#### AIR QUALITY PERMIT

Issued To: Hollow Contracting, Inc. Permit #2789-01

404 Greenwood Ave. Administrative Amendment (AA)
Butte, MT 59701 Request Received: 06/14/04

Department Decision on AA: 07/21/05

Permit Final: 08/06/05

AFS #777-2789

An air quality permit, with conditions, is hereby granted to Hollow Contracting, Inc. (Hollow), pursuant to Sections 75-2-204 and 211, Montana Code Annotated (MCA), as amended, and the Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM) 17.8.740, *et seq.*, as amended, for the following:

#### Section I: Permitted Facilities

#### A. Plant Location

Hollow operates a portable crushing/screening facility that will operate at various locations throughout the state of Montana. However, Permit #2789-01 applies while operating at any location in Montana, except within those areas having a Department of Environmental Quality (Department) approved permitting program, those areas considered tribal lands, or those areas in or within 10 kilometers (km) of certain particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of 10 microns or less (PM<sub>10</sub>) nonattainment areas. A Missoula County air quality permit will be required for locations within Missoula County, Montana. A complete list of the permitted equipment is contained in Section I.A of the Permit Analysis.

#### B. Current Permit Action

On May 25, 2005, Blankenship Construction, Inc. (Blankenship) and Hollow requested an administrative amendment to Permit #2789-00 to transfer ownership of the permit from Blankenship to Hollow. On June 14, 2005, Hollow also requested that Addendum 1, for summertime operations, be renewed. Additionally, Permit #2789-01 will be updated to reflect the current language and rule references used by the Department. Permit #2789-01 will replace Permit #2789-00 and Addendum 2 will replace Addendum 1.

#### Section II: Limitations and Conditions

# A. Operational Limitations and Conditions

- 1. Hollow shall not cause or authorize to be discharged into the atmosphere, from non-Standards of Performance for New Stationary Source (NSPS) affected equipment, any visible emissions that exhibit opacity of 20% or greater averaged over six consecutive minutes (ARM 17.8.304).
- 2. Hollow shall not cause or authorize the use of any street, road or parking lot without taking reasonable precautions to control emissions of airborne particulate matter (ARM 17.8.308).
- 3. Hollow shall treat all unpaved portions of the haul roads, access roads, parking lots, or the general plant area with water and/or chemical dust suppressant, as necessary, to maintain compliance with the reasonable precautions limitation in

- Section II.A.3 (ARM 17.8.749).
- 4. Water and spray bars shall be available on site at all times and operated as necessary to maintain compliance with the opacity limitations in Section II.A.1 (ARM 17.8.749).
- 5. Crusher particulate emissions are limited to 14.00 lbs/hour (ARM 17.8.752).
- 6. Crusher PM<sub>10</sub> emissions are limited to 2.50 lb/hr (ARM 17.8.752).
- 7. Crushing production is limited to 50 tons/hour (ARM 17.8.749).
- 8. Hours of operation are limited to 8,760 hours/year (ARM 17.8.749).
- 9. If the permitted equipment is used in conjunction with any other equipment owned or operated by Hollow, at the same site, production shall be limited to correspond with an emission level that does not exceed 250 tons during any rolling 12-month period. Any calculations used to establish production levels shall be approved by the Department (ARM 17.8.749).

## B. Testing Requirements

- 1. All compliance source tests shall conform to the requirements of the Montana Source Test Protocol and Procedures Manual (ARM 17.8.106).
- 2. The Department may require further testing (ARM 17.8.105).

#### C. Operational Reporting Requirements

- 1. If this portable crushing/screening plant is moved to another location, an Intent to Transfer Form must be sent to the Department. In addition, a Public Notice Form for Change of Location must be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the area to which the transfer is to be made, at least 15 days prior to the move. The Intent to Transfer Form and the proof of publication (affidavit) of the Public Notice Form for Change of Location must be submitted to the Department prior to the move. These forms are available from the Department (ARM 17.8.765).
- 2. Hollow shall maintain on-site records showing daily hours of operation and daily production rates for the last 12 months. All records compiled in accordance with this permit shall be maintained by Hollow as a permanent business record for at least five years following the date of the measurement, must be available at the plant site for inspection by the Department, and must be submitted to the Department upon request (ARM 17.8.749).
- 3. Hollow shall supply the Department with annual production information for all emission points, as required, by the Department in the annual Emission Inventory request. The request will include, but not be limited to, all sources of emissions identified in the emission inventory contained in the permit analysis.

