DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Environmental Assessment

Water Protection Bureau

Name of Project: Turah Meadows County Sewer and Water District

Type of Project: Proposed discharge of treated domestic wastewater to ground water under the Montana Ground Water Pollution Control System (MGWPCS) permit program.

Location of Project: Latitude 46.83494°, Longitude -113.83313°

NE ¼, Section 35, Township 13 North, Range 18 West

City/Town: Missoula County: Missoula

Description of Project: This Environmental Assessment (EA) is for a renewal MGWPCS permit (MTX000146) for the Turah Meadows County Sewer and Water District. The proposed MGWPCS permit reauthorizes the Turah Meadows Subdivision (permittee) to discharge treated wastewater from a subsurface discharge structure (Outfall 001) into Class I ground water. A more detailed description of the facility is found in the Fact Sheet that accompanies this permit. The scope of this EA addresses the installation, operation and discharge of the proposed wastewater treatment and disposal system. The magnitude and significance of potential impacts are summarized below (bullet #26).

Agency Action and Applicable Regulations: The proposed action is to reissue an individual MGWPCS permit that contains effluent limits and effluent monitoring requirements. The permit is issued under the authority of the Montana Water Quality Act, the Montana Ground Water Pollution Control System, and the Montana Numeric Water Quality Standards in the Department Circular DEQ-7.

Summary of Issues: The purpose of this action is to regulate the discharges of pollutants to state waters from the regulated facility. Issuance of an individual permit will require the permittee to implement, monitor, and manage practices to prevent pollution and the degradation of ground water.

Affected Environment & Impacts of the Proposed Project:

Y = Impacts may occur (explain under Potential Impacts). N = Not Present or No Impact will likely occur.

IMPACTS ON THE PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT	
RESOURCE	[Y/N] POTENTIAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES
1. GEOLOGY AND SOIL QUALITY, STABILITY AND MOISTURE: Are soils present which are fragile, erosive, susceptible to compaction, or unstable? Are there unusual or unstable geologic features? Are there special reclamation considerations?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. Discharge will increase the moisture in the unsaturated zone. No low permeability layers exist between the subsurface drainfield and the shallow ground water. There are no known unique geological features at the site. There is no indication following 5 years of permitted discharge that the site of the wastewater treatment system has become unstable due to the construction or operation of the system.
2. WATER QUALITY, QUANTITY AND DISTRIBUTION: Are important surface or groundwater resources present? Is there potential for violation of ambient water quality standards, drinking water maximum contaminant levels, or degradation of water quality?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. The facility covered under this permit must show evidence of treatment capable of meeting the established effluent limitation which was derived from the most restrictive ground water quality standards and nondegradation-nonsignificance criteria. This effluent limitation, along with special conditions and standard conditions of the permit has been developed to maintain the beneficial uses of all state ground waters including drinking water. Facilities must be able to meet this restrictive effluent limitation prior to discharge.
	Ground water monitoring at the hydraulically downgradient boundary of the mixing zone is maintained within the permit renewal. Please refer to the Fact Sheet document for further details.
	The nearest hydraulically downgradient (N40°W) surface water from Outfall 001 is Clark Fork River which is located approximately 4,000 feet from the outfall. Impacts to surface waters were determined non-significant in February 2004 then again with permit renewal in 2012 (see Fact Sheet for details and calculations).
	There will be no significant degradation to groundwater outside of the mixing zone for Outfall 001 (see Fact Sheet for details and

