might have spent reviewing this 19 do even better than the golf course irrigation, 20 background material on this. 20 21 but that snow effluent process has some issues 21 The rulemaking would have done three with the spring runoff time. 22 things. It would have changed the manner in which 22 23 we charge fees to certain entities that don't bill 23 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Thanks, Eric. Any 24 further questions for the Department? 24 directly for delivering water; it would have

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CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Just so everyone knows, we never on this -- unless I forgot -- but actually the Board is hearing this, so we wouldn't be appointing a Hearings Officer on this. Correct me if I'm wrong, but I don't think we ever gave it to Hearing Examiner.

MR. LIVERS: That's correct, Mr. Chairman. And Mr. Chairman, and you'll call for public comment?

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Yes. Is there anyone in the audience or on the phone that would like to speak to this matter?

(No response)

(No response)

MR. LIVERS: Doesn't appear so, Mr.

15 Chairman.

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CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Thanks, Tom. Hearing that, I will entertain a motion to accept the Department's recommendation to extend the public comment period to April 23rd, 2010, which also extends this process approximately six months.

MR. MILLER: This is Miller. I so move.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been moved by

23 Marvin. Is there a second? 24

MR. MIRES: I'll second.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been seconded by

certification testing; and it would require transient systems treating water to have a certified operator.

extended the waiting period on operator

What has proven problematic is the fee piece of this, and essentially we had chosen to go forward with this rulemaking some time ago. I think in the interim, there has been a lot more concern, certainly an interest on the part of this Administration, in holding the line on unnecessary fees. And we've looked at this, and we've determined that this is one we can live without at this point in time. It's in the spirit of State government trying to look at cost cutting and cost containment measures, so we are withdrawing the fee request.

The other two parts of the rule, one part of those, the extension of the waiting period, is actually a Departmental rule, and the Board doesn't need to act on that; and the third piece is a relatively minor piece that we don't feel justifies rulemaking on its own. So we would consider coming back with that at some point in time when there is reason to bring other rules before the Board.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Thanks, Tom. Since

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the Department is rescinding that request, we will move on to the next item, and that is the amendment of ARM 17.8.745. Tom.

MR. LIVERS: Mr. Chairman, thank you. Our de minimus rule, and Mr. Homer will be here to discuss this.

MR. HOMER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, members of the Board. My name is Chuck Homer. I'm the Manager of the Air Permitting Compliance Program in the Air Resources Management Bureau of DEQ.

The Department is requesting that the Board change the threshold at which de minimus changes may be made at permitted facilities without having to get a change in the permit. In the 1995 legislative session House Joint Resolution 22 was passed, stating that there should be a level at which permitted facilities can make changes without having to change air quality permits. In 1996, the Board adopted the original de minimus rule.

Without going into too much depth here, I will give a quick summary of the SIP process for newer Board members.

Montana, as part of the requirements of

these issues.

This was one of our outstanding issues that we thought we could address in a manner that would make it approvable by EPA. What we've determined through review of this and through discussions with the EPA is that a level of five tons per year -- and that would be a change at a facility, that would have a change in the facility's potential to emit, not necessarily actual emissions, but changes in their potential to emit of five tons per year -- would be a small enough change that EPA would be able to approve that as a de minimus action that wouldn't need to be addressed in the permit.

Since the Board initially adopted the rule, we have been implementing a process that allowed these changes up to 15 ton per year level. While this is a change that will require some more permitting actions, we don't believe that it is critical. We still believe we'll be able to handle these permitting issues. We believe that facilities will be able to still make necessary changes on a timely manner, because most of the de minimus changes we've had -- and as I said, we've been implementing this for 13 years -- are

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the Federal Clean Air Act, has a State
Implementation Program, and that implementation
program is meant to encompass the air quality
requirements that are necessary to protect ambient
air quality standards, so many of the rules that
the Board has adopted are submitted to EPA, EPA
then publishes them in the Federal Register, and

makes them federally enforceable.

