

March 16, 2021

Matthew Fenton Magris Talc USA, Inc. 1209 Orange Street Wilmington, DE 19801

Dear Mr. Fenton:

Montana Air Quality Permit #2282-16 is deemed final as of March 6, 2021, by the Department of Environmental Quality (Department). This permit is for a talc processing plant. All conditions of the Department's Decision remain the same. Enclosed is a copy of your permit with the final date indicated.

For the Department,

Julis A Merkel

Julie A. Merkel Permitting Services Section Supervisor Air Quality Bureau (406) 444-3626

JM:JPP Enclosure

for Part Prank

John P. Proulx Air Quality Specialist Air Quality Bureau (406) 444-5391

Montana Department of Environmental Quality Air, Energy & Mining Division

Montana Air Quality Permit #2282-16

Magris Talc USA, Inc. 1209 Orange Street Wilmington DE, 19801

March 6, 2021



MONTANA AIR QUALITY PERMIT

Issued to: Magris Talc USA, Inc. Three Forks Mill 1209 Orange Street Wilmington, DE 19801 MAQP: #2282-16 Administrative Amendment (AA) Request Received: 1/15/2021 Department Decision on AA: 2/18/2021 Permit Final: 3/6/2021

A Montana Air Quality Permit (MAQP), with conditions, is hereby granted to Magris Talc USA, Inc. – Three Forks Mill (Magris Talc), pursuant to Sections 75-2-204 and 211 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA), as amended, and Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM) 17.8.740, *et seq.*, as amended, for the following:

SECTION I: Permitted Facilities

A. Plant Location

The talc processing plant, including milling, refining, and packaging of talc, is located in Section 36, Township 2 North, Range 1 East, Gallatin County, Montana. A complete list of permitted equipment is included in Section I.A. of the permit analysis.

B. Current Permit Action

On January 15, 2021, the Department of Environmental Quality, Air Quality Bureau (Department) received a request to transfer ownership of Imerys Talc America, Inc. – Three Forks Mill to Magris Talc USA, Inc. The current permit action is an administrative amendment pursuant to the ARM 17.8.764 that transfers ownership of Imerys Talc America, Inc., as requested.

SECTION II: Conditions and Limitations

- A. Emission Limitations
 - 1. Stack emissions from each grinding mill, screening operation, bucket elevator, belt conveyor, bagging operation, and storage bin constructed after August 31, 1983 are limited to 0.05 grams per dry standard cubic meter (g/dscm) (0.022 grains per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf)) of particulate and 7% opacity. This includes, but is not limited to, the following equipment (40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO and ARM 17.8.340):

| Emitting Unit ID | Equipment Name – ID | Pollution Control Device | NSPS |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|------|
| EU004 | 66" Roller mill – M504 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | 66" Roller mill feed bin – V580 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | (3) Roller mill packers - PK1554A,B,C | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Roller mill storage bin 1 – V1551 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Roller mill storage bin 2 – V1552 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Roller mill storage bin 3 – V1553 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Roller mill packer bin – V1554 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coarse powder conveying collector - V | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coarse powder bulk bag packer bin – V | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | ACM 3 – V1140 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | ACM 3 feed bin – V1180 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | (4) MV packers – PK1504 A,B,C,D | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | MV storage bin 1 – V1501 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | MV storage bin 2 – V1502 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | MV storage bin 3 – V1503 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | MV packer bin – V1504 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | CMV packer bin – V1594 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | (3) CMV packers – PK1596 A,B,C | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Silo 4 – V404 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Silo 5 – V405 (Including Vacuum Syste V1374) | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Silo 6 – V406 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Silo 7 – V407 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Packing room fugitive collector – V158 | 0 | 000 |
| EU004 | Crude load-out crusher – RC062 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Crude load-out conveyors – C061, | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| | C063, C065, C076, C077 | | |
| EU004 | Crude load-out bucket elevator – E064 | Fabric filter baghouse | |
| EU004 | Crude load-out spout – H066 | Fabric filter baghouse | |
| EU004 | Product classifier – F1760 | Fabric filter baghouse | |
| EU004 | FEM holding tank – V412 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | ZSC holding tank – V414 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coated holding tank – V413 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coated packer bin – V1900 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coating system feed bin – V1880 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | (3) Coated packers – PKR1904A,B,C | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coated densifier feed bin - V1980 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coated product conveying collector – V | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coated Packaging Recovery Collector – V1990 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Portable railcar feeder/conveyor | None | 000 |
| EU004 | Crude load-out feed hoppers & convey – SF060, SF073, C074 | None | 000 |
| EU004 | Crude load-out crusher hopper baghou | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Jet Mill product collector | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Jet Mill feed bin | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |

When any of the above sources are exhausted into the packaging building, instead of to the atmosphere, Magris Talc shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any building enclosing any transfer point on a conveyor belt or any other affected facility, any visible fugitive emissions except emissions from a vent as defined in 40 CFR Part 60.671 (40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO and ARM 17.8.340).

- 2. Magris Talc shall not cause or authorize to be discharged into the outdoor atmosphere, from any affected equipment, any visible fugitive emissions that exhibit an opacity of 10% or greater averaged over 6 consecutive minutes (ARM 17.8.340 and 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO).
- 3. The following stack emissions are limited to 0.02 gr/dscf of particulate and 20% opacity for all sources previously covered by Permits #1519, #1703, and #282, including, but not limited to, the following (ARM 17.8.749):
 - a. ACM Mill #1
 - b. ACM Mill #2
 - c. ACM 50-Ton Feed Bin #1
 - d. ACM 50-Ton Feed Bin #2
 - e. CMV Silo #1
 - f. CMV Silo #2
 - g. FEM Classifier #1
 - h. FEM Classifier #2
 - i. Reclaiming Material Dust Collector
 - j. Bulk Loading Trucks
 - k. Bulk Loading Rail Cars
- 4. Stack emissions from the Rotary Dryer (crude load-out dryer) are limited to 10% opacity and 0.057 g/dscm (0.025 gr/dscf) of particulate matter (40 CFR 60, Subpart UUU and ARM 17.8.340).
- 5. All visible fugitive emissions from any non-New source Performance Standards (NSPS) affected equipment shall not exhibit an opacity of 20% or greater averaged over 6 consecutive minutes. This includes, but is not limited to, the following sources of fugitive emissions (ARM 17.8.304):
 - a. Haul Roads
 - b. Ore Handling
 - c. Ore Storage-Outdoor
 - d. Waste Stockpile-Outdoor
 - e. Topsoil Stockpiles
 - f. Access roads or general plant property
- 6. Magris Talc shall not cause or authorize the use of any street, road, or parking lot without taking reasonable precautions to control emissions of airborne particulate matter (ARM 17.8.308).

- 7. Magris Talc shall treat all unpaved portions of the haul roads, access roads, parking lots, or general plant area with water and/or chemical dust suppressant as necessary to maintain compliance with the reasonable precautions limitation in Section II.A.6 (ARM 17.8.749).
- 8. Magris Talc shall operate their control equipment to provide the maximum air pollution control for which it was designed (ARM 17.8.752).
- 9. Magris Talc shall install, operate, and maintain baghouses to control emissions from the following equipment (ARM 17.8.752):
 - a. FEM Holding Tank
 - b. ZSC Holding Tank
 - c. Coating System, including the Coating System Feed Bin, Feeder, Turbulizer, and Ward Mill
 - d. Coated Holding Tank
 - e. Packaging System, including Coated Densifier Feed Bin, Densifier #1, Densifier #2, Packer Bin, and Impeller Packers
 - f. Vacuum System #4
 - g. Product Classifier
- 10. Magris Talc shall not cause or authorize to be discharged into the atmosphere, from the Vacuum System #4:
 - a. Particulate matter (PM) in excess of 0.02 gr/dscf (ARM 17.8.752)
 - b. Visible emissions that exhibit an opacity of 10% or greater (ARM 17.8.752)
- 11. Magris Talc shall not cause or authorize to be discharged into the atmosphere, from the Warehouse Product Airwall:
 - a. Particulate matter in excess of 0.0044 gr/dscf (ARM 17.8.752 and ARM 17.8.749)
 - b. Visible emissions that exhibit an opacity of 10% or greater (ARM 17.8.752 and ARM 17.8.749)
- 12. Silane-compound use at the facility shall be limited to 62.45 tons during any rolling 12-month time period (ARM 17.8.752).
- 13. Magris Talc shall comply with all applicable standards and limitations, monitoring, reporting, recordkeeping, testing, and notification requirements contained in 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO, *Standards of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants* and Subpart UUU, *Standards of Performance for Calciners and Dryers in Mineral Industries* for the plant, and Subpart Dc *Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units* for the Jet Mill natural gas boiler (ARM 17.8.340, 40 CFR 60, Subpart(s) OOO, UUU and Dc).