IMPACTS ON THE PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT	
	calculations). The quality of the shallow ground water shall continue to be monitored for the permit renewal period of 5 years.
	All discharge disposal structures must meet the minimum set back requirements which includes surface water, flood plains, ditches and springs. The applicant is encouraged to contact and consult with the Public Water, Subdivision and State Revolving Fund programs at DEQ:
	http://deq.mt.gov/Water/PWSUB/pws
	http://deq.mt.gov/Water/PWSUB/sub http://deq.mt.gov/Water/TFA/srf
	Construction activities may impact water quality by contributing discharges of sediment to surface waters. The permittee may be required to obtain permit coverage under a Montana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (MPDES) General Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activity. The permittee may be required to develop and implement a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) which includes best management practices to protect nearby surface waters. Additional information can be found at the following website: http://deq.mt.gov/Water/WPB/mpdes/stormwater
3. AIR QUALITY: Will pollutants or particulate be produced? Is the project influenced by air quality regulations or zones (Class I airshed)?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. Best management practices are encouraged during construction of the replacement treatment system and drainfield to mitigate particulates produced. For additional information, the permittee is encouraged to contact the Montana DEQ Air Resources Management Bureau: http://deq.mt.gov/Air
4. VEGETATION COVER, QUANTITY AND QUALITY: Will vegetative communities be significantly impacted? Are any rare plants or cover types present?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. The location is currently a residential housing development and this is a permit renewal so no new construction is planned. Sensitive ranked plant species in the area include Obscure Evening Primrose and Fringed Myotis.

IMPACTS ON THE PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT	
5. TERRESTRIAL, AVIAN AND AQUATIC LIFE AND HABITATS: Is there substantial use of the area by important wildlife, birds or fish?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. The project is near the Clark Fork River, therefore it is within 1 mile of habitat containing Osprey, Bald Eagles, Peregrine Falcons, and Flammulated Owl as well as West slope Cutthroat Trout and Bull Trout.
6. UNIQUE, ENDANGERED, FRAGILE OR LIMITED ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES: Are any federally listed threatened or endangered species or identified habitat present? Any wetlands? Species of special concern?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. See #4 and #5 above. All discharge disposal structures must meet the minimum set back requirements which include surface water, flood plains, ditches and springs. The applicant is encouraged to contact and consult with the Public Water, Subdivision and State Revolving Fund programs at DEQ: http://deq.mt.gov/Water/PWSUB/pws http://deq.mt.gov/Water/PWSUB/sub http://deq.mt.gov/Water/TFA/srf Site and habitat inventories for the applicable species were recommended in consultation with the Montana Natural Heritage Program. The applicant is encouraged to contact and consult with this program or other Natural Resource Information Programs available at the Montana State Library: http://nris.msl.mt.gov/
7. SAGE GROUSE EXECUTIVE ORDER: Is the project proposed in core, general or connectivity sage grouse habitat, as designated by the Sage Grouse Habitat Conservation Program (Program) at: https://sagegrouse.mt.gov/	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. The project site is not listed as being located within sage grouse habitat. DEQ referred to the Habitat and Occurrence mapping program at https://sagegrouse.mt.gov/projects/ . If there are questions about Sage Grouse at this site, the applicant must contact and consult with the Sage Grouse Habitat Conservation Program at: https://sagegrouse.mt.gov/ .
8. HISTORICAL AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES: Are any historical, archaeological or paleontological resources present?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. A general recommendation by the Montana State Historic Preservation Office (MSHPO) states that if cultural materials are inadvertently discovered, the permittee should contact the MSHPO office for investigation.

IMPACTS ON THE PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT		
9. AESTHETICS: Is the project on a prominent topographic feature? Will it be visible from populated or scenic areas? Will there be excessive noise or light?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. The entire wastewater system is subsurface and not visible thus there is no impact to the aesthetic quality of the area. There are two monitoring wells on the property that can be seen but create very little aesthetic change to the area.	
10. DEMANDS ON ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES OF LAND, WATER, AIR, OR ENERGY: Will the project use resources that are limited in the area? Are there other activities nearby that will affect the project? Will new or upgraded power line or other energy source be needed?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified.	
11. IMPACTS ON OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES: Are there other activities nearby that will affect the project?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified.	

IMPACTS ON THE HUMAN ENVIRONMENT	
12. HUMAN HEALTH AND SAFETY: Will this project add to health and safety risks in the area?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. If this system is operated and maintained properly it will not be creating any health or safety risks.
13. INDUSTRIAL, COMMERCIAL AND AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES AND PRODUCTION: Will the project add to or alter these activities?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. The construction and operation of this waste water system will not add or alter commercial, agricultural or industrial activities. There is an active gravel pit to the north of this project. It has not been impacted by this project.
14. QUANTITY AND DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYMENT: Will the project create, move or eliminate jobs? If so, estimated number.	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. Improvements to the wastewater treatment systems and discharge structures may result in the creation of several temporary jobs until construction is completed. The operation and maintenance of the wastewater treatment system has resulted in permanent work for an operator and occasional work from a septic pumper truck.
15. LOCAL AND STATE TAX BASE AND TAX REVENUES: Will the project create or eliminate tax revenue?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. Property tax revenue has increased due to the completion of this project.