Our Montana Air Quality Permit Program is part of that. It is contained in the State Implementation Plan. So when changes are made to the Air Quality Permitting Program, after the Board adopts them, they must be submitted to EPA for them to approve them as changes to the SIP. These changes were submitted in 1996, and the Board has made a couple of adjustments to that over the years, and those changes have also been submitted.

EPA has never acted on any of those SIP changes, so there is an inconsistency between what EPA has published as Montana's air permitting rules and the rules that the Board has adopted. EPA is now acting to address many of these SIP quality issues -- this isn't the only one -- and the State DEQ is working with the EPA to address

at or below the five ton level.

One of the things we discussed with EPA was the ability to get this addressed immediately, so one benefit to the industry would be now they will have, if the Board should choose to adopt this and EPA approves it, a consistent situation out there. The way it exists now, with the inconsistency between the SIP and permitting, creates a level of uncertainty for regulated facilities that is certainly not helpful to them.

We have discussed this in front of CAAAC. Based on our timing and trying to get this done in a quick manner, we didn't give it as much discussion with CAAAC as we may have liked. We did talk to them. We got some feedback. There was some concern that this will require additional permitting requirements; we acknowledge that. We don't think it's significant. But there was no significant opposition to this change.

So that's what we're proposing here, that the Board authorize initiation of rulemaking, appoint a Hearing Officer. We have had some discussions with Katherine about a potential hearing date, so if the Board should choose to do that, we would have a date for a hearing. But it

would be to change the de minimus threshold, the threshold beneath which a facility didn't have to get a permit to change from the current 15 tons per year down to five tons per year.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Thanks, Chuck. So apparently our de minimus rule wasn't de minimus enough.

MR. HOMER: Yes, Mr. Chairman, that's correct, according to the EPA.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I could have boiled that right down for you. All right. So Board members, do you have questions for the Department?

MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman, this is Joe. I really appreciated that explanation. It was a really confusing issue to try to digest in written form. It was nice to have it boiled down. Thank you, Mr. Homer.

Secondly, Mr. Homer, if you would, could you outline for us some examples of those kind of facilities that would be generating roughly five tons per year.

MR. HOMER: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Whalen. A lot of these changes that would fall below that would be valve replacements, small changes, putting in little pieces of a facility. Some

1 major impact. These are all very small changes.2 And we've really had no issues with facilities

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being able to slip something through in the 13
years we've been administering it at 15 tons, and
we wouldn't expect that at the lower level either.

MR. WHALEN: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

MR. ANDERSON: This is Larry Anderson. I know over the last 30 years I've thought that gaining two pounds a year is de minimus, but it adds up. And so I'm wondering with respect to these facilities, have you noticed that they take advantage? One way or other, do they take advantage of the de minimus rule that you have?

MR. HOMER: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Anderson. This theoretical seems a little too real for me personally, the two pound issue. But we have had instances where rarely facilities have proposed something as de minimus that was not covered under the rule, and obviously not what the Board had intended or how the Department implements that. It's been a rare occurrence. We've been able to adequately deal with that.

Almost entirely our regulated community are reasonable people trying to comply with these

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facilities are very complex, like a petroleum refinery; some pieces of power plants, putting in a new small piece of equipment, valve changes. I could bring an engineer up here, and get a lot more in depth if you'd like more beyond that simple explanation.

MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman, just a follow up. So basically what we're talking about would be some modifications to existing large facility sites. Five tons per year doesn't necessarily migrate over to small asphalt, hot mix asphalt recyclers, or some infield agricultural type facilities. These are typically geared toward large facility modifications.

MR. HOMER: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Whalen. It would apply to any permit we have, but agricultural entities are for the most part exempt from Montana air quality permitting requirements. They're subject to federal major source rules if they're that large. But a small change at a small facility would still be covered, as well as small changes at large facilities.

It certainly wouldn't allow new facilities without permits; it wouldn't allow significant addition of emitting units; no real

1 rules, and that's one reason I think the de

minimus is valuable. If we create a system of

3 regulation that can be complied with and meet our

4 mission of protecting public health and the 5 environment, that gives us the best result.

