

# State Superfund Process

## CECRA Example

**Schedule**

**Year 1** **FACILITY IDENTIFICATION, LISTING & PRIORITIZATION**



**Year 2-3** **REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION (RI)**  
 Remedial Investigation—to identify magnitude, extent and nature of contamination

**SUPPLEMENTAL REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION (SRI)**  
 Supplemental investigation—Can occur at any point in the process if needed

**Year 4** **RISK ASSESSMENT (RA)**  
 Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessment—Evaluates exposure pathways for each contaminant

**Year 5-6** **FEASIBILITY STUDY (FS)**  
 Feasibility Study to identify and evaluate alternative cleanup methodology and compare alternatives. This may include treatability studies (TS) to verify a technology is applicable.



**Year 7** **PROPOSED PLAN**  
 Identify Proposed Plan which is the preferred alternative and publish for public comment

**Year 8** **RECORD OF DECISION (ROD)**  
 Evaluate and respond to public comments and issue record of agency decision



**Year 9** **REMEDIAL DESIGN (RD)**  
 Prepare a design to properly implement the ROD

**Year 10-12** **REMEDIAL ACTION**  
 Implement Remedial Design—Cleanup Site

**Year 12+** **OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (O&M)**  
 O&M, Institutional Controls, and TI Waivers, as appropriate; Petition for Delisting



**Year 12+** **DELIST**  
 Remove the facility from the CECRA Priority List as appropriate with opportunity for public comment

**ACRONYMS**

**DEFINITIONS**

CECRA      Comprehensive Environmental Cleanup and Responsibility Act—State Superfund

**NOTES**

1. The process depicted above represents the typical steps and schedule taken for a contaminated facility to be addressed under the CECRA process. Lower-priority facilities, not already being addressed by DEQ, may be addressed under the VCRA process.
2. Timeframes vary with site complexity.
3. Each step requires a work plan and report for DEQ review and approval.
4. Supplemental opportunities for public comment may be provided.
5. Interim Actions can be taken at any time prior to the ROD to address immediate threats or facilitate site redevelopment. These actions may add time to the schedule.
6. VCRA—Voluntary Cleanup and Redevelopment Act—provides an opportunity for voluntary remediation of contaminated facilities.