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	N THE HUMAN ENVIRONMENT [N] No significant impacts have been identified.	
16. DEMAND FOR GOVERNMENT SERVICES: Will substantial traffic be added to existing roads? Will other services (fire protection, police, schools, etc.) be needed?	Occasionally there may be minimal traffic for the operation and maintenance of the wastewater treatment system.	
17. LOCALLY ADOPTED ENVIRONMENTAL PLANS AND GOALS: Are there State, County, City, USFS, BLM, Tribal, etc. zoning or management plans in effect?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. Wastewater treatment systems may be owned and operated by local communities or sewer districts. These systems are a vital tool in protection of their own public and environmental health.	
18. ACCESS TO AND QUALITY OF RECREATIONAL AND WILDERNESS ACTIVITIES: Are wilderness or recreational areas nearby or accessed through this tract? Is there recreational potential within the tract?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. Access to recreational areas are not restricted by this project.	
19. DENSITY AND DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION AND HOUSING: Will the project add to the population and require additional housing?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified. No housing is associated with the permitting of this wastewater system. Subdivision has been built.	
20. SOCIAL STRUCTURES AND MORES: Is some disruption of native or traditional lifestyles or communities possible?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified.	
21. CULTURAL UNIQUENESS AND DIVERSITY: Will the action cause a shift in some unique quality of the area?	[N] No significant impacts have been identified.	
22. OTHER APPROPRIATE SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CIRCUMSTANCES:	[N] No significant impacts have been identified.	
23(a). PRIVATE PROPERTY IMPACTS: Are we regulating the use of private property under a regulatory statute adopted pursuant to the police power of the state? (Property management, grants of financial assistance, and the exercise of the power of eminent domain are not within this category.) If not, no further analysis is required.	[N] No significant impacts have been identified.	
23(b). PRIVATE PROPERTY IMPACTS: Is the agency proposing to deny the application or condition the approval in a way that restricts the use of the regulated person's private property? If not, no further analysis is required.	[N] No significant impacts have been identified.	

IMPACTS ON THE HUMAN ENVIRONMENT

23(c). PRIVATE PROPERTY IMPACTS: If the answer to 23(b) is affirmative, does the agency have legal discretion to impose or not impose the proposed restriction or discretion as to how the restriction will be imposed? If not, no further analysis is required. If so, the agency must determine if there are alternatives that would reduce, minimize or eliminate the restriction on the use of private property, and analyze such alternatives. The agency must disclose the potential costs of identified restrictions.

[N] No significant impacts were identified in 23(b).

24. Description of and Impacts of other Alternatives Considered:

- A. <u>No Action</u>: Under the "No Action" alternative, the Department would not issue this ground water discharge permit. "No Action" may lead to the creation of non-permitted wastewater systems. This may result in a net negative impact to ground water quality as the permit would prevent pollution and degradation of state waters.
- B. <u>Approval with Modification</u>: The Department has not identified any necessary modifications to grant approval.

25. Cumulative Effects:

Cumulative effects were analyzed as part of this EA and permitting determination. The proposed permitting action will not individually or cumulatively have a significant impact on the human environment, and does not have a reasonable potential to exceed surface water standards.

Cumulative effects were analyzed in production of the Fact Sheet and as part of this EA and permitting determination. No cumulative impacts have been identified. The Department notes the following:

- No impacts were identified based on ambient (receiving) and downgradient ground water conditions at the time of this analysis.
- Ambient (receiving) ground water quality conditions were factored into the assimilative capacity determination which is reflected in the proposed effluent limitations.
- There are no groundwater or surface water discharging facilities in the vicinity.
- The nearest facilities are more than 3-miles away in Bonner.
- The permittee is required to reapply to continue permit coverage. Ambient (receiving) and downgradient ground water quality monitoring will be reanalyzed during each permit renewal.