Occasionally there will always be somebody who
 will try to push the envelope, but we're certainly

capable of implementing this rule in a reasonable way.

MR. ANDERSON: Thank you.
CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Any further questions?

MS. SHROPSHIRE: This is Robin. Could I get a little bit more clarification as well. I'm trying to visualize, let's just say, a plant, and they -- of regulated pollutants. And I'm trying to think of an example of something that might fall between the five and 15 ton that would reopen their permit. Can you give an example of that.

MR. HOMER: Mr. Chairman, Ms.

Shropshire. I'm going to bring up Jenny O'Mara, one of our permitting engineers, and she will give some examples of de minimus changes, changes that are de minimus and sum that up.

MS. O'MARA: Mr. Chairman, members of

Page 42 the Board. My name is Jenny O'Mara, and I'm an 1 1 2 engineer with the Air Resources Management Bureau. 2 3 And we did do some preliminary 3 4 4 calculations to try and figure out what common 5 actions would still fall under the de minimus 5 threshold of five tons per year, and a couple of 6 6 7 7 them that we came up with were like an existing 8 8 facility where they wanted to add a new crusher, 9 9 would be a crusher that operated up to 950 tons 10 per hour; another example would be for a facility 10 to add a screen up to 515 tons per hour; an engine 11 11 that is less than 35 horsepower, or a small boiler 12 12 that is less than eleven million Btu's per hour. 13 13 14 And then as Chuck said, also various valves, pump 14 seals, flanges, and fittings, just to name a few. 15 15 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Any other questions? 16 16 17 (No response) 17 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Thank you for that. 18 18 19 MS. SHROPSHIRE: Thank you. 19 20 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Anything else? 20 21 21 (No response) 22 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: All right. Is there 22 anyone in the audience that would like to speak to 23 23 this matter before the Board takes action? 24 24 25 25 (No response)

would entertain a motion to initiate rulemaking on this matter, and appoint Katherine the permanent Hearings Examiner, and modify the proposed notice to reflect a March 18th date for submitting written views, arguments, or data. Do I have a motion?

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MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman, this is Joe. I'll make that motion.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been moved by Joe Whalen. Is there a second?

MR. MILLER: This is Miller. I'll

MR. MILLER: This is Miller. I'll second it.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been seconded by Mary. Any further discussion?

MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman, does the Department anticipate that if we pass this rulemaking, or we initiate rulemaking on this matter, that it will be scolded by the Environmental Quality Council and overruled, so that we'll need to withdraw it at some point?

MR. LIVERS: Mr. Chairman. We don't

MR. LIVERS: Mr. Chairman. We don't anticipate that, Mr. Whalen. Thank you.

MR. WHALEN: Thank you, Mr. Livers.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: All right. Hearing nothing further by the Board, all those in favor,

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1 MR. LIVERS: Apparently not, Mr. 2 Chairman.
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CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I just have a question on the MAR Notice No. 4. The comment period seems pretty short. Did you --

MR. LIVERS: De minimus?

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Yes, it seems de minimus. February 4th, 2010 is not very far away from here.

MR. HOMER: Mr. Chairman, that's correct. The notice that you have before you does not have the date of a hearing in it. We were just discussing that yesterday, and I believe that the actual comment -- The hearing date, the potential hearing date that we've discussed with Katherine would be March 11th, and we would be keeping the comment period, as we usually do, one week after that. So I believe the actual end of the comment period would be March 18th.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: That would be reflected in the notice?

MR. HOMER: Yes.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: So any motion should make sure that that's reflected. Since I kind of told -- maybe the next step would be a motion. I

1 signify by saying aye.

2 (Response)

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Opposed.

(No response)

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Motion carries. All right. Thanks to the staff for their presentation.

The next item on the agenda are new contested cases on appeal. In the matter of the appeal and request for hearing by Fidelity Exploration and Production Company. Katherine.