Production information shall be gathered on a calendar-year basis and submitted to the Department by the date required in the emission inventory request. Information shall be in units as required by the Department. This information may be used for calculating operating fees, based on actual emissions from the facility, and/or to verify compliance with permit limitations (ARM 17.8.505).

- 4. Hollow shall notify the Department of any construction or improvement project conducted, pursuant to ARM 17.8.745, that would include a change in control equipment, stack height, stack diameter, stack flow, stack gas temperature, source location, or fuel specifications, or would result in an increase in source capacity above its permitted operation or the addition of a new emission unit. The notice must be submitted to the Department, in writing, 10 days prior to start-up or use of the proposed de minimis change, or as soon as reasonably practicable in the event of an unanticipated circumstance causing the de minimis change, and must include the information requested in ARM 17.8.745(1)(d) (ARM 17.8.745).
- 5. Hollow shall document, by month, the crushing production from the facility. By the 25<sup>th</sup> day of each month, Hollow shall calculate the crushing production from the facility for the previous month. The monthly information will be used to verify compliance with the limitations in Section II.A.7. The information for each of the previous months shall be submitted along with the annual emission inventory (ARM 17.8.749).

#### Section III: General Conditions

- A. Inspection Hollow shall allow the Department's representatives access to the source at all reasonable times for the purpose of making inspections or surveys, collecting samples, obtaining data, auditing any monitoring equipment (CEMS, CERMS) or observing any monitoring or testing, and otherwise conducting all necessary functions related to this permit.
- B. Waiver The permit and all the terms, conditions, and matters stated herein shall be deemed accepted if Hollow fails to appeal as indicated below.
- C. Compliance with Statutes and Regulations Nothing in this permit shall be construed as relieving Hollow of the responsibility for complying with any applicable federal or Montana statute, rule or standard, except as specifically provided in ARM 17.8.740, *et seq.* (ARM 17.8.756).
- D. Enforcement Violations of limitations, conditions and requirements contained herein may constitute grounds for permit revocation, penalties or other enforcement as specified in Section 75-2-401 *et seq.*, MCA.
- E. Appeals Any person or persons jointly or severally adversely affected by the Department's decision may request, within 15 days after the Department renders it's decision, upon affidavit setting forth the grounds therefore, a hearing before the Board of Environmental Review (Board). A hearing shall be held under the provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedures Act. The filing of a request for a hearing does not stay the Department's decision, unless the Board issues a stay upon receipt of a petition and a finding that a stay is appropriate under Section 75-2-211(11)(b), MCA. The issuance of a stay on a permit by the Board postpones the effective date of the Department's decision until conclusion of the hearing and issuance of a final decision by the Board. If a stay is not issued by the Board, the Department's decision on the application is final 16 days after the Department's decision is made.
- F. Permit Inspection As required by ARM 17.8.755, Inspection of Permit, a copy of the air quality permit shall be made available for inspection by Department personnel at the location of the permitted source.

- G. Permit Fees Pursuant to Section 75-2-220, MCA, as amended by the 1991 Legislature, failure to pay the annual operation fee by Hollow may be grounds for revocation of this permit, as required by that section and rules adopted thereunder by the Board.
- H. Construction Commencement Construction must begin within three years of permit issuance and proceed with due diligence until the project is complete or the permit shall be revoked (ARM 17.8.762).
- I. The Department may modify the conditions of this permit based on local conditions of any future site. These factors may include, but are not limited to, local terrain, meteorological conditions, proximity to residences, etc.
- J. Hollow shall comply with the conditions contained in this permit while operating at any location in Montana, except within those areas having a Department approved permitting program.

## PERMIT ANALYSIS Hollow Contracting, Inc. Permit Number #2789-01

# I. Introduction/Process Description

#### A. Permitted Equipment

Hollow Contracting, Inc. (Hollow) owns and operates a portable crushing facility consisting of a 1940 Cedar Rapids (15"x36") jaw crusher (50 TPH) with an attached screen (50 TPH), and associated equipment.

# B. Source Description

Hollow proposes to use this crushing plant and associated equipment to crush and screen aggregate materials for use in various construction operations. For a typical operational setup, materials are loaded into the crushing plant by a feeder, transferred by conveyor, and passed through the crusher. Materials are crushed by the crusher and sent to the screens. Materials are screened, separated, and sent to stockpile for sale and use in construction operations.

## C. Permit History

On May 12, 1993, Blankenship submitted a complete permit application to operate a portable 1940 Cedar Rapids (15"x36") jaw crusher (50 TPH) with an attached screen (50 TPH), and associated equipment. The facility was originally located in Section 25, Township 3 North, Section 8 West, in Silver Bow County, Montana. Permit #2789-00 was issued final on July 13, 1993.