The ground water in the vicinity of the existing discharge structure is Class I ground water with a specific conductance less than 1,000 $\mu S/cm$. DEQ has developed effluent limitations based on water quality standards to maintain the beneficial uses of this state ground water. The permit prohibits pollution and degradation of state waters. The permit includes monitoring, reporting, and corrective action requirements to establish, confirm, and maintain compliance with permit limitations. Please refer to the Fact Sheet document for additional information

26. Summary of Magnitude and Significance of Potential Impacts:

Impacts were assessed with the assumption that the facility will comply with the terms and conditions of the permit. Violations of the permit could lead to significant adverse impacts to state waters. Violations of the permit are not an effect of the agency action since the permit itself forbids such activities. However, the Department has taken steps to ensure that violations do not occur. The Department provides assistance to applicants in understanding and implementing the requirements of the permit. The Department also conducts periodic inspections of permitted facilities, and identifies potential problems with design or management practices. If violations of the permit do occur, the Department will take appropriate action under the water quality act. Enforcement sanctions for violations of the permit include injunctions, civil and administrative penalties, and cleanup orders.

27. **Preferred Action Alternative and Rationale**: The preferred action is to reissue the existing individual MGWPCS discharge permit. This action is preferred since the permit provides a regulatory mechanism for protecting ground water quality by applying effluent limits and monitoring requirements to the discharged wastewater.

Recommendation for Further Environmental Analysis:

[] EIS [] More Detailed EA	[X] No Further Analysi	S
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Rationale for Recommendation: An EIS is not required under the Montana Environmental Policy Act because the project lacks significant adverse effects to the human and physical environment.

28. **Public Involvement:**

Legal notice information for water quality discharge permits are listed at the following website: http://deq.mt.gov/Public/notices/wqnotices. Public comments on this proposal are invited any time prior to close of business on November 9, 2018. Comments may be directed to:

DEQWPBPublicComments@mt.gov

or at:

Water Protection Bureau PO Box 200901 Helena, MT 59620

All comments received or postmarked prior to the close of the public comment period will be considered in the formulation of the final permit. DEQ will respond to all substantive comments pertinent to this permitting action and may issue a final decision within thirty days of the close of the public comment period.

All persons, including the applicant, who believe any condition of the draft permit is inappropriate, or that DEQ's tentative decision to deny an application, terminate a permit, or prepare a draft permit is inappropriate, shall raise all reasonably ascertainable issues and submit all reasonably available arguments supporting their position by the close of the public comment period (including any public hearing). All public comments received for this draft permit will be included in the administrative record and will be available for public viewing during normal business hours.

Copies of the public notice were mailed to the applicant, state and federal agencies and interested persons who have expressed interest in being notified of permit actions. A copy of the distribution list is available in the administrative record for this draft permit. Electronic copies of the public notice, draft permit, fact sheet, and draft environmental assessment are available at the following website: http://deq.mt.gov/Public/notices/wqnotices.

Any person interested in being placed on the mailing list for information regarding this permit may contact the DEQ Water Protection Bureau at (406) 444-3080 or email DEQWPBPublicComments@mt.gov. All inquiries will need to reference the permit number (MTX000149), and include the following information: name, address, and phone number.

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During the public comment period provided by the notice, DEQ will accept requests for a public hearing. A request for a public hearing must be in writing and must state the nature of the issue proposed to be raised in the hearing.

29. Persons and/or Agencies Consulted or Referenced in the Preparation of this Analysis:

Montana State Historic Preservation Society Montana Natural Heritage Program Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology:

- Ground Water Information Center
- Ground Water Investigation Program
- Ground Water Assessment Program

Natural Resource Information System, Montana State Library

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey

United States Geological Survey, Publication Warehouse

EA Checklist Prepared By:	
Darryl Barton	August 20, 2018
Approved By:	
Jon Kenning, Chief Water Protection Bureau	
DRAFT	
Signature	Date