- B. Testing Requirements
 - 1. All compliance source tests shall conform to the requirements of the Montana Source Test Protocol and Procedures Manual (ARM 17.8.106).
 - 2. All NSPS-affected equipment, as defined in 40 CFR Part 60, shall be initially tested and compliance demonstrated with the applicable emission limitations within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the affected facility will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial start up, unless otherwise approved by the Department in writing (40 CFR Part 60.8 and ARM 17.8.105).
 - 3. Process rates during testing must be at specific conditions that are representative of maximum operating capacity or maximum permitted capacity, unless otherwise agreed upon in writing by the Department and Magris Talc (ARM 17.8.106).
 - 4. The tests shall be performed according to EPA methods as specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A (ARM 17.8.106).
 - 5. The Department may require further testing (ARM 17.8.105).
- C. Operational Reporting Requirements
 - 1. Magris Talc shall supply the Department with annual production information for all emission points, as required by the Department in the annual emission inventory request. The request will include, but is not limited to, all sources of emissions identified in the emission inventory contained in the permit analysis.

Production information shall be gathered on a calendar-year basis and submitted to the Department by the date required in the emission inventory request. Information shall be in the units required by the Department. This information may be used to calculate operating fees, based on actual emissions from the facility, and/or to verify compliance with permit limitations (ARM 17.8.505).

- 2. Magris Talc shall notify the Department of any construction or improvement project conducted, pursuant to ARM 17.8.745, that would include *the addition of a new emissions unit*, change in control equipment, stack height, stack diameter, stack flow, stack gas temperature, source location, or fuel specifications, or would result in an increase in source capacity above its permitted operation. The notice must be submitted to the Department, in writing, 10 days prior to startup or use of the proposed de minimis change, or as soon as reasonably practicable in the event of an unanticipated circumstance causing the de minimis change, and must include the information requested in ARM 17.8.745(l)(d) (ARM 17.8.745).
- 3. All records compiled in accordance with this permit must be maintained by Magris Talc as a permanent business record for at least 5 years following the date of the measurement, must be available at the plant site for inspection by the Department, and must be submitted to the Department upon request (ARM 17.8.749).
- 4. Magris Talc shall document, by month, the amount of Silane-compound used at the facility. By the 25th day of each month, Magris Talc shall total the amount of Silane-

compound used for the previous month. The monthly information will be used to verify compliance with the rolling 12-month limitation in Section II.A.12. The information for each of the previous months shall be submitted along with the annual emission inventory (ARM 17.8.749).

- D. Notification
 - 1. Magris Talc shall comply with the notification requirements of the Montana Source Test Protocol and Procedures Manual (ARM 17.8.106).
 - 2. Magris Talc shall comply with the notification requirements contained in 40 CFR Part 60.7, as required by 40 CFR Part 60.48c (ARM 17.8.340 and 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc).

SECTION III: General Conditions

- A. Inspection Magris Talc shall allow the Department's representatives access to the source at all reasonable times for the purpose of making inspections or surveys, collecting samples, obtaining data, auditing any monitoring equipment (continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS) or continuous emissions rate monitoring system (CERMS)), or observing any monitoring or testing, and otherwise conducting all necessary functions related to this permit.
- B. Waiver The permit and the terms, conditions, and matters stated herein shall be deemed accepted if Magris Talc fails to appeal as indicated below.
- C. Compliance with Statutes and Regulations Nothing in this permit shall be construed as relieving Magris Talc of the responsibility for complying with any applicable federal or Montana statute, rule, or standard, except as specifically provided for in ARM 17.8.740, *et seq.* (ARM 17.8.756).
- D. Enforcement Violations of limitations, conditions and requirements contained herein may constitute grounds for permit revocation, penalties or other enforcement action as specified in Section 75-2-401, *et seq.*, MCA.
- E. Appeals Any person or persons jointly or severally adversely affected by the Department's decision may request, within 15 days after the Department renders its decision, upon affidavit setting forth the grounds therefor, a hearing before the Board of Environmental Review (Board). A hearing shall be held under the provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedures Act. The filing of a request for a hearing does not stay the Department's decision, unless the Board issues a stay upon receipt of a petition and a finding that a stay is appropriate under Section 75-2-211(11)(b), MCA. The issuance of a stay on a permit by the Board postpones the effective date of the Department's decision until conclusion of the hearing and issuance of a final decision by the Board. If a stay is not issued by the Board, the Department's decision on the application is final 16 days after the Department's decision is made.
- F. Permit Inspection As required by ARM 17.8.755, Inspection of Permit, a copy of the air quality permit shall be made available for inspection by the Department at the location of the permitted source.

- G. Permit Fee Pursuant to Section 75-2-220, MCA, failure to pay the annual operation fee by Magris Talc may be grounds for revocation of this permit, as required by that section and rules adopted thereunder by the Board.
- H. Duration of Permit Construction or installation must begin or contractual obligations entered into that would constitute substantial loss within 3 years of permit issuance and proceed with due diligence until the project is complete or the permit shall expire (ARM 17.8.762).

Montana Air Quality Permit (MAQP) Analysis Magris Talc USA, Inc. Three Forks Mill MAQP #2282-16

I. Introduction/Process Description

Magris Talc USA, Inc. (Magris Talc) owns and operates a talc processing plant including milling, refining, and packaging of talc. The facility known as the Three Forks Mill and is located in Section 36, Township 2 North, Range 1 East, in Gallatin County, Montana.

A. Permitted Facility

| | Emitting Unit | Pollution control de | NSPS |
|---------|---|------------------------|------|
| Unit ID | | | |
| EU001 | Boiler 1 | None | NA |
| EU002 | Boiler 2 | None | NA |
| EU003 | Primary crusher – RC025 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Secondary crusher – RC035 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Belt conveyors – C030, C040, C050, C060 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Bucket elevator – E045 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | 60" Roller mill – M104 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | 60" Roller mill feed bin – V180 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | 54" Roller mill – M204 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | 54" Roller mill feed bin – V280 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | FEM 1 – F807 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | FEM 1 feed bin – V880 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | FEM 1 cooling collector – F811 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | FEM 2 – F907 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | FEM 2 feed bin – V980 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | FEM 2 cooling collector – F911 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Powder bulk bag packer bin – V1380 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Powder bulk bag storage bin – V1390 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Pellet mill feed bin – V380 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Natural gas pellet dryer 1 – C307 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Natural gas pellet dryer 2 – C313 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Air pellet dryer 3 – C315 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | CMV packer bin – V384 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | CMV direct bulk bag packers – C319 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Silo 1 – V401 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Silo 2 – V402 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Silo 3 – V403 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Silo 8 – V408 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Silo 9 – V409 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Silo 10 – V410 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Silo 11 – V411 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Vacuum system 2 – V1576 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Plant feed hopper baghouse | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU003 | Plant feed hopper & conveyor – SF015, C | None | NA |

| Emittin Unit ID | Emitting Unit | Pollution control dev | NSPS |
|--------------------|--|------------------------|------|
| EU003 | Product classifier feed bin - F1701, F1702 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU004 | 66" Roller mill – M504 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | 66" Roller mill feed bin – V580 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | (3) Roller mill packers - PK1554A,B,C | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Roller mill storage bin 1 – V1551 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Roller mill storage bin 2 – V1552 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Roller mill storage bin 3 – V1553 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Roller mill packer bin – V1554 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coarse powder conveying collector - V20 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coarse powder bulk bag packer bin – V20 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | ACM 3 – V1140 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | ACM 3 feed bin – V1180 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | (4) MV packers – PK1504A,B,C,D | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | MV storage bin 1 – V1501 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | MV storage bin 2 – V1502 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | MV storage bin 3 – V1503 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | MV packer bin – V1504 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | CMV packer bin – V1594 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | (3) CMV packers – PK1596A,B,C | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Silo 4 – V404 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Silo 5 – V405 (Including Vacuum System 3 V1374) | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Silo 6 – V406 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Silo 7 – V407 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Packing room fugitive collector – V1584 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Crude load-out crusher – RC062 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Crude load-out conveyors – C061, C063, 0 C076, C077 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Crude load-out bucket elevator – E064 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Crude load-out spout – H066 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Product classifier – F1760 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | FEM holding tank – V412 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | ZSC holding tank – V414 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coated holding tank – V413 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coated packer bin – V1900 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coating system feed bin – V1880 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | (3) Coated packers – PKR1904A,B,C | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coated densifier feed bin – V1980 | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Coated product conveying collector – V18 | 0 | 000 |
| EU004 | Coated Packaging Recovery Collector – V | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Portable railcar feeder/conveyor | None | 000 |
| EU004 | Crude load-out feed hoppers & conveyor – SF060, SF073, C074 | None | 000 |
| EU004 | Crude load-out crusher hopper baghouse | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Jet Mill product collector | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |
| EU004 | Jet Mill feed bin | Fabric filter baghouse | 000 |