#### D. Current Permit Action

On May 25, 2005, Blankenship Construction, Inc. (Blankenship) and Hollow requested an administrative amendment to Permit #2789-01 to transfer ownership of the permit from Blankenship to Hollow. On June 14, 2005, Hollow also requested that the addendum, Addendum 1, for summertime operations be renewed. Additionally, Permit #2789-01 will be updated to reflect the current language and rule references used by the Department. Permit #2789-01 will replace Permit #2789-00 and Addendum 2 will replace Addendum 1.

#### E. Additional Information

Additional information, such as applicable rules and regulations, Best Available Control Technology (BACT)/Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT) determinations, air quality impacts, and environmental assessments, is included in the analysis associated with each change to the permit.

## II. Applicable Rules and Regulations

The following are partial explanations of some applicable rules and regulations that apply to the facility. The complete rules are stated in the Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM) and are available, upon request, from the Department. Upon request, the Department will provide references for locations of complete copies of all applicable rules and regulations or copies where appropriate.

- A. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 1 General Provisions, including, but not limited to:
  - 1. <u>ARM 17.8.101 Definitions</u>. This rule is a list of applicable definitions used in this subchapter, unless indicated otherwise in a specific subchapter.
  - 2. <u>ARM 17.8.105 Testing Requirements</u>. Any person or persons responsible for the emission of any air contaminant into the outdoor atmosphere shall, upon written request of the Department, provide the facilities and necessary equipment (including instruments and sensing devices) and shall conduct tests, emission or ambient, for such periods of time as may be necessary using methods approved by the Department.
  - 3. <u>ARM 17.8.106 Source Testing Protocol</u>. The requirements of this rule apply to any emission source testing conducted by the Department, any source, or other entity as required by any rule in this chapter, or any permit or order issued pursuant to this chapter, or the provisions of the Clean Air Act of Montana, 75-2-101, *et seq.*, Montana Code Annotated (MCA).

Hollow shall comply with all requirements contained in the Montana Source Test Protocol and Procedures Manual, including, but not limited to, using the proper test methods and supplying the required reports. A copy of the Montana Source Test Protocol and Procedures Manual is available from the Department upon request.

- 4. <u>ARM 17.8.110 Malfunctions</u>. (2) The Department must be notified promptly by telephone whenever a malfunction occurs that can be expected to create emissions in excess of any applicable emission limitation or to continue for a period greater than 4 hours.
- 5. ARM 17.8.111 Circumvention. (1) No person shall cause or permit the installation or use of any device or any means that, without resulting in reduction in the total amount of air contaminant emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission of air contaminant that would otherwise violate an air pollution control regulation.
  (2) No equipment that may produce emissions shall be operated or maintained in such a manner as to create a public nuisance.
- B. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 2 Ambient Air Quality, including, but not limited to:
  - 1. ARM 17.8.210 Ambient Air Quality Standards for Sulfur Dioxide
  - 2. ARM 17.8.211 Ambient Air Quality Standards for Nitrogen Dioxide
  - 3. ARM 17.8.212 Ambient Air Quality Standards for Carbon Monoxide
  - 4. ARM 17.8.220 Ambient Air Quality Standard for Settled Particulate Matter
  - 5. ARM 17.8.223 Ambient Air Quality Standard for PM<sub>10</sub>

Hollow must maintain compliance with the applicable ambient air quality standards.

- C. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 3 Emission Standards, including, but not limited to:
  - 1. <u>ARM 17.8.304 Visible Air Contaminants</u>. This rule requires that no person may cause or authorize emissions to be discharged into the outdoor atmosphere from any source installed after November 23, 1968, that exhibit an opacity of 20% or greater averaged over six consecutive minutes.

