## Montana DEQ State Superfund Unit Risk Assessment Scope Of Work - Example December 2022

#### Purpose

A risk assessment is intended to estimate potential human health and environmental risks posed by current and potential future conditions assuming no further remediation of the Facility and to develop site-specific cleanup levels (SSCLs) protective of public health, safety, and welfare and the environment using exposure assumptions acceptable to DEQ. The risk assessment work plan describes the approach to the risk assessment and facilitates discussions as to the appropriate ways to evaluate current and future risks for the Facility and develop SSCLs. It is intended that most of the components of the risk assessment will be provided in the risk assessment work plan so that any discrepancies or discussion may be addressed before the risks are calculated and the report is prepared. For questions regarding risk assessment/analysis and fate and transport analysis, please see: <u>State Superfund | Montana DEQ (mt.gov)</u> under "Frequently Asked Questions" under the "Risk Assessment/Analysis" folder; the "Resources" on the right-hand margin of the same page; and <u>Montana DEQ - General Field Data Needs For Fate And Transport</u> <u>Modeling - September 2008 (mt.gov)</u>.

All documents must be submitted in hard copy, modifiable electronic formats, and optimized portable document format (pdf). In addition, a schedule for submittal of all required work must be included for DEQ approval.

#### A. Components of the Risk Assessment Work Plan

The risk assessment work plan addresses both human health and ecological impacts and the fate and transport of contaminants through soils to groundwater. The risk assessment work plan includes the following information:

- 1. History and setting of the Facility, including demographic information
- 2. Data evaluation and selection of chemicals of potential concern (COPC)
  - a. Data summary
  - b. Data evaluation
  - c. Selection of COPC(s) for each media
- 3. Human health risk assessment
  - a. Exposure assessment
    - i. Site conceptual exposure model
    - ii. Potential receptors and exposure pathways
    - iii. Exposure assumptions
    - iv. Definitions of exposure areas and calculations of exposure point concentrations
    - v. Calculation of chronic daily intakes
  - b. Toxicity assessment
    - i. Definitions of carcinogenic and non-carcinogenic risks
    - ii. Carcinogenic slope factors and inhalation unit risks
    - iii. Non-carcinogenic reference doses and reference concentrations
    - iv. Uncertainties associated with toxicity assessment
  - c. Risk Characterization
    - i. A description of how cancer risk estimates will be derived

- ii. A description of how non-carcinogenic hazard estimates will be derived
- iii. Evaluation of uncertainties
- d. Ecological risk assessment, including a description of how SSCLs based upon protection of ecological receptors will be calculated, if appropriate (for some sites this may only be a qualitative evaluation)
- 4. Fate and Transport Analysis to identify SSCLs protective of leaching to groundwater
- 5. Description of how SSCLs will be developed
  - a. Human health-based SSCLs
  - b. SSCLs based on fate and transport analysis
  - c. Ecological risk-based SSCLs (for some sites this may only be a qualitative evaluation)
- 6. Completed tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 of EPA's Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (RAGS) Part D.
- 7. The provision for submittal of a draft risk assessment work plan for DEQ review and a final risk assessment work plan that incorporates all DEQ comments.

#### B. Components of the Risk Assessment Report

The risk assessment report provides data sufficient in quantity and quality to identify potential human health and environmental risks associated with current and future conditions at the Facility. The data represents potential exposures at the Facility. The risk assessment report includes the components developed in the risk assessment work plan and includes the following information:

- 1. DEQ approved history and setting of the Facility, data evaluation, exposure assessment, and toxicity assessment sections and tables from the risk assessment work plan
- 2. Calculation and discussion of the carcinogenic and non-carcinogenic risks for the receptors and pathways
- 3. Discussion of uncertainties
- 4. Ecological risk assessment
- 5. Fate and transport analysis
- 6. Calculation of SSCLs based on protection of human health via direct contact (i.e., ingestion, dermal, inhalation, etc.)
- 7. Calculation of SSCLs based on protection of groundwater
- 8. Calculation of SSCLs based on protection of ecological receptors, if appropriate (for some sites this may only be a qualitative evaluation)
- 9. Completed Tables 1-10 of RAGS Part D.
- 10. Summarize in a table and on a figure(s) the media, receptors, and exposure areas that exceed the SSCLs and potentially pose an unacceptable risk (see attached example tables).
- 11. The provision for submittal of a draft risk assessment report for DEQ review and a final risk assessment report that incorporates all DEQ comments on the draft risk assessment report.