| Emittin | Emitting Unit | Pollution control de | NSPS |
|---------|--|------------------------|------|
| Unit ID | | | |
| EU005 | ACM 1 – V640 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU006 | ACM 1 feed bin – V680 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU007 | ACM 2 – V740 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU008 | ACM 2 feed bin – V780 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU009 | CMV product silo 1 – V382 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU010 | CMV product silo 2 – V383 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU011 | FEM 1 classifier – F817 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU012 | FEM 2 classifier – F917 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU013 | Reclaim collector – V1354 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU014 | RM/CMV truck load-out bin/spout - V13 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU015 | RM rail load-out bin – V1305 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU015 | CMV rail load-out surge bin/spout – V381 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU016 | Vacuum system 4 – V2110 | Fabric filter baghouse | NA |
| EU017 | Crude load-out dryer – C075 | Fabric filter baghouse | UUU |
| EU018 | Haul roads | Water/Chemical | NA |
| EU018 | Ore storage (outdoor) | Water/Chemical | NA |
| EU018 | Ore storage (indoor) | Water/Chemical | NA |
| EU018 | Access roads or general plant property | Water/Chemical | NA |
| EU018 | LPG Exhaust | None | NA |
| EU018 | Diesel exhaust | None | NA |
| EU018 | Truck Unloading | None | NA |
| EU018 | Ore Handling (plant) | None | NA |
| EU018 | Ore Handling (load-out), including station | None | NA |
| | railcar load-out facility | | |
| EU018 | Haul trucks | None | NA |
| EU018 | Light vehicles | None | NA |
| EU018 | Loaders | None | NA |
| EU019 | Warehouse product airwall – AW1926 | Airwall | NA |
| EU020 | Silane-Compound | NA | NA |
| EU021 | Coating System Baghouse Control | Fabric Filter Baghouse | 000 |
| EU022 | Jet Mill Boiler & Superheater (Natural Gas | None | Dc |

B. Source Description

The Magris Talc-Three Forks Mill Talc Processing Plant includes milling, refining, and packaging of talc.

C. Permit History

Permit #142-080270 was issued to United Sierra Division, Cyprus Mines Corporation on June 3, 1970, for two bag-type dust collectors.

Permit #188-090670 was issued to United Sierra Division on June 8, 1970, for the reject processing Bauer Mill with Flex-Kleen Model 84FK-80 dust collector.

Permit #673-121973 was issued to United Sierra Division on September 19, 1973, for the talc plant modernization and expansion.

Permit #1519 was issued on November 13, 1980, to Cyprus Industrial Minerals Company for a Mikro Pulsaire Dust Collector and Bin Vent Collector. The permit also covered CMV Silo #1, CMV Silo #2, JS-30 Classifier #1, JS-30 Classifier #2, Reclaiming Material Dust Collector, Bulk Loading Trucks and Bulk Loading-Rail Cars. This permit application identified information on three dust collectors (letter dated August 21, 1980). Review indicated a number of these dust collectors were constructed in 1974 as part of the plant modernization and expansion. Some of the dust collectors were constructed prior to 1974.

Permit #1703 was issued on August 3, 1982, and modified on November 22, 1983. The permit was issued to Cyprus Industrial Minerals Company for the #1 and #2 ACM Mills, ACM 50 Ton Feed Bin #1, ACM 50 Ton Feed Bin #2, and one major dust collector. The original permit application included nine Vertical Mills, plus related dust collectors, bin vents, and silos; but, on December 14, 1982, the Department of Environmental Quality (Department) was notified by Cyprus that the construction project had changed.

MAQP #2282 was issued on June 19, 1986, to Cyprus Industrial Minerals Company for a new Rail Loadout and Rotary Dryer.

On January 22, 1993, Luzenac requested a name change. On July 1, 1992, Luzenac America, Inc. purchased all properties in Montana previously owned by Cyprus Minerals Company.

MAQP #2282-01 was issued on September 13, 1994, to allow Luzenac to construct and operate the following equipment:

- a. Roller Mill Storage Bin #1 V1551
- b. Roller Mill Storage Bin #2 V1552
- c. Roller Mill Storage Bin #3 V1553
- d. MV Storage Bin #1 V1501
- e. MV Storage Bin #2 V1502
- f. MV Storage Bin #3 V1503
- g. Roller Mill Packer Bin V1554
- h. Roller Mill Packers (3)
- i. CMV Packer Bin V1594
- j. CMV Packers (3)
- k. MV Packer Bin V1504
- 1. MV Packers (4)
- m. CMV Transfer Conveyor and Bucket Elevator
- n. Packaging Room Fugitive Dust Control
- o. Packaging Conveyors
- p. Pelletizer

This new automated packaging equipment, related feed bins, dust collectors, and fans were used for the filling and palletizing of 50-pound bags of talc. This equipment was to be used instead of the existing packaging equipment, which had been in operation since the early 1970s. The existing equipment was not removed, but Luzenac did not plan to use it on a regular basis at that time. The change to the packaging system did not affect the production capacity of the plant.

The new automated packaging equipment handled three types of products: Mistron Vapor (fine grind), Compacted Mistron Vapor (pelletized), and Roller Mill (coarse grind). Only one system, or product type, can be operated at a given time with the automatic palletizing line. The emissions from the automatic packaging equipment were calculated at 14.26 tons per year (TPY). The permit review was based on all the equipment operating at the same time for modeling purposes.

The discharge from DC #1520, DC #1590, DC #1584, and DC #1570 is directed back into the packaging room during the winter months to help conserve heating costs. The discharge is ducted to the atmosphere during the summer months. The stack emission limitations apply at all times and the method of compliance remained the same. The method of compliance with the visible emissions is Method 9 (7% opacity) when the discharge is to atmosphere and a Method 22 (0% opacity) when the discharge is directed back into the packaging room. The other discharges are to the atmosphere at all times.

The material collected from all the baghouses will be put back into the process at various points.

MAQP #2282-02 was issued on October 16, 1994, to construct and install a new 66inch Roller Mill Feed Bin and 66" Roller Mill System, along with associated fabric filters. Silos #4, #5, #6, and #7, which were installed in 1983, 1986, 1986, and 1986, respectively, were also permitted.

MAQP#2282-03 was issued on July 3, 1995. Luzenac proposed to add a third ACM mill, feed bin, and related fabric filter controls to the operation to increase the process rate through the Roller Mill System. Also included in this permitting action was the replacement of existing equipment on the #3 Vacuum Cleanup System. Specifically, a portable HiVac unit was replaced with a MikroPul Reverse Pulse Jet dust collector. This system collects spillage throughout the plant.

MAQP#2282-04 was issued on September 5, 1998. Luzenac proposed a Product Classifier Circuit that consists of a 30-inch air classifier, dust collection system, and two pneumatic conveying systems to transport coarse and fine-cut powder from the classifier to existing packaging or processing systems. The project also included converting the existing Semi-bulk Bag Fill Bin into the Classifier Feed Bin and changing the baghouse used for the primary and secondary crushers into the baghouse for the Product Classifier. A new baghouse was proposed to be installed to control emissions from the primary and secondary crusher.

This permit alteration was required because the potential to emit (PTE) for the new Product Classifier was greater than 15 TPY. The activities involving the conversion of the Semi-bulk Bag Fill Bin and using a new baghouse on the crusher did not require a permit. The Semi-bulk Bag Fill Bin conversion would not result in an increase in emissions. A baghouse is not required by permit on the crushers; therefore, changing the control equipment on the crushers did not trigger permitting requirements. The allowable emissions from the Product Classifier will result in an emission increase of 3.82 TPY of particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of 10 microns or less (PM₁₀). The Product Classifier is a 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO, affected facility. Testing and reporting requirements for Subpart OOO were included in the permit. MAQP#2282-04 replaced MAQP#2282-03.

MAQP#2282-05 was issued on April 14, 1999. Luzenac proposed installation of a new coating system, new storage facilities, and new packaging system. The new coating and packaging systems were to be installed in the former old packaging area of the mill. The new silos were to be constructed immediately to the south of the existing silos.

Talc will be coated with Silane-compound in the coating system. Equipment in the coating system included the FEM Holding Tank, Coating System Feed Bin, Loss-in-Weight Feeder, Turbulizer, and Ward Mill. Particulate emissions from the coating system are to be controlled by a baghouse. Silane-compound will be pumped into the turbulizer and mixed with talc. After the coating process, the material will be pneumatically conveyed to storage silo's CB Tank #1 (now referred to as the Coated Holding Tank) and CB Tank #2. Particulate emissions will be controlled by a baghouse on each tank. Volatile organic compounds (VOC) emissions from the coating process will occur primarily in the CB Tanks. Section II.A.14 limits the facility's use of Silane-compound to 62.45 TPY. This process limit results in VOC emissions of 39.0 TPY.