- ARM 17.8.308 Particulate Matter, Airborne. (1) This rule requires an opacity limitation of less than 20% for all fugitive emission sources and that reasonable precautions be taken to control emissions of airborne particulate matter (PM).
   (2) Under this rule, Hollow shall not cause or authorize the use of any street, road, or parking lot without taking reasonable precautions to control emissions of airborne PM.
- 3. <u>ARM 17.8.309 Particulate Matter, Fuel Burning Equipment</u>. This rule requires that no person shall cause or authorize to be discharged into the atmosphere PM caused by the combustion of fuel in excess of the amount determined by this section.
- 4. <u>ARM 17.8.310 Particulate Matter, Industrial Processes</u>. This rule requires that no person shall cause or allow to be discharged into the atmosphere PM in excess of the amount set forth in this section.
- 5. <u>ARM 17.8.322 Sulfur Oxide Emissions--Sulfur in Fuel</u>. This rule requires that no person shall burn liquid, solid, or gaseous fuel in excess of the amount set forth in this section.
- 6. ARM 17.8.324 Hydrocarbon Emissions--Petroleum Products. (3) No person shall load or permit the loading of gasoline into any stationary tank with a capacity of 250 gallons or more from any tank truck or trailer, except through a permanent submerged fill pipe, unless such tank truck or trailer is equipped with a vapor loss control device as described in (1) of this rule.
- 7. ARM 17.8.340 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources. This rule incorporates, by reference, 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 60, Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources (NSPS). The owner or operator of any stationary source or modification, as defined and applied in 40 CFR Part 60, NSPS, shall comply with the standards and provisions of 40 CFR Part 60.
  - In order for a crushing plant to be subject to NSPS requirements, two specific criteria must be met. First, the crushing plant must meet the definition of an affected facility and, second, the equipment in question must have been constructed, reconstructed, or modified after August 31, 1983. Based on the information submitted by Hollow, in obtaining a generalized permit for the crushing/screening equipment, the crushing/screening equipment is not an NSPS affected facility because of the facilities size and date of manufacture of the equipment (40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A General Provisions, and Subpart OOO, Non-Metallic Mineral Processing Plants).
- D. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 5 Air Quality Permit Application, Operation, and Open Burning Fees, including, but not limited to:
  - 1. <u>ARM 17.8.504 Air Quality Permit Application Fees</u>. This rule requires that Hollow submit an air quality permit application fee concurrent with the submittal of an air quality permit application. A permit application is incomplete until the proper application fee is paid to the Department. The current permitting action is considered an administrative action; therefore, an application fee was not required.

2. <u>ARM 17.8.505 Air Quality Operation Fees.</u> An annual air quality operation fee must, as a condition of continued operation, be submitted to the Department by each source of air contaminants holding an air quality permit, excluding an Open Burning Permit, issued by the Department. This operation fee is based on the actual or estimated actual amount of air pollutants emitted during the previous calendar year.

An air quality operation fee is separate and distinct from an air quality permit application fee. The annual assessment and collection of the air quality operation fee, described above, shall take place on a calendar-year basis. The Department may insert into any final permit issued after the effective date of these rules, such conditions as may be necessary to require the payment of an air quality operation fee on a calendar-year basis, including provisions that pro-rate the required fee amount.

- E. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 7 Permit, Construction, and Operation of Air Contaminant Sources, including, but not limited to:
  - 1. <u>ARM 17.8.740 Definitions</u>. This rule is a list of applicable definitions used in this chapter, unless indicated otherwise in a specific subchapter.
  - 2. <u>ARM 17.8.743 Montana Air Quality Permits--When Required</u>. This rule requires a facility to obtain an air quality permit or permit alteration to construct, alter, or use any asphalt plant, crusher, or screen that has the Potential to Emit (PTE) greater than 15 tons per year of any pollutant. Hollow has a PTE greater than 15 tons per year of total PM and PM<sub>10</sub>; therefore, an air quality permit is required.
  - 3. <u>ARM 17.8.744 Montana Air Quality Permits--General Exclusions</u>. This rule identifies the activities that are not subject to the Montana Air Quality Permit Program.
  - 4. <u>ARM 17.8.745 Montana Air Quality Permits--Exclusion for De Minimis Changes</u>. This rule identifies the de minimis changes at permitted facilities that do not require a permit under the Montana Air Quality Permit Program.
  - 5. ARM 17.8.748 New or Modified Emitting Units--Permit Application
    Requirements. (1) This rule requires that a permit application be submitted prior
    to installation, modification, or use of a source. Hollow was not required to
    submit a permit application for the current permit action because the change is
    considered administrative. (7) This rule requires that the applicant notify the
    public by means of legal publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the
    area affected by the application for a permit. Hollow was not required to submit
    a permit application or public notice for the current permit action because the
    current permit action is an administrative amendment with no increase in
    potential emissions.
  - 6. ARM 17.8.749 Conditions for Issuance or Denial of Permit. This rule requires that the permits issued by the Department must authorize the construction and operation of the facility or emitting unit subject to the conditions in the permit and the requirements of this subchapter. This rule also requires that the permit must contain any conditions necessary to assure compliance with the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA), the Clean Air Act of Montana, and rules adopted under

those acts.