MS. ORR: Yes, Mr. Chairman, members of the Board. Fidelity Exploration was issued a permit, an MPDES permit, and they're requesting that it be modified to eliminate the outfall, and to include a mixing zone for acute toxicity, and for other matters that are referenced in the appeal.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Do I have a motion to appoint Katherine permanent -- Katherine, unless you speak up, I'm just going to ask for you to be appointed.

MS. ORR: Okay. That's fine.

24 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Do I have a motion to appoint Katherine permanent Hearings Examiner on

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Page 46 Page 48 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I'm going to vote this matter? 1 1 2 2 MR. MILLER: This is Miller. I so move. yes, but that's makes it three to three. I'm 3 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been moved by 3 going to need a new motion. 4 4 Marv. Is there a second? MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman, I would move 5 5 MR. MIRES: Second. that the Board hear this appeal and request by 6 Fidelity Exploration and Production. 6 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been seconded by 7 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Is there a second? 7 Larry. Further discussion? 8 MS. KAISER: Mr. Chairman, this is 8 MR. ANDERSON: I'll second. 9 Heidi. I would like to recuse myself from taking CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been moved and 9 action on this matter. 10 seconded to have the Board hear this matter 10 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: All right. Joe. 11 directly. Let's roll call this one again. 11 MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman, this is Joe. 12 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Anderson. 12 13 Given that this is a matter of significant public 13 MR. ANDERSON: Yes. interest, particularly with respect to discharge 14 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Mires. 14 into the Tongue River, I really feel like the 15 MR. MIRES: Yes. 15 Board ought to hear this matter. I'm just going 16 MR. LIVERS: Ms. Shropshire. 16 to state that up front, and I'll probably vote in 17 17 MS. SHROPSHIRE: Yes. the negative, and that's why. 18 18 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Miller. CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Any further 19 19 MR. MILLER: Yes. 20 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Whalen. 20 discussion? 21 21 MR. WHALEN: Yes. (No response) 22 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Since we have kind of 22 MR. LIVERS: Chairman Russell. 23 been given an idea of how the vote and the recusal 23 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Yes. We have all 24 will go, Tom, I'm going to roll call this. 24 this time. Katherine, I'm very sorry you're not 25 MR. LIVERS: Okay. Mr. Anderson. going to have to take this up on your own. Page 47 Page 49

MR. ANDERSON: I'll vote no. 1 2 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Mires. 3 MR. MIRES: Yes. MR. LIVERS: Ms. Shropshire. 4 5 MS. SHROPSHIRE: Can you clarify the 6 motion again? I apologize. 7 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: The motion that I 8 requested, and it was moved and seconded, was to 9 move this to Katherine to be the permanent Hearings Examiner. Joe raised the issue around 10 discharge to the Tongue, and mentioned that he 11 12 would vote no on appointing a Hearings Examiner. and would like the Board to hear this. 13 MR. LIVERS: So if this motion were to 14 15 fail, I assume there would be a motion for the Board to hear this directly. 16 17 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Yes, we would have to 18 do that change to course now. MS. SHROPSHIRE: I guess I could go 19 20 either way, so I'll vote no. 21 MR. LIVERS: Mr. Miller. 22 MR. MILLER: Yes. 23 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Mr. Whalen. 24 MR. WHALEN: No. 25 MR. LIVERS: Chairman Russell.

MS. ORR: I'd be glad to help in 1 2 whatever way I can. 3 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: As the Board should know, even though we take this up, this is a 4 5 contested case, and Katherine will act on our 6 behalf, continue to act on our behalf. Basically 7 we'll expect you to do prehearing issues that you 8 feel that are within your scope, just as you have 9 in the past, Katherine. 10 MS. ORR: Yes. CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: So we can't do this 11 12 without you. You know that, MS. ORR: Thank you. 13 14 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: So the next item on 15 the agenda is --16 MR. LIVERS: Before we move on, I wonder, Mr. Chairman, is there any value, or is it 17 18 premature to talk about kind of a general time frame, whether we might be able to consolidate the 19 20 Board hearing with a regular meeting? If it's too 21 early to make that, we can certainly just work on 22 that in the interim, and do that behind the 23 scenes. 24 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: That would be great. 25 And I know we all block out those regular meetings