Talc is pneumatically conveyed to the new coated product packaging system directly from the existing FEM 1 and 2 systems, from CB Tank #1 (now referred to as the Coated Holding Tank) and CB Tank #2, or from the New ZSC Holding Tank. The ZSC Holding Tank will store talc that has been coated with Zinc Stearate in the FEM system. Particulate emissions from the ZSC Holding Tank will be controlled by a baghouse.

Equipment in the coated product packaging system included a Coated Product Packaging Feed Bin (now referred to as the Coated Densifier Feed Bin), two Densifiers, a Packer Bin, and three Packers. Particulate emissions from the coated product packaging system are to be controlled by a baghouse on the Coated Product Packaging Feed Bin. For industrial hygiene purposes, two Airwalls will be installed. One will be installed at the packers and the other near the bag cleaning area to filter ambient air in the immediate area. In addition, a new vacuum system will be installed. Particulate emissions from the Vacuum System #4 will be controlled by a vacuum-rated baghouse. The changes proposed in MAQP Application #2282-05 will result in an increase in allowable emissions of approximately 10.8 TPY of particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of 10 microns or less (PM₁₀) and 39.0 TPY of VOCs. The testing requirements were also clarified to specifically state that testing included both opacity and particulate matter (PM).

On March 22, 1999, Luzenac submitted written comments on the preliminary determination. Luzenac commented that 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO, states that a 7% opacity limit is the only emission limit set for a baghouse that controls emissions from only an individual, enclosed storage bin (40 CFR Part 60.672(f)). The Department removed the particulate testing requirements for the FEM Holding Tank, ZSC Tank, and CB Tanks #1 and #2 prior to issuing the final permit. Luzenac was still required to conduct opacity testing. The Department retained the particulate matter limit of 0.02

grains per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) for the FEM Holding Tank, ZSC Holding Tank, and CB Tanks #1 and #2; however, initial testing was not required.

On July 21, 1999, the Department received a request from Luzenac to remove testing requirements for:

- a. The 66- inch Roller Mill System
- b. The three Roller Mill Storage Bins (#1-V1551, #2-V1552, and #3-V1553)
- c. The three MV Storage Bins (#1-V1501, #2-V1502, and #3-V1503)
- d. The four Product Silos (#4-V404, #5-V405, #6-V406, and #7-V407)

Because the units are all considered process equipment, all have very low emissions, and some have successfully demonstrated compliance in the past, the Department agreed to remove the testing for these units. The permitting action was done as a modification because the emissions will not change or increase as a result of this action.

This modification incorporated the newly submitted information concerning the design modifications for the new coating, storage, and packaging system. The design modifications included:

- a. CB Tank #1 is now referred to as the Coated Holding Tank;
- b. CB Tank #2 will not be constructed as part of the project, but Luzenac would like to leave it in the permit, as it may be constructed at a later date;
- c. Coated Product Packaging Feed Bin, now referred to as the Coated Densifier Feed Bin. This baghouse will not be used to control emissions from the packer bin and packers as originally permitted. The Coated Packer Bin will, instead, be vented by the existing Re-run Fugitive Collector, which will be refurbished and relocated. This baghouse will also provide primary dust control for the bagging operations through pick-up points near the packer spouts, and will provide dust control for a reject bag rerun hopper; and
- d. Spillage from the packaging operation will be collected and returned to the plant's existing Central Reclaim System, as will material recycled through the reject bag rerun hopper.

The design changes resulted in overall reduced emissions from the new processes. The reduction in emissions as a result of the design modifications will reduce the emissions by 1.8 TPY.

The modification also included the addition of the 20-ton semi-bulk bag fill bin #4 for improved material handling of the semi-bulk bag fill system. This additional bin was added under the Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM) 17.8.705(1)(r) (currently ARM 17.8.745) and therefore, did not require a permit, but was added to the permit at this time for clarification purposes. **MAQP#2282-06** replaced MAQP#2282-05.

On September 21, 1999, the Department received a request from Luzenac to remove testing requirements for the Roller Mill Packers. The Department agreed with this

change because the Roller Mill Packers are vented inside the mill building. **MAQP#2282-07** replaced MAQP#2282-06.

On November 18, 1999, the Department received a request for a de minimis determination for the installation of a vacuum-rated baghouse, which would be used to move coated talc from the Ward Mill under negative pressure to the Coated Holding Tank. Originally, Luzenac had planned to use a rotary airlock feeder and positive pressure to convey the coated talc from the Ward Mill; however, this system proved to be inadequate upon startup.

As a result of this new system, it was no longer necessary to vent the Ward Mill back to the coating system feed bin as proposed in the original design. The new vacuum-rated baghouse, referred to as the Coated Product Conveying Collector, was an IAC Model No. 54TB-FRIP-21:S6 Pulse Jet Filter, venting approximately 750 actual cubic feet per minute (acfm) of air through 21 bags at a 5.2:1 air-to-cloth ratio. The increase in emissions resulting from this new baghouse, which was ultimately used as process equipment for conveying purposes, was 0.56 TPY of PM₁₀. Because the increase in emissions was below the threshold for de minimis, and the change did not conflict with existing limitations within the permit, the Department agreed that this change at the facility was a de minimis change. **MAQP#2282-08** replaced MAQP#2282-07.

On February 4, 2000, the Department received, from Luzenac, a revised request for a de minimis determination and modification of MAQP#2282-08 for the installation of a new vacuum-rated baghouse referred to as the Coarse Powder Conveying Collector (IAC Model No. 54TB-FRI-14:S6 pulse jet filter). The request was revised from a previous permit modification request, containing incorrect information, submitted to the Department on January 26, 2000. The Coarse Powder Conveying Collector would have the capacity to vent up to 700 acfm of air through 14 bags at a 7.8:1 air-to-cloth ratio.

The Coarse Powder Conveying Collector would be utilized as a process application (pneumatic conveyor) to convey talc from the Coarse Powder Bulk Bag Packing Bin (V2080) under negative pressure. Because the Coarse Powder Conveying Collector would be utilized as a process application and not as a pollution control device, the de minimis determination was made using maximum uncontrolled emission calculations with the baghouse in place. The potential emissions from the proposed Coarse Powder Conveying Collector are less than 15 TPY. Therefore, the addition of the baghouse complied with ARM 17.8.705(1)(r) (currently ARM 17.8.745) and this permit action was considered a permit modification.

The Coarse Powder Conveying Collector was subject to new source performance standards (NSPS) under 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO. Because the baghouse would vent exclusively inside the mill building, Luzenac requested that the Department evaluate and remove the requirement for initial Method 5 and Method 9 source testing, for the purpose of demonstrating compliance.

Further, on February 8, 2000, the Department received a separate request for modification of MAQP #2282-08. The modification request involved the removal of testing requirements for other process equipment subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO. During a review of construction progress at the Three Forks Mill, Luzenac discovered that several stacks requiring initial Method 5 and or Method 9 source testing vent

exclusively within the mill with no associated outdoor emissions. As with the Coarse Powder Conveying Collector described previously, because the affected equipment vents exclusively to the indoor mill environment, Luzenac requested that the initial source testing requirements be removed from the following list of NSPS-affected process equipment:

- a. Coated Densifier Feed Bin (V1980)
- b. Coarse Powder Bulk Bag Packer Bin (V2080, Formerly the 20 ton Semi-Bulk Bag Fill Bin #4)
- c. Coating System Feed Bin (V1880)
- d. Coated Packer Bin (V1900)
- e. Coated Product Conveyor Collector

40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO, does not contain any provisions to exempt a source from initial source testing requirements. Further, 40 CFR Part 60 does not contain provisions to waive performance source testing on the sole basis of indoor venting of emissions. However, the "Administrator" or administrative authority, as defined in 40 CFR Part 60.8, can waive the requirement for initial performance source testing on a case-by-case basis. Through source testing, Luzenac has demonstrated to the Department's satisfaction that similar emission sources within the talc mill have been consistently in compliance and, thus, at the "Administrator's" discretion, met the criteria for initial source testing waiver under 40 CFR Part 60.8(b)(4).

Therefore, the question was whether the Department is the "Administrator" and has administrative authority to waive the initial source testing requirements for the abovecited equipment under 40 CFR Part 60.8. In accordance with current Department guidance regarding this issue, the Department must acquire formal EPA approval prior to issuance of the waiver.

Therefore, in a letter dated March 6, 2000, the Department requested a formal determination from EPA regarding this issue. The Department did not waive the initial source testing requirement for the above-cited NSPS affected sources, pending EPA's response and formal determination regarding this issue. In a letter to EPA, the Department requested administrative authority and included that if the Department did not receive a determination from EPA, it would be assumed that EPA agrees with the source testing waiver and has given the state of Montana administrative authority to formally waive the initial source testing as described above. The Department did not receive a response from EPA and thus assumed administrative authority and waived NSPS testing as described above.