- 7. <u>ARM 17.8.752 Emission Control Requirements</u>. This rule requires a source to install the maximum air pollution control capability that is technically practicable and economically feasible, except that BACT shall be utilized. The required BACT analysis is included in Section IV of this permit analysis.
- 8. <u>ARM 17.8.755 Inspection of Permit</u>. This rule requires that air quality permits shall be made available for inspection by the Department at the location of the source.
- 9. <u>ARM 17.8.756 Compliance with Other Requirements</u>. This rule states that nothing in the permit shall be construed as relieving Hollow of the responsibility for complying with any applicable federal or Montana statute, rule, or standard, except as specifically provided in ARM 17.8.740, *et seq*.
- 10. ARM 17.8.759 Review of Permit Applications. This rule describes the Department's responsibilities for processing permit applications and making permit decisions on those permit applications that do not require the preparation of an environmental impact statement.
- 11. ARM 17.8.762 Duration of Permit. An air quality permit shall be valid until revoked or modified, as provided in this subchapter, except that a permit issued prior to construction of a new or altered source may contain a condition providing that the permit will expire unless construction is commenced within the time specified in the permit, which in no event may be less than one year after the permit is issued.
- 12. <u>ARM 17.8.763 Revocation of Permit</u>. An air quality permit may be revoked upon written request of Hollow, or for violations of any requirement of the Clean Air Act of Montana, rules adopted under the Clean Air Act of Montana, the FCAA, rules adopted under the FCAA, or any applicable requirement contained in the Montana State Implementation Plan (SIP).
- ARM 17.8.764 Administrative Amendment to Permit. An air quality permit may be amended for changes in any applicable rules and standards adopted by the Board of Environmental Review (Board) or changed conditions of operation at a source or stack that do not result in an increase of emissions as a result of those changed conditions. The owner or operator of a facility may not increase the facility's emissions beyond permit limits unless the increase meets the criteria in ARM 17.8.745 for a de minimis change not requiring a permit, or unless the owner or operator applies for and receives another permit in accordance with ARM 17.8.748, ARM 17.8.749, ARM 17.8.752, ARM 17.8.755, and ARM 17.8.756, and with all applicable requirements in ARM Title 17, Chapter 8, Subchapters 8, 9, and 10.
- 14. ARM 17.8.765 Transfer of Permit. (1) This rule states that an air quality permit may be transferred from one location to another if the Department receives a complete notice of Intent to Transfer location, the facility will operate in the new location for less than one year, the facility will comply with the FCAA and the Clean Air Act of Montana, and the facility complies with other applicable rules. (2) This rule states that an air quality permit may be transferred from one person to another if written notice of Intent to Transfer, including the names of the

transferor and the transferee, is sent to the Department.

- F. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 8 Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality, including, but not limited to:
  - 1. <u>ARM 17.8.801 Definitions</u>. This rule is a list of applicable definitions used in this subchapter.
  - 2. ARM 17.8.818 Review of Major Stationary Sources and Major Modifications—Source Applicability and Exemptions. The requirements contained in ARM 17.8.819 through ARM 17.8.827 shall apply to any major stationary source and any major modification with respect to each pollutant subject to regulation under the FCAA that it would emit, except as this subchapter would otherwise allow.

This facility is not a major stationary source because it is not a listed source and does not have a PTE greater than 250 tons per year (excluding fugitive emissions) of any air pollutant.

- G. ARM 17.8, Subchapter 12 Operating Permit Program Applicability, including, but not limited to:
  - 1. <u>ARM 17.8.1201 Definitions</u>. (23) Major Source under Section 7412 of the FCAA is defined as any stationary source having:
    - a. PTE > 100 tons/year of any pollutant.
    - b. PTE > 10 tons/year of any one Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP), PTE > 25 tons/year of a combination of all HAPs, or lesser quantity as the Department may establish by rule.
    - c. PTE > 70 tons/year of  $PM_{10}$  in a serious  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment area.
  - 2. ARM 17.8.1204 Air Quality Operating Permit Program Applicability. (1) Title V of the FCAA Amendments of 1990 requires that all sources, as defined in ARM 17.8.1204 (1), obtain a Title V Operating Permit. In reviewing and issuing Air Quality Permit #2789-01 for the Hollow facility, the following conclusions were made:
    - a. The facility's PTE is less than 100 tons/year for any pollutant.
    - b. The facility's PTE is less than 10 tons/year for any one HAP and less than 25 tons/year of all HAPs.
    - c. This source is not located in a serious  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment area.
    - d. This facility is not subject to any current NESHAP standards.
    - e. The facility is not currently subject to NSPS standards (40 CFR 60, Subpart A, General Provisions, and Subpart OOO, Non-Metallic Mineral Processing Plants).
    - f. This source is not a Title IV affected source nor a solid waste combustion unit.

g. This source is not an EPA designated Title V source. Based on these facts, the Department has determined that Hollow will be a minor source of emissions as defined under Title V.