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           CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: All right. Thanks.
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    Does the Board have any other questions for
    Katherine before we take action?
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           MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman. Ms. Orr,
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    what was Department's estimate of the benefit to
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    Mr. Ellsworth for noncompliance, economic benefit?
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           MS. ORR: For which violation were you
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    speaking?
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           MR. WHALEN: All totaled.
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           MS. ORR: That's broken out for each
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    violation, and I think you have that in your
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    packet.
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           CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: One of them is $824.
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           MR. MILLER: On Page 11 of 11.
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           MS. ORR: Yes. The economic benefit was
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    $1,273.
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           MR. WHALEN: Okay. I thought I saw
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    something quite a bit higher, but I could be
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    wrong. Thank you. I understand it's kind of
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    laborious to put this together right now.
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           MS. ORR: No. That's fine.
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           CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Further questions for
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    Katherine?
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           (No response)
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           CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Hearing none, I would
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Page 53 MS. ORR: Yes. Mr. Chairman, members of 2 the Board. The Department issued a notice of 3 violation and administrative compliance order on 4 October 30th, 2009, and the violations are: Exceedence of the non-acute MCL for total coliform bacteria; failure to report non-acute MCL total coliform bacteria; failure to provide public notification: and order to take corrective action. And no asserted number for penalty, but there may be penalties for failure to implement the order to take corrective action, is the way I understand it. CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Further questions for Katherine? MR. MILLER: Mr. Chairman, this is Miller. Katherine, or maybe somebody there in the Department, why isn't there a penalty violation worksheet made up for this? MR. LIVERS: Mr. Chairman, hang on just a second, please. MR. ARRIGO: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Miller, this is John Arrigo again. In all of our penalty orders, we do a penalty calculation worksheet, and it is attached to the order, it just didn't get

transferred to the Board packets somehow, and we'd

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be happy to get that to you.

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MR. MILLER: About how much are we talking, John? Follow up.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: That's fine.

MR. ARRIGO: I'm sorry, I don't have the order in front of me. Mr. Madden might have it. Hold on a second. The order -- Maybe there is not a penalty in this one. We're just ordering them to comply with the total coliform MCL, and what the order requires them to do is to submit a plan to correct the MCL, and they have a couple options to do that.

If you look at Paragraph 20 of the order, Page 4, it says, "Within 45 days submit a plan, and it shall include one of the following corrective actions, identification, and abatement of the contamination source, development of a new water source, or the installation of a full-time disinfection."

I apologize. In these MCL kind of cases, we figure that the owner doesn't have a lot of control over the quality of the water that comes out of a well, but they do have a responsibility for treating it, if necessary. So we typically don't seek penalties in these types

1 back our data goes to document the violation.

> CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I apologize. I'm trying to put you on the spot, but they're the ones that are appealing your order, so -- They don't agree with you, John. With that in mind, would anyone like to move to have Katherine the permanent Hearings Examiner in this case?

MR. MILLER: This is Miller. I so move. CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been moved. Is there a second?

11 MR. WHALEN: This is Joe. I'll second. CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been seconded by 12 13 Joe Whalen. Further discussion? 14

(No response)

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Hearing none, all 15 those in favor, signify by saving ave. 16

(Response)

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Opposed.

(No response)

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Motion carries. The last one of these, in the matter of the request for hearing by AquaFlo, LLC. Katherine.

MS. ORR: Mr. Chairman, members of the Board. AquaFlo is a company that operates here in the valley, and there was a groundwater pollution

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of orders, but we do require them to address the MCL. So this is not a penalty order.

MR. MILLER: Thank you very much, John. It seemed different than the others, and I was just asking.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: How long has this been going on John, violations of the MCL?

MR. ARRIGO: Mr. Chairman, again, I'm not sure I can accurately respond. I have to look in the order. If a public water supply has a positive result for a total coliform bacteria test, they have to collect repeat samples; and then depending upon the results of those, if those four or five repeat samples are good, then the MCL goes away. If they are present, then they have what's called a non-acute MCL.