As defined in Section II.A.15 and II.A.16 of this permit, because the Coated Product Conveying Collector (baghouse) and the Coarse Powder Conveying Collector (baghouse) are utilized to convey talc from individual enclosed storage bins, the sources are subject to opacity limits, but not particulate limits as defined in 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO.

Finally, the current permit action changed the name of the 20-ton Semi-Bulk Bag Fill Bin #4 to the Coarse Powder Bulk Bag Packer Bin (V2080). **MAQP#2282-09** replaced MAQP#2282-08.

On April 18, 2000, the Department received a request for a de minimis determination and modification of MAQP#2282-09. The proposed action involved utilizing the baghouse venting the Powder Bulk Bag Storage Bin (V1390) to recover talc lost during packaging in the Coated Product portion of the Luzenac plant. To facilitate this, Luzenac utilized an existing (unused) duct, extended from the Powder Bulk Bag Storage Bin baghouse (V1390) to the Coated Product Packaging hopper. Previously, talc spilled during bag filling operations was collected in the hopper and removed by an educator. In a previous permit action, Luzenac permitted a Coated Product Packaging Airwall to recover secondary fugitive dust in the packaging area. However, in an effort to minimize noise and other industrial hygiene related concerns, the changes under MAQP#2282-10 replaced the previously permitted Coated Product Packaging Airwall and eliminated the need for the educator on the hopper. Finally, because the baghouse previously utilized to vent the Powder Bulk Bag Storage Bin (V1390) now vents the Coated Product Packaging operation, Luzenac re-furbished and re-installed the Twin Bin Vent baghouse, which was removed from service in 1999, to vent the Powder Bulk Bag Storage Bin. In addition, the name of the former Powder

Bulk Bag Storage Bin (V1390) baghouse was changed to the Coated Product Packaging baghouse and the name of the former Twin Bin Vent baghouse was changed to the Powder Bulk Bag Storage Bin baghouse.

In addition to the above-cited request, the permit action also involved stack modifications for the Coated Product Packaging baghouse and the new Powder Bulk Bag Storage Bin Baghouse. These stacks, initially installed to vent within the mill building, were extended through the walls to vent to the outdoor atmosphere. Again, this change was made to reduce industrial hygiene and other safety concerns.

Further, on July 1, 2000, the Department received a separate de minimis determination and request for the modification of MAQP#2282-09. This request involved installing a baghouse (product collector) on one of the Crude Load-Out hoppers and the Plant Feed hopper, which were previously uncontrolled emission points. The Crude Load-Out baghouse controls emissions from two sources, including the Crude Load-Out Hopper and stockpiling in the Dry Bay, and the Plant Feed baghouse controls emissions from the Plant Feed Hopper only.

Potential emissions from the project, as a whole, were less than 15 TPY. Therefore, addition of the Coated Product Packaging baghouse, the new Powder Bulk Bag Storage Bin baghouse, the Crude Load-Out baghouse, and the Plant Feed baghouse were accomplished in accordance with ARM 17.8.705(1)(r) (currently ARM 17.8.745) and the permit action was considered a permit modification. Potential emission calculations for this permitting action are contained in the emission inventory in Section III of the permit analysis for MAQP#2282-10.

It was determined that the Coated Packaging Recovery Collector (baghouse) is subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO. Further, it was determined that the Powder Bulk Bag Storage bin collector (baghouse) is not an affected facility and therefore, is not subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO. Finally, the baghouses controlling fugitive emissions from the Crude Load-Out and Plant Feed hoppers are not subject to NSPS, as they are exempt pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60.672(d). **MAQP#2282-10** replaced MAQP#2282-09.

On June 7, 2002, the Department received notification of the installation and operation of a portable feeder/conveyor to be used for railcar talc ore unloading operations at the Luzenac facility. Potential uncontrolled emissions from the portable feeder/conveyor were determined to be less than 15 TPY; therefore, the equipment was added to the permitted equipment list in accordance with ARM 17.8.705(1)(r) (currently ARM 17.8.745). An emission inventory demonstrating compliance with ARM 17.8.705(1)(r) was included in Section IV of the permit analysis for this permit.

Further, the June 7, 2002, submittal from Luzenac indicated that railcar unloading operations, such as that proposed, were not subject to the requirements of 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO. The Department disagreed with this determination, in part. In accordance with 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO, the material transfer points between the railcar and the portable feeder and the material transfer point between the portable conveyor and the talc ore stock pile were not subject to NSPS requirements. However, the material transfer point between the portable feeder and conveyor was determined to be subject to NSPS requirements.

In addition, on September 23, 2002, during permit processing, the Department received a request to change the existing testing schedule for NSPS affected sources from an every 4-year test schedule to an every 5-year test schedule. In accordance with the Department's "Revised Testing Schedule" guidance (December 4, 1998), after the required initial compliance source test, NSPS-affected sources with the PTE less than 50 TPY shall be tested, "as required by the Department".

Because numerous baghouses and bin vents at the Luzenac facility are considered process equipment rather than control equipment, calculation and determination of the potential to emit from these sources is based on the grain loading control factor of the process baghouse or bin vent associated with the NSPS affected source. Using the grain loading control factor of 0.02 gr/dscf (NSPS Limit) resulted in a calculated potential to emit of less than 50 TPY for each NSPS-affected process baghouse and/or bin vent at the Luzenac facility. Therefore, in accordance with the Department's "Revised Testing Schedule" the Department modified Luzenac's testing schedule for affected sources from required testing on an every 4-year schedule to testing "as required by the Department" for all affected units. The affected units remained subject to initial source testing requirements, unless otherwise noted. **MAQP#2282-11** replaced MAQP#2282-10. Finally, various sections of the permit were updated to reflect current Department permitting language and format.

On May 2, 2003, the Department received a request from Luzenac for an administrative amendment to MAQP#2282-11. Specifically, Luzenac requested a change to the emitting unit (EU) identification numbers in the permit to correspond with the proposed EU identification numbers under an ongoing Title V operating permit modification (#OP2282-01).

In addition, Luzenac proposed the removal of condition II.A.4 of the existing permit to allow for additional product type packaging operations. The condition previously limited Luzenac to packaging only one type of product at any given time in the automated packaging system as established under MAQP#2282-01. Based on review of the permit action and analysis conducted for MAQP#2282-01, the Department determined that the condition was inappropriately included in the permit.

Further, the proposed packaging line changes included the installation and operation of 2 additional new pick-up points for the existing packaging room fugitive collector (V1584). Since these pick-up points vent directly to the packaging room fugitive collector (V1584), which is permitted for capacity operations, the installation and operation of the new pick-up points did not increase potential emissions. Finally, the Department updated all rule references to reflect the recent ARM Chapter 17.8, Subchapter 7, rule revisions. MAQP#2282-12 replaced MAQP#2282-11.

In accordance with the provisions contained in the de minimis rule, on June 1, 2007, the Department received notification of a changed condition of operation that did not result in any increase in potential emissions from the Luzenac facility and a request for an administrative amendment to MAQP#2282-12 in accordance with ARM 17.8.764. Specifically, Luzenac requested clarification and re-characterization of the requirement contained in Section II.A.11 of MAQP#2282-12, which limited Amino-Silane coating throughput in the talc product coating system. Luzenac is proposing to maintain the applicable throughput limit but change the condition specifically limiting Amino-Silane coating throughput to a more general requirement limiting Silane-compound throughput. The current permit action amends the condition as requested.

Further, in accordance with the de minimis rule, on January 22, 2007, Luzenac provided the Department with written notification for the addition of a stationary ore unloading pit and associated equipment. This permit action updated the list of facility equipment and the emission inventory contained in the Permit Analysis to include the stationary ore unloading pit and associated equipment. **MAQP#2282-13** replaced MAQP#2282-12.

On November 13, 2007, the Department received a de minimis notification for Luzenac from Rio Tinto Minerals. The notification was for a project involving the addition of a Jet Mill and an associated natural gas boiler and super heater. The Jet Mill is subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO and the boiler is subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc. In addition, on December 21, 2007, the Department received notification from Rio Tinto that the Pallet conveyor airwall had been relocated and the name changed to the Warehouse product airwall.

The Department also made some administrative corrections, including to remove EU021 "Packaging Systems" and reassign the number EU021 to the fabric filter baghouse control (renamed "Coating System Baghouse Control") to align with the Title V operating permit; remove Vacuum System #1 which was removed from the facility; and correct the limitation under Section II.A.1 to read "0.022" rather than "0.02"gr/dscf. **MAQP#2282-14** replaced MAQP#2282-13.