#### III. Emission Inventory

	Tons/Year							
Source	PM	$PM_{10}$	$NO_x$	VOC	CO	$SO_x$		
Cedar Rapids Crusher (up to 50 TPH)	0.34	0.17						
Screen (up to 50 TPH)	3.45	1.64						
Material Transfer (3 Transfers)	0.95	0.46						
Pile Forming (1 Piles)	0.92	0.44						
Bulk Loading (1 Loads)	0.92	0.44						
Haul Roads	2.74	1.23						
Total	9.32	4.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		

• A complete Emission Inventory for Permit #2789-01 is on file with the Department.

## IV. BACT Analysis

A BACT determination is required for any new or altered source. Hollow shall install on the new or altered source the maximum air pollution control capability that is technologically practicable and economically feasible, except that BACT shall be used. A BACT determination was not required for the current permit action because the permit change is considered an administrative permit change.

# V. Existing Air Quality

Permit #2789-01 is issued for the operation of a portable crushing/screening facility to operate at various locations throughout the state of Montana. This facility would be allowed to operate at any area designated as attainment or unclassified for all National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS); excluding those counties that have a Department approved permitting program, those areas considered Tribal Lands, or those areas in or within 10 km of certain PM<sub>10</sub> nonattainment areas. A Missoula County air quality permit would be required for locations within Missoula County, Montana. Addendum #2 will apply to the Hollow facility for summertime operations operate in or within 10 kilometers (km) of the listed PM<sub>10</sub> nonattainment areas, including the initial site location.

## VI. Air Quality Impacts

This permit is for a portable crushing/screening plant to be located at various locations around Montana. This permit contains operational conditions and limitations that would protect air quality for this site (Section 25, Township 3 North, Range 8 West, in Butte Silver Bow County, Montana) and the surrounding area. Also, this facility is a portable source that would operate on an intermittent and temporary basis, so any effects to air quality will be minor and short-lived. Further, the amount of controlled particulate emissions generated by this project should not cause concentrations of  $PM_{10}$  in the ambient air that exceed the set standard. In addition, this source is portable and any air quality impacts will be minimal.

#### VII. Taking or Damaging Implication Analysis

As required by 2-10-101 through 105, MCA, the Department conducted a private property taking

and damaging assessment and determined there are no taking or damaging implications.

# VIII. Environmental Assessment

This permitting action will not result in an increase of emissions from the facility and is considered an administrative action; therefore, an environmental assessment is not required.

Analysis Prepared By: Ron Lowney

Date: June 27, 2005

## Addendum #2 Hollow Contracting, Inc. Permit #2789-01

An addendum to air quality Permit #2789-01, with conditions, is issued to Hollow Contracting, Inc. (Hollow) pursuant to Sections 75-2-204 and 75-2-211 of the Montana Code Annotated (MCA), as amended, and Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM) 17.8.765, as amended, for the following:

#### I. Permitted Equipment

On March 31, 2005, the Department of Environmental Quality (Department) received an administrative amendment request from Blankenship Construction, Inc. (Blankenship) and Hollow to transfer ownership of the permit from Blankenship to Hollow. Then, on June 14, 2005, Hollow also requested that the addendum, Addendum 1, for summertime operations be renewed. Addendum 2 will allow the portable 1940 Cedar Rapids (15"x36") jaw crusher (50 TPH) with an attached screen (50 TPH), and associated equipment, to operate in or within 10 kilometers (km) of the following particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of 10 microns or less (PM<sub>10</sub>) nonattainment areas: Libby, Kalispell, Columbia Falls, Whitefish, Thompson Falls, and Butte.