# Example

### Site ABC

Receptors at Risk from COCs in Contaminated Media in Each Exposure Unit Human Health Risk Assessment (See July 2015 RAR, Tables 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, & 2.6)

	ann Risk Ass	essment (see July )	2015 RAR, Tables	2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.	.5, & 2.0)					
Contaminated Media (below)	Exposure Units (right)	Railyard	Park	Residential Area and City ROWs	River Slough					
Surface Soil		<ul> <li>Residential</li> <li>Adolescent Trespasser</li> <li>Industrial Worker</li> <li>Construction Worker</li> <li>Leaching to Groundwater</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Residential</li> <li>Child Recreational</li> <li>User</li> <li>Industrial Worker</li> <li>Construction Worker</li> <li>Leaching to</li> <li>Groundwater</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Residential</li> <li>Construction Worker</li> <li>Leaching to</li> <li>Groundwater</li> </ul>						
Subsurface Soil		Construction Worker. Leaching to Groundwater		Construction Worker Leaching to Groundwater						
Sediment					Child Recreational User					
Groundwater		■DEQ-7 ■RSLs ■2018 RBSLs	■DEQ-7 ■RSLs ■2018 RBSLs	■DEQ-7 ■RSLs ■2018 RBSLs						
Surface Water					■DEQ-7 ■RSLs ■2018 RBSLs					
Free Product		■Present	Intermittently Present	Intermittently Present	Entrained in Deep Sediment					
Ecological Risk Assessment										
Contaminated Media (below)	Media Units		Milwaukee Park	Residential Area and City ROWs	Tongue River Slough					
Surface Water					■1,2					
Sediment					■2					
= Pesticides and iron 2	$> DEO_7$	•	•							

1 =Pesticides and iron >DEQ-7

2 = Chemicals > Ecological Receptor SSCLs

# **Example**

Cher	nicals of Conc	ern > SSCLs (S	See July 201	5 RAR, T	ables 6.1	through 6.13	)
COC\Exposure Unit, Media	Railyard	Park	Residential Area and City ROW	Slough Sediment	Surface Water	Groundwater	Maximum Concentration > Leaching-to- Groundwater SSCL
arsenic	1,r,iw		1,r,cw 2,r			3	x
barium			2,r			3	
iron						3	
lead, 5 μg/dL	Construction Wkr     Industrial Wkr     Resident	<ul><li>Construction Wkr</li><li>Industrial Wkr</li><li>Resident</li></ul>	◆Constr. Wkr ◆Indust. Wkr ◆Resident	◆Resident			
lead, 10 µg/dL	<ul><li>Construction Wkr</li><li>Resident</li></ul>	<ul><li>Construction Wkr</li><li>Resident</li></ul>	◆Resident	◆Resident			
manganese						3	
mercury			2,r,cw		3		
benzene						3	x
mtbe							x
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene						3	
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene						3	
2-methylnaphthalene						3	x
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate						3	
C9-C18 aliphatics			2,cw			3	
C19-C36 aliphatics						3	
C11-C22 aromatics			2,cw			3	x
naphthalene						3	x
4,4'-ddd					3		
4,4'-dde					3		
α-chlordane					3		
heptachlor epoxide					3		
arochlor 1260	1,r,iw						
benzo-a-anthracene		1,r,iw	1,r	1,cru			
benzo-a-pyrene	1,r,iw	1,r,iw	1,r	1,cru			
dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	1,r,iw			1,cru			
benzo-b-fluoranthene	1,r,iw	1,r,iw		1,cru			
benzo(k)fluoranthene				1,cru			
indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene				1,cru			
free product	Present	Intermittently Present	Intermittently Present	Entrained In Deep Sediment			
	cal Present But W	Vith No Tox Data	; Addressed i	n Uncertaiı	nty Section	s	
acenaphthalene	4	4	4	4	4	4	
benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4	4	4	4			
carbazole						4	
4-isopropyltoluene	4					4	
phenanthrene	4	4	4	4	4	4	

1 = cumulative carcinogenic risk > 1E-5 2 = cumulative non-carcinogenic hazard quotient > 1 3 = exceeds SSCLs (see Tables 6.1 & 6.2) 4 = addressed qualitatively in RA

r = residential

cru - child recreational user

iw = industrial worker

cw = construction worker