On October 31, 2011, the Department received a request to transfer ownership of the Three Forks Mill from Rio Tinto Minerals/Luzenac America, Inc. to Imerys Talc America, Inc. Authorization to make the change was received from the responsible official on November 14, 2011. The permit action was an administrative amendment pursuant to ARM 17.8.764 that transferred ownership of the Three Forks Mill as requested. In addition to accounting for this transfer of ownership, the permit updated rule references along with the permit format. **MAQP #2282-15** replaced MAQP #2282-14.

D. Current Permit Action

On January 15, 2021, the Department received a request to transfer ownership of Imerys Talc America, Inc. – Three Forks Mill to Magris Talc USA, Inc. The current permit action is an administrative amendment pursuant to the ARM 17.8.764 that transfers ownership of Imerys Talc America, Inc., as requested. **MAQP #2282-16** replaces MAQP #2282-15.

E. Additional Information

Additional information, such as applicable rules and regulations, Best Available Control Technology (BACT)/Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT) determinations, air quality impacts, and environmental assessments, is included in the analysis associated with each change to the permit.

II. Applicable Rules and Regulations

The following are partial explanations of some applicable rules and regulations that apply to the facility. The complete rules are stated in the ARM and are available, upon request, from the Department. Upon request, the Department will provide references for location of complete copies of all applicable rules and regulations or copies where appropriate.

- A. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 1, General Provisions, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. <u>ARM 17.8.101 Definitions</u>. This rule includes a list of applicable definitions used in this chapter, unless indicated otherwise in a specific subchapter.
 - 2. <u>ARM 17.8.105 Testing Requirements</u>. Any person or persons responsible for the emissions of any air contaminant into the outdoor atmosphere shall, upon written request of the Department, provide the facilities and necessary equipment, including instruments and sensing devices, and shall conduct tests, emission or ambient, for such periods of time as may be necessary using methods approved by the Department.
 - 3. <u>ARM 17.8.106 Source Testing Protocol</u>. The requirements of this rule apply to any emission source testing conducted by the Department, any source, or other entity as required by any rule in this chapter, or any permit or order issued pursuant to this chapter, or the provisions of the Clean Air Act of Montana, 75-2-101, *et seq.*, Montana Code Annotated (MCA).

Magris Talc shall comply with the requirements contained in the Montana Source Test Protocol and Procedures Manual, including, but not limited to, using the proper test methods and supplying the required reports. A copy of the Montana Source Test Protocol and Procedures Manual is available from the Department upon request.

4. <u>ARM 17.8.110 Malfunctions</u>. (2) The Department must be notified promptly by telephone whenever a malfunction occurs that can be expected to create emissions in excess of any applicable emission limitation, or to continue for a period greater than 4 hours.

- 5. <u>ARM 17.8.111 Circumvention</u>. (1) No person shall cause or permit the installation or use of any device or any means that, without resulting in reduction of the total amount of air contaminant emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission of air contaminant that would otherwise violate an air pollution control regulation. (2) No equipment that may produce emissions shall be operated or maintained in such a manner as to create a public nuisance.
- B. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 2, Ambient Air Quality. The following ambient air quality standards or requirements apply, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. ARM 17.8.204 Ambient Air Monitoring
 - 2. ARM 17.8.210 Ambient Air Quality Standards for Sulfur Dioxide
 - 3. ARM 17.8.211 Ambient Air Quality Standards for Nitrogen Dioxide
 - 4. ARM 17.8.212 Ambient Air Quality Standards for Carbon Monoxide
 - 5. ARM 17.8.213 Ambient Air Quality Standard for Ozone
 - 6. ARM 17.8.214 Ambient Air Quality Standard for Hydrogen Sulfide
 - 7. ARM 17.8.220 Ambient Air Quality Standard for Settled Particulate Matter
 - 8. ARM 17.8.221 Ambient Air Quality Standard for Visibility
 - 9. <u>ARM 17.8.222 Ambient Air Quality Standard for Lead</u>
 - 10. ARM 17.8.223 Ambient Air Quality Standard for PM10

Magris Talc must maintain compliance with the applicable ambient air quality standards.

- C. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 3, Emission Standards, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. <u>ARM 17.8.304 Visible Air Contaminants</u>. This rule requires that no person may cause or authorize emissions to be discharged into the outdoor atmosphere from any source installed after November 23, 1968, that exhibit an opacity of 20% or greater averaged over 6 consecutive minutes.

Some of the equipment installed at this facility is subject to an opacity limit pursuant to the NSPS. ARM 17.8.304(4)(d) exempts NSPS sources from the 20% opacity limit if the applicable subpart has a visible emission standard.

- 2. <u>ARM 17.8.308 Particulate Matter, Airborne</u>. (1) This rule requires an opacity limitation of 20% for all fugitive emissions sources and that reasonable precautions are taken to control emissions of airborne particulate matter.
- 3. <u>ARM 17.8.309 Particulate Matter, Fuel Burning Equipment</u>. This rule requires that no person shall cause, allow, or permit to be discharged into the atmosphere, particulate matter caused by the combustion of fuel in excess of the amount determined by this rule.
- 4. <u>ARM 17.8.310 Particulate Matter, Industrial Process</u>. This rule requires that no person shall cause, allow, or permit to be discharged into the atmosphere particulate matter in excess of the amount set forth in this rule.

- 5. <u>ARM 17.8.322 Sulfur Oxide Emissions--Sulfur in Fuel</u>. This rule requires that no person shall burn liquid, solid, or gaseous fuel in excess of the amount set forth in this rule.
- 6. <u>ARM 17.8.324 Hydrocarbon Emissions--Petroleum Products</u>. (3) No person shall load or permit the loading of gasoline into any stationary tank with a capacity of 250 gallons or more from any tank truck or trailer, except through a permanently submerged fill pipe, unless such tank is equipped with a vapor loss control device as described in (1) of this rule.
- <u>ARM 17.8.340 Standard of Performance for New Stationary Sources and Emission</u> <u>Guidelines for Existing Sources</u>. This rule incorporates, by reference, 40 CFR Part 60, NSPS. Magris Talc is considered an NSPS affected facility under 40 CFR Part 60 and is subject to the requirements of the following subparts:
 - a. <u>40 CFR 60, Subpart A General Provisions</u> apply to all equipment or facilities subject to an NSPS Subpart as listed below:
 - b. <u>40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units</u>. The natural gas Jet Mill boiler is subject to this NSPS since the heat input capacity is greater than 10 million British units per hour (MMBtu/hr) and was constructed after June 9, 1989.
 - c. <u>40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO Standards of Performance for Non-Metallic</u> <u>Mineral Processing Plants</u>. Magris Talc sources subject to NSPS include, but are not limited to, the facilities identified in Section II.A of the permit.
 - d. <u>40 CFR 60, Subpart UUU Standards of Performance for Calciners and</u> <u>Dryers in Mineral Industries</u>. This subpart is applicable to dryers at mineral processing plants, such as that used at the Magris Talc facility, which were constructed or reconstructed after April 23, 1986. Since the Crude Rotary Dryer was constructed after April 23, 1986, Subpart UUU is applicable to this source at the Magris Talc facility.
- D. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 5, Air Quality Permit Application, Operation and Open Burning Fees, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. <u>ARM 17.8.504 Air Quality Permit Application Fees</u>. This rule requires that an applicant submit an air quality permit application fee concurrent with the submittal of an air quality permit application. A permit application is incomplete until the proper application fee is paid to the Department. Magris Talc was not required to submit an application fee for the current permit action because it is considered an administrative amendment.
 - 2. <u>ARM 17.8.505 Air Quality Operation Fees</u>. An annual air quality operation fee must, as a condition of continued operation, be submitted to the Department by each source of air contaminants holding an air quality permit, excluding an open burning permit, issued by the Department. The air quality operation fee is based on the actual or estimated actual amount of air pollutants emitted during the previous calendar year.

An air quality operation fee is separate and distinct from an air quality permit application fee. The annual assessment and collection of the air quality operation fee, described above, shall take place on a calendar-year basis. The Department may insert into any final permit issued after the effective date of these rules such conditions as may be necessary to require the payment of an air quality operation fee on a calendar-year basis, including provisions that prorate the required fee amount.