#### II. Seasonal and Site Restrictions

Addendum #2 applies to the Hollow facility while operating at any location in or within 10 km of certain  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment areas (Libby, Kalispell, Columbia Falls, Whitefish, Thompson Falls, and Butte). Additionally, seasonal and site restrictions apply to the facility as follows:

- A. During the winter season (October 1-March 31), Hollow is not currently allowed to operate in or within 10 km of the listed PM<sub>10</sub> nonattainment areas.
- B. During the summer season (April 1-September 30), Hollow may operate at any location in or within 10 kilometers of the Libby, Thompson Falls, Kalispell, Whitefish, Columbia Falls, and Butte PM<sub>10</sub> nonattainment areas.
- C. Hollow shall comply with the limitations and conditions contained in Addendum #2 to Permit #2789-01 while operating in or within 10 km of any of the previously listed PM<sub>10</sub> nonattainment areas. Addendum #2 shall be valid until revoked or modified. The Department reserves the authority to modify Addendum #2 at any time based on local conditions of any future site. These conditions may include, but are not limited to, local terrain, meteorological conditions, proximity to residences or other businesses, etc.

#### III. Limitations and Conditions

## A. Operational

- 1. Water spray bars must be available and operated on the crushers, screens, and all transfer points whenever the crushing/screening plant is in operation (ARM 17.8.752).
- 2. Hollow shall not cause or authorize to be discharged into the atmosphere from any equipment, such as screens or transfer points, any visible emissions that exhibit an opacity of 10% or greater averaged over six consecutive minutes (ARM 17.8.749).

- 3. Hollow shall not cause or authorize to be discharged into the atmosphere from haul roads, access roads, parking lots, or the general plant property any visible fugitive emissions that exhibit an opacity of 10% or greater (ARM 17.8.749).
- 4. Hollow shall treat all unpaved portions of the access roads, parking lots, and general plant area with water and/or chemical dust suppressant as necessary to maintain compliance with the 10% opacity limitation (ARM 17.8.752).
- 5. The total crusher production for the crusher shall not exceed 1,200 tons during any rolling 24-hour time period (ARM 17.8.749).
- 6. The total screening production for the screen shall not exceed 1,200 tons during any rolling 24-hour time period (ARM 17.8.749).

## B. Operational Reporting Requirements

- 1. Hollow shall provide the Department with written notification of job completion within 10 working days of job completion (ARM 17.8.749).
- 2. Hollow shall provide written notice of relocation of the permitted equipment at least 15 days prior to the physical transfer of equipment (ARM 17.8.765).
- 3. Production information for the sites covered by this addendum must be submitted to the Department within 30 days of completion of the project. The information shall include (ARM 17.8.749):
  - a. Tons of material crushed by the crusher at each site,
  - b. Tons of material screened by the screen at each site,
  - c. Tons of bulk material loaded at each site,
  - d. Daily hours of operation at each site,
  - e. Gallons of diesel used by the generator at each site,
  - f. Fugitive dust information consisting of all plant vehicles, including the following:
    - i. Number of vehicles
    - ii. Vehicle type
    - iii. Vehicle weight, loaded
    - iv. Vehicle weight, unloaded
    - v. Number of tires on vehicle
    - vi. Average trip length
    - vii. Number of trips per day per vehicle
    - viii. Average vehicle speed
    - ix. Area of activity
    - x. Vehicle fuel usage (gasoline and diesel) annual total
  - g. Fugitive dust control for haul roads and general plant area:

- i. Hours of operation of water trucks
- ii. Application schedule for chemical dust suppressant, if applicable
- 4. Hollow shall document, by day, the total crushing production. Hollow shall sum the total crushing production during the previous 24 hours to verify compliance with the limitation in Section III.A.5. A written report of compliance and the emissions inventory shall be submitted to the Department annually. The report for the previous calendar year shall be submitted and may be submitted along with the annual emissions inventory (ARM 17.8.749).
- 5. Hollow shall document, by day, the total screening production. Hollow shall sum the total screening production during the previous 24 hours to verify compliance with the limitation in Section III.A.6. A written report of compliance and the emissions inventory shall be submitted to the Department annually. The report for the previous calendar year shall be submitted and may be submitted along with the annual emissions inventory (ARM 17.8.749).

## Addendum #2 Analysis Hollow Contracting, Inc. Permit #2789-01

# I. Permitted Equipment

Hollow, LLC (Hollow) owns and operates a portable 1940 Cedar Rapids (15"x36") jaw crusher (50 TPH) with an attached screen (50 TPH), and associated equipment.

## II. Source Description

Hollow proposes to use this crushing/screening plant and associated equipment to crush aggregate materials for use in various construction operations. For a typical operational setup, materials are loaded into the crushing plant by a feeder, transferred by conveyor, and passed through the crusher. Materials are crushed by the crusher and sent to the screens. Materials are screened, separated, and sent to stockpile for sale and use in construction operations.