And this says that they collected one sample on July 3rd, 2009, it was positive for coliform. They were required to collect four repeats within 24 hours. On July 6th, they collected four repeats, which all tested positive. On August 3rd, they collected five repeats, which were all positive. So we are alleging that they exceeded the non-acute total coliform MCL in July, August, and September of 2009. That's how far

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permit issued, and they are requesting review and 1 2 modification of the permit, for example, regarding 3 the total nitrogen permitted, sampling and 4 reporting frequency for escherichia, E. coli, and 5 other sampling and reporting frequency 6 requirements. And that's a simplification, but 7 that is sort of the introduction to this.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Not too many people try to actually say escherichia. Thanks for giving it a shot, Katherine.

11 MS. ORR: And I didn't say it correctly, 12 did I?

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Well, I didn't actually want to put you on the spot, but pretty darn close. Pretty good for lawyer.

MS. ORR: I'm going to be able to say it better.

18 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I would entertain a 19 motion to appoint Katherine permanent Hearings 20 Examiner on this matter.

21 MS. SHROPSHIRE: So moved. Robin. 22 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been moved by

23 Robin. Is there a second?

24 MR. LIVERS: I think Ms. Kaiser 25 seconded.

MS. KAISER: Second. 1 2

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Any further

discussion?

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MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman, I notice that the attorney in this appeal uses the term "arbitrary and capricious" seven different times in his letter to the -- I'm wondering if --

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Some attorneys like to throw those two terms around a little bit.

MR. WHALEN: Yes. I just wonder if Katherine is willing to take on that sort of character assassination if she's appointed as our Board Examiner, or whether she would prefer that the Board take that heat.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Being through a few of these, that's the general term for people that don't like the Department's decisions.

MR. WHALEN: I've never seen it used seven times in one letter. I was quite impressed.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: We'll have to congratulate Mr. Gallagher on getting it in there that many times.

I do have a motion on the floor. All those in favor of appointing Katherine permanent Hearings Examiner, signify by saying aye.

filed on May 14th, 2009, and that was denied by me. The parties have reached an agreement to dismiss this case under 41(a), and the Administrative Order on Consent is in the packet. So if anyone has any questions.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I'm not exactly sure, but I don't have an attachment, or the link doesn't work. Does everyone else have that attachment?

MR. MILLER: This is Miller. I don't. CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I wonder if we either didn't get it, or for some reason the link isn't working.

MR. LIVERS: Mr. Chairman, it's working down here, so I apologize for that.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I don't want to fret over that. So can you read -- Since I don't have it, Katherine, would you mind reading -- I hope the order is short. If you could just read the order, I can call for a vote on it.

21 MS. ORR: You've got the stipulation for 22 dismissal? Is that what you're --

23 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I don't have 24 anything.

MS. ORR: Is that what you're referring

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1 (Response) 2

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Opposed.

3 (No response)

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Motion carries. Okay. Last group. Action on contested cases. In the matter of violations of the Water Quality Act by Wilderness Club, LLC. Katherine.

MS. ORR: Mr. Chairman, members of the Board. This is a case that the Board retained jurisdiction on, at least for the non-preliminary stages and for the final outcome. This was out of Eureka in Lincoln County, and the Wilderness Club was the owner or developer of this club, a golf course and residential development, located near Eureka.

There was a notice of violation issued on August 12th, 2008, and there were various violations cited for discharging sediment to State waters contrary to the MPDES permit for discharges associated with construction activities. There was significant sediment that entered Grob Lake, and failure to maintain erosion and sediment control measures, etc.

24 The initial penalty requested was 25 \$42,580. There was a motion for summary judgment

to?

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I generally have an order to dismiss in front of me, and I usually make my motion off of that, but I don't have it.

MS. ORR: Let me pull that up. It says, "The Parties hereby stipulate pursuant to 41(a), Montana Rules of Civil Procedure, to the dismissal of this appeal. The parties have reached a resolution in the matters at issue, and the Appellant withdraws its appeal and request for hearing."