- E. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 7, Permit, Construction and Operation of Air Contaminant Sources, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. <u>ARM 17.8.740 Definitions</u>. This rule is a list of applicable definitions used in this chapter, unless indicated otherwise in a specific subchapter.
 - 2. <u>ARM 17.8.743 Montana Air Quality Permits--When Required</u>. This rule requires a person to obtain an air quality permit or permit modification to construct, modify, or use any asphalt plant, crusher or screen that has the PTE greater than 15 TPY of any pollutant. Magris Talc has the PTE greater than 15 TPY of PM₁₀; therefore, an air quality permit is required.
 - 3. <u>ARM 17.8.744 Montana Air Quality Permits--General Exclusions</u>. This rule identifies the activities that are not subject to the Montana Air Quality Permit program.
 - 4. <u>ARM 17.8.745 Montana Air Quality Permits—Exclusion for De Minimis Changes</u>. This rule identifies the de minimis changes at permitted facilities that do not require a permit under the Montana Air Quality Permit Program.
 - 5. <u>ARM 17.8.748 New or Modified Emitting Units--Permit Application Requirements</u>. (1) This rule requires that a permit application be submitted prior to installation, modification, or use of a source. The current permit action is an administrative amendment conducted in accordance with ARM 17.8.764 and does not require submittal of a permit application. (7) This rule requires that the applicant notify the public by means of legal publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the area affected by the application for a permit. The current permit action is an administrative amendment and does not require an affidavit of public notice.
 - 6. <u>ARM 17.8.749 Conditions for Issuance or Denial of Permit</u>. This rule requires that the permits issued by the Department must authorize the construction and operation of the facility or emitting unit subject to the conditions in the permit and the requirements of this subchapter. This rule also requires that the permit must contain any conditions necessary to assure compliance with the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA), the Clean Air Act of Montana, and rules adopted under those acts.
 - 7. <u>ARM 17.8.752 Emission Control Requirements</u>. This rule requires a source to install the maximum air pollution control capability that is technically practicable and economically feasible, except that BACT shall be utilized. The required BACT analysis is included in Section III of this permit analysis.
 - 8. <u>ARM 17.8.755 Inspection of Permit</u>. This rule requires that air quality permits shall be made available for inspection by the Department at the location of the source.

- 9. <u>ARM 17.8.756 Compliance with Other Requirements</u>. This rule states that nothing in the permit shall be construed as relieving Magris Talc of the responsibility for complying with any applicable federal or Montana statute, rule, or standard, except as specifically provided in ARM 17.8.740, *et seq*.
- 10. <u>ARM 17.8.759 Review of Permit Applications</u>. This rule describes the Department's responsibilities for processing permit applications and making permit decisions on those permit applications that do not require the preparation of an environmental impact statement.
- 11. <u>ARM 17.8.762 Duration of Permit</u>. An air quality permit shall be valid until revoked or modified, as provided in this subchapter, except that a permit issued prior to construction of a new or modified source may contain a condition providing that the permit will expire unless construction is commenced within the time specified in the permit, which in no event may be less than 1 year after the permit is issued.
- 12. <u>ARM 17.8.763 Revocation of Permit</u>. An air quality permit may be revoked upon written request of the permittee, or for violations of any requirement of the Clean Air Act of Montana, rules adopted under the Clean Air Act of Montana, the FCAA, rules adopted under the FCAA, or any applicable requirement contained in the Montana State Implementation Plan (SIP).
- 13. <u>ARM 17.8.764 Administrative Amendment to Permit</u>. An air quality permit may be amended for changes in any applicable rules and standards adopted by the Board of Environmental Review (Board) or changed conditions of operation at a source or stack that do not result in an increase of emissions as a result of those changed conditions. The owner or operator of a facility may not increase the facility's emissions beyond permit limits unless the increase meets the criteria in ARM 17.8.745 for a de minimis change not requiring a permit, or unless the owner or operator applies for and receives another permit in accordance with ARM 17.8.748, ARM 17.8.749, ARM 17.8.752, ARM 17.8.755, and ARM 17.8.756, and with all applicable requirements in ARM Title 17, Chapter 8, Subchapters 8, 9, and 10. The current permit is an administrative amendment.
- 14. <u>ARM 17.8.765 Transfer of Permit</u>. This rule states that an air quality permit may be transferred from one person to another if written notice of intent to transfer, including the names of the transferor and the transferee, is sent to the Department.
- F. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 8, Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. <u>ARM 17.8.801 Definitions</u>. This rule is a list of applicable definitions used in this subchapter.
 - 2. <u>ARM 17.8.818 Review of Major Stationary Sources and Major Modifications--Source</u> <u>Applicability and Exemptions</u>. The requirements contained in ARM 17.8.819 through ARM 17.8.827 shall apply to any major stationary source and any major modification, with respect to each pollutant subject to regulation under the FCAA that it would emit, except as this subchapter would otherwise allow.

Talc processing is not a listed source. Magris Talc does have the PTE more than 250 TPY of particulate; however, the current permit action will not increase emissions at the plant to a level which exceeds any applicable significant emission threshold as defined in ARM 17.8, Subchapter 8. Therefore, the current permit action does not trigger major New Source Review.

G. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 10 – Preconstruction Permit Requirements for Major Stationary Sources or Major Modifications Located Within Attainment or Unclassified Areas, including, but not limited to:

<u>ARM 17.8.1004 When Air Quality Preconstruction Permit Required</u>. The current permit action is not a major modification. Therefore, the requirements of this subchapter do not apply to the current permit action.

- H. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 12, Operating Permit Program Applicability, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. <u>ARM 17.8.1201 Definitions</u>. (23) Major Source under Section 7412 of the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA) is defined as any stationary source having:
 - a. PTE > 100 TPY of any pollutant;
 - b. PTE > 10 TPY of any one Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP), PTE >25 TPY of a combination of all HAPs, or a lesser quantity as the Department may establish by rule; or
 - c. PTE > 70 TPY of PM_{10} in a serious PM_{10} nonattainment area.
 - <u>ARM 17.8.1204 Air Quality Operating Permit Program</u>. (1) Title V of the FCAA amendments of 1990 requires that all sources, as defined in ARM 17.8.1204(1), obtain a Title V Operating Permit. In reviewing and issuing MAQP #2282-16 for Magris Talc, the following conclusions were made:
 - a. The facility's PTE is greater than 100 TPY for PM_{10} .
 - b. The facility's PTE is less than 10 TPY for any one HAP and less than 25 tons/year for all HAPs.
 - c. This source is not located in a serious PM_{10} nonattainment area.
 - d. This facility is subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO, *Standards of Performance for Non-Metallic Mineral Processing*, 40 CFR 60, Subpart UUU, Standards of Performance for Calciners and Dryers in Mineral Industries and 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc *Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units.*
 - e. This facility is not subject to any current NESHAP.
 - f. This source is not a Title IV affected source, nor a solid waste combustion unit.

g. This source is not an EPA designated Title V source.

Based on these facts, the Department determined that Magris Talc is subject to the Title V operating permit program.

III. BACT Determination

A BACT determination is required for each new or modified source. Magris Talc shall install on the new or modified source(s) the maximum air pollution control capability which is technically practicable and economically feasible, except that BACT shall be utilized. The current permit action is an administrative amendment and does not require BACT review.

| | Facility-Wide PM ₁₀ Emission Inventory | | |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| EU Number | Emitting Unit Name and Number | PM ₁₀ Emissions (TPY) | |
| EU001 | Boiler 1 | 1.51 | |
| EU002 | Boiler 2 | 1.80 | |
| EU003 | EU003 - Primary and Secondary crushers – RC025 and RC0 Belt conveyors – C030, C040, C050, C060; Bucket elevator - E045 | 146.04 | |
| EU003 | 60" Roller mill – M104 | 94.91 | |
| EU003 | 60" Roller mill feed bin – V180 | 94.91 | |
| EU003 | 54" Roller mill – M204 | 57.69 | |
| EU003 | 54" Roller mill feed bin – V280 | 57.69 | |
| EU003 | FEM 1 – F807 | 36.26 | |
| EU003 | FEM 1 feed bin – V880 | 36.26 | |
| EU003 | FEM 1 cooling collector – F811 | 36.26 | |
| EU003 | FEM 2 – F907 | 36.26 | |
| EU003 | FEM 2 feed bin – V980 | 36.26 | |
| EU003 | FEM 2 cooling collector – F911 | 36.26 | |
| EU003 | Powder bulk bag packer bin – V1380 | 94.91 | |
| EU003 | Powder bulk bag storage bin – V1390 | 57.69 | |
| EU003 | Pellet mill feed bin – V380 | 120.44 | |
| EU003 | Natural gas pellet dryer 1 – C307; Natural gas pellet dryer 2 C313; Air pellet dryer 3 – C315 | 251.44 | |
| EU003 | CMV packer bin – V384 | 120.44 | |
| EU003 | CMV direct bulk bag packers – C319 | Ventilated by Pellet Dryers | |
| EU003 | Silo 1 – V401 | 31.22 | |
| EU003 | Silo 2 – V402 | 31.22 | |
| EU003 | Silo 3 – V403 | 57.69 | |
| EU003 | Silo 8 – V408 | 57.69 | |
| EU003 | Silo 9 – V409 | 57.69 | |
| EU003 | Silo 10 – V410 | 57.69 | |
| EU003 | Silo 11 – V411 | 46.29 | |
| EU003 | Vacuum system 2 – V1576 | 17.96 | |