# III. Applicable Rules and Regulations

The following are partial quotations of some applicable rules and regulations that apply to the facility. The complete rules are stated in the Administrative Rules of Montana (ARM) and are available, upon request, from the Department of Environmental Quality (Department). Upon request, the Department will provide references for locations of complete copies of all applicable rules and regulations or copies where appropriate.

ARM 17.8, Subchapter 7 - Permit, Construction and Operation of Air Contaminant Sources, including, but not limited to:

- A. <u>ARM 17.8.749 Conditions for Issuance of Permit</u>. This rule requires that Hollow demonstrate compliance with applicable rules and standards before a permit can be issued. Also, a permit may be issued with such conditions as are necessary to assure compliance with all applicable rules and standards. Hollow demonstrated compliance with all applicable rules and standards as required for permit issuance.
- B. <u>ARM 17.8.764 Administrative Amendment of Permit</u>. An air quality permit may be amended for changes in any applicable rules and standards adopted by the Board of Environmental Review (Board) or changed conditions of operation at a source or stack that do not result in an increase in emissions because of the changed conditions. A source may not increase its emissions beyond those found in its permit unless the source applies for and receives another permit.
- C. <u>ARM 17.8.765 Transfer of Permit</u>. An air quality permit may be transferred from one location to another if:
  - 1. Written notice of Intent to Transfer location and public notice is sent to the Department.
  - 2. The source will operate in the new location for a period of less than 1 year.
  - 3. The source will not have any significant impact on any nonattainment area or any Class I area.

Hollow shall submit proof of compliance with the transfer and public notice requirements when Hollow transfers to any of the locations covered by this addendum and will only be allowed to stay in the new location for a period of less than one year. Also, the conditions and limitations in Addendum #2 to Permit #2789-01 will prevent Hollow from having a significant impact on certain particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of  $10 \text{ microns or less } (PM_{10})$  nonattainment areas.

#### IV. Emission Inventory

	Lbs/Day					
Source	PM	$PM_{10}$	$NO_x$	VOC	CO	$SO_x$
Cedar Rapids Crusher (up to 50 TPH)	3.00	1.44				
Screen (up to 50 TPH)	18.90	9.00				
Material Transfer (3 Transfers)	5.22	2.52				
Pile Forming (1 Piles)	5.04	2.40				
Bulk Loading (1 Loads)	5.04	2.40				
Haul Roads	15.00	6.75				
Total	52.20	24.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

A complete emission inventory for Addendum #2 to Permit #2789-01 is on file with the
Department. The abbreviations in the table stand for the following criteria pollutants:
particulate matter (PM), particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of 10 microns or
less (PM<sub>10</sub>), oxides of nitrogen (NO<sub>x</sub>), Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC), carbon monoxide
(CO), and oxides of sulfur (SO<sub>x</sub>).

#### V. Existing Air Quality

On July 1, 1987, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) promulgated new National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for  $PM_{10}$ . Due to exceedances of the NAAQS for  $PM_{10}$ , the cities of Kalispell (and the nearby Evergreen area), Columbia Falls, Butte, Whitefish, Libby, Missoula, and Thompson Falls were designated by EPA as nonattainment for  $PM_{10}$ . As a result of this designation, EPA required the Department and the City-County Health Departments to submit  $PM_{10}$  State Implementation Plans (SIP). The SIPs consisted of emission control plans that controlled fugitive dust emissions from roads, parking lots, construction, and demolition, since technical studies determined these sources to be the major contributors to  $PM_{10}$  emissions.

Addendum #2 to Permit #2789-01 is for a portable crushing/screening plant to be located in or within 10 kilometers (km) of certain  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment areas during the summer season (April 1 through September 30). Summertime operations may include areas in or within 10 km of certain  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment areas, including, but not limited to Libby, Kalispell, Columbia Falls, Whitefish, Thompson Falls, and Butte.

## VI. Air Quality Impacts

The amount of controlled emissions generated by the operation will not exceed any set ambient standard. In addition, Addendum #2 to Permit #2789-01 contains operational limitations and conditions that will be protective of the  $PM_{10}$  nonattainment areas.

# VII. Taking or Damaging Implication Analysis

As required by 2-10-101 through 2-10-105, MCA, the Department conducted a private property taking and damaging assessment and determined that there are no taking or damaging implications.

#### VIII. **Environmental Assessment**

This permitting action will not result in an increase of emissions from the facility and is considered an administrative action; therefore, an environmental assessment is not required.

Prepared by: Ron Lowney Date: June 27, 2005