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: And that would be something you signed, right?

MS. ORR: Well, this actually was a case that the Board reserved to itself, so the order should be signed by the Board.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: So I don't have that order, so all I'm going to do is ask the Board to authorize the Chair to sign said order when I do receive it.

MR. MIRES: This is Larry Mires, and I would so move.

> CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Is there a second? MR. MILLER: This is Miller. I'll

25 second.

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CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been moved and seconded. Further discussion? (No response)

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I'm guessing it will be with prejudice, most likely.

MS. ORR: It does say request -- the order of dismissal that was proposed savs "dismissal with prejudice."

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Okay. Thanks for clarification. All those in favor, signify by saying aye.

(Response)

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Opposed.

(No response) 14

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CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Motion carries.

Other actions on contested cases. In the matter of violations of the Montana Strip and Underground Mine Reclamation Act by Signal Peak Energy, LLC, at Bull Mountain Mine. Katherine.

MS. ORR: Mr. Chairman, members of the Board. This is a case out of Roundup. An NOV and administrative penalty order dated October 9th, 2009 was issued.

And Signal Peak operates Bull Mountain Mine under a permit. The violations concern

getting close to -- Are we getting -- How close are we to a hearing? 2

MS. ORR: Well, there was a first prehearing order issued, and a notice of appearance of Counsel was filed on December 4th -that's Stephen Wade of the Browning Kaleczyk firm

-- and there has not been a scheduling order issued in that, I don't believe.

8 9 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: So what's your 10

feeling? Does any one party want to get this thing expedited? I literally don't have anything

in front of me to look at, and I still feel that 12

13 we can either appoint you, or we can continue to

14 let this ride. If we let it ride, then at some point you're going to be -- the parties may be a 15

16 little bit miffed that you won't be able to take

17 action on something substantive.

> MS. ORR: Mr. Chairman, members of the Board. You could again reserve unto yourselves the undertaking of the hearing the merits of this case, and delegating to me, if you want, the prehearing matters.

23 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: And I guess my question still would remain: Are we getting close 24 to the end of the prehearing matters?

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construction of a road not identified in the approved facility plan area, i.e., the permitted area; failure to use temporary sediment control measures during access road construction; failure to salvage and handle soil materials in construction of the road; improper handling of top soil and subsurface -- and I'm now paraphrasing -failure to protect the undisturbed soils, and to minimize degradation of the biological properties of the soil; failure to salvage all of the available top soil, and using top soil as fill material at the base of the coal conveyor.

And there is a substantial amount of penalties requested. The combined amount is \$378,000. One of those violations involves 78 days of violation, and that's part of the reason why that number is so high.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Once again, I don't have the attachments, or I don't have the proper link to open them. We're basically at that -- The last time we talked about this, we didn't take any action to appoint you the permanent Hearings Examiner, and we're basically at that same place.

MS. ORR: Right.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Katherine, are they

MS. ORR: No, it's just beginning.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Then I would suggest to the Board that we continue to leave this as is, and if there is a lot of head nodding, I don't think we need to do anything but move on to the next item. And I won't see any head nodding either. Tom, are you seeing anything out of Larry?

MR. ANDERSON: Larry's head nodding in the affirmative.

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Let's just move on, 11 12 unless I hear an objection immediately. 13

(No response)

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: In the matter of violations of the Metal Mine Reclamation Act by Saturday Sunday, LLC, Deer Lodge County, BER 2009-02-MM. Katherine.