IV. Emission Inventory

| Facility-Wide PM ₁₀ Emission Inventory | | | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| EU | Emitting Unit Name and Number | PM ₁₀ Emissions | |
| Number | | (TPY) | |
| EU003 | Product classifier feed bin – F1701, F1702 | 57.69 | |
| EU003 | Plant feed hopper baghouse | 0.72 | |
| EU003 | Plant feed hopper & conveyor – SF015, C020 | 0.72 | |
| EU004 | 66" Roller mill – M504 | 2.15 | |
| EU004 | 66" Roller mill feed bin – V580 | 1.04 | |
| EU004 | (3) Roller mill packers - PK1554A,B,C | Ventilated by | |
| 10001 | | Roller Mill Packer | |
| | | Bin (V1554) | |
| EU004 | Roller mill storage bin 1 – V1551 | 1.13 | |
| EU004 | Roller mill storage bin $2 - V1552$ | 1.13 | |
| EU004 EU004 | Roller mill storage bin $2 - \sqrt{1552}$ | 1.13 | |
| EU004 EU004 | | 2.67 | |
| | Roller mill packer bin – V1554 | | |
| EU004 | Coarse powder conveying collector – V2015 | 0.44 | |
| EU004 | Coarse powder bulk bag packer bin – V2080 | 0.78 | |
| EU004 | ACM 3 – V1140 | 7.23 | |
| EU004 | ACM 3 feed bin – V1180 | 1.50 | |
| EU004 | (4) MV packers – PK1504A,B,C,D | Ventilated by MV | |
| | | Packer Bin (V1504) | |
| EU004 | MV storage bin 1 – V1501 | 1.13 | |
| EU004 | MV storage bin 2 – V1502 | 1.13 | |
| EU004 | MV storage bin 3 – V1503 | 1.13 | |
| EU004 | MV packer bin – V1504 | 3.20 | |
| EU004 | CMV packer bin – V1594 | 2.67 | |
| EU004 | (3) CMV packers – PK1596A,B,C | Ventilated by CMV | |
| | | Packer Bin (V1594) | |
| EU004 | Silo 4 – V404 | 1.35 | |
| EU004 | Silo 5 – V405 (including Vacuum System 3 – | 1.71 | |
| 10001 | V1374) | 1.71 | |
| EU004 | Silo 6 – V406 | 1.35 | |
| EU004 | Silo 7 – V407 | 1.35 | |
| EU004 | Packing room fugitive collector – V1584 | 9.93 | |
| EU004 EU004 | Crude load-out crusher – RC062; Crude load-out conveyors | | |
| EU004 | C061, C063, C065, C076, C077; Crude load-out bucket elev | | |
| | E064 | | |
| ELIO04 | | 1 [1 | |
| EU004 | Crude load-out spout – H066 | 1.51 | |
| EU004 | Product classifier – F1760 | 6.68 | |
| EU004 | FEM holding tank – V412 | 0.78 | |
| EU004 | ZSC holding tank – V414 | 0.78 | |
| EU004 | Coated holding tank – V413 | 0.78 | |
| EU004 | Coated packer bin – V1900 | 1.91 | |
| EU004 | Coating system feed bin – V1880 | 0.78 | |
| EU004 | (3) Coated packers – PKR1904A,B,C | Ventilated by | |
| | | Coated Packer Bin | |
| | | (V1900) | |
| EU004 | Coated densifier feed bin – V1980 | 0.78 | |
| EU004 | Coated product conveying collector - V1850 | 0.47 | |

| | Facility-Wide PM ₁₀ Emission Inventory | | |
|-----------|--|----------------------------|--|
| EU | Emitting Unit Name and Number | PM ₁₀ Emissions | |
| Number | | (TPY) | |
| EU004 | Coated packaging recovery collector - V1990 | 3.34 | |
| EU004 | Portable railcar feeder/conveyor | 4.60 | |
| EU004 | Crude load-out crusher hopper baghouse | 0.72 | |
| EU004 | Crude load-out feed hoppers & conveyor – SF060, SF073, C074 | 0.72 | |
| EU004 | Jet Mill product collector | 5.98 | |
| EU004 | Jet Mill feed bin | 0.77 | |
| EU005 | ACM 1 – V640 | 7.23 | |
| EU006 | ACM 1 feed bin – V680 | 1.04 | |
| EU007 | ACM 2 – V740 | 7.23 | |
| EU008 | ACM 2 feed bin – V780 | 1.04 | |
| EU009 | CMV product silo 1 – V382 | 1.04 | |
| EU010 | CMV product silo 2 – V383 | 1.04 | |
| EU011 | FEM 1 classifier – F817 | 4.91 | |
| EU012 | FEM 2 classifier – F917 | 4.91 | |
| EU013 | Reclaim collector – V1354 | 10.02 | |
| EU014 | RM/CMV truck load-out bin/spout - V1304 | 110.21 | |
| EU015 | RM rail load-out bin – V1305 | 1.50 | |
| EU015 | CMV rail load-out surge bin/spout – V381 | 7.49 | |
| EU016 | Vacuum system 4 – V2110 | 0.31 | |
| EU017 | Crude load-out dryer – C075 | 22.97 | |
| EU018 | Haul roads; Haul trucks; Light vehicles; Loaders; Forklifts; I Trucks; Stationary Railcar Load-Out Facility; Access roads c general plant property | 10.47 | |
| EU018 | Ore storage (Indoor and Outdoor) | 0.24 | |
| EU018 | Diesel exhaust | 0.54 | |
| EU018 | Gasoline fuel combustion | 0.04 | |
| EU018 | LPG fuel | 0.006 | |
| EU018 | Truck Unloading | 0.004 | |
| EU018 | Ore Handling (plant) | 0.08 | |
| EU018 | Ore Handling (load-out) | 0.08 | |
| EU018 | Building Vents | 2.75 | |
| EU019 | Warehouse product airwall – AW1926 | 0.99 | |
| EU020 | Silane Compound | 1.06 | |
| EU021 | Coating System Baghouse Control | 6.37 | |
| EU022 | Jet Mill Boiler & Superheater (Natural Gas) | 0.47 | |
| Total Pot | ential PM ₁₀ Emissions | 2015.84 | |

• A complete emission inventory is on file with the Department.

V. Existing Air Quality

The Magris Talc - Three Forks Mill talc processing plant is located in Section 36, Township 2 North, Range 1 East, Gallatin County, Montana. The air quality of this area is classified as either better than national standards or unclassifiable attainment of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for criteria pollutants.

VI. Ambient Air Impact Analysis

The Department determined that there will be no impacts from this permitting action because this permitting action is considered an administrative action. Therefore, the Department believes this action will not cause or contribute to a violation of any ambient air quality standard.

VII. Taking or Damaging Implication Analysis

As required by 2-10-101 through 105, MCA, the Department conducted a private property taking and damaging assessment and determined there are no taking or damaging implications.

| YES | NO | |
|-----|----|--|
| Х | | 1. Does the action pertain to land or water management or environmental regulation |
| | | affecting private real property or water rights? |
| | X | 2. Does the action result in either a permanent or indefinite physical occupation of private |
| | Δ | property? |
| | X | 3. Does the action deny a fundamental attribute of ownership? (ex.: right to exclude others, |
| | | disposal of property) |
| | Х | 4. Does the action deprive the owner of all economically viable uses of the property? |
| | Х | 5. Does the action require a property owner to dedicate a portion of property or to grant an |
| | | easement? [If no, go to (6)]. |
| | | 5a. Is there a reasonable, specific connection between the government requirement and |
| | | legitimate state interests? |
| | | 5b. Is the government requirement roughly proportional to the impact of the proposed use |
| | | of the property? |
| | X | 6. Does the action have a severe impact on the value of the property? (consider economic |
| | | impact, investment-backed expectations, character of government action) |
| | Х | 7. Does the action damage the property by causing some physical disturbance with respect |
| | | to the property in excess of that sustained by the public generally? |
| | Х | 7a. Is the impact of government action direct, peculiar, and significant? |
| | Х | 7b. Has government action resulted in the property becoming practically inaccessible, |
| | | waterlogged or flooded? |
| | X | 7c. Has government action lowered property values by more than 30% and necessitated the |
| | | physical taking of adjacent property or property across a public way from the property in |
| | | question? |
| | | Takings or damaging implications? (Taking or damaging implications exist if YES is |
| | Х | checked in response to question 1 and also to any one or more of the following questions: |
| | | 2, 3, 4, 6, 7a, 7b, 7c; or if NO is checked in response to questions 5a or 5b; the shaded areas) |

Based on this analysis, the Department determined there are no taking or damaging implications associated with this permit action.

VIII. Environmental Assessment

The current permit action is an administrative amendment and does not require an environmental assessment.

Permit Analysis Prepared By: John Proulx Date: February 11, 2021