MS. ORR: Mr. Chairman, members of the Board. This is a case out of Deer Lodge County. There were cross motions for summary judgment filed, and I propose that the Department's motion for summary judgment be granted, which would in effect end the portion of this case that involves

23 24 the violation for failure to get an exploration

25 permit, and would constitute a ruling that there

Page 66 Page 68 was a failure to do that, and what is remaining is 1 Any further discussion? 1 2 2 an evidentiary hearing on penalties. MR. WHALEN: Mr. Chairman, question for So there were no exceptions filed on the 3 3 Katherine. What is the likely impact of this 4 4 portion of the case that involves liability for partial order of dismissal on the resolution of 5 5 failure to get an exploration permit, and I'm not this case, in your judgment? sure the Board really needs to do anything. I 6 6 MS. ORR: Well, Mr. Chairman, Mr. 7 guess the Board could vote that that portion of 7 Whalen, it whittles down the issues considerably, 8 the case, liability for getting an exploration 8 and now the case is basically a determination on 9 9 permit, is now a permanent disposition. And the facts presented of what the proper penalty is. actually there is an order before the Board. Do 10 10 MR. WHALEN: I see. Thank you. 11 you have that as well? 11 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Any further CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: I don't have any --12 12 questions? 13 13 The last three items, I have no attachments for. (No response) 14 But basically what the agenda says is that no one 14 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Hearing none, all 15 contested your ruling on summary judgment, and 15 those in favor, signify by saying aye. 16 that we could -- there is probably an order 16 (Response) 17 somewhere down there that would allow some of this 17 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Opposed. case to be resolved, based on my signature on an 18 18 (No response) 19 order, partial dismissal of the appeal. 19 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Motion carries. 20 MS. ORR: Right. That's exactly right. 20 Thank you, Katherine. The last item on the 21 And the Board decided in October to adopt that 21 agenda. Is there anyone in the audience that part of the proposed -- well, that proposed order 22 22 would like to address the Board on matters that that I wrote, and then Saturday Sunday, sort of 23 23 pertain to the Board of Environmental Review? 24 erring on the side of caution, was given the 24 (No response) 25 25 ability to file exceptions to that determination, CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: No one is jumping up Page 67 Page 69 and to do that by December, and they did not. And to the podium, Tom? 1 2 2 therefore this order dismisses that portion of MR. LIVERS: Apparently not, Mr. 3 3 this case. Chairman. 4 And the order portion that I wrote -- I 4 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: With that, I would 5 5 can read to you -- it says, "The Hearing entertain a motion to adjourn. Examiner's proposed order on cross motions for 6 MS. KAISER: So moved. 6 7 summary judgment has been adopted by the Board. 7 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been moved. Is 8 8 The Board hereby rules that the Appellant violated there a second? 9 Montana Code Annotated Section 82-4-331 to obtain 9 MR. MILLER: This is Miller. Second it. 10 10 an exploration license prior to starting CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: All those in favor, 11 exploration activities at its site located in Deer 11 signify by saying aye. Lodge County, and is liable for penalties to be 12 12 (Response) 13 correctly determined at an evidentiary hearing to 13 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Opposed. 14 resolve factual issues regarding the proper amount 14 (No response) of penalties owing." 15 15 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Meeting adjourned. CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: And that's an order 16 (The proceedings were concluded 16 17 to be signed by me. 17 at 10:41 a.m.) 18 18 MS. ORR: Yes. CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Do I have a motion to 19 19 20 authorize the Board Chair to sign that order? 20 21 21 MR. MIRES: Larry Mires. So moved. 22 CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: It's been moved by 22 Larry. Is there a second? 23 23 24 MS. SHROPSHIRE: Second. 24

CHAIRMAN RUSSELL: Robin seconded it.

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1	CERTIFICATE	
2	STATE OF MONTANA)	
3	: SS.	
4	COUNTY OF LEWIS & CLARK)	
5	I, LAURIE CRUTCHER, RPR, Court Reporter,	
6	Notary Public in and for the County of Lewis &	
7	Clark, State of Montana, do hereby certify:	
8	That the proceedings were taken before me at	
9	the time and place herein named; that the	
10	proceedings were reported by me in shorthand and	
11	transcribed using computer-aided transcription,	
12	and that the foregoing - 69 - pages contain a true	
13	record of the proceedings to the best of my	
14	ability.	
15	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my	
16	hand and affixed my notarial seal	
17	this day of , 2010.	
18		
19	LAURIE CRUTCHER, RPR	
20	Court Reporter - Notary Public	
21	My commission expires	
22	March 9, 2012.	
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